

# Roseburg Police Department

## Roseburg PD Policy Manual

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### **CRIMINAL JUSTICE CODE OF ETHICS**

As a criminal justice officer, my fundamental duty is to serve humankind; to safeguard lives and property; to protect all persons against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the Constitutional rights of all people to liberty, equality and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all; maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn, or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed in both my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. Without compromise and with relentlessness, I will uphold the laws affecting the duties of my profession courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence, and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize my position as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it, as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of The Criminal Justice System. I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession.

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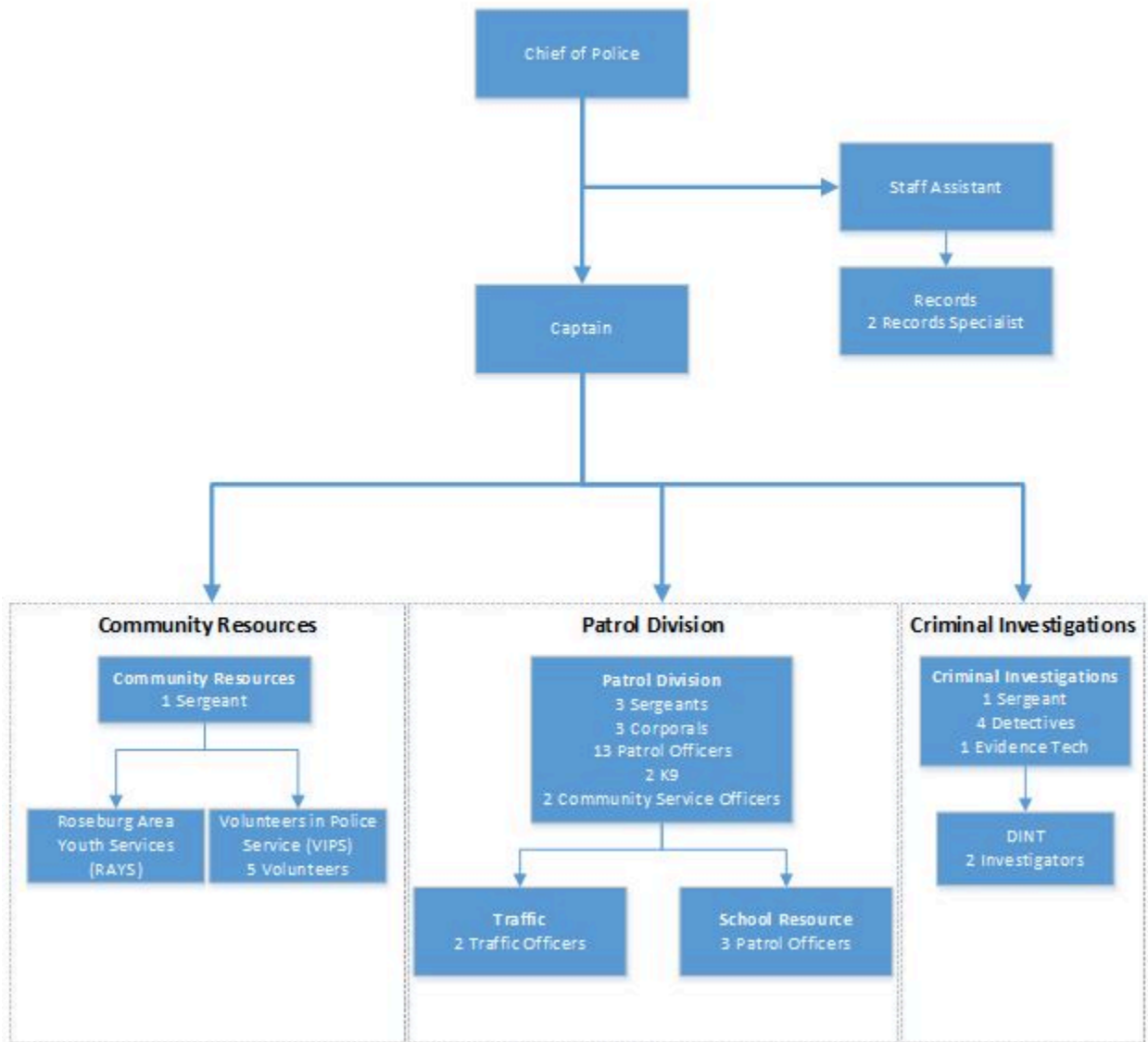
### **ROSEBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT MISSION STATEMENT**

It is the mission of the Roseburg Police Department to consistently earn the public's trust by contributing to our community's reputation as a safe place to live, work, play, and visit. We are committed to investing the resources provided to create a feeling of safety and security for our citizens and employees, protecting constitutional guarantees, developing and maintaining effective partnerships, reducing unlawful behavior and the fear it manifests by pursuing and arresting those who choose to break the law, and creating a crime-resistant community through education and other crime prevention techniques.

Roseburg Police Department  
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ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

# Roseburg Police Department



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## **Chapter 1 - Law Enforcement Role and Authority**



## Law Enforcement Authority

### 100.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to affirm the authority of the members of the Roseburg Police Department to perform their functions based on established legal authority.

### 100.2 PEACE OFFICER POWERS

Peace officers are granted authority by Oregon Revised Statutes to prevent and deter crime; arrest offenders; issue citations in lieu of custody; take custody of evidence of a crime, contraband or recovered stolen property; control the flow of traffic and preserve the peace and safety of the public.

Sworn members of this department are peace officers pursuant to ORS 161.015. Peace officer authority extends to any place in the State of Oregon.

#### 100.2.1 AUTHORITY TO ARREST

Pursuant to ORS 133.235:

- (a) A peace officer may arrest a person for a crime at any hour of any day or night.
- (b) A peace officer may arrest a person for a crime, pursuant to ORS 133.310(1), whether or not such crime was committed within the geographical area of the peace officer's employment, and the peace officer may make the arrest within the state, regardless of the situs of the offense.
- (c) The peace officer shall inform the person to be arrested of the peace officer's authority and reason for the arrest, and, if the arrest is under a warrant, shall show the warrant, unless the peace officer encounters physical resistance, flight, or other factors rendering this procedure impracticable, in which case the arresting peace officer shall inform the arrested person and show the warrant, if any, as soon as practicable.
- (d) In order to make an arrest, a peace officer may use physical force as justifiable under ORS 161.233, ORS 161.242, and ORS 161.245.
- (e) In order to make an arrest, a peace officer may enter premises in which the peace officer has probable cause to believe the person to be arrested to be present.
- (f) If after giving notice of the peace officer's identity, authority, and purpose, the peace officer is not admitted, the peace officer may enter the premises, and by a breaking, if necessary.
- (g) A person may not be arrested for a violation except as provided by ORS 153.039 and ORS 810.410.

### 100.3 CONSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

All members shall observe and comply with every person's clearly established rights under the United States and Oregon Constitutions.

# Roseburg Police Department

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#### *Law Enforcement Authority*

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##### **100.4 POLICY**

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to limit its members to only exercise the authority granted to them by law.

While this department recognizes the power of peace officers to make arrests and take other enforcement action, officers are encouraged to use sound discretion in the enforcement of the law. This department does not tolerate abuse of law enforcement authority.

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## Public Safety Certification

### 101.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy outlines certain state certification and training requirements for Department members.

### 101.2 BASIC CERTIFICATION

The Department of Public Safety Standards and Training requires that all sworn law enforcement officers and dispatchers employed within the State of Oregon receive certification within 18 months of appointment. Corrections officers are required to receive certification within 12 months of appointment (OAR 259-008-0060).

#### 101.2.1 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

In addition to the basic certification, executive officers should obtain a Department of Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) Executive certificate within two years of hire as a condition of employment (OAR 259-008-0060).

### 101.3 SUPERVISORS AND MANAGERS

In addition to basic certification, supervisors and mid-level managers are required to complete the supervision course or middle management course, respectively, within 12 months of appointment unless a time extension is granted by DPSST (OAR 259-008-0025). Supervisors and managers should also seek the appropriate level of certification (OAR 259-008-0060).

### 101.4 MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFICATION

In order to maintain certification, all active law enforcement officers and dispatchers are required to meet on-going training requirements as specified in OAR 259-008-0064 or OAR 259-008-0065.

Active police officers who hold Supervisory, Management or Executive certification must complete at least 24 hours of department-approved Leadership/Professional training every three years, as part of the on-going training required for all peace officers (OAR 259-008-0065).

## Oath of Office

### **102.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

Officers of this department are sworn to uphold the federal and state constitutions and to enforce federal, state and local laws.

#### **102.1.1 OATH OF OFFICE**

Upon employment, all sworn employees shall be required to affirm the oath of office expressing commitment and intent to respect constitutional rights in discharging the duties of a law enforcement officer.

#### **102.1.2 AFFIRMATION**

I, (name), do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States of America, the Constitution and Laws of the State of Oregon, the laws and ordinances of the City of Roseburg, and the Rules and Regulations of the Roseburg Police Department; and that I will, well and faithfully, discharge the duties of the office to which I have been appointed, in and for the City of Roseburg, according to law, and to the best of my ability.

### **102.2 LAW ENFORCEMENT CODE OF ETHICS**

All personnel of the Roseburg Police Department are required to subscribe and adhere to the Law Enforcement Code of Ethics as presented in the introduction to this Policy Manual.

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# Policy Manual

## 103.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The manual of the Roseburg Police Department is hereby established and shall be referred to as the Policy Manual or the manual. The manual is a statement of the current policies, rules and guidelines of this department. All members are to conform to the provisions of this manual.

All prior and existing manuals, orders and regulations that are in conflict with this manual are rescinded, except to the extent that portions of existing manuals, procedures, orders and other regulations that have not been included herein shall remain in effect, provided that they do not conflict with the provisions of this manual.

### 103.1.1 DISCLAIMER

The provisions contained in this Policy Manual are not intended to create an employment contract, nor any employment rights or entitlements. The policies contained within this manual are for the internal use of the Roseburg Police Department and shall not be construed to create a higher standard or duty of care for civil or criminal liability against the City, its officials or employees. Violations of any provision of any policy contained within this manual shall only form the basis for departmental administrative action, training or discipline. The Roseburg Police Department reserves the right to revise any policy content, in whole or in part.

## 103.2 POLICY

Except where otherwise expressly stated, the provisions of this manual shall be considered as guidelines. It is recognized that the work of law enforcement is not always predictable and circumstances may arise which warrant departure from these guidelines. It is the intent of this manual to be viewed from an objective standard, taking into consideration the sound discretion entrusted to members of this department under the circumstances reasonably available at the time of any incident.

## 103.3 AUTHORITY

The Chief of Police shall be considered the ultimate authority for the content and adoption of the provisions of this manual and shall ensure compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee is authorized to issue Departmental Directives, which shall modify those provisions of the manual to which they pertain. Departmental Directives shall remain in effect until such time as they may be permanently incorporated into the manual.

## 103.4 DEFINITIONS

The following words and terms shall have these assigned meanings throughout the Policy Manual, unless it is apparent from the content that they have a different meaning:

**Adult** - Any person 18 years of age or older.

**CFR** - Code of Federal Regulations.

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**Child welfare** - Department of Human Services, Child Welfare.

**City** - The City of Roseburg.

**Non-sworn** - Employees and volunteers who are not sworn peace officers.

**Department/RPD** - The Roseburg Police Department.

**DHS** - Department of Human Services.

**DMV** - The Department of Motor Vehicles.

**Employee/personnel** - Any person employed by the Department.

**Manual** - The Roseburg Police Department Policy Manual.

**May** - Indicates a permissive, discretionary or conditional action.

**Member** - Any person employed or appointed by the Roseburg Police Department, including full-time sworn officers, reserve officers, non-sworn employees and volunteers.

**OAR** - Oregon Administrative Rules (Example: OAR 259-008-0060).

**ORS** - Oregon Revised Statutes (Example: ORS 153.039).

**OSP** - The Oregon State Police.

**Officer/sworn** - Those employees, regardless of rank, who are sworn peace officers employees of the Roseburg Police Department.

**On-duty** - A member's status during the period when he/she is actually engaged in the performance of his/her assigned duties.

**Order** - A written or verbal instruction issued by a superior.

**Rank** - The title of the classification held by an officer.

**Shall or will** - Indicates a mandatory action.

**Should** - Indicates a generally required or expected action, absent a rational basis for failing to conform.

officer

### **103.5 ISSUING THE POLICY MANUAL**

An electronic version of the Policy Manual will be made available to all members on the department network for viewing and printing. No changes shall be made to the manual without authorization from the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Each member shall acknowledge that he/she has been provided access to, and has had the opportunity to review the Policy Manual and Departmental Directives. Members shall seek clarification as needed from an appropriate supervisor for any provisions that they do not fully understand.

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#### *Policy Manual*

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#### **103.6 PERIODIC REVIEW OF THE POLICY MANUAL**

The Chief of Police will ensure that the Policy Manual is periodically reviewed and updated as necessary.

#### **103.7 REVISIONS TO POLICIES**

All revisions to the Policy Manual will be provided to each member on or before the date the policy becomes effective. Each member will be required to acknowledge that he/she has reviewed the revisions and shall seek clarification from an appropriate supervisor as needed.

Members are responsible for keeping abreast of all Policy Manual revisions.

Each Division Commander will ensure that members under his/her command are aware of any Policy Manual revision.

All department members suggesting revision of the contents of the Policy Manual shall forward their written suggestions to their Division Commanders, who will consider the recommendations and forward them to the command staff as appropriate.

## **Chapter 2 - Organization and Administration**



## Organizational Structure and Responsibility

### 200.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The organizational structure of this department is designed to create an efficient means to accomplish our mission and goals and to provide for the best possible service to the public.

### 200.2 DIVISIONS

The Chief of Police is responsible for administering and managing the Roseburg Police Department. There are three divisions in the Police Department as follows:

- Administration Division
- Operations Division
- Criminal Investigations Division

#### 200.2.1 ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

The Administration Division commanded by the Captain / Operations Commander, whose primary responsibility is to provide general management direction and control for the Administration Division. The Administration Division consists of Records and Administrative Services.

#### 200.2.2 OPERATIONS DIVISION

The Operations Division is commanded by the Captain / Operations Commander, whose primary responsibility is to provide general management direction and control for that Division. The Operations Division consists of Uniformed Patrol, Traffic, School Resource Officer(s).

#### 200.2.3 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS DIVISION

The Investigation Division is commanded by the Unit Commander, whose primary responsibility is to provide general management direction and control for the Investigation Division. The Property and Evidence Tech will report primarily to the Investigation Unit Commander.

### 200.3 ACCOUNTABILITY

Supervisors and managers shall be accountable for the performance of the members under their immediate control.

## Departmental Directives

### 201.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Departmental Directives establish an interdepartmental communication that may be used by the Chief of Police to make immediate changes to policy and procedure. Departmental Directives may immediately modify or change and supersede sections of this manual to which they pertain.

#### 201.1.1 DEPARTMENTAL DIRECTIVE PROTOCOL

Departmental Directives will be incorporated into the manual as required upon approval of Staff. Departmental Directive(s) may modify existing policies or create a new policy as appropriate. A Departmental Directive will be rescinded once it has been incorporated into the manual.

### 201.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 201.2.1 STAFF

The staff shall review and approve revisions of the Policy Manual, which will incorporate changes originally made by a Departmental Directive.

#### 201.2.2 CHIEF OF POLICE

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall issue all Departmental Directives.

# Emergency Operations Plan

## 202.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The City has prepared an Emergency Operations Plan Manual for use by all employees in the event of a major disaster or other emergency event. The manual provides for a strategic response by all employees and assigns specific responsibilities in the event the plan is activated (ORS 401.305).

All employees shall receive annual updates on the details of the Emergency Operations Plan.

## 202.2 ACTIVATING THE EMERGENCY PLAN

The Emergency Operations Plan can be activated in a number of ways. For this department, the Chief of Police or the highest ranking official on duty may activate the Emergency Operations Plan in response to a major emergency.

### 202.2.1 RECALL OF PERSONNEL

In the event that the Emergency Operations Plan is activated, all employees of the Roseburg Police Department are subject to immediate recall. Employees may also be subject to recall during extraordinary circumstances as deemed necessary by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Failure to promptly respond to an order to report for duty may result in discipline.

### 202.2.2 TELEPHONE SERVICE REQUIRED

All employees of the Department shall maintain a telephone in working order. The telephone can be a hard line or cellular telephone, or a combination thereof. All employee telephone numbers must be recorded with the Records Division Supervisor to add to the employee personnel roster. This requirement is so that employees of the Department can be contacted during disasters and other important business that require call back.

All employees are required to notify the Records Division Supervisor of their current residential address and notify the Department within 24 hours of a change in permanent residence.

## 202.3 LOCATION OF MANUALS

The manual for the employees is available in Administration and the Watch Commander's office. All supervisors should familiarize themselves with the Emergency Operations Plan and what roles police personnel will play when the plan is implemented.

## 202.4 BUILDING EVACUATION PLAN

In the event of a disaster or emergency which requires evacuation of the police building, all employees shall follow implemented evacuation plans and posted exit routes (OAR 437-002-0041). The posted exit routes shall include any special directions for physically impaired employees.

## Training

### 203.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of this department to administer a training program that will provide for the professional growth and continued development of its personnel. By doing so, the Department will ensure its personnel possess the knowledge and skills necessary to provide a professional level of service that meets the needs of the community.

### 203.2 PHILOSOPHY

The Department seeks to provide ongoing training and encourages all personnel to participate in advanced training and formal education on a continual basis. Training is provided within the confines of funding, requirements of a given assignment, staffing levels, and legal mandates.

### 203.3 OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the Training Program are to:

- (a) Enhance the level of law enforcement service to the public
- (b) Increase the technical expertise and overall effectiveness of our personnel
- (c) Provide for continued professional development of department personnel
- (d) Enhance the safety of officers and the community

### 203.4 TRAINING PROCEDURES

- (a) All employees assigned to attend training shall attend unless previously excused by their immediate supervisor.
- (b) When an employee is unable to attend mandatory training, that employee shall:
  1. Notify his/her supervisor as soon as possible, but no later than at least one hour prior to the start of training.
  2. Make arrangements through his/her supervisor and the Administrative Sergeant to attend an alternate date.

### 203.5 TRAINING COSTS

For purposes of this policy, the following definitions are provided (ORS 181A.620):

**Original employing governmental agency** - The governmental agency that first employs an employee in a position that requires training.

**Training costs** - The expenses paid for by an employing governmental agency that include the cost of salary and benefits paid to an employee during training, the cost of salary and benefits paid to another employee to cover the workload of an employee in training and the cost of initial training courses required for employment.

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#### *Training*

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Whenever statutorily required, an officer who voluntarily leaves employment with his/her original employing governmental agency and is subsequently employed by the Roseburg Police Department in a position that requires the same training as required for the position with the original employing governmental agency, the Roseburg Police Department may reimburse the original employing governmental agency for training costs incurred by the original employing governmental agency in accordance with the reimbursement schedule in ORS 181A.620(3).

It is the responsibility of the Administrative Sergeant to identify when such reimbursements are required, and ensure that payment procedures are followed. If Roseburg Police Department is the original employing agency in accordance with the definition contained in ORS 181A.620(1) (a), the Chief of Police or designee will determine whether reimbursement will be sought from the agency which hired the officer.

When making employment decisions, the City of Roseburg, as required by law, shall not take into consideration the possibility that the reimbursement of training costs will be required if a particular applicant is employed.

Employees who voluntarily leave employment shall notify the City of Roseburg of subsequent employment by another governmental agency in a timely manner, and shall notify future employers of the reimbursement requirements under this policy.

Employees shall be required to sign an acknowledgement of understanding and agreement of this policy upon hire.

**Incentive Program** - The City provides a retention incentive program by offering a competitive salary and benefit package that includes education reimbursement, DPSST certification incentive pay and educational pay. Employees are eligible for annual step increases until they reach the top of the police officer salary range.

**Reimbursement Schedule** - The City of Roseburg shall seek reimbursement of training costs from another government agency that hires a former police officer who left employment voluntarily, per the below reimbursement schedule.

The maximum training reimbursement schedule for a police officer shall be:

(A) 100 percent of training costs if the employee is employed by the subsequent employing governmental agency within 12 months from the date the employee completes field training as required by the City of Roseburg.

(B) 66 percent of training costs if the employee is employed by the subsequent employing governmental agency more than 12 but less than 24 months from the date the employee completes field training as required by the City of Roseburg.

(C) 33 percent of training costs if the employee is employed by the subsequent employing governmental agency more than 24 but less than 36 months from the date the employee completes field training as required by the City of Roseburg.

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(D) Waived if the employee is employed by the subsequent employing governmental agency more than 36 months from the date the employee completes field training as required by the City of Roseburg.

## Electronic Mail

### 204.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the proper use and application of the Department's electronic mail (e-mail) system by employees of this Department. E-mail is a communication tool available to Department employees to enhance the efficiency in the performance of job duties and is to be used in accordance with generally accepted business practices and current law, such as the Oregon Public Records Law set forth in Oregon Revised Statutes 192.420.

### 204.2 E-MAIL RIGHT OF PRIVACY

All e-mail messages, including any attachments, that are transmitted over department networks are considered department records and therefore department property. The Department reserves the right to access, audit or disclose, for any lawful reason, any message including any attachment that is transmitted over its e-mail system or that is stored on any department system. Employees are prohibited from receiving, sending or storing e-mail messages in personal files.

The e-mail system is not a confidential system and therefore is not appropriate for confidential communications. If a communication must be confidential, an alternative method to communicate the message should be used. Employees using the department e-mail system shall have no expectation of privacy concerning communications transmitted over the system.

Employees should not use personal accounts to exchange e-mail or other information that is related to the official business of the Department.

### 204.3 PROHIBITED USE OF E-MAIL

Sending derogatory, defamatory, obscene, disrespectful, sexually suggestive, and harassing or any other inappropriate messages on the e-mail system is prohibited and may result in discipline.

E-mail messages addressed to the entire department are only to be used for official business related items that are of particular interest to all users.

It is a violation of this policy to transmit a message under another user's name. Users are strongly encouraged to log off the network when their computer is unattended. This added security measure would minimize the misuse of an individual's e-mail, name and/or password by others.

### 204.4 MANAGEMENT OF E-MAIL

Because the e-mail system is not designed for long-term retention of messages, e-mail that the employee desires to save or that becomes part of an official record should be printed and/or stored in another database. Users of e-mail are solely responsible for the management of their mailboxes. Messages shall be accessed and read each work day and should be reviewed and purged manually by the user at least once per week.

## **Administrative Communications**

### **205.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The purpose of this policy is to provide members with the protocols and forms to be used for internal administrative communications. Administrative communications of this department are governed by the following policies.

### **205.2 MEMORANDUMS**

Memorandums may be issued periodically by the Chief of Police to announce and document all promotions, transfers, hiring of new personnel, separations, personnel and group commendations, or other changes in status.

### **205.3 CORRESPONDENCE**

In order to ensure that the letterhead and name of the Department are not misused, all external correspondence shall be on Department letterhead. Personnel should use Department letterhead only for official business and with approval of their supervisor.

### **205.4 SURVEYS**

All surveys made in the name of the Department shall be authorized by the Chief of Police or a Division Commander.

### **205.5 INFORMATIONAL MEMOS**

The Chief of Police, or designee may issue memoranda to department personnel from time to time for the purpose of disseminating information to the members.

### **205.6 USE OF CITY RESOURCES BY BARGAINING UNIT**

Association officers and Executive Board representatives may use City resources including phones, e-mail and fax machines for communication by and between the Executive Board, the Association attorney and management representatives. General meeting notices may be directed to all Association members. All e-mail constitutes a public record without any expectation of privacy.



## Retiree Concealed Firearms

### 206.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to outline the process and conditions associated with the issuance, revocation, and denial of a concealed weapon (CCW) endorsement for retired officers of this department.

Oregon law authorizes honorably retired peace officers from Oregon or other states to carry a concealed weapon in Oregon. This provision does not authorize Oregon retired peace officers to carry concealed weapons in other states (ORS 166.260).

A "CCW Approved" endorsement is not required for an honorably retired officer to carry a concealed weapon in Oregon. The endorsement is, however, required for retired officers who wish to carry concealed weapons in other states in accordance with the provisions of 18 USC § 926C and the Firearms and Qualification Policy.

### 206.2 QUALIFIED RETIREES

Any full time sworn officer of this department who was authorized to, and did, carry a concealed firearm during the course and scope of their employment may be issued an identification card with a "CCW Approved" endorsement upon honorable retirement.

- (a) For the purpose of this policy, "Honorably retired" includes all peace officers who have qualified for, and accepted, a service or disability retirement; however, shall not include any officer who retires in lieu of termination.

### 206.3 LEOSA (LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SAFETY ACT)

The Chief of Police may issue an identification card for LEOSA purposes to any qualified former officer of this department who (18 USC § 926C(c)):

- (a) Separated from service in good standing from this department as an officer.
- (b) Before such separation, had regular employment as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more or, if employed as a law enforcement officer for less than 10 years, separated from service after completing any applicable probationary period due to a service-connected disability as determined by this department.
- (c) Has not been disqualified for reasons related to mental health.
- (d) Has not entered into an agreement with this department where the officer acknowledges that he/she is not qualified to receive a firearm qualification certificate for reasons related to mental health.
- (e) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving or possessing a firearm.

### 206.4 IDENTIFICATION CARD FORMAT

The identification card issued to any qualified and honorably retired officer should, at a minimum, contain the following:

- (a) Photograph of the retiree

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- (b) Retiree's name
- (c) Date of retirement
- (d) The Department name
- (e) A stamped endorsement "CCW Approved" (for out-of state CCW purposes, per 18 USC 926C ) along with the date by which the endorsement must be renewed (not more than one year).

#### **206.5 DENIAL OR REVOCATION OF CCW ENDORSEMENT**

The CCW endorsement for any officer retired from this department may be denied or revoked only upon a showing of good cause as determined by the department.

## **Chapter 3 - General Operations**

## Use of Force

### 300.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines on the reasonable use of force. While there is no way to specify the exact amount or type of reasonable force to be applied in any situation, every member of this department is expected to use these guidelines to make such decisions in a professional, impartial, and reasonable manner.

In addition to those methods, techniques, and tools set forth below, the guidelines for the reasonable application of force contained in this policy shall apply to all policies addressing the potential use of force, including but not limited to the Control Devices and Techniques and Conducted Energy Device policies.

#### 300.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Deadly force** - Force reasonably anticipated and intended to create a substantial likelihood of causing death or very serious injury.

**Feasible** - Reasonably capable of being done or carried out under the circumstances to successfully achieve the arrest or lawful objective without increasing risk to the officer or another person.

**Force** - The application of physical techniques or tactics, chemical agents, or weapons to another person. It is not a use of force when a person allows him/herself to be searched, escorted, handcuffed, or restrained.

**Imminent** - Ready to take place; impending. Note that imminent does not mean immediate or instantaneous.

**Totality of the circumstances** - All facts and circumstances known to the officer at the time, taken as a whole, including the conduct of the officer and the subject leading up to the use of force.

### 300.2 POLICY

The use of force by law enforcement personnel is a matter of critical concern, both to the public and to the law enforcement community. Officers are involved on a daily basis in numerous and varied interactions and, when warranted, may use reasonable force in carrying out their duties.

Officers must have an understanding of, and true appreciation for, their authority and limitations. This is especially true with respect to overcoming resistance while engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties.

The Department recognizes and respects the value of all human life and dignity without prejudice to anyone. Vesting officers with the authority to use reasonable force and to protect the public welfare requires monitoring, evaluation, and a careful balancing of all interests.

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##### 300.2.1 DUTY TO INTERCEDE AND REPORT

Any officer present and observing another law enforcement officer or a member using force that is clearly beyond that which is objectively reasonable under the circumstances shall, when in a position to do so, intercede to prevent the use of unreasonable force (ORS 181A.681).

Any officer who observes another law enforcement officer or a member use force that is potentially beyond that which is objectively reasonable under the circumstances shall report these observations to a supervisor as soon as feasible (ORS 181A.681).

##### 300.2.2 STATE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A report of another member using excessive force must be made to a supervisor no later than 72 hours after the misconduct was witnessed (ORS 181A.681).

##### 300.2.3 PERSPECTIVE

When observing or reporting force used by a law enforcement officer, each officer should take into account the totality of the circumstances and the possibility that other law enforcement officers may have additional information regarding the threat posed by the subject.

#### **300.3 USE OF FORCE**

Officers shall use only that amount of force that reasonably appears necessary given the facts and circumstances perceived by the officer at the time of the event to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

The reasonableness of force will be judged from the perspective of a reasonable officer on the scene at the time of the incident. Any evaluation of reasonableness must allow for the fact that officers are often forced to make split-second decisions about the amount of force that reasonably appears necessary in a particular situation, with limited information and in circumstances that are tense, uncertain, and rapidly evolving.

Given that no policy can realistically predict every possible situation an officer might encounter, officers are entrusted to use well-reasoned discretion in determining the appropriate use of force in each incident.

It is also recognized that circumstances may arise in which officers reasonably believe that it would be impractical or ineffective to use any of the tools, weapons, or methods provided by this department. Officers may find it more effective or reasonable to improvise their response to rapidly unfolding conditions that they are confronting. In such circumstances, the use of any improvised device or method must nonetheless be reasonable and utilized only to the degree that reasonably appears necessary to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

While the ultimate objective of every law enforcement encounter is to avoid or minimize injury, nothing in this policy requires an officer to retreat or be exposed to possible physical injury before applying reasonable force.

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##### 300.3.1 USE OF FORCE - JUSTIFICATION

An officer is justified in using force upon another person only when and to the extent that the officer reasonably believes it necessary (ORS 161.233):

- (a) To make a lawful arrest or to prevent the escape from custody of an arrested person; or
- (b) For self-defense or to defend a third person from an imminent threat of physical injury.

##### 300.3.2 FACTORS USED TO DETERMINE THE REASONABLENESS OF FORCE

When determining whether to apply force and evaluating whether an officer has used reasonable force, a number of factors should be taken into consideration, as time and circumstances permit.

These factors include but are not limited to:

- (a) Immediacy and severity of the threat to officers or others.
- (b) The conduct of the individual being confronted, as reasonably perceived by the officer at the time.
- (c) Officer/subject factors (e.g., age, size, relative strength, skill level, injuries sustained, level of exhaustion or fatigue, the number of officers available vs. subjects).
- (d) The effects of suspected drug or alcohol use.
- (e) The individual's mental state or capacity.
- (f) The individual's ability to understand and comply with officer commands.
- (g) Proximity of weapons or dangerous improvised devices.
- (h) The degree to which the individual has been effectively restrained and his/her ability to resist despite being restrained.
- (i) The availability of other reasonable and feasible options and their possible effectiveness.
- (j) Seriousness of the suspected offense or reason for contact with the individual.
- (k) Training and experience of the officer.
- (l) Potential for injury to officers, suspects, and others.
- (m) Whether the individual appears to be resisting, attempting to evade arrest by flight, or is attacking the officer.
- (n) The risk and reasonably foreseeable consequences of escape.
- (o) The apparent need for immediate control of the individual or a prompt resolution of the situation.
- (p) Whether the conduct of the individual being confronted no longer reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to the officer or others.
- (q) Prior contacts with the individual or awareness of any propensity for violence.
- (r) Any other exigent circumstances.

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##### 300.3.3 PAIN COMPLIANCE TECHNIQUES

Pain compliance techniques may be effective in controlling a physically or actively resisting individual. Officers utilizing any pain compliance technique should consider:

- (a) The degree to which the application of the technique may be controlled given the level of resistance.
- (b) Whether the person can comply with the direction or orders of the officer.
- (c) Whether the person has been given sufficient opportunity to comply.

The application of any pain compliance technique shall be discontinued once the officer determines that compliance has been achieved, or it becomes apparent that the technique being used is not effective.

##### 300.3.4 CAROTID CONTROL HOLD

A carotid control hold is a technique designed to control an individual by temporarily restricting blood flow through the application of pressure to the side of the neck and, unlike a chokehold, does not restrict the airway. The proper application of the carotid control hold may be effective in restraining a violent or combative individual. However, due to the potential for injury, the use of the carotid control hold is limited to those circumstances where deadly force is authorized and is subject to the following:

- (a) At all times during the application of the carotid control hold, the response of the individual should be monitored. The carotid control hold should be discontinued when circumstances indicate that the application no longer reasonably appears necessary.
- (b) Any individual who has had the carotid control hold applied, regardless of whether he/she was rendered unconscious, shall be promptly examined by paramedics or other qualified medical personnel and should be monitored until such examination occurs.
- (c) The officer shall inform any person receiving custody, or any person placed in a position of providing care, that the individual has been subjected to the carotid control hold and whether the individual lost consciousness as a result.
- (d) Any officer attempting or applying the carotid control hold shall promptly notify a supervisor of the use or attempted use of such hold.
- (e) The use or attempted use of the carotid control hold shall be thoroughly documented by the officer in any related reports.

##### 300.3.5 USE OF FORCE TO SEIZE EVIDENCE

In general, officers may use reasonable force to lawfully seize evidence and to prevent the destruction of evidence. However, officers are discouraged from using force solely to prevent a person from swallowing evidence or contraband. In the instance when force is used, officers should not intentionally use any technique that restricts blood flow to the head, restricts respiration or which creates a reasonable likelihood that blood flow to the head or respiration would be restricted. Officers are encouraged to use techniques and methods taught by the Roseburg Police Department for this specific purpose.

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##### **300.3.6 ALTERNATIVE TACTICS - DE-ESCALATION**

When circumstances reasonably permit, officers shall use non-violent strategies and techniques to decrease the intensity of a situation, improve decision-making, improve communication, reduce the need for force, and increase voluntary compliance (e.g., summoning additional resources, formulating a plan, attempting verbal persuasion) (ORS 161.233; ORS 161.242).

##### **300.3.7 VERBAL WARNING PRIOR TO USE OF FORCE**

Prior to using physical force, if reasonable to do so, officers shall give a verbal warning that physical force may be used and provide a reasonable opportunity to comply (ORS 161.233; ORS 161.242).

##### **300.3.8 RESPIRATORY RESTRAINTS**

The use of a respiratory restraint, also known as a chokehold, is limited to circumstances where deadly force is authorized and if applied, is subject to the same guidelines and requirements as a carotid control hold.

#### **300.4 DEADLY FORCE APPLICATIONS**

When reasonable, the officer shall, prior to the use of deadly force, make efforts to identify the officer as a peace officer and to warn that deadly force may be used, unless the officer has objectively reasonable grounds to believe the person is aware of those facts.

Use of deadly force is justified in the following circumstances involving imminent threat or imminent risk (ORS 161.242):

- (a) An officer may use deadly force to protect themselves or others from what the officer reasonably believes would be an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury.
- (b) An officer may use deadly force to stop a fleeing subject when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed, or intends to commit, a felony involving the infliction or threatened infliction of serious bodily injury or death, and the officer reasonably believes that there is an imminent risk of serious bodily injury or death to any other person if the individual is not immediately apprehended. Under such circumstances, a verbal warning should precede the use of deadly force, where feasible.
- (c) An officer may use deadly force to make a lawful arrest when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a violent felony as defined in ORS 419A.004.
- (d) An officer may use deadly force to prevent a person from escaping custody when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a violent felony as defined in ORS 419A.004.

Imminent does not mean immediate or instantaneous. An imminent danger may exist even if the suspect is not at that very moment pointing a weapon at someone. For example, an imminent danger may exist if an officer reasonably believes that the individual has a weapon or is attempting to access one and intends to use it against the officer or another person. An imminent danger may also exist if the individual is capable of causing serious bodily injury or death without a weapon, and the officer believes the individual intends to do so.



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##### **300.4.1 MOVING VEHICLES**

Shots fired at or from a moving vehicle involve additional considerations and risks, and are rarely effective.

When feasible, officers should take reasonable steps to move out of the path of an approaching vehicle instead of discharging their firearm at the vehicle or any of its occupants.

An officer should only discharge a firearm at a moving vehicle or its occupants when the officer reasonably believes there are no other reasonable means available to avert the threat of the vehicle, or if deadly force other than the vehicle is directed at the officer or others.

Officers should not shoot at any part of a vehicle in an attempt to disable the vehicle.

##### **300.5 REPORTING THE USE OF FORCE**

Any use of force by a member of this department shall be documented promptly, completely, and accurately in an appropriate report, depending on the nature of the incident. The officer should articulate the factors perceived and why he/she believed the use of force was reasonable under the circumstances.

To collect data for purposes of training, resource allocation, analysis, and related purposes, the Department may require the completion of additional report forms, as specified in department policy, procedure, or law. See the Report Preparation Policy for additional circumstances that may require documentation.

##### **300.5.1 NOTIFICATIONS TO SUPERVISORS**

Supervisory notification shall be made as soon as practicable following the application of force in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) The application caused a visible injury.
- (b) The application would lead a reasonable officer to conclude that the individual may have experienced more than momentary discomfort.
- (c) The individual subjected to the force complained of injury or continuing pain.
- (d) The individual indicates intent to pursue litigation.
- (e) Any application of the TASER or control device.
- (f) Any application of a restraint device other than handcuffs, shackles or belly chains.
- (g) The individual subjected to the force was rendered unconscious.
- (h) An individual was struck or kicked.
- (i) An individual alleges unreasonable force was used or that any of the above has occurred.

##### **300.6 MEDICAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Once it is reasonably safe to do so, medical assistance shall be obtained for any person who exhibits signs of physical distress, has sustained visible injury, expresses a complaint of injury or continuing pain, or was rendered unconscious. Any individual exhibiting signs of physical

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distress after an encounter should be continuously monitored until the individual can be medically assessed. Individuals should not be placed on their stomachs for an extended period, as this could impair their ability to breathe.

Based upon the officer's initial assessment of the nature and extent of the individual's injuries, medical assistance may consist of examination by an emergency medical services provider or medical personnel at a hospital or jail. If any such individual refuses medical attention, such a refusal shall be fully documented in related reports and, whenever practicable, should be witnessed by another officer and/or medical personnel. If a recording is made of the contact or an interview with the individual, any refusal should be included in the recording, if possible.

The on-scene supervisor or, if the on-scene supervisor is not available, the primary handling officer shall ensure that any person providing medical care or receiving custody of a person following any use of force is informed that the person was subjected to force. This notification shall include a description of the force used and any other circumstances the officer reasonably believes would be potential safety or medical risks to the subject (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration).

Individuals who exhibit extreme agitation, violent irrational behavior accompanied by profuse sweating, extraordinary strength beyond their physical characteristics, and imperviousness to pain, or who require a protracted physical encounter with multiple officers to be brought under control, may be at an increased risk of sudden death. Calls involving these persons should be considered medical emergencies. Officers who reasonably suspect a medical emergency should request medical assistance as soon as practicable and have medical personnel stage away.

See the Medical Aid and Response Policy for additional guidelines.

#### **300.7 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

A supervisor should respond to a reported application of force resulting in visible injury, if reasonably available. When a supervisor is able to respond to an incident in which there has been a reported application of force, the supervisor is expected to:

- (a) Obtain the basic facts from the involved officers. Absent an allegation of misconduct or excessive force, this will be considered a routine contact in the normal course of duties.
- (b) Ensure that any injured parties are examined and treated.
- (c) When possible, separately obtain a recorded interview with the individual upon whom force was applied. If this interview is conducted without the individual having voluntarily waived his/her *Miranda* rights, the following shall apply:
  1. The content of the interview should not be summarized or included in any related criminal charges.
  2. The fact that a recorded interview was conducted should be documented in a property or other report.

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3. The recording of the interview should be distinctly marked for retention until all potential for civil litigation has expired.
- (d) Once any initial medical assessment has been completed or first aid has been rendered, ensure that photographs have been taken of any areas involving visible injury or complaint of pain, as well as overall photographs of uninjured areas.
  1. These photographs should be retained until all potential for civil litigation has expired.
- (e) Identify any witnesses not already included in related reports.
- (f) Review and approve all related reports.
- (g) Determine if there is any indication that the individual may pursue civil litigation.
  1. If there is an indication of potential civil litigation, the supervisor should complete and route a notification of a potential claim through the appropriate channels.
- (h) Evaluate the circumstances surrounding the incident and initiate an administrative investigation if there is a question of policy noncompliance or if for any reason further investigation may be appropriate.

In the event that a supervisor is unable to respond to the scene of an incident involving the reported application of force, the supervisor is still expected to complete as many of the above items as circumstances permit.

#### **300.8 TRAINING**

Officers will receive periodic training on this policy and demonstrate their knowledge and understanding.

Subject to available resources, officers should receive periodic training on:

- (a) Guidelines regarding vulnerable populations, including but not limited to children, elderly, pregnant persons, and individuals with physical, mental, or intellectual disabilities.
- (b) De-escalation tactics, including alternatives to force.

#### **300.9 USE OF FORCE ANALYSIS**

At least annually, the Administrative Sergeant should prepare an analysis report on use of force incidents. The report should be submitted to the Chief of Police. The report should not contain the names of officers, suspects or case numbers, and should include:

- (a) The identification of any trends in the use of force by members.
- (b) Training needs recommendations.
- (c) Equipment needs recommendations.
- (d) Policy revision recommendations.

## Deadly Force Review

### 301.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes a process for the Roseburg Police Department to review the use of force by its employees.

This review process shall be in addition to any other review or investigation that may be conducted by any outside or multi-agency entity having jurisdiction over the investigation or evaluation of the use of deadly force.

### 301.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department will objectively evaluate the use of force by its members to ensure that their authority is used lawfully, appropriately and is consistent with training and policy.

### 301.3 REMOVAL FROM LINE DUTY ASSIGNMENT

Generally, whenever an employee's actions or use of force in an official capacity, or while using department equipment, results in death or very serious injury to another, that employee will be placed in a temporary administrative assignment pending an administrative review. The Chief of Police may exercise discretion and choose not to place an employee in an administrative assignment in any case.

### 301.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW

#### 301.4.1 ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW PROCEDURE

The members of the administrative staff are empowered to conduct an administrative review and inquiry into the circumstances of an incident.

The Chief, or designee will determine whether the review should be delayed until after completion of any criminal investigation, review by any prosecutorial body, filing of criminal charges, the decision not to file criminal charges or any other action.

The review shall be based upon those facts which were reasonably believed or known by the officer at the time of the incident, applying any legal requirements, department policies, procedures and approved training to those facts. Facts later discovered but unknown to the officer at the time shall neither justify nor call into question the officer's decision regarding the use of force.

Any questioning of the involved employee will be in accordance with the department's disciplinary procedures, the current collective bargaining agreement and any applicable state or federal law.

When appropriate, the review should make one of the following recommended findings:

- (a) The employee's actions were within department policy and procedure.
- (b) The employee's actions were in violation of department policy and procedure

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The Chief, or designee shall review any recommendations, make a final determination as to whether the employee's actions were within policy and procedure, and will determine whether any additional actions, investigations or reviews are appropriate.

## Handcuffing and Restraints

### 302.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use of handcuffs and other restraints during detentions and arrests.

### 302.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department authorizes the use of restraint devices in accordance with this policy, the Use of Force Policy and department training. Restraint devices shall not be used to punish, to display authority or as a show of force.

### 302.3 USE OF RESTRAINTS

Only members who have successfully completed Roseburg Police Department-approved training on the use of restraint devices described in this policy are authorized to use these devices.

When deciding whether to use any restraint, officers should carefully balance officer safety concerns with factors that include but are not limited to:

- The circumstances or crime leading to the arrest.
- The demeanor and behavior of the arrested person.
- The age and health of the person.
- Whether the person is known to be pregnant.
- Whether the person has a hearing or speaking disability. In such cases, consideration should be given, safety permitting, to handcuffing to the front in order to allow the person to sign or write notes.
- Whether the person has any other apparent disability.

#### 302.3.1 RESTRAINT OF DETAINEES

Situations may arise where it may be reasonable to restrain a person who may, after brief investigation, be released without arrest. Unless arrested, the use of restraints on detainees should continue only for as long as is reasonably necessary to ensure the safety of officers and others. When deciding whether to remove restraints from a detainee, officers should continuously weigh the safety interests at hand against the continuing intrusion upon the detainee.

#### 302.3.2 RESTRAINT OF PREGNANT PERSONS

Persons who are known to be pregnant should be restrained in the least restrictive manner that is effective for officer safety.

No person who is in labor shall be handcuffed or restrained except in extraordinary circumstances and only when a supervisor makes an individualized determination that such restraints are necessary to prevent escape or injury.

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#### **302.3.3 RESTRAINT OF JUVENILES**

A juvenile under 12 years of age should not be restrained unless he/she is suspected of a dangerous felony or when the officer has a reasonable suspicion that the juvenile may resist, attempt escape, injure him/herself, injure the officer or damage property.

#### **302.3.4 NOTIFICATIONS**

Whenever an officer transports a person with the use of restraints other than handcuffs, the officer shall inform the jail staff upon arrival at the jail that restraints were used. This notification should include information regarding any other circumstances the officer reasonably believes would be potential safety concerns or medical risks to the person (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration) that may have occurred prior to, or during, transportation to the jail.

#### **302.4 APPLICATION OF HANDCUFFS OR PLASTIC CUFFS**

Handcuffs, including temporary nylon or plastic cuffs, may be used only to restrain a person's hands to ensure officer safety.

Although recommended for most arrest situations, handcuffing is discretionary and not an absolute requirement of the Department. Officers should consider handcuffing any person they reasonably believe warrants that degree of restraint. However, officers should not conclude that in order to avoid risk every person should be handcuffed, regardless of the circumstances.

In most situations, handcuffs should be applied with the hands behind the person's back. When feasible, handcuffs should be double-locked to prevent tightening, which may cause undue discomfort or injury to the hands or wrists.

In situations where one pair of handcuffs does not appear sufficient to restrain the person or may cause unreasonable discomfort due to the person's size, officers should consider alternatives, such as using an additional set of handcuffs or multiple plastic cuffs.

Handcuffs should be removed as soon as it is reasonable or after the person has been searched and is safely confined within a detention facility.

#### **302.5 APPLICATION OF SPIT HOODS**

Spit hoods are temporary protective devices designed to prevent the wearer from biting and/or transferring or transmitting fluids (saliva and mucous) to others.

Spit hoods may be placed upon persons in custody when the officer reasonably believes the person will bite or spit, either on a person or in an inappropriate place. They are generally used during application of a physical restraint, while the person is restrained, or during or after transport.

Officers utilizing spit hoods should ensure that the spit hood is fastened properly to allow for adequate ventilation and that the restrained person can breathe normally.

Officers should provide assistance during the movement of a restrained person due to the potential for impairing or distorting that person's vision. Officers should avoid commingling those wearing spit hoods with other detainees.

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Spit hoods should not be used in situations where the restrained person is bleeding profusely from the area around the mouth or nose, or if there are indications that the person has a medical condition, such as difficulty breathing or vomiting. In such cases, prompt medical care should be obtained. If the person vomits while wearing a spit hood, the spit hood should be promptly removed and discarded. Persons who have been sprayed with oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray should be thoroughly decontaminated, including hair, head, and clothing, prior to application of a spit hood.

Those who have been placed in a spit hood should be continually monitored and shall not be left unattended until the spit hood is removed. Spit hoods shall be discarded after each use.

#### **302.6 APPLICATION OF AUXILIARY RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Auxiliary restraint devices include transport belts, waist or belly chains, transportation chains, leg irons and other similar devices. Auxiliary restraint devices are intended for use during long-term restraint or transportation. They provide additional security and safety without impeding breathing, while permitting adequate movement, comfort and mobility.

Only department-authorized devices may be used. Any person in auxiliary restraints should be monitored as reasonably appears necessary.

#### **302.7 APPLICATION OF LEG RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Leg restraints may be used to restrain the legs of a violent or potentially violent person when it is reasonable to do so during the course of detention, arrest, or transportation. Only restraint devices approved by the Department shall be used.

In determining whether to use the leg restraint, officers should consider:

- (a) Whether the officer or others could be exposed to injury due to the assaultive or resistant behavior of a suspect.
- (b) Whether it is reasonably necessary to protect the person from his/her own actions (e.g., hitting his/her head against the interior of the patrol vehicle, running away from the arresting officer while handcuffed, kicking at objects or officers).
- (c) Whether it is reasonably necessary to avoid damage to property (e.g., kicking at windows of the patrol vehicle).

##### **302.7.1 GUIDELINES FOR USE OF LEG RESTRAINTS**

When applying leg restraints, the following guidelines should be followed:

- (a) If practicable, officers should notify a supervisor of the intent to apply the leg restraint device. In all cases, a supervisor shall be notified as soon as practicable after the application of the leg restraint device.
- (b) Once applied, absent a medical or other emergency, restraints should remain in place until the officer arrives at the jail or other facility or the person no longer reasonably appears to pose a threat.
- (c) Once secured, the person should be placed in a seated or upright position, secured with a seat belt, and shall not be placed on his/her stomach for an extended period, as this could reduce the person's ability to breathe.



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- (d) The restrained person should be continually monitored by an officer while in the leg restraint. The officer should ensure that the person does not roll onto and remain on his/her stomach.
- (e) The officer should look for signs of labored breathing and take appropriate steps to relieve and minimize any obvious factors contributing to this condition.
- (f) When transported by emergency medical services, the restrained person should be accompanied by an officer when requested by medical personnel. The transporting officer should describe to medical personnel any unusual behaviors or other circumstances the officer reasonably believes would be potential safety or medical risks to the subject (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration).

#### **302.8 REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

If an individual is restrained and released without an arrest, the officer shall document the details of the detention and the need for handcuffs or other restraints.

If an individual is arrested, the use of restraints other than handcuffs shall be documented in the related report. The officer should include, as appropriate:

- (a) The amount of time the suspect was restrained.
- (b) How the suspect was transported and the position of the suspect.
- (c) Observations of the suspect's behavior and any signs of physiological problems.
- (d) Any known or suspected drug use or other medical problems.

#### **302.9 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Administrative Sergeant should ensure that officers receive periodic training on the proper use of handcuffs and other restraints, including:

- (a) Proper placement and fit of handcuffs and other restraint devices approved for use by the Department.
- (b) Response to complaints of pain by restrained persons.
- (c) Options for restraining those who may be pregnant without the use of leg irons, waist chains, or handcuffs behind the body.
- (d) Options for restraining amputees or those with medical conditions or other physical conditions that may be aggravated by being restrained.

## Control Devices and Techniques

### **303.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

This policy provides guidelines for the use and maintenance of control devices that are described in this policy.

### **303.2 POLICY**

In order to control subjects who are violent or who demonstrate the intent to be violent, the Roseburg Police Department authorizes officers to use control devices in accordance with the guidelines in this policy and the Use of Force Policy.

### **303.3 ISSUING, CARRYING AND USING CONTROL DEVICES**

Control devices described in this policy may be carried and used by members of this department only if the device has been issued by the Department or approved by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Only officers who have successfully completed department-approved training in the use of any control device are authorized to carry and use the device.

Control devices may be used when a decision has been made to control, restrain or arrest a subject who is violent or who demonstrates the intent to be violent, and the use of the device appears reasonable under the circumstances. When reasonable, a verbal warning and opportunity to comply should precede the use of these devices.

When using control devices, officers should carefully consider potential impact areas in order to minimize injuries and unintentional targets.

### **303.4 USER RESPONSIBILITIES**

All normal maintenance, charging or cleaning shall remain the responsibility of personnel using the various devices.

Any damaged, inoperative, outdated or expended control devices or munitions, along with documentation explaining the cause of the damage, shall be returned to the Operations Commander, or device instructor for disposition.

### **303.5 ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Operations Commander, or designee will control the inventory and issuance of all control devices and shall ensure that all damaged, inoperative, outdated or expended control devices or munitions are properly disposed of, repaired or replaced.

Every control device will be periodically inspected by a designated instructor for a particular control device.

### **303.6 WATCH COMMANDER RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Watch Commander may authorize the use of a control device by selected personnel or members of specialized units who have successfully completed the required training.

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#### **303.7 BATON GUIDELINES**

The need to immediately control a suspect must be weighed against the risk of causing serious injury. The head, neck, throat, spine, heart, kidneys and groin should not be intentionally targeted except when the officer reasonably believes the suspect poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death to the officer or others.

When carrying a baton, uniformed personnel shall carry the baton in its authorized holder on the equipment belt. Otherwise, the baton shall be readily available for use in a gear bag or vehicle, etc. Plainclothes and non-field personnel may carry the baton as authorized and in accordance with the needs of their assignment or at the direction of their supervisor.

#### **303.8 TEAR GAS GUIDELINES**

Tear gas may be used for crowd control, crowd dispersal or against barricaded suspects based on the circumstances. Only the Watch Commander, Incident Commander or ERT Commander may authorize the delivery and use of tear gas, and only after evaluating all conditions known at the time and determining that such force reasonably appears justified and necessary.

When practicable, fire personnel should be alerted or summoned to the scene prior to the deployment of tear gas to control any fires and to assist in providing medical aid or gas evacuation if needed.

#### **303.9 OLEORESIN CAPSICUM (OC) GUIDELINES**

As with other control devices, oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray and pepper projectiles may be considered for use to bring under control an individual or groups of individuals who are engaging in violent behavior. Pepper projectiles and OC spray should not, however, be used against individuals or groups who merely fail to disperse or do not reasonably appear to present a risk to the safety of officers or the public (ORS 181A.708).

##### **303.9.1 OC SPRAY**

Uniformed personnel shall carry OC spray in its holster on the equipment belt. Plainclothes and non-field personnel may carry OC spray as authorized, in accordance with the needs of their assignment or at the direction of their supervisor.

##### **303.9.2 TREATMENT FOR OC SPRAY EXPOSURE**

Persons who have been sprayed with or otherwise affected by the use of OC should be promptly provided with clean water to cleanse the affected areas. Those persons who complain of further severe effects shall be examined by appropriate medical personnel.

#### **303.10 POST-APPLICATION NOTICE**

Whenever tear gas or OC has been introduced into a residence, building interior, vehicle, or other enclosed area, officers should provide the owners or available occupants with notice of the possible presence of residue that could result in irritation or injury if the area is not properly cleaned. Such notice should include advisement that cleanup will be at the owner's expense.

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Information regarding the method of notice and the individuals notified should be included in related reports.

#### **303.11 CROWD CONTROL GUIDELINES**

For the purpose of this section, "crowd control" means an operation in which crowds are managed to prevent the outbreak of violence or physical harm to persons, or in which an assembly, protest, or demonstration is dispersed (ORS 181A.708).

Handheld chemical incapacitants and kinetic impact projectiles as defined by ORS 181A.708 shall not be used for crowd control. Tear gas may be used for crowd control when the Watch Commander, Incident Commander, or [Crisis Response Unit] (ERT) Commander reasonably believes that the use is necessary to prevent death or serious bodily injury or to bring an objectively dangerous and unlawful situation under control (ORS 181A.708).

Prior to deploying tear gas for crowd control purposes, the Watch Commander, Incident Commander, or ERT Commander shall direct that the intent to use tear gas be announced twice via reasonable and available means, the second announcement occurring after a reasonable amount of time has elapsed to allow for crowd dispersal (ORS 181A.708).

##### **303.11.1 ADDITIONAL CROWD CONTROL CONSIDERATIONS**

Officers may not use electronically amplified noise-producing equipment for crowd control except to make announcements, facilitate movement of emergency vehicles, or as otherwise allowed by law. When possible, announcements shall be made both audibly and visually (ORS 181A.708).

After deploying chemical incapacitants, kinetic impact projectiles, or sound devices in a crowd control operation, and when it is possible to do so safely, officers shall (ORS 181A.708):

- (a) Attempt to take injured individuals to safety or allow them to seek medical help.
- (b) Allow emergency medical personnel to reach injured individuals.
- (c) Take reasonable action to accommodate individuals with disabilities when issuing or enforcing orders to disperse.
- (d) Coordinate the removal of visible debris caused by the use of tear gas and kinetic impact projectiles.
- (e) Make reasonable efforts to notify emergency departments in the vicinity of the type of chemical incapacitants and/or kinetic impact projectiles used.

#### **303.12 KINETIC ENERGY PROJECTILE GUIDELINES**

This department is committed to reducing the potential for violent confrontations. Kinetic energy projectiles, when used properly, are less likely to result in death or serious physical injury and can be used in an attempt to de-escalate a potentially deadly situation.

##### **303.12.1 DEPLOYMENT AND USE**

Only department-approved kinetic energy munitions shall be carried and deployed. Approved munitions may be used to compel an individual to cease his/her actions when such munitions present a reasonable option.

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Officers are not required or compelled to use approved munitions in lieu of other reasonable tactics if the involved officer determines that deployment of these munitions cannot be done safely. The safety of hostages, innocent persons and officers takes priority over the safety of subjects engaged in criminal or suicidal behavior.

Circumstances appropriate for deployment include, but are not limited to, situations in which:

- (a) The suspect is armed with a weapon and the tactical circumstances allow for the safe application of approved munitions.
- (b) The suspect has made credible threats to harm him/herself or others.
- (c) The suspect is engaged in riotous behavior or is throwing rocks, bottles or other dangerous projectiles at people and/or officers.
- (d) There is probable cause to believe that the suspect has already committed a crime of violence and is refusing to comply with lawful orders.

#### 303.12.2 DEPLOYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Before discharging projectiles, the officer should consider such factors as:

- (a) Distance and angle to target.
- (b) Type of munitions employed.
- (c) Type and thickness of subject's clothing.
- (d) The subject's proximity to others.
- (e) The location of the subject.
- (f) Whether the subject's actions dictate the need for an immediate response and the use of control devices appears appropriate.

A verbal warning of the intended use of the device should precede its application, unless it would otherwise endanger the safety of officers or when it is not practicable due to the circumstances. The purpose of the warning is to give the individual a reasonable opportunity to voluntarily comply and to warn other officers and individuals that the device is being deployed.

Officers should keep in mind the manufacturer's recommendations and their training regarding effective distances and target areas. However, officers are not restricted solely to use according to manufacturer recommendations. Each situation must be evaluated on the totality of circumstances at the time of deployment.

The need to immediately incapacitate the subject must be weighed against the risk of causing serious injury or death. The head and neck should not be intentionally targeted, except when the officer reasonably believes the suspect poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death to the officer or others (ORS 181A.708).

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##### **303.12.3 SAFETY PROCEDURES**

Shotguns specifically designated for use with kinetic energy projectiles will be specially marked in a manner that makes them readily identifiable as such.

Officers will inspect the shotgun and projectiles at the beginning of each shift to ensure that the shotgun is in proper working order and the projectiles are of the approved type and appear to be free from defects.

When it is not in use, the shotgun will be unloaded and properly and securely stored in the vehicle or the Department armory. When deploying the kinetic energy projectile shotgun, the officer shall visually inspect the kinetic energy projectiles to ensure that conventional ammunition is not being loaded into the shotgun.

Absent compelling circumstances, officers who must transition from conventional ammunition to kinetic energy projectiles will employ the two-person rule for loading. The two-person rule is a safety measure in which a second officer watches the unloading and loading process to ensure that the weapon is completely emptied of conventional ammunition.

##### **303.13 TRAINING FOR CONTROL DEVICES**

The Administrative Sergeant shall ensure that all personnel who are authorized to carry a control device have been properly trained to carry the specific control device and are retrained or recertified as necessary.

- (a) Proficiency training shall be monitored and documented by a certified, control-device weapons or tactics instructor, if appropriate.
- (b) All training and proficiency for control devices will be documented in the officer's training file.
- (c) Officers who fail to demonstrate proficiency with the control device or knowledge of this agency's Use of Force Policy will be provided remedial training. If an officer cannot demonstrate proficiency with a control device or knowledge of this agency's Use of Force Policy after remedial training, the officer will be restricted from carrying the control device and may be subject to discipline.

##### **303.14 REPORTING USE OF CONTROL DEVICES AND TECHNIQUES**

Any application of a control device or technique listed in this policy shall be documented in the related incident report and reported pursuant to the Use of Force Policy.

## Conducted Energy Device (Taser)

### 304.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the issuance and use of the Taser.

### 304.2 POLICY

The TASER device is intended to control a violent or potentially violent individual, and/or to assist in affecting a lawful detention/arrest, while minimizing the risk of serious injury. The appropriate use of such a device should result in fewer serious injuries to officers and suspects.

### 304.3 ISSUANCE AND CARRYING TASER DEVICES

Only members who have successfully completed department-approved training may be issued and carry the TASER device.

Officers shall only use the TASER device and cartridges that have been issued by the Department. Uniformed officers who have been issued the TASER device shall wear the device in an approved holster on their person.

Members carrying the TASER device should perform a spark test on the unit prior to every shift.

When carried while in uniform, officers shall carry the TASER device in a holster on the side opposite the duty weapon.

- (a) Officers shall be responsible for ensuring that their issued TASER device is properly maintained and in good working order.
- (b) Officers should not hold both a firearm and the TASER device at the same time.

### 304.4 VERBAL AND VISUAL WARNINGS

A verbal warning of the intended use of the TASER device should precede its application, unless it would otherwise endanger the safety of officers or when it is not practicable due to the circumstances. The purpose of the warning is to:

- (a) Provide the individual with a reasonable opportunity to voluntarily comply.
- (b) Provide other officers and individuals with a warning that the TASER device may be deployed.

If, after a verbal warning, an individual is unwilling to voluntarily comply with an officer's lawful orders and it appears both reasonable and feasible under the circumstances, the officer may, but is not required to, display the electrical arc, or the laser in a further attempt to gain compliance prior to the application of the TASER device. The aiming laser should never be intentionally directed into the eyes of another as it may permanently impair his/her vision.

The fact that a verbal or other warning was given or the reasons it was not given shall be documented by the officer deploying the TASER device in the related report.

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#### **304.5 USE OF THE TASER DEVICE**

The TASER device has limitations and restrictions requiring consideration before its use. The TASER device should only be used when its operator can safely approach the subject within the operational range of the device. Although the TASER device is generally effective in controlling most individuals, officers should be aware that the device may not achieve the intended results and be prepared with other options.

##### **304.5.1 APPLICATION OF THE TASER DEVICE**

The TASER device, generally, may be used when:

- (a) The subject is violent or is physically resisting; and/or
- (b) The subject has demonstrated, by words or action, an intention to be violent or to physically resist, and reasonably appears to present the potential to harm officers, him/herself or others; and/or
- (c) The circumstances perceived by the officer at the time indicate that such application is reasonably necessary to lawfully control, detain, and / or arrest a person.
- (d) In accordance with the Use of Force policy.

Mere flight from a pursuing officer, without other known circumstances or factors, is not good cause for the use of the TASER device to apprehend an individual.

##### **304.5.2 SPECIAL DEPLOYMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

The use of the TASER device on certain individuals should generally be avoided unless the totality of the circumstances indicates that other available options reasonably appear ineffective or would present a greater danger to the officer, the subject or others, and the officer reasonably believes that the need to control the individual outweighs the risk of using the device. This includes:

- (a) Individuals who are known to be pregnant.
- (b) Elderly individuals or obvious juveniles.
- (c) Individuals with obviously low body mass.
- (d) Individuals who are handcuffed or otherwise restrained.
- (e) Individuals whose position or activity may result in collateral injury (e.g., falls from height, operating vehicles).

Because the application of the TASER device in the drive-stun mode (i.e., direct contact without probes) relies primarily on pain compliance, the use of the drive-stun mode generally should be limited to supplementing the probe-mode to complete the circuit, or as a distraction technique to gain separation between officers and the subject, thereby giving officers time and distance to consider other force options or actions.

The TASER device shall not be used to psychologically torment, elicit statements or to punish any individual.



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##### 304.5.3 TARGETING CONSIDERATIONS

Reasonable efforts should be made to target lower center mass and avoid the head, neck, chest and groin. If the dynamics of a situation or officer safety do not permit the officer to limit the application of the TASER device probes to a precise target area, officers should monitor the condition of the subject if one or more probes strikes the head, neck, chest or groin until the subject is examined by paramedics or other medical personnel.

##### 304.5.4 MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS OF THE TASER DEVICE

Officers should apply the TASER device for only one standard cycle and then evaluate the situation before applying any subsequent cycles. Multiple applications of the TASER device against a single individual are generally not recommended and should be avoided unless the officer reasonably believes that the need to control the individual outweighs the potentially increased risk posed by multiple applications.

If the first application of the TASER device appears to be ineffective in gaining control of an individual, the officer should consider certain factors before additional applications of the TASER device, including:

- (a) Whether the probes are making proper contact.
- (b) Whether the individual has the ability and has been given a reasonable opportunity to comply.
- (c) Whether verbal commands, other options or tactics may be more effective.

Officers should generally not intentionally apply more than one TASER device at a time against a single subject.

##### 304.5.5 ACTIONS FOLLOWING DEPLOYMENTS

Officers shall notify a supervisor of all TASER device discharges. AFID (anti felon identification) tags should be collected and the expended cartridge, along with both probes and wires, should be submitted into evidence. The cartridge serial number should be noted and documented on the evidence paperwork. The evidence packaging should be marked "Biohazard" if the probes penetrated the subject's skin.

##### 304.5.6 DANGEROUS ANIMALS

In accordance with TASER training and standards, the TASER device may be deployed against an animal as part of a plan to deal with a potentially dangerous animal, such as a dog, if the animal reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to human safety and alternative methods are not reasonably available or would likely be ineffective.

#### **304.6 DOCUMENTATION**

Officers shall document all TASER device discharges in the related arrest/crime report and the TASER device report form. Notification shall also be made to a supervisor in compliance with the Use of Force Policy. Unintentional discharges, pointing the device at a person, laser activation and arcing the device will also be documented on the appropriate TASER use form.

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##### 304.6.1 TASER DEVICE FORM

Items that shall be included in the TASER device report form are:

- (a) The serial number of the TASER device.
- (b) Date, time and location of the incident.
- (c) Whether any display, laser or arc deterred a subject and gained compliance.
- (d) The number of TASER device activations, the duration of each cycle, the duration between activations, and (as best as can be determined) the duration that the subject received applications.
- (e) The range at which the TASER device was used.
- (f) The type of mode used (probe or drive-stun).
- (g) Location of any probe impact.
- (h) Location of contact in drive-stun mode.
- (i) Description of where missed probes went.
- (j) Whether medical care was provided to the subject.
- (k) Whether the subject sustained any injuries.
- (l) Whether any officers sustained any injuries.

The TASER Instructor should periodically analyze the report forms to identify trends, including deterrence and effectiveness. The TASER Instructor should also conduct audits of data downloads and reconcile TASER device report forms with recorded activations.

##### 304.6.2 REPORTS

The officer should include the following in the arrest/crime report:

- (a) Identification of all personnel firing TASER devices
- (b) Identification of all witnesses
- (c) Medical care provided to the subject
- (d) Observations of the subject's physical and physiological actions
- (e) Any known or suspected drug use, intoxication or other medical problems

##### **304.7 MEDICAL TREATMENT**

Consistent with local medical personnel protocols and absent extenuating circumstances, only appropriate medical personnel should remove TASER device probes from a person's body. Used TASER device probes shall be treated as a sharps biohazard, similar to a used hypodermic needle, and handled appropriately. Universal precautions should be taken.

All persons who have been struck by TASER device probes or who have been subjected to the electric discharge of the device shall be medically assessed prior to booking. Additionally, any

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such individual who falls under any of the following categories should, as soon as practicable, be examined by paramedics or other qualified medical personnel:

- (a) The person is suspected of being under the influence of controlled substances and/or alcohol.
- (b) The person may be pregnant.
- (c) The person reasonably appears to be in need of medical attention.
- (d) The TASER device probes are lodged in a sensitive area (e.g., groin, female breast, head, face, neck).
- (e) The person requests medical treatment.

Any individual exhibiting signs of distress or who is exposed to multiple or prolonged applications (i.e., more than 15 seconds) shall be transported to a medical facility for examination or medically evaluated prior to booking. If any individual refuses medical attention, such a refusal should be witnessed by another officer and/or medical personnel and shall be fully documented in related reports. If an audio recording is made of the contact or an interview with the individual, any refusal should be included, if possible.

The transporting officer shall inform any person providing medical care or receiving custody that the individual has been subjected to the application of the TASER device.

#### **304.8 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

When possible, supervisors should respond to calls when they reasonably believe there is a likelihood the TASER device may be used. A supervisor should respond to all incidents where the TASER device was activated.

A supervisor should review each incident where a person has been exposed to an activation of the TASER device. The device's onboard memory should be uploaded to evidence.com using a cable and Evidence SYNC by the case Officer or TASER Instructor and saved with the related arrest/crime report. Photographs of probe sites should be taken and witnesses interviewed.

When a Taser cartridge is deployed, a supervisor or Taser Instructor will issue a replacement cartridge. The status of the cartridge being replaced, and the new cartridge, will be recorded on the City of Roseburg Sharepoint site under "Taser Cartridge Tracking."

#### **304.9 TRAINING**

Personnel who are authorized to carry the TASER device shall be permitted to do so only after successfully completing the initial department-approved training.

Proficiency training for personnel who have been issued TASER devices should occur every year. A reassessment of an officer's knowledge and/or practical skill may be required at any time if deemed appropriate by a TASER Instructor. All training and proficiency for TASER devices will be documented in the officer's training file.

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The Administrative Sergeant is responsible for ensuring that all members who carry TASER devices have received initial and annual proficiency training. Application of TASER devices during training could result in injury to personnel and is not mandatory for certification.

The TASER Instructor should ensure that all training includes:

- (a) A review of this policy.
- (b) A review of the Use of Force Policy.
- (c) Target area considerations, to include techniques or options to reduce the accidental application of probes near the head, neck, chest and groin.
- (d) Handcuffing a subject during the application of the TASER device and transitioning to other force options.
- (e) De-escalation techniques.
- (f) Restraint techniques that do not impair respiration following the application of the TASER device.

## Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

### 305.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish policy and procedures for the investigation of an incident in which a person is injured or dies as the result of an officer-involved shooting or dies as a result of another action of an officer.

In other incidents not covered by this policy, the Chief of Police may decide that the investigation will follow the process provided in this policy.

### 305.2 POLICY

The policy of the Roseburg Police Department is to ensure that officer-involved shootings and deaths are investigated in a thorough, fair and impartial manner.

### 305.3 TYPES OF INVESTIGATIONS

Officer-involved shootings and deaths involve several separate investigations. The investigations may include:

- (a) A criminal investigation of the suspect's actions.
- (b) A criminal investigation of the involved officer's actions.
- (c) An administrative investigation as to policy compliance by involved officers.
- (d) A civil investigation to determine potential liability.

### 305.4 CONTROL OF INVESTIGATIONS

Investigators from surrounding agencies may be assigned to work on the criminal investigation of officer-involved shootings and deaths. This may include at least one investigator from the agency that employs the involved officer.

Jurisdiction is determined by the location of the shooting or death and the agency employing the involved officer. The following scenarios outline the jurisdictional responsibilities for investigating officer-involved shootings and deaths.

#### 305.4.1 ROSEBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT OFFICER WITHIN THIS JURISDICTION

The Roseburg Police Department may be responsible for the criminal investigation of the suspect's actions, the civil investigation and the administrative investigation. The criminal investigation of the officer-involved shooting will be conducted by this agency or an inter-agency team as designated in the Officer-Involved Shooting Protocol in conjunction with the District Attorney's Office.

#### 305.4.2 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION OF OFFICER ACTIONS

The control of the criminal investigation into the involved officer's conduct during the incident will be determined by the employing agency's protocol. When an officer from this department is involved, the criminal investigation will include at least one investigator from another law enforcement agency (ORS 181A.790).

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Requests made of this department to investigate a shooting or death involving an outside agency's officer shall be referred to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee for approval.

#### 305.4.3 ROSEBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT OFFICER IN ANOTHER JURISDICTION

The agency where the incident occurred has criminal jurisdiction and is responsible for the criminal investigation of the incident. That agency may relinquish its criminal investigation of the suspect(s) to another agency. The Roseburg Police Department will conduct timely civil and/or administrative investigations whenever possible and considering any pending criminal investigation.

### **305.5 THE INVESTIGATION PROCESS**

The following procedures are guidelines used in the investigation of an officer-involved shooting.

#### 305.5.1 UNINVOLVED OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon arrival at the scene of an officer-involved shooting or death, the first uninvolved RPD officer will be the officer-in-charge and will assume the responsibilities of a supervisor until properly relieved. This officer should, as appropriate:

- (a) Secure the scene and identify and eliminate hazards for all those involved.
- (b) Take reasonable steps to obtain emergency medical attention for injured individuals.
- (c) Request additional resources from the Department or other agencies.
- (d) Coordinate a perimeter or pursuit of suspects.
- (e) Check for injured persons and evacuate as needed.
- (f) Brief the supervisor upon arrival.

#### 305.5.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon arrival at the scene, the first uninvolved RPD supervisor should ensure completion of the duties as outlined above, plus:

- (a) Attempt to obtain a brief overview of the situation from any uninvolved officers.
  1. In the event that there are no uninvolved officers who can supply adequate overview, the supervisor should attempt to obtain a brief voluntary overview from one involved officer.
- (b) If necessary, the supervisor may administratively order any RPD officer to immediately provide public safety information necessary to secure the scene, identify injured parties and pursue suspects.
  1. Public safety information shall be limited to such things as outstanding suspect information, number and direction of any shots fired, perimeter of the incident scene, identity of known or potential witnesses and any other pertinent information.
  2. The initial on-scene supervisor should not attempt to order any involved officer to provide any information other than public safety information.
- (c) Provide all available information to the Watch Commander and Dispatch. If feasible, sensitive information should be communicated over secure networks.

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- (d) Take command of and secure the incident scene with additional RPD members until properly relieved by another supervisor or other assigned personnel or investigator.
- (e) As soon as practicable, ensure that involved officers are transported (separately, if feasible) to a suitable location for further direction.
  - 1. Each involved RPD officer should be given an administrative order not to discuss the incident with other involved officers or RPD members pending further direction from a supervisor.
  - 2. When an involved officer's weapon is taken or left at the scene for other than officer-safety reasons (e.g., evidence), ensure that he/she is provided with a comparable replacement weapon or transported by other officers.

#### 305.5.3 WATCH COMMANDER RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon learning of an officer-involved shooting or death, the Watch Commander shall be responsible for coordinating all aspects of the incident until he/she is relieved by the Chief of Police or a Division Commander.

All outside inquiries about the incident shall be directed to the Watch Commander.

#### 305.5.4 NOTIFICATIONS

The following persons shall be notified as soon as practicable:

- Chief of Police
- Operations Commander
- Criminal Investigations Division Commander
- Outside agency investigators (Major Crimes Team if appropriate)
- Civil liability attorneys for the City of Roseburg
- Psychological/peer support personnel
- Chaplain
- Medical Examiner (if necessary)
- Involved officer's agency representative (if requested)
- Public Information Officer

#### 305.5.5 INVOLVED OFFICERS

The following shall be considered for the involved officer:

- (a) Any request for legal representation will be accommodated.
  - 1. Involved RPD officers shall not be permitted to meet collectively or in a group with an attorney or any representative prior to providing a formal interview or report.
  - 2. Requests from involved non-RPD officers should be referred to their employing agency.

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- (b) Discussions with licensed attorneys will be considered privileged as attorney-client communications.
- (c) Discussions with agency representatives/employee groups will be confidential only as to the discussion of non-criminal information.
- (d) A mental health professional shall be provided by the Department. The Department shall pay for at least two sessions with a mental health professional for each involved RPD officer. The sessions shall take place within six months of the incident, and an involved officer shall attend at least one session. As it relates to this mandatory session, "involved officer" means (ORS 181A.790):
  - 1. An officer whose official conduct, or official order to use deadly physical force, was a cause in fact of the death of a person.
  - 2. An officer whose official conduct was not a cause in fact of the death of a person, but who was present before or during the deadly use of force and was reasonably likely exposed to more than a minor degree of stress or trauma.
- (e) A mental health professional may also be provided to any other affected RPD members, upon request.
  - 1. Interviews with a mental health professional will be considered privileged.
  - 2. An interview or session with a mental health professional may take place prior to the member providing a formal interview or report. However, involved members shall not be permitted to consult or meet collectively or in a group with a mental health professional prior to providing a formal interview or report.
  - 3. A separate fitness-for-duty exam may also be required (see the Fitness for Duty Policy).
- (f) Communications between the involved officer and a peer support member are addressed in the Wellness Program Policy.

Care should be taken to preserve the integrity of any physical evidence present on the involved officer's equipment or clothing, such as blood or fingerprints, until investigators or lab personnel can properly retrieve it. Investigators shall make reasonable accommodations to the officer's physical and emotional needs.

Each involved officer shall be given reasonable paid administrative leave following an officer-involved shooting. It shall be the responsibility of the Watch Commander to make schedule adjustments to accommodate such leave.

#### 305.5.6 DUTY ASSIGNMENT RESTRICTIONS

The Department should not return an involved officer to a duty assignment in which the officer may have to use deadly force for at least 72 hours after an incident where the application of deadly force resulted in the death of a person. The Department shall maintain the regular pay and benefits for any involved officer whose assignment is adjusted pursuant to this section (ORS 181A.790). As it relates to this duty assignment restriction, "involved officer" means (ORS 181A.790):



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- (a) An officer whose official conduct, or official order to use deadly physical force, was a cause in fact of the death of a person.
- (b) An officer whose official conduct was not a cause in fact of the death of a person, but who was present before or during the deadly use of force and was reasonably likely exposed to more than a minor degree of stress or trauma.

#### **305.6 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION**

It shall be the policy of this department to utilize the District Attorney's Office to provide guidance in a criminal investigation into the circumstances of any officer-involved shooting involving injury or death.

If available, investigative personnel from this department may be assigned to partner with investigators from the Douglas County Major Crimes Team, or outside agencies to avoid duplicating efforts in related criminal investigations.

Once public safety issues have been addressed, criminal investigators should be given the opportunity to obtain a voluntary statement from involved officers and to complete their interviews. The following shall be considered for the involved officer:

- (a) RPD supervisors and appropriate supervisor personnel should not participate directly in any voluntary interview of RPD officers. This will not prohibit such personnel from monitoring interviews or providing the criminal investigators with topics for inquiry.
- (b) If requested, any involved officer will be afforded the opportunity to consult individually with a representative of his/her choosing or an attorney prior to speaking with criminal investigators. However, in order to maintain the integrity of each involved officer's statement, involved officers shall not consult or meet with a representative or an attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.
- (c) If any involved officer is physically, emotionally or otherwise not in a position to provide a voluntary statement when interviewed by criminal investigators, consideration should be given to allowing a reasonable period for the officer to schedule an alternate time for the interview.
- (d) Any voluntary statement provided by an involved officer will be made available for inclusion in any related investigation, including administrative investigations. However, no administratively coerced statement will be provided to any criminal investigators unless the officer consents.

##### **305.6.1 REPORTS BY INVOLVED RPD OFFICERS**

In the event that suspects remain outstanding or subject to prosecution for related offenses, this department shall retain the authority to require involved RPD officers to provide sufficient information for related criminal reports to facilitate the apprehension and prosecution of those individuals.

While the involved RPD officer may write the report, it is generally recommended that such reports be completed by assigned investigators, who should interview all involved officers as victims/witnesses. Since the purpose of these reports will be to facilitate criminal prosecution, statements

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of involved officers should focus on evidence to establish the elements of criminal activities by suspects. Care should be taken not to duplicate information provided by involved officers in other reports.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to deprive an involved RPD officer of the right to consult with legal counsel prior to completing any such criminal report.

Reports related to the prosecution of criminal suspects will be processed according to normal procedures but should also be included for reference in the investigation of the officer-involved shooting or death.

#### 305.6.2 WITNESS IDENTIFICATION AND INTERVIEWS

Because potential witnesses to an officer-involved shooting or death may become unavailable or the integrity of their statements compromised with the passage of time, a supervisor should take reasonable steps to promptly coordinate with criminal investigators to utilize available law enforcement personnel for the following:

- (a) Identification of all persons present at the scene and in the immediate area.
  - 1. When feasible, a recorded statement should be obtained from those persons who claim not to have witnessed the incident but who were present at the time it occurred.
  - 2. Any potential witness who is unwilling or unable to remain available for a formal interview should not be detained absent reasonable suspicion to detain or probable cause to arrest. Without detaining the individual for the sole purpose of identification, attempts to identify the witness prior to his/her departure should be made whenever feasible.
- (b) Witnesses who are willing to provide a formal interview should be asked to meet at a suitable location where criminal investigators may obtain a recorded statement. Such witnesses, if willing, may be transported by a member of the Department.
  - 1. A written, verbal or recorded statement of consent should be obtained prior to transporting a witness. When the witness is a minor, consent should be obtained from the parent or guardian, if available, prior to transportation.
- (c) Promptly contacting the suspect's known family and associates to obtain any available and untainted background information about the suspect's activities and state of mind prior to the incident.

#### 305.6.3 INVESTIGATIVE PERSONNEL

Once notified of an officer-involved shooting or death, it shall be the responsibility of the designated Criminal Investigations Division supervisor to assign appropriate investigative personnel to handle the investigation of related crimes. Department investigators will be assigned to work with investigators from the District Attorney's Office and may be assigned to separately handle the investigation of any related crimes not being investigated by the District Attorney's Office.

All related department reports, except administrative and/or privileged reports, will be forwarded to the designated Criminal Investigations Division supervisor for approval. Privileged reports shall

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be maintained exclusively by members who are authorized such access. Administrative reports will be forwarded to the appropriate Division Commander.

#### **305.7 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION**

In addition to all other investigations associated with an officer-involved shooting or death, this department will conduct an internal administrative investigation of involved RPD officers to determine conformance with department policy. This investigation will be conducted under the supervision of the appropriate supervisor and will be considered a confidential officer personnel file.

Interviews of members shall be subject to department policies and applicable laws.

- (a) Any officer involved in a shooting or death may be requested or administratively compelled to provide a blood sample for alcohol/drug screening. Absent consent from the officer, such compelled samples and the results of any such testing shall not be disclosed to any criminal investigative agency.
- (b) If any officer has voluntarily elected to provide a statement to criminal investigators, the assigned administrative investigator should review that statement before proceeding with any further interview of that involved officer.
  - 1. If a further interview of the officer is deemed necessary to determine policy compliance, care should be taken to limit the inquiry to new areas with minimal, if any, duplication of questions addressed in the voluntary statement. The involved officer shall be provided with a copy of his/ her prior statement before proceeding with any subsequent interviews.
- (c) In the event that an involved officer has elected not to provide criminal investigators with a voluntary statement, the assigned administrative investigator shall conduct an administrative interview to determine all relevant information.
  - 1. Although this interview should not be unreasonably delayed, care should be taken to ensure that the officer's physical and psychological needs have been addressed before commencing the interview.
  - 2. If requested, the officer shall have the opportunity to select an uninvolved representative to be present during the interview. However, in order to maintain the integrity of each individual officer's statement, involved officers shall not consult or meet with a representative or attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.
  - 3. Administrative interviews should be recorded by the investigator. The officer may also record the interview.
  - 4. The officer shall be informed of the nature of the investigation. If an officer refuses to answer questions, he/she should be given his/her *Garrity* rights and ordered to provide full and truthful answers to all questions. The officer shall be informed that the interview will be for administrative purposes only and that the statement cannot be used criminally.
  - 5. The appropriate supervisor shall compile all relevant information and reports necessary for the Department to determine compliance with applicable policies.

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6. Regardless of whether the use of force is an issue in the case, the completed administrative investigation shall be submitted to the Operations Commander, who will restrict their findings as to whether there was compliance with the Use of Force Policy.
7. Any other indications of potential policy violations shall be determined in accordance with standard disciplinary procedures.

#### **305.8 AUDIO AND VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Any officer involved in an incident may be permitted to review available Mobile Audio Video (MAV) or other video or audio recordings prior to providing a recorded statement or completing reports.

Upon request, non-law enforcement witnesses who are able to verify their presence and their ability to contemporaneously perceive events at the scene of an incident may also be permitted to review available MAV or other video or audio recordings with approval of assigned investigators or a supervisor.

Any MAV and other known video or audio recordings of an incident should not be publicly released during an ongoing investigation without consulting the prosecuting attorney or District Attorney's Office as appropriate.

#### **305.9 DEBRIEFING**

Following an officer-involved shooting or death, the Roseburg Police Department should conduct both a critical incident/stress debriefing and a tactical debriefing.

#### **305.10 MEDIA RELATIONS**

Any media release shall be prepared with input and concurrence from the supervisor and department representative responsible for each phase of the investigation. Releases will be available to the Watch Commander, Criminal Investigations Division Commander and Public Information Officer in the event of inquiries from the media.

It will be the policy of this department to not release the identities of involved officers absent their consent or as required by law.

No involved officer shall be subjected to contact from the media and no involved RPD officer shall make any comment to the media unless he/she is authorized by the Chief of Police or a Division Commander.

Department members receiving inquiries regarding officer-involved shootings or deaths occurring in other jurisdictions shall refrain from public comment and will direct those inquiries to the agency having jurisdiction and primary responsibility for the investigation.

#### **305.11 REPORTING**

If the death of an individual resulted from an officer use of deadly force and occurred in the Roseburg Police Department jurisdiction, the Operations Division Commander will ensure that the Records Supervisor is provided with enough information to meet the reporting requirements to the Department of Justice (ORS 181A.790).

## Robbery / Burglary Response

### 306.1 GENERAL

The purpose of this Policy is to provide direction and guidance when responding to either a "robbery" or "burglary in progress" call. The robbery and burglary in progress response is one of the most hazardous requests for police service.

To be successful in apprehension of the suspect(s), and in the prevention of injury to officers, victims and citizens in the immediate area, a coordinated approach is essential.

### 306.2 ROBBERY RESPONSE

Upon receipt of a "robbery in progress" call or an activated alarm, the first two (2) officers assigned will take a surveillance position where the building can be seen, and activities observed, while remaining as concealed as possible. The first two (2) officers should coordinate their arrival times and direct other units as required. Time delays in dispatch and response should be considered. In many cases, the other units should be assigned to monitor an extended area around the victim location watching for fleeing or suspicious vehicles and pedestrians.

The primary units will attempt to briefly observe from a concealed location to assess the activity. If the officers see something indicative of a robbery, all units shall be advised. Units will be observant for involved persons outside of the location in waiting vehicles, acting as look-outs, and so on.

If it is not possible to determine if a robbery is occurring during the initial observation, officers outside may contact the victim business by telephone. If the manager/employee indicates a false alarm, they should be directed to a safe location outside where they can meet with an officer.

The Watch Commander shall be notified as soon as possible upon receipt of the call and shall respond to the scene upon confirmation of an actual robbery.

If in progress, the priority will then become adjusting the perimeter and attempting to formulate a plan that incorporates as many of the following conditions as possible for contact and arrest:

1. keeping concealed until the suspect(s) exit;
2. afford the suspect(s) little in the way of cover, concealment, or escape routes;
3. preventing suspects from accessing potential hostages which may include preventing suspect's retreat back into the building, if possible;
4. officers have adequate cover
5. an environment that minimizes innocent pedestrian and vehicle exposure to gunfire.

It is the policy of this department to attempt to avoid a hostage situation by allowing the suspect(s) to leave the building before making an attempt to apprehend, if at all possible. At times, it may be prudent to allow the suspects to depart their current location altogether and attempt to make the contact at another location, which poses less risk to innocent persons and officers.

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If it appears that the police presence has been compromised and a hostage situation may be involved, the officers will establish a secure perimeter and begin making appropriate notifications.

#### **Weapons**

Special weapons may be deployed by officers, qualified to use them, inside the building. The Watch Commander or Emergency Response Team Commander (if on scene) must authorize their deployment.

**NOTE:** ORS 161.239 (2) states police are not exempt from criminal charges relating to reckless or criminally negligent conduct.

#### **Suspect has Left the Scene**

Upon determining that a robbery has occurred, the area car shall be assigned to the call. The closest officer shall make an immediate information broadcast as listed below. The Watch Commander shall assign additional units to strategic locations based on the initial information provided by the officers on the scene. Requests for assistance from the Douglas County Sheriff's Office or the Oregon State Police should come from the Watch Commander. Only those units that are assigned or directed shall respond to the scene.

#### **Delayed Calls**

When the delay is of such an appreciable time so as to make ineffective tactical police responses such as positioning of units in strategic locations, etc., the call shall be handled as any other priority type call.

#### **Notification by the Watch Commander**

The Criminal Investigations Division will be notified if they have not already been assigned. The Watch Commander will insure that the Douglas County Sheriff's Office, Oregon State Police and other agencies as necessary are provided with the appropriate information. The Watch Commander shall insure that teletypes be sent as necessary.

#### **Crime Information Broadcasts**

The first officer/detective to make contact with the victim or witnesses shall conduct a brief interview. Pertinent information shall be transmitted to Dispatch without delay. The following information should be included:

1. type of actual crime;
2. time of occurrence;
3. location of the occurrence;
4. number, gender, and descent of the suspect(s)
5. anything unusual about the suspect's appearance;
6. weapon used;

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7. direction of travel;
8. how the suspect departed (foot or vehicle);
9. description of vehicle used, if any; and
10. property taken (if appropriate for case integrity).

A supplemental broadcast shall be made as soon as practical. The second broadcast should include a detailed description of the suspect(s) and any additions or corrections to the first broadcast, as necessary.

#### **306.3 BURGLARY RESPONSE**

"Burglary in progress" calls should be approached with the same caution given to the aforementioned described robbery calls.

Two (2) officers should be assigned to any "burglary in progress" call and additional units as deemed necessary by the Watch Commander. The first two (2) officers should attempt to coordinate their arrival and attempt to avoid announcing their approach to the scene. Establishing a perimeter should be the initial priority. Upon assessment of the scene for additional units by the first officers or the Watch Commander, an approach to the building may be made when the perimeter is secured. Entry and searching of the building will be completed according to established procedures, keeping in mind both the officer's safety and the apprehension of the suspect.

All procedures outlined in the previous Robbery in Progress Section shall apply to "burglary in progress" calls with regard to:

1. weapons in the building;
2. notifications;
3. crime information broadcasts;
4. requests for outside agency assistance; and
5. hostage situations.

#### **306.4 EMERGENCY VEHICLE RESPONSE**

Officers responding to either "robbery" or "burglary in progress" calls will operate their emergency vehicles in compliance with the Oregon Vehicle Code outlined in 820.300 and 820.320.

Operation of an emergency vehicle does not relieve the driver of an emergency vehicle or ambulance from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all other persons. In most cases, it is advantageous to respond silently. An overly hasty response jeopardizes the officer's safety and reduces the possibility of officers observing fleeing suspects while en route. Excessive speed, tire noise, lights, and sirens can tactically compromise responding officers and should be avoided when at all possible, considering the circumstances.

## Firearms and Weapons

### 307.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes procedures for the acquisition, use, and documentation of training in the use of firearms. The Chief of Police or his/her designee shall approve all department firearms before they are acquired and utilized by any member of this department.

### 307.2 AUTHORIZED WEAPONS

No firearms will be carried that have not been thoroughly inspected by a Rangemaster. Except in an emergency or as directed by a supervisor, no firearm shall be carried by a member who has not qualified with that weapon at an authorized department range.

Authorized semi-auto: Smith and Wesson, Beretta, Sig Sauer, Ruger, Glock, Staccato in .380, 9mm, 40, 45 caliber.

Revolver: Colt, Ruger, or Smith and Wesson in 38 Special or 45 ACP with 2 or 3 inch barrels are authorized for secondary (backup) firearm.

All other weapons, including but not limited to, edged weapons, chemical or electronic weapons, impact weapons or any weapon prohibited or restricted by law or that is not covered elsewhere by department policy, may not be carried by personnel in the performance of their official duty without authorization from the Chief of Police or Operations Commander. This exclusion does not apply to the carrying of a single folding pocket knife that is not otherwise prohibited by law.

### 307.3 SAFE HANDLING OF FIREARMS

The intent of this policy is to promote proper firearm safety on and off duty. Employees shall maintain the highest level of safety when handling firearms.

#### 307.3.1 SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

- (a) Officers shall not unnecessarily display or handle any firearm.
- (b) Officers shall be governed by all rules and regulations pertaining to the use of the range and shall obey all orders issued by the Rangemaster.
- (c) Officers shall not clean, repair, load or unload a firearm anywhere in the Department, except where clearing barrels are present.
- (d) Shotguns or rifles removed from vehicles or the equipment storage room shall be loaded and unloaded in the parking lot and outside of the vehicle in a provided clearing barrel, or in the provided clearing barrel in the Department armory.
- (e) Officers shall not use any automatic weapon, heavy caliber rifle, gas or other type of chemical weapon from the armory, except with approval of a supervisor.
- (f) Any weapon authorized by the department to be carried on or off duty, that is found by the officer to be malfunctioning or needing service, shall not be carried. It shall be promptly presented to a department Rangemaster for inspection. Any weapon



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determined to be in need of service or repair during an inspection by a department Rangemaster, will be immediately removed from service. If the weapon is the officer's primary duty weapon, a replacement weapon will be issued until the duty weapon is serviceable.

#### 307.3.2 PATROL RIFLES

Members may deploy the patrol rifle in any circumstance where the member can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed.

#### 307.3.3 PATROL READY

Any qualified officer who has been issued, or has checked out a patrol rifle for field use shall maintain the weapon in the "patrol ready" until deployed. A rifle is considered patrol ready when it meets the following conditions:

- The chamber is empty.
- The rifle bolt is forward with the safety selector in the "safe" position.
- There is a fully loaded magazine in the rifle with no more than 27 rounds.
- The dust cover is closed.
- The rifle is secured in the patrol vehicle's rifle mount system or trunk.

#### 307.3.4 RIFLE STORAGE AND CHECK OUT

When not in use, patrol rifles will be stored in the rifle cabinet in the department armory. At the start of each assigned shift, any qualified on-duty officer may check out a patrol rifle. The last 3 digits of the assigned patrol rifle serial number will be recorded on the Supervisors Daily Log. At the end of the assigned officer's shift, the patrol rifle will be returned to the department armory.

Only unloaded patrol rifles are permitted inside the station. For purposes of this section, unloaded means no magazine in the well and no round in the chamber. Officers taking the rifle to and from the armory shall do so in a safe manner, while keeping the muzzle pointed in a safe direction at all times. Officers shall take the patrol rifle directly to the patrol vehicle upon removing the rifle from the armory.. Rifle magazines shall be loaded into the rifle before being placed into the patrol vehicle at an approved location where a clearing barrel is located.

Officers checking out a patrol rifle shall ensure the chamber is clear prior to loading the magazine into the rifle. Patrol rifles shall only be placed in the secure storage system inside the patrol vehicle while being used on duty. Once the rifle is loaded, it is the responsibility of the assigned officer to unload the chamber as soon as practical. This shall be done at the approved loading/unloading area (i.e. clearing barrel) whenever possible. If done in the field, the rifle will be pointed in a safe direction and done so in a safe location.

Patrol rifles shall not be left unattended in an unlocked vehicle unless the vehicle remains in sight and is easily accessible (i.e. traffic stop). When the rifle is returned to the station, officers shall use an approved clearing area to remove the magazine and ensure the chamber is clear.

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An officer who has checked out a patrol rifle, may relinquish the rifle to another officer without returning it to the armory. The officer assuming control of the patrol shall immediately ensure the weapon is in the "patrol ready" and do so at approved clearing area.

#### 307.3.5 PERSONALLY-OWNED PATROL RIFLES

Officers may carry personally-owned patrol rifles if all of the following criteria are met:

- Rifle must be inspected and approved by the Administrative Sergeant and authorized by the Operations Commander, or designee. Specific brands are not listed due to the multiple brands available for this type of rifle.
- Rifle must be equipped with an optical sight that is capable of zero magnification. The optical sight may have variable magnification, but must maintain the ability to be adjusted to the zero magnification level.
- Rifle must be capable of firing the department-issued 5.56mm ammunition and must be capable of being fed with the same type of magazine used for department-issued rifles.
- Rifle must have a barrel of no more than 16.5 inches in length.
- Rifle must have a collapsible / adjustable stock, or be of a size that permits the safe and secure use of the rifle locks installed in the patrol vehicles.
- The officer must qualify with the rifle in the configuration in which it will be carried on duty.
- No modifications may be made to the rifle after it is approved and authorized unless the modification is approved by the Operations Commander, or designee.
- Personally-owned rifles will not be shared between officers. The owner will be the only person authorized to carry the rifle.
- Officers who carry a personally-owned rifle does so knowing that the City of Roseburg is not responsible for loss, modifications, or repairs that become necessary due to normal wear, negligence, or avoidable accidents.
- Personally-owned patrol rifles carried on-duty will be locked in the patrol vehicle gun lock, or in hard-sided cases and locked in the trunk.
- Personally-owned rifles will not be left in a patrol vehicle when the owner is not on-duty.
- Personally-owned rifles will be subject to the same safety and security regulations as department-owned rifles.
- Personally-owned rifles will be stored in a locked locker or the department armory when not in use.

#### 307.3.6 PERSONALLY OWNED DUTY FIREARMS

Members desiring to carry an authorized but personally owned duty firearm must receive approval from the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. Once approved, personally owned duty firearms are subject to the following restrictions:

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- (a) The firearm shall be in good working order and on the department list of approved firearms.
- (b) The firearm shall be inspected by the Rangemaster prior to being carried and thereafter shall be subject to inspection whenever it is deemed necessary.
- (c) Prior to carrying the firearm, members shall qualify under range supervision and thereafter shall qualify in accordance with the department qualification schedule. Members must demonstrate proficiency and safe handling, and that the firearm functions properly.
- (d) Members shall provide written notice of the make, model, color, serial number and caliber of the firearm to the Rangemaster, who will maintain a list of the information.
- (e) All modifications and alterations must be approved by the Operations Commander, or designee. Aftermarket grips designed to improve ergonomics and proficiency do not require authorization provided the grips are functional and are solid black in color.

#### 307.3.7 AUTHORIZED SECONDARY HANDGUN

Members desiring to carry secondary handguns are subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) The handgun shall be in good working order and on the department list of approved firearms.
- (b) Only one secondary handgun may be carried at a time.
- (c) The purchase of the handgun and ammunition shall be the responsibility of the member
- (d) The handgun shall be carried concealed at all times and in such a manner as to prevent unintentional discharge or loss of physical control.
- (e) The handgun shall be inspected by the Rangemaster prior to being carried and thereafter shall be subject to inspection whenever it is deemed necessary.
- (f) Prior to carrying the secondary handgun, members shall qualify under range supervision and thereafter shall qualify in accordance with the department qualification schedule. Members must demonstrate proficiency and safe handling, and that the handgun functions properly.
- (g) Members shall provide written notice of the make, model, color, serial number and caliber of a secondary handgun to a Rangemaster and the Community Resource Sergeant, who will maintain a list of the information.

#### 307.3.8 AMMUNITION

Members shall carry only department-authorized ammunition. Members shall be issued fresh duty ammunition in the specified quantity for all department-issued firearms during the member's firearms qualification. Replacements for unserviceable or depleted ammunition issued by the Department shall be dispensed by the Rangemaster when needed, in accordance with established policy.

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Members carrying personally owned authorized firearms of a caliber differing from department-issued firearms shall be responsible for obtaining fresh duty ammunition in accordance with the above, at their own expense.

#### **307.4 FIREARMS QUALIFICATIONS**

All sworn personnel are required to qualify annually with their duty weapon on an approved range course. Those personnel who choose to carry a backup firearm, or secondary weapon, must qualify annually with that weapon at a department approved range. The Community Resource Sergeant shall keep accurate records of quarterly firearms training, repairs, and maintenance. In addition to regular qualification, the department will provide all sworn personnel with practical training designed to simulate field situations. At least annually, all personnel carrying a firearm will receive training on the department Use of Force policy.

All firearms proficiency training and qualification courses shall be conducted under the supervision of currently certified firearms instructors.

##### **307.4.1 NON QUALIFICATION**

Sworn members who fail to qualify on their first shooting attempt shall be provided remedial training until proficiency is demonstrated and will be subject to the following requirements:

- (a) Additional range assignments may be required until consistent weapon proficiency is demonstrated.
- (b) Members shall be given credit for a range qualification after remedial training and a qualifying score is obtained.

##### **307.4.2 HOLSTERS**

Only department-approved holsters shall be used and worn by members. Members shall periodically inspect their holsters to make sure they are serviceable and provide the proper security and retention of the handgun.

##### **307.4.3 TACTICAL LIGHTS**

Tactical lights may only be installed on a firearm carried on- or off-duty after they have been examined and approved by the Rangemaster. Once the approved tactical lights have been properly installed on any firearm, the member shall qualify with the firearm to ensure proper functionality and sighting of the firearm prior to carrying it.

##### **307.4.4 OPTICS OR LASER SIGHTS**

Optics or laser sights may only be installed on a firearm carried on- or off-duty after they have been examined and approved by the Operations Commander. Any approved sight shall only be installed in strict accordance with manufacturer specifications. Once approved sights have been properly installed on any firearm, the member shall qualify with the firearm to ensure proper functionality and sighting of the firearm prior to carrying it.

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If the firearm itself requires alteration in order to install optics, the alterations must be performed by the firearm manufacturer. Any consideration for aftermarket alterations must be pre-approved by the Operations Commander. Employees are responsible for any expenses arising from the alterations, use or purchase of any equipment associated with a pistol optic sight, including ammunition required to become proficient prior to department qualification.

Firearms equipped with an optic sight must also retain functional iron sights. Approved optic sights are Trijicon RMR and Holosun.

Except in an approved training situation, a member may only sight in on a target when the member would otherwise be justified in pointing a firearm at the target.

#### **307.5 WARNING AND OTHER SHOTS**

Generally, warning shots or shots fired for the purpose of summoning aid are discouraged and may not be discharged unless extraordinary circumstances exist and the officer reasonably believes that they appear necessary, effective and reasonably safe.

##### **307.5.1 ALCOHOL AND DRUGS**

Firearms shall not be carried by any member, either on- or off-duty, who has consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage, taken any drugs or medication, or has taken any combination thereof that would tend to adversely affect the member's senses or judgment.

#### **307.6 DESTRUCTION OF ANIMALS**

Officers are authorized to use firearms to stop an animal in circumstances where the animal reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to human safety and alternative methods are not reasonably available or would likely be ineffective.

In circumstances in which officers have sufficient advance notice that a potentially dangerous animal may be encountered, officers should develop reasonable contingency plans for dealing with the animal (e.g., fire extinguisher, TASER device, oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray, animal control officer). Nothing in this policy shall prohibit any officer from shooting a dangerous animal if circumstances reasonably dictate that a contingency plan has failed or becomes impractical.

##### **307.6.1 INJURED ANIMALS**

An officer may euthanize an animal that is so badly injured that human compassion requires its removal from further suffering and where other dispositions are impractical.

#### **307.7 REPORT OF FIREARM DISCHARGE**

Except during training, while dispatching a wounded animal or during recreational use, any member who discharges a duty firearm intentionally or unintentionally, on or off duty, shall make a verbal report to his/her supervisor as soon as circumstances permit. If the discharge results in injury or death to another person, additional statements and reports shall be made in accordance with the Officer-Involved Shooting Policy. If a firearm was discharged as a use of force, the involved member shall adhere to the additional reporting requirements set forth in the Use of Force Policy.

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##### **307.8 RANGEMASTER DUTIES**

Any person serving in the capacity as a Rangemaster for the Roseburg Police Department must be currently certified as a firearms instructor. The range will be under the exclusive control of the Rangemaster. All members attending will follow the directions of the Rangemaster. The Rangemaster will maintain a roster of all members attending the range and will submit the roster to the Administrative Sergeant after each range date.

A Rangemaster has the authority to make periodic inspections of all duty weapons carried by officers of this department to verify proper operation. A Rangemaster has the authority to deem any privately owned weapon unfit for service.

##### **307.9 MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR**

Firearms carried on duty shall be maintained in a clean, serviceable condition. Since the use of personally owned weapons is at the option of the individual officer, that officer will be responsible for the furnishing, maintenance and repair of such weapon.

## Vehicle Pursuits

### 308.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for vehicle pursuits in order to protect the safety of involved officers, the public and fleeing suspects.

#### 308.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Blocking or vehicle intercept** - A slow-speed coordinated maneuver where two or more pursuing vehicles simultaneously intercept and block the movement of a suspect vehicle, the driver of which may be unaware of the impending enforcement stop. The goal is containment and preventing a pursuit. Blocking is not a moving or stationary road block.

**Boxing-in** - A tactic designed to stop a suspect's vehicle by surrounding it with law enforcement vehicles and then slowing all vehicles to a stop.

**Pursuit Intervention Technique (PIT)** - A low-speed maneuver designed to cause the suspect vehicle to spin out, stall and come to a stop.

**Ramming** - The deliberate act of contacting a suspect's vehicle with another law enforcement vehicle to functionally damage or otherwise force the suspect's vehicle to stop.

**Roadblocks** - A tactic designed to stop a suspect's vehicle by intentionally placing a law enforcement vehicle or other immovable object in the path of the suspect's vehicle.

**Terminate** - To discontinue a pursuit or stop chasing fleeing vehicles - resume obeying all traffic laws without emergency equipment activated, so as to clearly indicate an absence of participation in a pursuit.

**Tire deflation device** - A device designed to puncture the tires of the pursued vehicle.

**Trail** - Following the path of the pursuit at a safe speed while obeying all traffic laws and without activating emergency equipment. If the pursuit is at a slow rate of speed, the trailing vehicle will maintain sufficient distance from the pursuit vehicles so as to clearly indicate an absence of participation in the pursuit.

**Vehicle pursuit** - An event involving one or more law enforcement officers attempting to apprehend a suspect, who is attempting to avoid arrest while operating a vehicle by using high-speed driving or other evasive tactics, such as driving off a highway, turning suddenly or driving in a legal manner but willfully failing to yield to an officer's emergency signal to stop.

#### 308.1.2 DOUGLAS COUNTY INTER-AGENCY PURSUIT POLICY

Our agency has signed an Inter-Agency Pursuit Policy to standardize the procedures used when Douglas County Law Enforcement Agencies interact during a pursuit. The contents of this agreement are as follows:

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The need for overtaking and halting a fleeing vehicle must be carefully weighed against the totality of circumstances present at that time. This Interagency Pursuit Agreement for law enforcement agencies in Douglas County identifies common procedures of conducting a vehicular pursuit that may cross cooperative policing boundaries within the County. The intent of the agreement is to ensure the safety of the general public, pursuing law enforcement officers and the occupants of the fleeing vehicle. This agreement supplements each department's current pursuit policies and procedures and is not designed to replace them.

For the purpose of this agreement, the following definitions will be used.

#### **Pursuit:**

An attempt by a law enforcement officer in an authorized emergency vehicle to apprehend any occupant of another moving motor vehicle when the driver of the fleeing vehicle is attempting to avoid apprehension by maintaining or increasing the speed of such vehicle or by ignoring the police officer's attempt to stop such vehicle.

#### **Primary Unit:**

Any law enforcement vehicle that initiates a pursuit or accepts responsibility for the pursuit by becoming the first law enforcement vehicle directly behind the fleeing vehicle.

#### **Secondary Unit:**

The second or back-up law enforcement vehicle in a pursuit.

#### **Supervisor:**

A person designated by a law enforcement agency to have supervisory control over the operation of the agency's personnel and vehicles during the pursuit.

#### **Communications:**

The County Communications Center (911) or Southern Regional Dispatch Center (SRDC) or the personnel staffing the communications center.

#### **General Procedures:**

When a law enforcement agency in Douglas County originates a motor vehicle pursuit or becomes the primary or secondary unit in a pursuit originating from outside the County, the appropriate communications center will immediately notify a supervisor from the responsible agency.

The supervisor of the responsible agency will be considered to be in control of the pursuit when:

1. The primary unit in the pursuit is from the supervisor's law enforcement agency.
2. He/she officially accepts the responsibility for control of the pursuit from a supervisor or member of another law enforcement agency.
3. If no supervisor from the responsible agency is available, the primary officer engaged in the pursuit will be considered to be responsible for **continuing** or **terminating** the pursuit.



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Pursuits will be limited to one primary and one secondary law enforcement unit. Any additional units involved must be authorized by a supervisor (preferably the supervisor managing the pursuit). It is recommended that the second unit in the pursuit provide the majority of radio traffic to the communications center, including the direction, speed and location of the pursuit at regular intervals.

When the pursuit becomes multi-agency, all units in pursuit will switch to the primary Douglas County Communications frequency. Pursuing units will stay on the primary county law enforcement channel (Law 1) unless directed otherwise by the Douglas County Communications Center or the Supervisor in charge of the pursuit.

If the pursuit originates in a municipality and continues outside city limits, the municipal units should seek assistance from County and/or State units. Once there are a total of two County or State units in position to continue the pursuit, the municipal unit(s) will suspend their participation in the pursuit.

If the pursuit originates outside city limits and is being conducted by County and/or State units, the communications center will make every effort to notify the appropriate municipal agencies that a pursuit is in progress and may enter their jurisdiction.

If the pursuit enters a city, pursuing County and/or State units should seek assistance from City law enforcement units. A law enforcement supervisor from that jurisdiction may elect to:

1. Monitor the pursuit and allow it to continue by County and or State units.
2. Direct Municipal units into a position to assume primary or secondary responsibility for the pursuit.
3. Request County and/or State units to terminate the pursuit.

It is recommended that when a pursuit enters city limits and a City unit assumes a secondary position in the pursuit that the City unit act as a an advisor to the primary unit, providing information on city streets and potential hazards.

Pursuit Termination Guidelines:

**A pursuit will be terminated by everyone involved upon the following conditions:**

1. The primary pursuit vehicle calls for complete termination of the pursuit.
2. The secondary pursuit vehicle calls for complete termination of the pursuit.
3. The supervisor controlling the pursuit calls for complete termination of the pursuit.
4. When the risk of the pursuit outweighs the need of immediate apprehension, the pursuit should be terminated. (Language taken from the current EVOG lesson plan).
5. When anyone involved in the pursuit calls for the complete termination of the pursuit.

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**Primary and secondary units or the supervisor in control of the pursuit must make it clear to communications and other involved law enforcement units that they are calling for complete termination of the pursuit and not just terminating their individual participation.**

**Supervisors from different law enforcement agencies must work together with communications to ensure the smooth transfer of supervisory control and responsibility in a multi-agency pursuit.**

**The use of Spike Strips** should be considered early in the incident as a means of safely terminating the pursuit. The request for the deployment of spike strips may be made to any law enforcement agency in position to deploy them. However, it should be recognized that clear communications and coordination between the pursuing units and the law enforcement units attempting to deploy the spike strips is vital to ensure the safety of everyone involved.

**Tactical Vehicle Intervention (TVI)** may only be used by those units involved that have satisfactorily completed a TVI course of instruction by their Department. This technique will only be used under the individual agencies pursuit policy and guidelines.

**This Interagency Agreement is not meant to supersede any individual agency's pursuit policy and all officers involved must remember they are governed first by their agency's policy. If any conflicts between the Interagency Policy and the officer's individual agency's policy arise, the individual agency policy shall govern those officers from that agency and may require them to terminate their involvement in the pursuit.**

Original Agreement July 1993 / Amended February 2001 / Amended July 2005

### **308.2 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Vehicle pursuits shall only be conducted using authorized police department emergency vehicles that are equipped with and displaying emergency lighting and sirens as required by law (ORS 801.260).

Officers shall drive with due regard for the safety of all persons and property. However, officers may, when in pursuit of a suspect and provided there is no unreasonable risk to persons and property (ORS 820.300; ORS 820.320):

- (a) Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign but only after slowing down as may be necessary for safe operation.
- (b) Exceed the speed limit.
- (c) Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or turning in specified directions.

#### **308.2.1 WHEN TO INITIATE A PURSUIT**

Officers are authorized to initiate a pursuit when it is reasonable to believe that a suspect, who has been given an appropriate signal to stop by a law enforcement officer, is attempting to evade arrest or detention by fleeing in a vehicle.

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Factors that should be considered, both individually and collectively, when deciding to initiate or continue a pursuit include but are not limited to:

- (a) The seriousness of the known or reasonably suspected crime and its relationship to community safety.
- (b) The importance of protecting the public and balancing the known or reasonably suspected offense and the apparent need for immediate capture against the risks to officers, innocent motorists, and others.
- (c) The safety of the public in the area of the pursuit, including the type of area, time of day, the amount of vehicular and pedestrian traffic (e.g., school zones), and the speed of the pursuit relative to these factors.
- (d) The pursuing officers' familiarity with the area of the pursuit, the quality of radio communications between the pursuing vehicles and the dispatcher/supervisor, and the driving capabilities of the pursuing officers under the conditions of the pursuit.
- (e) Whether weather, traffic, and road conditions unreasonably increase the danger of the pursuit when weighed against the risks resulting from the suspect's escape.
- (f) Whether the identity of the suspect has been verified and whether there is comparatively minimal risk in allowing the suspect to be apprehended at a later time.
- (g) The performance capabilities of the vehicles used in the pursuit in relation to the speeds and other conditions of the pursuit.
- (h) Emergency lighting and siren limitations on unmarked police department vehicles that may reduce visibility of the vehicle, such as visor or dash-mounted lights, concealable or temporary emergency lighting equipment, and concealed or obstructed siren positioning.
- (i) Vehicle speeds.
- (j) Other persons in or on the pursued vehicle (e.g., passengers, co-offenders, hostages).
- (k) The availability of other resources such as helicopter assistance.
- (l) Whether the pursuing vehicle is carrying passengers other than on-duty police officers. Pursuits should not be undertaken with an arrestee in the pursuit vehicle unless exigent circumstances exist, and then only after the need to apprehend the suspect is weighed against the safety of the arrestee in transport. A vehicle containing more than a single arrestee should not be involved in a pursuit.
- (m) Officers should not initiate a pursuit if they have a civilian rider unless exigent circumstances exist, and then only after the need to apprehend the suspect is weighed against the safety of the civilian rider being transported.

#### 308.2.2 WHEN TO TERMINATE A PURSUIT

Pursuits should be terminated whenever the totality of objective circumstances known or which reasonably ought to be known to the officer or supervisor during the pursuit indicates that the present risks of continuing the pursuit reasonably appear to outweigh the risks resulting from the suspects' escape.

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When a supervisor directs the pursuit to be terminated, officers will immediately terminate the pursuit.

The factors listed in this policy on when to initiate a pursuit will apply equally to the decision to terminate a pursuit. Officers and supervisors must objectively and continuously weigh the seriousness of the offense against the potential danger to innocent motorists, themselves, and the public when electing to continue a pursuit.

In addition to the factors that govern when to initiate a pursuit, other factors should also be considered in deciding whether to terminate a pursuit, including:

- (a) The distance between the pursuing vehicle and the fleeing vehicle is so great that further pursuit would be futile or require the pursuit to continue for an unreasonable time or distance.
- (b) The pursued vehicle's location is no longer definitely known.
- (c) The pursuing vehicle sustains damage or a mechanical failure that renders it unsafe to drive.
- (d) The pursuing vehicle's emergency lighting equipment or siren becomes partially or completely inoperable.
- (e) Hazards to uninvolved bystanders or motorists.
- (f) The danger that the continued pursuit poses to the public, the officers, or the suspect, balanced against the risk of allowing the suspect to remain at large.
- (g) The identity of the suspect is known and it does not reasonably appear that the need for immediate capture outweighs the risks associated with continuing the pursuit.
- (h) Initiating or extending pursuits of violators for misdemeanors not involving violence or weapons (independent of the pursuit) are generally discouraged.

#### **308.2.3 USE OF FIREARMS**

The use of firearms to disable a pursued vehicle is not generally an effective tactic and involves all the dangers associated with discharging firearms. Officers should not utilize firearms during an ongoing pursuit unless the conditions and circumstances dictate that such use reasonably appears necessary to protect life. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any officer from using a firearm to stop a suspect from using a vehicle as a deadly weapon.

#### **308.3 PURSUIT VEHICLES**

When involved in a pursuit, unmarked police department emergency vehicles should be replaced by marked emergency vehicles whenever practicable.

Vehicle pursuits should be limited to two police department emergency vehicles. However, the number of vehicles involved will vary with the circumstances.

An officer or supervisor may request additional vehicles to join a pursuit if, after assessing the factors outlined above, it appears that the number of officers involved would be insufficient to safely arrest the number of suspects. All other officers shall stay out of the pursuit but should remain alert

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to its progress and location. Any officer who drops out of a pursuit may then, if necessary, proceed to the pursuit termination point at legal speeds, following the appropriate rules of the road.

#### 308.3.1 VEHICLES WITHOUT EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT, POLICE MOTORCYCLES AND UNMARKED VEHICLES WITHOUT OVERHEAD LIGHT BARS

Police motorcycles and unmarked vehicles, although equipped with lights and siren, should not be used as either the primary or secondary units in a pursuit except when absolutely necessary and unavoidable because of their decreased visibility to the public. Police motorcycles and unmarked vehicles should only be used as a last resort when the safety of the public or other officers clearly outweighs the risk of their use.

In instances where their use is necessary and unavoidable as described above, motorcycles and unmarked vehicles shall relinquish their position as primary unit as soon as a marked vehicle can take over. Motorcycles and unmarked vehicles shall only serve as secondary units in a pursuit until a marked vehicle can take over. The exemptions provided by Oregon Revised Statutes 820.300 do not apply to officers using vehicles which do not qualify as emergency vehicles under Oregon Revised Statutes 801.260.

Officers operating vehicles not equipped with emergency lights and siren are prohibited from initiating or joining in any pursuit. Officers in such vehicles may provide support to pursuing vehicles as long as the vehicle is operated in compliance with all traffic laws. Those officers should discontinue such support immediately upon arrival of a sufficient number of authorized emergency police department vehicles or any air support.

#### 308.3.2 PRIMARY PURSUIT VEHICLE RESPONSIBILITIES

The initial pursuing officer will be designated as the primary pursuit vehicle and will be responsible for the conduct of the pursuit unless the officer is unable to remain reasonably close to the suspect's vehicle. The primary responsibility of the officer initiating the pursuit is the apprehension of the suspect without unreasonable danger to themselves or others.

The primary pursuing officer should notify the dispatcher, commencing with a request for priority radio traffic, that a vehicle pursuit has been initiated, and as soon as practicable provide information including but not limited to:

- (a) The location, direction of travel, and estimated speed of the suspect's vehicle.
- (b) The description of the suspect's vehicle including the license plate number, if known.
- (c) The reason for the pursuit.
- (d) The use of firearms, threat of force, violence, injuries, hostages, or other unusual hazards.
- (e) The number of occupants and identity or description.
- (f) The weather, road, and traffic conditions.
- (g) The need for any additional resources or equipment.
- (h) The identity of other law enforcement agencies involved in the pursuit.

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Until relieved by a supervisor or a secondary pursuing officer, the officer in the primary pursuit vehicle shall be responsible for broadcasting the progress of the pursuit. Unless circumstances reasonably indicate otherwise, the primary pursuing officer should, as soon as practicable, relinquish the responsibility of broadcasting the progress of the pursuit to an officer in a secondary pursuit vehicle or to air support joining the pursuit to minimize distractions and allow the primary pursuing officer to concentrate foremost on safe pursuit tactics.

#### **308.3.3 SECONDARY PURSUIT VEHICLE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The second officer in the pursuit will be designated as the secondary pursuit vehicle and is responsible for:

- (a) Immediately notifying the dispatcher of his/her entry into the pursuit.
- (b) Remaining a safe distance behind the primary pursuit vehicle unless directed to assume the role of primary pursuit vehicle, or if the primary pursuit vehicle is unable to continue the pursuit.
- (c) Broadcasting information that the primary pursuing officer is unable to provide.
- (d) Broadcasting the progress of the pursuit, updating known or critical information and providing changes in the pursuit, unless the situation indicates otherwise.
- (e) Identifying the need for additional resources or equipment as appropriate.
- (f) Serving as backup to the primary pursuing officer once the suspect has been stopped.

#### **308.4 SUPERVISORY CONTROL AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Available supervisory and management control will be exercised over all vehicle pursuits involving officers from this department.

The Watch Commander of the officer initiating the pursuit, or if unavailable, the nearest field supervisor will be responsible for:

- (a) Immediately notifying involved officers and the dispatcher of supervisor presence and ascertaining all reasonably available information to continuously assess the situation and risk factors associated with the pursuit. This is in order to ensure that the pursuit is conducted within established department guidelines.
- (b) Engaging in the pursuit, when appropriate, to provide on-scene supervision.
- (c) Exercising management and control of the pursuit even if not engaged in it.
- (d) Ensuring that no more than the required law enforcement vehicles are involved in the pursuit under the guidelines set forth in this policy.
- (e) Directing that the pursuit be terminated if, in the Watch Commander or field supervisor's judgment, it is not justified to continue the pursuit under the guidelines of this policy.
- (f) Ensuring that assistance from air support, canines, or additional resources is requested, if available and appropriate.

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- (g) Ensuring that the proper radio channel is being used.
- (h) If applicable, ensuring that the Watch Commander is notified of the pursuit, as soon as practicable.
- (i) Ensuring the notification and/or coordination of outside agencies if the pursuit either leaves or is likely to leave the jurisdiction of this department.
- (j) Controlling and managing Roseburg Police Department officers when a pursuit enters another jurisdiction.
- (k) Preparing a post-pursuit review and documentation of the pursuit as required.

#### **308.4.1 WATCH COMMANDER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon becoming aware that a pursuit has been initiated, the Watch Commander should monitor and continually assess the situation and ensure the pursuit is conducted within the guidelines and requirements of this policy. The Watch Commander has the final responsibility for the coordination, control and termination of a vehicle pursuit and shall be in overall command.

The Watch Commander shall review all pertinent reports for content and forward to the Division Commander.

#### **308.5 DISPATCH**

If the pursuit is confined within the City limits, radio communications will be conducted on the primary channel unless instructed otherwise by a Watch Commander or dispatcher. If the pursuit leaves the jurisdiction of this department or such is imminent, involved officers should, whenever available, switch radio communications to a tactical or emergency channel most accessible by participating agencies.

#### **308.6 INTERJURISDICTIONAL CONSIDERATIONS**

When a pursuit enters another agency's jurisdiction, the primary pursuing officer or Watch Commander, taking into consideration distance traveled, unfamiliarity with the area, and other pertinent facts, should determine whether or not to request the other agency to assume the pursuit. Unless entry into another jurisdiction is expected to be brief, it is generally recommended that the primary pursuing officer or Watch Commander ensure that notification is provided to each outside jurisdiction into which the pursuit is reasonably expected to enter, regardless of whether the jurisdiction is expected to assist.

#### **308.6.1 ASSUMPTION OF PURSUIT BY ANOTHER AGENCY**

Officers will relinquish control of the pursuit when another agency has assumed the pursuit, unless the continued assistance of the Roseburg Police Department is requested by the agency assuming the pursuit. Upon relinquishing control of the pursuit, the involved officers may proceed, with Watch Commander approval, to the termination point of the pursuit to assist in the investigation. The Watch Commander should coordinate such assistance with the assuming agency and obtain any information that is necessary for any reports.

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The role and responsibilities of officers at the termination point of a pursuit initiated by this department shall be coordinated with appropriate consideration of the needs of the agency assuming the pursuit.

Notification of a pursuit in progress should not be construed as a request to join the pursuit. Requests to or from another agency to assume a pursuit should be specific. Because of communication limitations between local law enforcement agencies, a request for another agency's assistance will mean that its personnel will assume responsibility for the pursuit. For the same reasons, when a pursuit leaves another jurisdiction and a request for assistance is made to this department, the other agency should relinquish control.

#### **308.6.2 PURSUITS EXTENDING INTO THIS JURISDICTION**

The agency that initiates a pursuit shall be responsible for conducting the pursuit. Officers from this department should not join a pursuit unless specifically requested to do so by the pursuing agency and with approval from a Watch Commander. The exception to this is when a single vehicle from the initiating agency is in pursuit. Under this circumstance, an officer from this department may, with Watch Commander approval, immediately join the pursuit until sufficient vehicles from the initiating agency join the pursuit or until additional information is provided allowing withdrawal from the pursuit.

When a request is made for this department to assist or take over a pursuit that has entered the jurisdiction of the Roseburg Police Department, the Watch Commander should consider:

- (a) The public's safety within this jurisdiction.
- (b) The safety of the pursuing officers.
- (c) Whether the circumstances are serious enough to continue the pursuit.
- (d) Whether there is adequate staffing to continue the pursuit.
- (e) The ability to maintain the pursuit.

As soon as practical, the Watch Commander should review a request for assistance from another agency. The Watch Commander, after consideration of the above factors, may decline to assist in, or assume the other agency's pursuit.

Assistance to a pursuing agency by officers of this department will conclude at the City limits, provided that the pursuing agency has sufficient assistance from other sources. Ongoing participation from this department may continue only until sufficient assistance is present.

In the event that the termination point of a pursuit from another agency is within this jurisdiction, officers shall provide appropriate assistance, including, but not limited to, scene control, coordination and completion of supplemental reports and any other assistance requested or needed.

#### **308.7 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

All appropriate reports shall be completed to comply with appropriate laws and policies or procedures:



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- (a) The primary pursuing officer shall complete appropriate crime/arrest reports.
- (b) The primary pursuing officer or Watch Commander shall complete the appropriate pursuit report.
- (c) After first obtaining the available information, the involved, or if unavailable, Watch Commander shall promptly complete a supervisor's log entry or interoffice memorandum, briefly summarizing the pursuit to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. This log or memorandum should include, at a minimum:
  - 1. Date and time of pursuit.
  - 2. Initial reason and circumstances surrounding the pursuit.
  - 3. Length of pursuit in distance and time, including the starting and termination points.
  - 4. Involved vehicles and officers.
  - 5. Alleged offenses.
  - 6. Whether a suspect was apprehended, as well as the means and methods used.
    - (a) Any use of force shall be reported and documented in compliance with the Use of Force Policy.
  - 7. Arrestee information, if applicable.
  - 8. Any injuries and/or medical treatment.
  - 9. Any property or equipment damage.
  - 10. Name of supervisor at the scene or who handled the incident.
  - 11. A preliminary determination that the pursuit appears to be in compliance with this policy or that additional review and/or follow-up is warranted.
  - 12. After receiving copies of reports, logs, and other pertinent information, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall conduct or assign the completion of a post-pursuit review, as appropriate.
  - 13. Annually, the Chief of Police should direct a documented review and analysis of department vehicle pursuits to minimally include policy suitability, policy compliance, and training needs.

#### **308.8 PURSUIT DRIVING**

The decision to use specific driving tactics requires the same assessment of the factors officer considered when determining whether to initiate and/or terminate a pursuit. The following are tactics for officers who are involved in the pursuit:

- (a) Officers, considering their driving skills and vehicle performance capabilities, will space themselves from other involved vehicles so that they are able to see and avoid hazards or react safely to unusual maneuvers by the fleeing vehicle.
- (b) Because intersections can present increased risks, the following tactics should be considered:

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1. Available officers not directly involved in the pursuit may proceed safely to controlled intersections ahead of the pursuit in an effort to warn cross traffic.
  2. Pursuing officers should exercise due caution and slow down as may be necessary when proceeding through controlled intersections.
- (c) As a general rule, officers should not pursue a vehicle driving the wrong way on a roadway, highway or freeway. In the event the pursued vehicle does so, the following tactics should be considered:
1. Request assistance from available air support.
  2. Maintain visual contact with the pursued vehicle by paralleling the vehicle on the correct side of the roadway.
  3. Request other officers to observe exits available to the suspect.
  4. Notifying the Oregon State Police (OSP) or other law enforcement agency when it appears that the pursuit may enter its jurisdiction.
- (d) Officers involved in a pursuit should not attempt to pass other pursuing vehicles unless the situation indicates otherwise or they are requested to do so by the pursuing officer and with a clear understanding of the maneuver process between the involved officers.

#### 308.8.1 PURSUIT TRAILING

In the event that initial pursuing officers relinquish control of the pursuit to another agency, the initial officers may, with the permission of a supervisor, trail the pursuit to the termination point in order to provide information and assistance for the arrest of the suspect and reporting the incident.

The term trail means to follow the path of the pursuit at a safe speed while obeying all traffic laws and without activating emergency equipment. If the pursuit is at a slow rate of speed, the trailing vehicle will maintain sufficient distance from the pursuit vehicles so as to clearly indicate an absence of participation in the pursuit.

#### 308.8.2 AIR SUPPORT ASSISTANCE

When available, air support assistance should be requested. Once the air support crew has established visual contact with the pursued vehicle, they should assume communication control over the pursuit. The primary and secondary ground pursuit vehicles, or involved supervisor, will maintain operational control but should consider whether the participation of air support warrants their continued close proximity and/or involvement in the pursuit.

The air support crew should coordinate the activities of resources on the ground, report progress of the pursuit, and provide officers and supervisors with details of upcoming traffic congestion, road hazards or other pertinent information to evaluate whether to continue the pursuit. If officers on the ground are not within visual contact of the pursued vehicle and the air support crew determines that it is unsafe to continue the pursuit, the air support crew should recommend terminating the pursuit.

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##### **308.8.3 OFFICERS NOT INVOLVED IN THE PURSUIT**

Officers who are not involved in the pursuit should remain in their assigned area, should not parallel the pursuit route and should not become involved with the pursuit unless directed by a Watch Commander. Uninvolved officers are authorized to use emergency equipment at intersections along the pursuit path to clear intersections of vehicular and pedestrian traffic to protect the public. Those officers should attempt to place their vehicles in locations that provide some safety or an escape route in the event of an unintended collision or if the suspect intentionally tries to ram the police department vehicle.

Non-pursuing members needed at the pursuit termination point should respond in a nonemergency manner, observing the rules of the road.

The primary and secondary pursuit vehicles should be the only vehicles operating under emergency conditions (emergency lights and siren) unless other officers are assigned to the pursuit.

##### **308.9 LOSS OF PURSUED VEHICLE**

When the pursued vehicle is lost, the involved officers should broadcast pertinent information to assist other officers in locating the vehicle. The primary pursuing officer will be responsible for coordinating any further search for either the pursued vehicle or suspects fleeing on foot.

##### **308.10 POLICY**

It is the policy of this department to weigh the importance of apprehending suspects who unlawfully flee from law enforcement against the risks associated with vehicle pursuits.

##### **308.11 CAPTURE OF SUSPECTS**

Proper self-discipline and sound professional judgment are the keys to a successful conclusion of a pursuit and apprehension of evading suspects. Officers shall use only that amount of force that reasonably appears necessary given the facts and circumstances perceived by the officer at the time of the event to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

Unless relieved by a Watch Commander, the primary pursuing officer should coordinate efforts to apprehend the suspect following the pursuit. Officers should consider the safety of the public and the involved officers when formulating plans for setting up perimeters or for containing and capturing the suspect.

##### **308.12 PURSUIT TRAINING**

In addition to initial and supplementary training on pursuits, all officers will participate no less than annually, in regular and periodic training addressing this policy and the importance of vehicle safety and protecting the public. Training will include recognition of the need to balance the known offense and the need for immediate capture against the risks to officers and others.

##### **308.13 POLICY REVIEW**

Officers of this department shall certify in writing that they have received, read and understand this policy initially, upon any amendments and whenever training on the policy is provided.

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##### **308.14 ANNUAL REVIEW**

During the first calendar quarter of each year, the Operations Division Commander will ensure that an annual review of all vehicle pursuit incidents for the previous calendar year is conducted. The analysis will focus on the effectiveness and trends in the use of vehicle pursuits that might suggest training or equipment needs, or policy modification. Specific detail including items such as officer names, case numbers, location of occurrence are not needed for this purpose and therefore will not be part of this process.

## Officer Response to Calls

### 309.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides for the safe and appropriate response to emergency and non-emergency situations whether dispatched or self-initiated.

### 309.2 RESPONSE TO CALLS

Officers shall proceed immediately to calls that are of an emergency nature. A code 3 response should be considered when available information reasonably indicates that a person is threatened with injury or death, a felony property crime is in progress, or serious property damage is imminent and a more immediate law enforcement response is needed to mitigate injury, property loss, or to apprehend the suspect(s).

Officers responding Code 3 shall operate emergency lights and siren as is reasonably necessary pursuant to ORS 820.300 and ORS 820.320. Officers shall only use the wail and yelp function of the siren as an emergency sound. The hi-lo function of the siren is not considered an emergency sound pursuant to OAR 735-110-0000(8) and OAR 735-110-0010(1-3).

Responding with emergency light(s) and siren does not relieve the officer of the duty to continue to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons.

ORS 820.320(2) allows officers to omit the use of emergency lights and siren if it reasonably appears that the use of either or both would prevent or hamper the apprehension or detection of a violator. Except as stated in the previous sentence, Officers who fail to use appropriate warning equipment, are not exempt from following the rules of the road (ORS 820.300).

Officers responding to non-emergency calls shall observe all traffic laws and proceed without the use of emergency lights and siren.

### 309.3 REQUESTING EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

Requests for emergency assistance should be limited to those situations where the involved personnel reasonably believe that there is an immediate threat to the safety of officers, or assistance is needed to prevent imminent serious harm to a citizen. In any event, where a situation has stabilized and emergency response is not required, the requesting officer shall immediately notify Dispatch.

If circumstances permit, the requesting officer should give the following information:

- The unit number
- The location
- The reason for the request and type of emergency
- The number of units required

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#### **309.4 RESPONSIBILITIES OF RESPONDING OFFICER(S)**

Officers shall exercise sound judgment and care with due regard for life and property when responding to an emergency call. Officers shall reduce speed, or stop at all street intersections as may be necessary for safe operation.

The decision to continue a Code-3 response is at the discretion of the officer. If, in the officer's judgment, the roadway conditions or traffic congestion does not permit such a response without unreasonable risk, the officer may elect to respond to the call without the use of emergency lights and siren at the legal speed limit. In such an event, the officer should immediately notify Dispatch. An officer shall also discontinue the Code-3 response when directed by a supervisor.

#### **309.5 SUPERVISORY RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon being notified that a Code-3 response has been initiated, the Watch Commander shall verify the following:

- (a) The proper response has been initiated
- (b) No more than those units reasonably necessary under the circumstances are involved in the response
- (c) Affected outside jurisdictions are being notified as practical

The Watch Commander shall monitor the response until it has been stabilized or terminated and assert control by directing units into or out of the response if necessary. If, in the supervisor's judgment, the circumstances require additional units to be assigned a Code-3 response, the supervisor may do so.

It is the supervisor's responsibility to terminate a Code-3 response that, in his/her judgment, is inappropriate due to the circumstances.

When making the decision to authorize a Code-3 response, the Watch Commander should consider the following:

- The type of call
- The necessity of a timely response
- Traffic and roadway conditions
- The location of the responding units

#### **309.6 FAILURE OF EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT**

If the emergency equipment on the vehicle should fail to operate, the officer must terminate the Code-3 response and respond accordingly. In all cases, the officer shall notify the Watch Commander or Dispatch of the equipment failure so that another unit may be assigned to the emergency response.

## Canines

### 310.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the use of canines to augment law enforcement services in the community, including but not limited to locating individuals and contraband and apprehending criminal offenders.

### 310.2 GUIDELINES FOR THE USE OF CANINES

A canine may be used to locate and apprehend a suspect if the canine handler reasonably believes that the individual has either committed or threatened to commit any serious offense and if any of the following conditions exist:

- (a) There is a reasonable belief that the individual poses an imminent threat of violence or serious harm to the public, any officer or the handler.
- (b) The individual is physically resisting or threatening to resist arrest and the use of a canine reasonably appears to be necessary to overcome such resistance.
- (c) The individual(s) is/are believed to be concealed in an area where entry by other than the canine would pose a threat to the safety of officers or the public.

It is recognized that situations may arise that do not fall within the provisions set forth in this policy. In any such case, a standard of objective reasonableness shall be used to review the decision to use a canine in view of the totality of the circumstances.

Absent reasonable belief that an individual has committed or threatened to commit a serious offense, mere flight from pursuing officers shall not serve as good cause for the use of a canine to apprehend the individual.

Once the individual has been located and no longer reasonably appears to represent a threat or risk of escape, the canine should be placed in a down-stay or otherwise secured as soon as it becomes reasonably practical.

### 310.3 REQUEST FOR USE OF CANINE TEAMS

Personnel within the Department are encouraged to freely solicit the use of the canines. Requests for a canine team from outside of Patrol shall go through the Canine Supervisor or the Watch Commander.

### 310.4 CANINE SUPERVISOR

The canine supervisor shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Operations Division Commander or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the supervisor include but are not limited to:

- (a) Reviewing all canine use reports to ensure compliance with policy and to identify training issues and other needs of the program.
- (b) Maintaining a liaison with the vendor kennel.

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- (c) Maintaining a liaison with command staff and functional supervisors.
- (d) Maintaining a liaison with other agency canine supervisors.
- (e) Maintaining accurate records to document canine activities.
- (f) Recommending and overseeing the procurement of equipment and services for the teams of handlers and canines.
- (g) Scheduling all canine-related activities.
- (h) Ensuring the canine teams are scheduled for regular training to maximize their capabilities.

#### **310.5 CARE FOR THE CANINE AND EQUIPMENT**

The handler shall ultimately be responsible for the health and welfare of the canine and shall ensure that the canine receives proper nutrition, grooming, training, medical care, affection, and living conditions. The handler will be responsible for the following:

- (a) Unless required by a particular application, the handler shall not expose the canine to any foreseeable and unreasonable risk of harm.
- (b) The handler shall maintain all department equipment under his/her control in a clean and serviceable condition.
- (c) When a handler takes a vacation or extended number of days off, the canine vehicle shall be maintained at the Police facility.
- (d) Handlers shall permit the Unit Coordinator to conduct spontaneous on-site inspections of affected areas of their residence as well as the canine unit, to verify that conditions and equipment conform to this policy.
- (e) Any changes in the living status of the handler which may affect the lodging or environment of the canine shall be reported to the Unit Coordinator as soon as possible.
- (f) When off-duty, canines shall be maintained in kennels, provided by the City, at the homes of their handlers. When a canine is kenneled at the handler's home, the gate shall be secured. When off-duty, canines may be let out of their kennels while under the direct control of their handlers.
- (g) The canine should be permitted to socialize in the home with the handler's family for short periods of time and under the direct supervision of the handler.
- (h) Under no circumstances will the canine be lodged at another location unless approved by the Unit Coordinator or Watch Commander.
- (i) When off-duty, handlers shall not involve their canines in any extraordinary activity or conduct unless approved in advance by the Unit Coordinator or Watch Commander.
- (j) Whenever a canine handler anticipates taking a vacation or an extended number of days off, it may be necessary to temporarily relocate the canine. In those situations,



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the handler shall give reasonable notice to the Unit Coordinator so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

#### **310.6 APPREHENSION GUIDELINES**

A canine may be used to locate and apprehend a suspect if the canine handler reasonably believes that the individual has committed, is committing, or is threatening to commit any serious offense and if any of the following conditions exist:

- (a) There is a reasonable belief the suspect poses an imminent threat of violence or serious harm to the public, any officer, or the handler.
- (b) The suspect is physically resisting or threatening to resist arrest and the use of a canine reasonably appears to be necessary to overcome such resistance.
- (c) The suspect is believed to be concealed in an area where entry by other than the canine would pose a threat to the safety of officers or the public.

It is recognized that situations may arise that do not fall within the provisions set forth in this policy. Such events require consideration of the totality of the circumstances and the use of an objective reasonableness standard applied to the decision to use a canine.

Absent a reasonable belief that a suspect has committed, is committing, or is threatening to commit a serious offense, mere flight from a pursuing officer, without any of the above conditions, shall not serve as the basis for the use of a canine to apprehend a suspect.

Use of a canine to locate and apprehend a suspect wanted for a lesser criminal offense than those identified above requires approval from the Watch Commander. Absent a change in circumstances that presents an imminent threat to officers, the canine, or the public, such canine use should be conducted on-leash or under conditions that minimize the likelihood the canine will bite or otherwise injure the individual.

In all applications, once the suspect has been located and no longer reasonably appears to present a threat or risk of escape, the handler should secure the canine as soon as it becomes reasonably practicable.

If the canine has apprehended the suspect with a secure bite, and the handler believes that the suspect no longer poses a threat, the handler should promptly command the canine to release the suspect.

##### **310.6.1 PREPARATION FOR DEPLOYMENT**

Prior to the use of a canine to search for or apprehend any suspect, the canine handler and/or the supervisor on-scene should carefully consider all pertinent information reasonably available at the time. The information should include but is not limited to:

- (a) The nature and seriousness of the suspected offense.
- (b) Whether violence or weapons were used or are anticipated.
- (c) The degree of resistance or threatened resistance, if any, the suspect has shown.
- (d) The suspect's known or perceived age.

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- (e) The potential for injury to officers or the public caused by the suspect if the canine is not utilized.
- (f) Any potential danger to the public and/or other officers at the scene if the canine is released.
- (g) The potential for the suspect to escape or flee if the canine is not utilized.

As circumstances permit, the canine handler should make every reasonable effort to communicate and coordinate with other involved members to minimize the risk of unintended injury.

It is the canine handler's responsibility to evaluate each situation and determine whether the use of a canine is appropriate and reasonable. The canine handler shall have the authority to decline the use of the canine whenever he/she deems deployment is unsuitable.

A supervisor who is sufficiently apprised of the situation may prohibit deploying the canine.

Unless otherwise directed by a supervisor, assisting members should take direction from the handler in order to minimize interference with the canine.

#### **310.6.2 MEDICAL CARE**

The handler should notify the Canine Supervisor as soon as practicable when emergency medical care is required.

Depending on the severity of the illness or injury, the canine should either be treated by the designated veterinarian or transported to a designated emergency medical facility for treatment. If the handler and dog are out of the area, the handler may use the nearest available veterinarian.

Non-emergency medical care will be coordinated through the Canine Supervisor. Any indication that a canine is not in good physical condition shall be reported to the Canine Supervisor or the Watch Commander as soon as practical.

All records of medical treatment shall be maintained by the canine handler or Canine Supervisor.

#### **310.7 NON-APPREHENSION GUIDELINES**

Properly trained canines may be used to track or search for non-criminals (e.g., lost children, individuals who may be disoriented or in need of medical attention). The canine handler is responsible for determining the canine's suitability for such assignments based on the conditions and the particular abilities of the canine. When the canine is deployed in a search or other non-apprehension operation, the following guidelines apply:

- (a) Absent a change in circumstances that presents an imminent threat to officers, the canine, or the public, such applications should be conducted on-leash or under conditions that minimize the likelihood the canine will bite or otherwise injure the individual, if located.
- (b) Unless otherwise directed by a supervisor, assisting members should take direction from the handler in order to minimize interference with the canine.

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- (c) Throughout the deployment, the handler should periodically give verbal assurances that the canine will not bite or hurt the individual and encourage the individual to make him/herself known.
- (d) Once the individual has been located, the handler should place the canine in a down-stay or otherwise secure it as soon as reasonably practicable.

#### 310.7.1 TRAINING

Before assignment in the field, each canine handler must have completed formal training in the care and use of the law enforcement animal, or must have passed the demonstration of minimum standards established by the Oregon Police Canine Association (OPCA) or other accredited and recognized animal handling organization (ORS 167.310). Cross trained dog teams or those dog teams trained exclusively for the detection of drugs and/or explosives shall be trained and certified to meet the standards established for such detection dogs.

Each canine team shall thereafter be recertified to current OPCA standards (as applicable) or other accredited and recognized animal handling organization on an annual basis. Additional training considerations are as follows:

- (a) Canine teams shall receive training as defined in the current contract and/or department policy.
- (b) Canine handlers are encouraged to engage in additional training with approval of the Canine Supervisor.
- (c) To ensure that all training is consistent, no handler, trainer, or outside vendor is authorized to train to a standard that is contrary to the policies of the Roseburg Police Department.
- (d) All canine training should be conducted while on-duty unless otherwise approved by the Canine Supervisor or Watch Commander.

#### 310.7.2 CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

Any dog team failing OPCA canine certification standards (as applicable) or other accredited or recognized animal handling organization standards shall not be deployed in the field until certification is achieved. When practical, pending successful certification, the canine handler should be temporarily reassigned to regular patrol duties.

#### 310.7.3 TRAINING RECORDS

All canine training records shall be maintained in the canine handler's training file.

### 310.8 HANDLER SELECTION

The minimum qualifications for the assignment of canine handler include:

- (a) An officer who is currently off probation.
- (b) Residing in an adequately fenced single-family residence (minimum 5-foot-high fence with locking gates).

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- (c) Living within 10 miles of the Roseburg Police Department, unless otherwise authorized by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander.
- (d) Agreeing to be assigned to the position for a minimum of three years.

#### **310.9 HANDLER RESPONSIBILITIES**

The canine handler shall ultimately be responsible for the health and welfare of the canine and shall ensure that the canine receives proper nutrition, grooming, training, medical care, affection, and living conditions.

The canine handler will be responsible for the following:

- (a) Except as required during appropriate deployment, the handler shall not expose the canine to any foreseeable and unreasonable risk of harm.
- (b) The handler shall maintain all department equipment under his/her control in a clean and serviceable condition.
- (c) When not in service, the handler should maintain the canine vehicle away from public view, if possible.
- (d) When a handler is off-duty for an extended number of days, the assigned canine vehicle should be stored at the Roseburg Police Department facility.
- (e) Handlers shall permit the canine supervisor to conduct spontaneous on-site inspections of affected areas of their homes as well as their canine vehicles to verify that conditions and equipment conform to this policy.
- (f) Any changes in the living status of the handler that may affect the lodging or environment of the canine shall be reported to the canine supervisor as soon as possible.
- (g) When off-duty, the canine shall be in a kennel provided by the City at the home of the handler. When a canine is kenneled at the handler's home, the gate shall be secured. When off-duty, the canine may be let out of the kennel while under the direct control of the handler.
- (h) The canine should be permitted to socialize in the home with the handler's family for short periods of time and under the direct supervision of the handler.
- (i) Under no circumstances will the canine be lodged at another location unless approved by the canine supervisor or Watch Commander.
- (j) When off-duty, the handler shall not involve the canine in any law enforcement activity or official conduct unless approved in advance by the canine supervisor or Watch Commander.
- (k) Whenever a canine handler is off-duty for an extended number of days, it may be necessary to temporarily relocate the canine. In those situations, the handler shall give reasonable notice to the canine supervisor so that appropriate arrangements can be made.
- (l) Handlers should not tether a canine in a manner that would violate ORS 167.325(1); ORS 167.330(1); and/or ORS 167.343.

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ORS 167.325(1), ORS 167.330(1) and [\[EC1\]](#)/or ORS 167.343

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[\[EC1\]](#) I believe this should be "and/or". I don't think "and" works because it should be a violation of policy to violate any one of these statutes, and I would not want someone to read it to believe that s/he was in violation only if s/he violated all 3. (I confirmed with Shannon that "and/or" is appropriate from a style perspective if appropriate to the meaning intended.)

#### 310.9.1 CANINE IN PUBLIC AREAS

The canine should be kept on a leash when in areas that allow access to the public. Exceptions to this rule would include specific law enforcement operations for which the canine is trained.

- (a) A canine shall not be left unattended in any area to which the public may have access.
- (b) When the canine vehicle is left unattended, all windows and doors shall be secured in such a manner as to prevent unauthorized access to the canine. The handler shall also ensure that the unattended vehicle remains inhabitable for the canine.

#### 310.10 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TRAINING AIDS

Controlled substance training aids are required to effectively train and maintain drug detecting dogs. Further, controlled substances can also be an effective training aid during training sessions for law enforcement personnel and the public.

The Operations Commander or designee may authorize the use of controlled substances in the possession of the Roseburg Police Department for training purposes:

- (a) The controlled substances may be obtained from the Property Control Officer from evidence seized by the department provided the controlled substances are no longer needed as criminal evidence and are scheduled to be destroyed; or
- (b) The controlled substances may be obtained from DINT or other sources authorized by the Chief or Operations Commander.

#### 310.11 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE PROCEDURES

Due to the responsibilities and liabilities involved with possessing readily usable amounts of controlled substances and the ever-present danger of accidental ingestion of these controlled substances by the canine, the following procedure shall be strictly followed:

- (a) All controlled substance training samples shall be weighed and tested prior to dispensing to the individual canine handler.
- (b) The weight and test results shall be recorded and maintained by the canine supervisor.
- (c) Any person receiving controlled substance training samples shall maintain custody and control of the controlled substances and shall keep records regarding any loss of, or damage to, those controlled substances.
- (d) All controlled substance training samples will be inspected, weighed, and tested. The results of the testing shall be recorded and maintained by the canine supervisor with a copy forwarded to the dispensing agency.

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- (e) The Canine Unit Coordinator shall periodically inspect every controlled substance training sample for damage or tampering and take any appropriate action.
- (f) Any unusable controlled substance training samples shall be returned to the Property Control Officer or to the dispensing agency. Returned training samples will be weighed and retested.
- (g) All controlled substance training samples shall be returned to the dispensing agency upon the conclusion of the training if requested, or otherwise destroyed in accordance with RPD property procedures.

## Domestic Violence

### 311.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide the guidelines necessary to deter, prevent and reduce domestic violence through vigorous enforcement and to address domestic violence as a serious crime against society. The policy specifically addresses the commitment of this department to take enforcement action when appropriate, to provide assistance to victims and to guide officers in the investigation of domestic violence.

#### 311.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Court order** - All forms of orders related to domestic violence, that have been issued by a court of this state or another, whether civil or criminal, regardless of whether service has been made.

### 311.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department's response to incidents of domestic violence and violations of related court orders shall stress enforcement of the law to protect the victim and shall communicate the philosophy that domestic violence is criminal behavior. It is also the policy of this department to facilitate victims' and offenders' access to appropriate civil remedies and community resources whenever feasible.

### 311.3 OFFICER SAFETY

The investigation of domestic violence cases often places officers in emotionally charged and sometimes highly dangerous environments. No provision of this policy is intended to supersede the responsibility of all officers to exercise due caution and reasonable care in providing for the safety of any officers and parties involved.

### 311.4 INVESTIGATIONS

The following guidelines should be followed by officers when investigating domestic violence cases:

- (a) Calls of reported, threatened, imminent, or ongoing domestic violence, and the violation of any court order are of extreme importance and should be considered among the highest response priorities. This includes incomplete 9-1-1 calls.
- (b) When practicable, officers should obtain and document statements from the victim, the suspect, and any witnesses, including children, in or around the household or location of occurrence.
- (c) Officers should list the full name and date of birth (and school if available) of each child who was present in the household at the time of the offense. The names of other children who may not have been in the house at that particular time should also be obtained for follow-up.
- (d) When practicable and legally permitted, video or audio record all significant statements and observations.

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- (e) All injuries should be photographed, regardless of severity, taking care to preserve the victim's personal privacy. Where practicable, photographs should be taken by a person of the same sex. Victims whose injuries are not visible at the time of the incident should be asked to contact the Criminal Investigations Division in the event that the injuries later become visible.
- (f) Officers should request that the victim complete and sign an authorization for release of medical records related to the incident when applicable.
- (g) If the suspect is no longer at the scene, officers should make reasonable efforts to locate the suspect to further the investigation, provide the suspect with an opportunity to make a statement, and make an arrest or seek an arrest warrant if appropriate.
- (h) Seize any firearms or other dangerous weapons in the home, if appropriate and legally permitted, for safekeeping or as evidence.
- (i) When completing an incident or arrest report for violation of a court order, officers should include specific information that establishes that the offender has been served, including the date the offender was served, the name of the agency that served the order, and the provision of the order that the subject is alleged to have violated. When reasonably available, the arresting officer should attach a copy of the order to the incident or arrest report.
- (j) Officers should take appropriate enforcement action when there is probable cause to believe an offense has occurred. Factors that should not be used as sole justification for declining to take enforcement action include:
  - 1. Whether the suspect lives on the premises with the victim.
  - 2. Claims by the suspect that the victim provoked or perpetuated the violence.
  - 3. The potential financial or child custody consequences of arrest.
  - 4. The physical or emotional state of either party.
  - 5. Use of drugs or alcohol by either party.
  - 6. Denial that the abuse occurred where evidence indicates otherwise.
  - 7. A request by the victim not to arrest the suspect.
  - 8. Location of the incident (public/private).
  - 9. Speculation that the complainant may not follow through with the prosecution.
  - 10. Actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, disability, or marital status of the victim or suspect.
  - 11. The social status, community status, or professional position of the victim or suspect.

#### 311.4.1 IF A SUSPECT IS ARRESTED

If a suspect is arrested, officers should:

- (a) Advise the victim that there is no guarantee the suspect will remain in custody.



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- (b) Provide the victim's contact information to the jail staff to enable notification of the victim upon the suspect's release from jail.
- (c) Advise the victim whether any type of court order will be in effect when the suspect is released from jail.

#### **311.4.2 IF NO ARREST IS MADE**

If no arrest is made, the officer should:

- (a) Advise the parties of any options, including but not limited to:
  - 1. Voluntary separation of the parties.
  - 2. Appropriate resource referrals (e.g., counselors, friends, relatives, shelter homes, victim witness unit).
- (b) Document the resolution in a report.

#### **311.5 VICTIM ASSISTANCE**

Victims may be traumatized or confused. Officers should:

- (a) Recognize that a victim's behavior and actions may be affected.
- (b) Provide the victim with the department's domestic violence information handout, even if the incident may not rise to the level of a crime.
- (c) Alert the victim to any available victim advocates, shelters and community resources.
- (d) Stand by for a reasonable amount of time when an involved person requests law enforcement assistance while removing essential items of personal property.
- (e) Seek medical assistance as soon as practicable for the victim if he/she has sustained injury or complains of pain.
- (f) Ask the victim whether he/she has a safe place to stay. Assist in arranging to transport the victim to an alternate shelter if the victim expresses a concern for his/her safety or if the officer determines that a need exists.
- (g) Make reasonable efforts to ensure that children or dependent adults who are under the supervision of the suspect or victim are being properly cared for.
- (h) Seek or assist the victim in obtaining an emergency order if appropriate.

An officer who has probable cause to believe there are circumstances for a mandatory arrest or that a victim is in immediate danger of abuse may apply for an emergency protective order with the consent or permission of the victim (ORS 133.035).

#### **311.6 FOREIGN COURT ORDERS**

Various types of orders may be issued in domestic violence cases. Any foreign court order properly issued by a court of another state, Indian tribe or territory shall be enforced by officers as if it were the order of a court in this state. An order should be considered properly issued when it

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reasonably appears that the issuing court has jurisdiction over the parties and reasonable notice and opportunity to respond was given to the party against whom the order was issued (18 USC § 2265). An otherwise valid out-of-state court order shall be enforced, regardless of whether the order has been properly registered with this state.

#### **311.6.1 ENTRY OF FOREIGN COURT ORDERS INTO DATA SYSTEMS**

When an individual presents a copy of a foreign restraining order for entry into LEDS, the Sheriff shall enter the order into LEDS and NCIC after promptly verifying (ORS 24.190):

- (a) The validity of the order.
- (b) The order can be enforced pursuant to ORS 24.190.
- (c) The individual restrained has been served a copy of the order or has notice of the order.

#### **311.7 VERIFICATION OF COURT ORDERS**

Determining the validity of a court order, particularly an order from another jurisdiction, can be challenging. Therefore, in determining whether there is probable cause to make an arrest for a violation of any court order, officers should carefully review the actual order when available, and, where appropriate and practicable:

- (a) Ask the subject of the order about his/her notice or receipt of the order, his/her knowledge of its terms and efforts to respond to the order.
- (b) Check available records or databases that may show the status or conditions of the order.
- (c) Contact the issuing court to verify the validity of the order.
- (d) Contact a law enforcement official from the jurisdiction where the order was issued to verify information.

Officers should document in an appropriate report their efforts to verify the validity of an order, regardless of whether an arrest is made. Officers should contact a supervisor for clarification when needed.

#### **311.8 STANDARDS FOR ARREST**

- (a) Officers who respond to an incident of domestic disturbance and have probable cause to believe an assault has occurred between family or household members as defined in ORS 107.705, or who believe that one such person has created in the other a fear of imminent serious physical injury, shall arrest and take into custody the alleged assailant or potential assailant (ORS 133.055).
- (b) Dual arrests are not required (ORS 133.055). Officers shall make reasonable efforts to identify and arrest the primary assailant in any incident. In identifying the primary assailant, an officer shall consider:

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1. The comparative extent of the injuries inflicted or the seriousness of threats creating a fear of physical injury.
  2. If reasonably ascertainable, the history of domestic violence between the persons involved.
  3. Whether any alleged crime was committed in self-defense.
  4. The potential for future assaults.
- (c) Once a suspect has been arrested under the provisions of ORS 133.055, the suspect shall be taken to jail. Officers have no authority to release the arrested person.
- (d) Officers shall arrest and take a suspect into custody when the officer has probable cause to believe that a restraining order or emergency protective order has been issued, a copy of the order and proof of service on the suspect have been filed, and the suspect has violated the terms of the order (ORS 133.310).

#### **311.9 REPORTS AND NOTIFICATIONS**

Officers should document in their report that they provided each domestic violence victim with a copy of the department's domestic violence victim information handout (Oregon Revised Statutes 133.055).

Reporting officers should also provide the victim with the case number of the report.

## Search and Seizure

### 312.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Both the federal and state Constitutions provide every individual with the right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures. This policy provides general guidelines for Roseburg Police Department personnel to consider when dealing with search and seizure issues.

### 312.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to respect the fundamental privacy rights of individuals. Members of this department will conduct searches in strict observance of the constitutional rights of persons being searched. All seizures by this department will comply with relevant federal and state law governing the seizure of persons and property.

The Department will provide relevant and current training to officers as guidance for the application of current law, local community standards and prosecutorial considerations regarding specific search and seizure situations, as appropriate.

### 312.3 SEARCHES

The U.S. Constitution generally provides that a valid warrant is required in order for a search to be valid. There are, however, several exceptions that permit a warrantless search.

Examples of law enforcement activities that are exceptions to the general warrant requirement include, but are not limited to, searches pursuant to the following:

- Valid consent
- Incident to a lawful arrest
- Legitimate community caretaking interests
- Vehicle searches under certain circumstances
- Exigent circumstances

Certain other activities are recognized by federal and state courts and by certain statutes as legitimate law enforcement activities that also do not require a warrant. Such activities may include seizure and examination of abandoned property, and observations of activities and property located on open public areas.

Because case law regarding search and seizure is constantly changing and subject to interpretation by the courts, each member of this department is expected to act in each situation according to current training and his/her familiarity with clearly established rights as determined by case law.

Whenever practicable, officers are encouraged to contact a supervisor to resolve questions regarding search and seizure issues prior to electing a course of action.

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#### **312.4 SEARCH PROTOCOL**

Although conditions will vary and officer safety and other exigencies must be considered in every search situation; the following guidelines should be followed whenever circumstances permit:

- (a) Members of this department will strive to conduct searches with dignity and courtesy.
- (b) Officers should explain to the person being searched the reason for the search and how the search will be conducted.
- (c) Searches should be carried out with due regard and respect for private property interests and in a manner that minimizes damage. Property should be left in a condition as close as reasonably possible to its pre-search condition.
- (d) In order to minimize the need for forcible entry, an attempt should be made to obtain keys, combinations or access codes when a search of locked property is anticipated.
- (e) When the person to be searched is of the opposite sex as the searching officer, a reasonable effort should be made to summon an officer of the same sex as the subject to conduct the search.
  1. The officer should not search areas of the body covered by tight-fitting clothing, sheer clothing or clothing that could not reasonably conceal a weapon.

#### **312.5 DOCUMENTATION**

Officers are responsible to document any search and to ensure that any required reports are sufficient including, at minimum, documentation of the following:

- Reason for the search
- Any efforts used to minimize the intrusiveness of any search (e.g., asking for consent or keys)
- What, if any, injuries or damage occurred
- All steps taken to secure property
- The results of the search, including a description of any property or contraband seized
- If the person searched is the opposite sex, any efforts to summon an officer of the same sex as the person being searched and the identification of any witness officer

Supervisors shall review reports to ensure the reports are accurate, that actions are properly documented and that current legal requirements and department policy have been met.

## Temporary Custody of Juveniles

### 313.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines consistent with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act for juveniles taken into temporary custody by members of the Roseburg Police Department (34 USC § 11133).

Guidance regarding contacting juveniles at schools or those who may be victims is provided in the Child Abuse Policy.

#### 313.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Juvenile non-offender** - An abused, neglected, dependent, or alien juvenile who may be legally held for his/her own safety or welfare. This includes a juvenile taken into protective custody pursuant to a court order or without an order when there is reasonable cause to believe that (ORS 419B.150; ORS 419B.152):

- (a) An imminent threat of severe harm to the child exists.
- (b) The child poses an imminent threat of severe harm to self or others.
- (c) An imminent threat that the child may be removed from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court exists.
- (d) The child has run away from home.

This also includes any juvenile who may have initially been contacted for an offense that would not subject an adult to arrest (e.g., fine-only offense) but was taken into custody for his/her protection or for purposes of reuniting the juvenile with a parent, guardian, or other responsible person.

**Juvenile offender** - A juvenile under 18 years of age who is alleged to have committed an offense that would subject an adult to arrest (a non-status offense). It also includes a juvenile who possesses a handgun in violation of ORS 166.250 (28 CFR 31.303).

**Non-secure custody** - When a juvenile is held in the presence of an officer or other department member at all times and is not placed in a locked room, cell, or behind any locked doors. Juveniles in non-secure custody may be handcuffed but not to a stationary or secure object. Personal supervision, through direct visual monitoring and audio two-way communication, is maintained. Monitoring through electronic devices, such as video, does not replace direct visual observation.

**Secure custody** - When a juvenile offender is held in a locked room, a set of rooms, or a cell. Secure custody also includes being physically secured to a stationary object.

Examples of secure custody include:

- (a) A juvenile left alone in an unlocked room within the secure perimeter of the adult temporary holding area.
- (b) A juvenile handcuffed to a rail.

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- (c) A juvenile placed in a room that contains doors with delayed egress devices that have a delay of more than 30 seconds.
- (d) A juvenile being processed in a secure booking area when an unsecure booking area is available.
- (e) A juvenile left alone in a secure booking area after being photographed and fingerprinted.
- (f) A juvenile placed in a cell within the adult temporary holding area, whether or not the cell door is locked.
- (g) A juvenile placed in a room that is capable of being locked or contains a fixed object designed for cuffing or restricting movement.

**Sight and sound separation** - Located or arranged to prevent physical, visual, or auditory contact.

**Status offender** - A juvenile suspected of committing a criminal violation of the law that would not be a criminal violation but for the age of the offender. Examples may include running away, underage possession of tobacco, curfew violation, or truancy. A juvenile in custody on a court order or warrant based upon a status offense is also a status offender.

#### **313.2 POLICY**

The Roseburg Police Department is committed to releasing juveniles from temporary custody as soon as reasonably practicable and keeping juveniles safe while they are in temporary custody at the Roseburg Police Department. Juveniles should be held in temporary custody only for as long as reasonably necessary for processing, transfer or release.

#### **313.3 JUVENILES WHO SHOULD NOT BE HELD**

Juveniles who exhibit any of the following conditions should not be held at the Roseburg Police Department:

- (a) Unconscious
- (b) Seriously injured
- (c) A known suicide risk or obviously severely emotionally disturbed
- (d) Significantly intoxicated
- (e) Extremely violent or continuously violent

Officers taking custody of a juvenile who exhibits any of the above conditions should take reasonable steps to provide medical attention or mental health assistance and notify a supervisor of the situation.

These juveniles should not be held at the Roseburg Police Department unless they have been evaluated by a qualified medical and/or mental health professional.

If the officer taking custody of the juvenile believes the juvenile may be a suicide risk, the juvenile shall be under continuous direct supervision until evaluation, release or a transfer is completed.

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#### **313.4 CUSTODY OF JUVENILES**

Officers should take custody of a juvenile and temporarily hold the juvenile at the Roseburg Police Department when there is no other lawful and practicable alternative to temporary custody. Refer to the Child Abuse Policy for additional information regarding detaining a juvenile that is suspected of being a victim.

No juvenile should be held in temporary custody at the Roseburg Police Department without authorization of the arresting officer's supervisor or the Watch Commander.

Any juvenile taken into custody shall be released to the care of the juvenile's parent or other responsible adult or transferred to a juvenile custody facility or to other authority as soon as practicable and in no event shall a juvenile be held beyond five hours from the time of his/her entry into the Roseburg Police Department (ORS 419B.160; ORS 419C.130).

##### **313.4.1 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE NON-OFFENDERS**

Non-offenders taken into protective custody in compliance with the Child Abuse Policy should generally not be held at the Roseburg Police Department. Custodial arrangements should be made for non-offenders as soon as reasonably possible (ORS 419B.165; ORS 419B.168; ORS 419B.152). Juvenile non-offenders may not be held in secure custody (34 USC § 11133; ORS 419B.160).

Prior to releasing a non-offender to the noncustodial parent, officers shall run a criminal records check on the noncustodial parent and any adults in the same home as the noncustodial parent (ORS 419B.165).

##### **313.4.2 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE STATUS OFFENDERS**

Status offenders should generally be released by citation or with a warning rather than taken into temporary custody. However, officers may take custody of a status offender if requested to do so by a parent or legal guardian in order to facilitate reunification (e.g., transported home or to the station to await a parent). Juvenile status offenders may not be held in secure custody (34 USC § 11133).

##### **313.4.3 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS**

Generally, a juvenile offender may be taken into custody:

- (a) When it reasonably appears that the juvenile is a fugitive from another state (ORS 419C.145).
- (b) When there is a court order endorsed as provided in ORS 419C.306 and directing that the juvenile be taken into custody (ORS 419C.080).
- (c) When, if the juvenile were an adult, he/she could be arrested without a warrant (ORS 419C.080).

An officer shall take a juvenile into custody when the officer has probable cause to believe the juvenile, while in a public building or court facility within the last 120 days, unlawfully possessed a firearm or a destructive device (ORS 419C.080).



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Generally, an officer may issue a citation in lieu of taking the juvenile into custody if a citation may be issued for the same offense and under the same circumstances to an adult. If a citation in lieu of custody is issued, a copy of the citation shall be sent to the District Attorney (ORS 419C.085).

Juvenile offenders should be held in non-secure custody while at the Roseburg Police Department unless another form of custody is authorized by this policy or is necessary due to exigent circumstances.

#### 313.4.4 COURT NOTIFICATIONS OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS

Whenever a juvenile offender is taken into custody, the officer shall promptly notify the juvenile court or counselor that the juvenile was taken into custody (ORS 419C.091). The officer shall also prepare a written report be routed to the juvenile court and the District Attorney that includes, at a minimum (ORS 419C.106):

- (a) The juvenile's name, age and address.
- (b) The name and address of the person having legal or physical custody of the juvenile.
- (c) Reasons for, and circumstances under which, the juvenile was taken into custody and, if known, the name and contact information of any victim.
- (d) Efforts taken to notify and release the juvenile to his/her parent, guardian or other person having legal responsibility.
- (e) The date, time, location and to whom the juvenile was released.
- (f) If the juvenile was not released, the reasons why.
- (g) If the juvenile is not released or taken to court, the shelter or place of detention of the juvenile and why the type of placement was chosen.

#### 313.4.5 EXCEPTIONS TO RELEASE OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS

A juvenile offender shall be released to the custody of the juvenile's parent, guardian or other responsible person, except in any of the following circumstances (ORS 419C.100):

- (a) The court has issued a warrant of arrest for the juvenile.
- (b) The officer has probable cause to believe that release of the juvenile may endanger the welfare of the juvenile, the victim or others.
- (c) When the officer has probable cause to believe that the juvenile, while in a public building or court facility within the last 120 days, unlawfully possessed a firearm or destructive device.

If a juvenile offender is not released to the parent, guardian or other responsible person, or to a person identified by the juvenile court, the officer shall take the juvenile to the county juvenile detention facility or appropriate shelter (ORS 419C.103).

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#### **313.5 NOTIFICATION TO PARENT OR GUARDIAN**

As soon as practicable after a juvenile is taken into custody, the officer taking the juvenile into custody shall notify the juvenile's parent, guardian or other person responsible for the juvenile of the following (ORS 419B.160; ORS 419C.097):

- (a) Reason the juvenile was taken into custody
- (b) Location where the juvenile is being temporarily detained
- (c) Intended disposition
- (d) Time and place of any hearing

#### **313.6 JUVENILE CUSTODY LOGS**

Any time a juvenile is held in custody at the Department, the custody shall be promptly and properly documented in the juvenile custody log, including:

- (a) Identifying information about the juvenile being held.
- (b) Date and time of arrival and release from the Roseburg Police Department.
- (c) Watch Commander notification and approval to temporarily hold the juvenile.
- (d) Any charges for which the juvenile is being held and classification of the juvenile as a juvenile offender, status offender or non-offender.
- (e) Any changes in status.
- (f) Time of all welfare checks.
- (g) Any medical and other screening requested and completed.
- (h) Circumstances that justify any secure custody.
- (i) Any other information that may be required by other authorities, such as compliance inspectors or a local juvenile court authority.

#### **313.7 NO-CONTACT REQUIREMENTS**

Sight and sound separation shall be maintained between all juveniles and adults while in custody at the Department (34 USC § 11133). There should also be sight and sound separation between non-offenders and juvenile and status offenders.

In situations where brief or accidental contact may occur (e.g., during the brief time a juvenile is being fingerprinted and/or photographed in booking), a member of the Roseburg Police Department shall maintain a constant, immediate presence with the juvenile or the adult to minimize any contact. If inadvertent or accidental contact does occur, reasonable efforts shall be taken to end the contact.

##### **313.7.1 JUVENILE CONTACTS AT SCHOOL FACILITIES**

Absent exigent circumstances, officers should make reasonable efforts to notify responsible school officials prior to contacting a student on campus while school is in session. Additionally,

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reasonable efforts should be taken to coordinate with school officials to minimize disruption of school functions and maintain a low profile police presence when contacting a student.

#### **313.8 TEMPORARY CUSTODY REQUIREMENTS**

Members and supervisors assigned to monitor or process any juvenile at the Roseburg Police Department shall ensure the following:

- (a) The Watch Commander should be notified if it is anticipated that a juvenile may need to remain at the Roseburg Police Department more than four hours. This will enable the Watch Commander to ensure no juvenile is held at the Roseburg Police Department more than five hours.
- (b) A staff member of the same sex shall supervise personal hygiene activities and care, such as changing clothing or using the restroom, without direct observation to allow for privacy.
- (c) Personal visual checks and significant incidents/activities shall be noted on the log.
- (d) There shall be no viewing devices, such as peep holes or mirrors, of which the juvenile is not aware. Therefore, an employee should inform a juvenile under his/her care that the juvenile will be monitored at all times, unless he/she is using the toilet. This does not apply to surreptitious and legally obtained recorded interrogations.
- (e) Juveniles shall have reasonable access to toilets and wash basins.
- (f) Food should be provided if a juvenile has not eaten within the past four hours or is otherwise in need of nourishment, including any special diet required for the health of the juvenile.
- (g) Juveniles shall have reasonable access to a drinking fountain or water.
- (h) Juveniles shall have reasonable opportunities to stand and stretch, particularly if handcuffed or restrained in any way.
- (i) Juveniles should have privacy during family, guardian and/or lawyer visits.
- (j) Juveniles should be permitted to remain in their personal clothing unless the clothing is taken as evidence or is otherwise unsuitable or inadequate for continued wear while in custody.
- (k) Blankets should be provided as reasonably necessary.
- (l) Adequate shelter, heat, light and ventilation should be provided without compromising security or enabling escape.
- (m) Juveniles shall have adequate furnishings, including suitable chairs or benches.
- (n) Juveniles shall have the right to the same number of telephone calls as an adult in custody.

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- (o) No discipline may be administered to any juvenile, nor may juveniles be subjected to corporal or unusual punishment, humiliation or mental abuse.

#### **313.9 USE OF RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Juvenile offenders may be handcuffed in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. A juvenile offender may be handcuffed at the Roseburg Police Department when the juvenile presents a heightened risk. However, non-offenders and status offenders should not be handcuffed unless they are combative or threatening.

Other restraints shall only be used after less restrictive measures have failed and with the approval of the Watch Commander. Restraints shall only be used so long as it reasonably appears necessary for the juvenile's protection or the protection of others.

Juveniles in restraints shall be kept away from other unrestrained juveniles or monitored in such a way as to protect the juvenile from abuse.

#### **313.10 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The officer taking custody of a juvenile offender or status offender at the Roseburg Police Department shall ensure a thorough search of the juvenile's property is made and all property is removed from the juvenile, especially those items that could compromise safety, such as pens, pencils and belts.

The personal property of a juvenile should be placed in a property bag. The property should be inventoried in the juvenile's presence and sealed into the bag. The property should be kept in a monitored or secure location until the juvenile is released from the custody of the Roseburg Police Department.

#### **313.11 SECURE CUSTODY**

Only juvenile offenders 14 years or older may be placed in secure custody. Watch Commander approval is required before placing a juvenile offender in secure custody.

Secure custody should only be used for juvenile offenders when there is a reasonable belief that the juvenile is a serious risk of harm to him/herself or others.

Members of this department should not use secure custody for convenience when non-secure custody is, or later becomes, a reasonable option.

When practicable, handcuffing one hand of a juvenile offender to a fixed object while otherwise maintaining the juvenile in non-secure custody should be considered as the method of secure custody, rather than the use of a locked enclosure. An employee must be present at all times to ensure the juvenile's safety while secured to a stationary object.

Generally, juveniles should not be secured to a stationary object for more than 60 minutes. Supervisor approval is required to secure a juvenile to a stationary object for longer than 60 minutes and every 30 minutes thereafter. Supervisor approval should be documented.

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##### 313.11.1 LOCKED ENCLOSURES

A thorough inspection of the area shall be conducted before placing a juvenile into the enclosure. A second inspection shall be conducted after removing the juvenile. Any damage noted to the room should be photographed and documented in the crime report.

The following requirements shall apply to a juvenile offender who is held inside a locked enclosure:

- (a) The juvenile shall constantly be monitored by an audio/video system during the entire time in custody.
- (b) Juveniles shall have constant auditory access to department members.
- (c) Initial placement into and removal from a locked enclosure shall be logged.
- (d) Random personal visual checks of the juvenile by staff member shall occur no less than every 15 minutes.
  - 1. All checks shall be logged.
  - 2. The check should involve questioning the juvenile as to his/her well-being (sleeping juveniles or apparently sleeping juveniles should be awakened).
  - 3. Requests or concerns of the juvenile should be logged.
- (e) Males and females shall not be placed in the same locked room.
- (f) Juvenile offenders should be separated according to severity of the crime (e.g., felony or misdemeanor).
- (g) Restrained juveniles shall not be mixed in a cell or room with unrestrained juveniles.

##### **313.12 SUICIDE ATTEMPT, DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY OF A JUVENILE**

The Watch Commander will ensure procedures are in place to address the suicide attempt, death or serious injury of any juvenile held at the Roseburg Police Department. The procedures will address:

- (a) Immediate notification of the on-duty supervisor, Chief of Police and Criminal Investigations Division supervisor.
- (b) Notification of the parent, guardian or person standing in loco parentis, of the juvenile.
- (c) Notification of the appropriate prosecutor.
- (d) Notification of the City Attorney.
- (e) Evidence preservation.

##### **313.13 INTERVIEWING OR INTERROGATING JUVENILE SUSPECTS**

No interview or interrogation of a juvenile should occur unless the juvenile has the apparent capacity to consent, and does consent to an interview or interrogation.

##### 313.13.1 CUSTODIAL INTERVIEWS OF JUVENILES

Pursuant to ORS 133.402(8)(a) a "custodial interview, is an interview in which the person questioned is in custody and is required to be advised of the person's constitutional rights."

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However, any time a juvenile is in custody, or may otherwise feel he or she is not free to leave the interview or is compelled to speak, the officer will advise the juvenile of his or her constitutional rights.

- (a) The officer should take steps to make sure the information provided by the juvenile is voluntary "considering the totality of the circumstances."
- (b) The officer should take into consideration the juvenile's age, intelligence, experience, education, background, any recent drug use, sleep deprivation, and whether the juvenile has the competency to understand Miranda warnings and/or the consequences of waiving these constitutional rights.
- (c) The officer should not make any promises or threats to the juvenile during the interview.
- (d) During custodial interviews at a police facility, the officer should consider, if feasible, concealing their duty weapon and wearing plain clothes.
- (e) The interaction between the officer and juvenile should not be antagonistic or oppressive.
- (f) The officer should see that the juvenile is allowed to discuss the matter with a reasonable degree of comfort. Reasonable requests for food, drink, use of a restroom should be honored.
- (g) Juvenile interviews should be reasonable in duration with appropriate breaks.
- (h) The officer should not intentionally use information known by the officer to be false to elicit a statement from the juvenile. Pursuant to SB 418 (2021), a statement made by a juvenile in connections with a misdemeanor or felony will be "presumed to be involuntary...if the could determines that the peace officer intentionally used information known by the officer to be false to elicit the statement."

If at any time during an interview the juvenile asks to speak with his/her parent or guardian before answering questions, the officer should discontinue questioning until the juvenile has been given this opportunity. Unless the juvenile specifically invokes the right to remain silent, the officer may continue questioning after a parental consultation, but should give advice of right again before resuming the questioning. The officer should take care that the parent is not asked to be an agent of the police during the parental consultation.

If at any time a juvenile is in police custody or is being interview by police, and the juvenile's parent or guardian contacts the police to invoke the juvenile's right to remain silent; the youth shall be informed of his/her/their/ parent's request that he/she/they/ remain silent, then re-read his/her/their Miranda rights and asked if he/she/they wish to continue with the interview, without first making contact and seeking advice from the District Attorney's Office.

Pursuant to ORS 133.402, custodial interviews conducted "in a law enforcement facility" of persons "under 18 years of age in connection with an investigation into a misdemeanor or a felony "shall be recorded. If the officer is equipped with a Body Worn Camera (BWC), the interview shall be recorded outside of a law enforcement facility. Officers should review subsection ORS 133.402 (2) for exclusions to this rule.

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In order to minimize disruption at school and cooperate with school officials, officers who interview or arrest a student at school should comply with procedures established by the school district involved, so long as those procedures do not conflict with law enforcement's statutory authority. Officers shall ensure parental notification is made within a reasonable amount of time when a child is interviewed as depending on the circumstances surrounding the investigation.

Pursuant to SB 386 (2021), unless the child's safety would be compromised, officers who interview a child as a witness (not a victim or suspect) to a child welfare, criminal, or delinquency investigation are required to notify the child's parents of the interview. "Child witness" means an unmarried person who is under 18 years of age and who is not the victim of, the suspect in, or related to the suspect in a child welfare, criminal, or delinquency investigation."

ORS 419B.028 (part of Karly's Law), requires the immediate photographing of suspicious physical injuries. Any conversation with the child being photographed should consist of just a few questions or fit within the above listed criteria so as not to become an unreasonable seizure.

#### **313.14 RESTRICTION ON FINGERPRINTING AND PHOTOGRAPHING**

A juvenile taken into custody under ORS 419C.080 shall be photographed and fingerprinted (ORS 419A.250(2)).

Other juveniles taken into custody may only be fingerprinted or photographed (ORS 419A.250(1)):

- (a) Pursuant to a search warrant.
- (b) According to laws concerning adults if the juvenile has been transferred to criminal court for prosecution.
- (c) Upon consent of both the juvenile and the juvenile's parent after being advised that they are not required to give such consent.
- (d) By order of the juvenile court.

Fingerprints and photographs of juveniles must be kept separate from those of adults. Fingerprints and photographs of juvenile offenders shall be sent to the central state depository in the same manner as fingerprint and photograph files or records of adults. Fingerprints and photographs of other juveniles should not be sent to any central state or federal depository (ORS 419A.250).

#### **313.15 RECORDS**

Fingerprint and photograph files or records of juveniles must be kept separate from those of adults (ORS 419A.250).

Reports and other material relating to juveniles is generally considered privileged and may not be disclosed directly or indirectly except as provided in Records Release and Security Policy.

#### **313.16 TRAINING**

Department members should be trained on and familiar with this policy and any supplemental procedures.

## Adult Abuse

### 314.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investigation and reporting of suspected abuse of certain adults who may be more vulnerable than others. This policy also addresses mandatory notification for Roseburg Police Department members as required by law.

#### 314.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Adult abuse** - Any offense or attempted offense involving violence or neglect of an adult victim when committed by a person responsible for the adult's care, or any other act that would mandate reporting or notification to a social service agency or law enforcement.

### 314.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department will investigate all reported incidents of alleged adult abuse and ensure proper reporting and notification as required by law.

### 314.3 MANDATORY NOTIFICATION

Members of the Roseburg Police Department shall notify the Department of Human Services (DHS) when a member has reasonable cause to believe that any of the following persons have suffered abuse:

- (a) An elderly adult, age 65 years or older (ORS 124.060)
- (b) An adult with mental illness or developmental disabilities (ORS 430.765)
- (c) A resident of a long-term care facility (ORS 441.640)
- (d) An adult (18 years or older) who is receiving services for a substance use disorder or a mental illness in a state hospital or facility (as defined by ORS 430.735) (ORS 430.765).

Members shall also notify DHS when the member comes in contact with a person who they reasonably believe is abusing any of the above individuals.

For purposes of notification, abuse includes physical injury, neglect, abandonment, verbal abuse, financial exploitation, sexual abuse, sexual offenses, involuntary seclusion, and wrongful use of physical or chemical restraints as provided in ORS 124.050, ORS 430.735, and ORS 441.630.

An adult with mental illness or developmental disabilities means an adult, 18 years or older, with (ORS 430.735):

- (a) A developmental disability who is currently receiving services from a community mental health or developmental disabilities program or facility, as defined by ORS 430.735, or who was previously determined eligible for services as an adult.
- (b) A severe and persistent mental illness who is receiving mental health treatment from any such community program or facility.



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#### **314.4 OFFICER'S RESPONSE**

All incidents involving actual or suspected adult and dependent abuse shall be fully investigated and appropriately documented.

#### **314.5 INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTING**

All reported or suspected cases of adult abuse require investigation and a report, even if the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated. The Department must begin investigations of abuse in a long-term care facility (ORS 441.650):

- Within two hours where a resident's health or safety is in imminent danger or the resident recently died, was hospitalized or was treated in an emergency room.
- Prior to the end of the next working day if circumstances exist that could result in abuse and place the resident's health or safety in imminent danger.

Investigations and reports related to suspected cases of adult abuse should address, as applicable:

- (a) The overall basis for the contact. This should be done by the investigating officer in all circumstances where a suspected adult abuse victim is contacted.
- (b) Any relevant statements the victim may have made and to whom he/she made the statements.
- (c) If a person is taken into protective custody, the reasons, the name and title of the person making the decision, and why other alternatives were not appropriate.
- (d) Documentation of any visible injuries or any injuries identified by the victim. This should include photographs of such injuries, if practicable.
- (e) Whether the victim was transported for medical treatment or a medical examination.
- (f) Whether the victim identified a household member as the alleged perpetrator, and a list of the names of any other potential victims or witnesses who may reside in the residence.
- (g) Identification of any prior related reports or allegations of abuse, including other jurisdictions, as reasonably known.
- (h) Previous addresses of the victim and suspect.
- (i) Other potential witnesses who have not yet been interviewed, such as relatives or others close to the victim's environment.

All investigations into suspected cases of adult abuse shall include a personal visit to the elderly person suspected of being abused (ORS 124.070).

Any unexplained death of an adult who was in the care of a guardian or caretaker should be considered as potential adult abuse and investigated similarly.

#### **314.6 PROTECTIVE CUSTODY**

Before taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody when facts indicate the adult may not be able to care for him/herself, the officer should make reasonable attempts to contact DHS.

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Generally, removal of an adult abuse victim from his/her family, guardian or other responsible adult should be left to the welfare authorities when they are present or have become involved in an investigation.

Generally, members of this department should remove an adult abuse victim from his/her family or guardian without a court order only when no other effective alternative is reasonably available and immediate action reasonably appears necessary to protect the victim. Prior to taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody, the officer should take reasonable steps to deliver the adult to another qualified legal guardian, unless it reasonably appears that the release would endanger the victim or result in abduction. If this is not a reasonable option, the officer shall ensure that the adult is delivered to DHS.

Whenever practicable, the officer should inform a supervisor of the circumstances prior to taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody. If prior notification is not practicable, officers should contact a supervisor promptly after taking the adult into protective custody.

When adult abuse victims are under state control, have a state-appointed guardian or there are other legal holdings for guardianship, it may be necessary or reasonable to seek a court order on behalf of the adult victim to either remove the adult from a dangerous environment (protective custody) or restrain a person from contact with the adult.

#### **314.7 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

When an adult abuse investigation requires a medical examination, the investigating officer should obtain consent for such examination from the victim, guardian, agency or entity having legal custody of the adult. The officer should also arrange for the adult's transportation to the appropriate medical facility.

In cases where the alleged offender is a family member, guardian, agency or entity having legal custody and is refusing to give consent for the medical examination, officers should notify a supervisor before proceeding. If exigent circumstances do not exist or if state law does not provide for officers to take the adult for a medical examination, the supervisor should consider other government agencies or services that may obtain a court order for such an examination.

## Discriminatory Harassment

### 315.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to prevent department members from being subjected to discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and retaliation. Nothing in this policy is intended to create a legal or employment right or duty that is not created by law.

This policy also applies to department elected officials (ORS 243.319).

### 315.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department is an equal opportunity employer and is committed to creating and maintaining a work environment that is free of all forms of discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and retaliation. The Department will not tolerate discrimination against a member in hiring, promotion, discharge, compensation, fringe benefits, and other privileges of employment. The Department will take preventive and corrective action to address any behavior that violates this policy or the rights and privileges it is designed to protect.

The nondiscrimination policies of the Department may be more comprehensive than state or federal law. Conduct that violates this policy may not violate state or federal law but still could subject a member to discipline.

### 315.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

This policy applies to all department members, who shall follow the intent of these guidelines in a manner that reflects department policy, professional standards, and the best interest of the Department and its mission.

Members are encouraged to promptly report any discriminatory, retaliatory, or harassing conduct or known violations of this policy to a supervisor. Any member who is not comfortable with reporting violations of this policy to the member's immediate supervisor may bypass the chain of command and make the report to a higher-ranking supervisor or manager. Complaints may also be filed with the Chief of Police, the HR Director, or the City Manager.

Any member who believes, in good faith, that the member has been discriminated against, harassed, or subjected to retaliation, or who has observed harassment, discrimination, or retaliation, is encouraged to promptly report such conduct in accordance with the procedures set forth in this policy.

Supervisors and managers receiving information regarding alleged violations of this policy shall determine if there is any basis for the allegation and shall proceed with a resolution as stated below.

#### 315.3.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The responsibilities of supervisors and managers shall include but are not limited to:

- (a) Continually monitoring the work environment and striving to ensure that it is free from all types of unlawful discrimination, including harassment, or retaliation.

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- (b) Taking prompt, appropriate action within their work units to avoid and minimize the incidence of any form of discrimination, harassment, or retaliation.
  - 1. Unless a member objects in writing, a supervisor designated by the Chief of Police shall follow up with a member once every three months for a year following the date on which the member reported the incident to determine whether the alleged harassment has stopped or if the member has experienced retaliation (ORS 243.321).
- (c) Ensuring that their subordinates understand their responsibilities under this policy.
- (d) Ensuring that members who make complaints or who oppose any unlawful employment practices are protected from retaliation and that such matters are kept confidential to the extent possible.
- (e) Making a timely determination regarding the substance of any allegation based upon all available facts.
- (f) Notifying the Chief of Police or the HR Director in writing of the circumstances surrounding any reported allegations or observed acts of discrimination, harassment, or retaliation no later than the next business day.

#### **315.3.2 SUPERVISOR'S ROLE**

Supervisors and managers shall be aware of the following:

- (a) Behavior of supervisors and managers should represent the values of the Department and professional standards.
- (b) False or mistaken accusations of discrimination, harassment, or retaliation can have negative effects on the careers of innocent members.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent supervisors or managers from discharging supervisory or management responsibilities, such as determining duty assignments, evaluating or counseling members, or issuing discipline, in a manner that is consistent with established procedures.

#### **315.3.3 QUESTIONS OR CLARIFICATION**

Members with questions regarding what constitutes discrimination, sexual harassment, or retaliation are encouraged to contact a supervisor, a manager, the Chief of Police, the HR Director, or the City Manager for further information, direction, or clarification.

#### **315.4 INVESTIGATION OF COMPLAINTS**

Various methods of resolution exist. During the pendency of any such investigation, the supervisor of the involved member should take prompt and reasonable steps to mitigate or eliminate any continuing abusive or hostile work environment. It is the policy of the Department that all complaints of discrimination, retaliation, or harassment shall be fully documented, and promptly and thoroughly investigated.

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##### **315.4.1 SUPERVISOR RESOLUTION**

Members who believe they are experiencing discrimination, harassment, or retaliation should be encouraged to inform the individual that the behavior is unwelcome, offensive, unprofessional, or inappropriate. However, if the member feels uncomfortable or threatened or has difficulty expressing the member's concern, or if this does not resolve the concern, assistance should be sought from a supervisor or manager who is a rank higher than the alleged transgressor.

##### **315.4.2 FORMAL INVESTIGATION**

If the complaint cannot be satisfactorily resolved through the process described above, a formal investigation will be conducted.

The person assigned to investigate the complaint will have full authority to investigate all aspects of the complaint. Investigative authority includes access to records and the cooperation of any members involved. No influence will be used to suppress any complaint and no member will be subject to retaliation or reprisal for filing a complaint, encouraging others to file a complaint, or for offering testimony or evidence in an investigation (ORS 659A.199).

Formal investigation of the complaint will be confidential to the extent possible and will include but is not limited to details of the specific incident, frequency and dates of occurrences, and names of any witnesses. Witnesses will be advised regarding the prohibition against retaliation, and that a disciplinary process, up to and including termination, may result if retaliation occurs.

Members who believe they have been discriminated against, harassed, or retaliated against because of their protected status are encouraged to follow the chain of command but may also file a complaint directly with the Chief of Police, the HR Director, or the City Manager.

##### **315.4.3 ALTERNATIVE COMPLAINT PROCESS**

No provision of this policy shall be construed to prevent any member from seeking legal redress outside the Department. Members who believe that they have been harassed, discriminated against, or retaliated against are entitled to bring complaints of employment discrimination to federal, state, and/or local agencies responsible for investigating such allegations. Specific time limitations apply to the filing of such charges. Members are advised that proceeding with complaints under the provisions of this policy does not in any way affect those filing requirements.

#### **315.5 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

The HR Director should consult with the City Department of Human Resources HR Director to ensure that all required notifications regarding unlawful employment discrimination are available to former, current, and prospective employees, as appropriate (ORS 243.319; ORS 243.323).

When any member complains about discriminatory harassment, the person receiving the complaint should provide a copy of this policy to the member (ORS 243.319).

A member may file a complaint with the Bureau of Labor and Industries and also may have other legal remedies under Oregon law (ORS 243.319).

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- (a) Administrative complaints regarding federal discrimination claims must be filed within 300 days of the alleged unlawful employment practice (42 USC §2000e-5(e)(1)).
- (b) Administrative complaints regarding state discrimination claims must be filed within five years of the alleged unlawful employment practice (ORS 659A.820(3)).
- (c) A civil lawsuit alleging state discrimination claims must be filed within five years of the alleged unlawful employment practice (ORS 659A.875).
- (d) A civil lawsuit alleging federal discrimination claims must be filed within 90 days of the receipt of a right to sue letter from the Bureau of Labor and Industries and/or the EEOC (42 USC §2000e-16(c)).
- (e) The statute of limitations periods for crimes related to sexual harassment vary from two to 12 years.
- (f) Claims made against the Roseburg Police Department require advance notice pursuant to ORS 30.275 (ORS 243.319).

A member may file a complaint with the Department within four years from the date of the alleged incident or within the time limitation specified in ORS 659A.875, whichever is greater (ORS 243.321).

A member who believes the member has been subjected to workplace harassment may access available community services and any support services provided by the Department, such as the employee assistance program (ORS 243.319).

No member will be required or coerced into a nondisclosure (confidentiality) or nondisparagement (an agreement not to say anything negative about the Roseburg Police Department or its members in any form of communication) agreement. A member may voluntarily enter into an agreement that contains a nondisclosure or nondisparagement provision and has a minimum of seven days to revoke said agreement (ORS 243.323).

## Child Abuse

### 316.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investigation of suspected child abuse. This policy also addresses when Roseburg Police Department members are required to notify the Department of Human Services (DHS) of suspected child abuse.

#### 316.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Child** - Unless otherwise specified by a cited statute, a child is any person under the age of 18 years.

**Child abuse** - Any offense or attempted offense involving violence or neglect with a child victim when committed by a person responsible for the child's care or any other act that would mandate notification to a social service agency (ORS 419B.010).

### 316.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department will investigate all reported incidents of alleged criminal child abuse and ensure that DHS is notified as required by law.

### 316.3 MANDATORY NOTIFICATION

Members of the Roseburg Police Department shall notify DHS when a report of child abuse is received or when there is reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse (ORS 419B.010).

For purposes of notification, a child is an unmarried person under 18 years of age (ORS 419B.005(2)).

For purposes of notification, abuse of a child includes but is not limited to assault or physical injury of a non-accidental nature; rape, sexual abuse, or sexual exploitation, including contributing to the sexual delinquency of a minor; threatened harm; negligent treatment or maltreatment; buying or selling a child; unlawful exposure to a controlled substance or to the unlawful manufacturing of a cannabinoid extract; permitting a child to enter or remain in or upon premises where methamphetamines are manufactured; or any other act described in ORS 419B.005(1)(a).

#### 316.3.1 NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE

Notification should occur as follows (OAR 413-015-0305):

- (a) Verbal notification to DHS shall be made immediately when the officer determines that the report of alleged abuse or neglect requires an immediate joint response.
- (b) Verbal, electronic transmission or hand-delivered notification to DHS of all other reports of child abuse or neglect shall be made by the end of the next business day.
- (c) Notification, when possible, should include:

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1. The name and contact information of the confidential reporter.
2. The name, address and age of the child.
3. The name and address of the child's parents or other person who is responsible for care of the child.
4. The nature and extent of the abuse or neglect, including any evidence of previous abuse or neglect.
5. The explanation given for the abuse or neglect.
6. Where the abuse or neglect occurred.
7. Identity and whereabouts of the alleged perpetrator.
8. Any other information that the person making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the cause of the abuse or neglect and the identity and whereabouts of the perpetrator.
9. The name and contact information for the assigned DHS worker and officer.

When the abuse occurs at a facility or by a person from a facility that requires a state license from the Oregon Employment Department, Child Care Division (e.g., child care facility), notification shall also be made to that agency (ORS 419B.020).

#### **316.4 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS**

Qualified investigators should be available for child abuse investigations. These investigators should:

- (a) Conduct interviews in child-appropriate interview facilities.
- (b) Be familiar with forensic interview techniques specific to child abuse investigations.
- (c) Present all cases of alleged child abuse to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies and school administrators as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates, guardians and support for the child and family as appropriate.
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable (ORS 418.747).

#### **316.5 INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTING**

In all reported or suspected cases of child abuse, a report will be written. Officers shall write a report even if the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated.

Investigations and reports related to suspected cases of child abuse should address, as applicable:



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- (a) The overall basis for the contact. This should be done by the investigating officer in all circumstances where a suspected child abuse victim was contacted.
- (b) The exigent circumstances that existed if officers interviewed the child victim without the presence of a parent or guardian.
- (c) Any relevant statements the child may have made and to whom he/she made the statements.
- (d) If a child was taken into protective custody, the reasons, the name and title of the person making the decision, and why other alternatives were not appropriate.
- (e) Documentation of any visible injuries or any injuries identified by the child. This should include photographs of such injuries, if practicable.
- (f) Whether the child victim was transported for medical treatment or a medical examination.
- (g) Whether the victim identified a household member as the alleged perpetrator, and a list of the names of any other children who may reside in the residence.
- (h) Identification of any prior related reports or allegations of child abuse, including other jurisdictions, as reasonably known.
- (i) Previous addresses of the victim and suspect.
- (j) Other potential witnesses who have not yet been interviewed, such as relatives or others close to the victim's environment.

All cases of the unexplained death of a child should be investigated as thoroughly as if it had been a case of suspected child abuse (e.g., a sudden or unexplained death of an infant).

#### 316.5.1 KARLY'S LAW

In all cases of suspicious physical injury to a child, the investigating officer shall, in accordance with any relevant county multidisciplinary team protocols (ORS 419B.023):

- (a) Immediately photograph or cause to be photographed any visible injuries or any injuries identified by the child if practicable, and in the manner described in ORS 419B.028.
- (b) Ensure that photographs of the injuries are distributed to the designated medical professional and placed in any relevant files by the end of the next regular business day or within 48 hours, whichever occurs later (ORS 419B.028(2)).
- (c) Ensure that a designated medical professional conducts a medical assessment of the child within 48 hours or sooner, according to the child's medical needs. If a designated medical professional is unavailable for the assessment, the investigating officer must ensure that the child is evaluated by an available physician.

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##### **316.5.2 INVESTIGATIONS ON SCHOOL PREMISES**

When an investigation of child abuse is conducted on school premises, the investigating officer shall first notify the school administrator of the investigation, unless the school administrator is a subject of the investigation. The investigator is not required to reveal information about the investigation to the school as a condition of conducting the investigation. At the investigator's discretion, the school administrator or a school staff member designated by the school administrator may be present to facilitate the investigation. Prior to any interview with the affected child, the investigating officer shall be advised of the child's disabling conditions, if any. These provisions apply to an investigation that involves an interview with the suspected victim of abuse or witnesses and not to investigations or interviews of a person suspected of having committed the abuse (ORS 419B.045).

##### **316.6 PROTECTIVE CUSTODY**

Before taking any child into protective custody, the officer should make reasonable attempts to contact DHS. Generally, removal of a child from his/her family, guardian, or other responsible adult should be left to the child welfare authorities when they are present or have become involved in an investigation.

Generally, members of this department should remove a child from his/her parent or guardian without a court order only when no other effective alternative is reasonably available and immediate action reasonably appears necessary to protect the child. Prior to taking a child into protective custody, the officer should take reasonable steps to deliver the child to another qualified parent or legal guardian, unless it reasonably appears that the release would endanger the child or result in abduction. If this is not a reasonable option, the officer shall ensure that the child is delivered to DHS.

Whenever practicable, the officer should inform a supervisor of the circumstances prior to taking a child into protective custody. If prior notification is not practicable, officers should contact a supervisor promptly after taking a child into protective custody.

Children may only be removed from a parent or guardian in the following situations (ORS 419B.150):

- (a) When there is reasonable cause to believe any of the following:
  - 1. An imminent threat of severe harm to the child exists
  - 2. The child poses an imminent threat of severe harm to self or others
  - 3. An imminent threat that the child may be removed from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court exists
- (b) When the juvenile court has issued a valid order that the child is to be taken into protective custody
- (c) When it reasonably appears that the child has run away from home

##### **316.6.1 NOTICE TO PARENTS**

When an officer takes a child into protective custody, if possible, the officer shall:

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- (a) Make reasonable efforts to immediately notify the child's parents or guardian, regardless of the time of day.
- (b) Advise the reason the child has been taken into custody.
- (c) Provide general information about the child's placement and the telephone number of the local DHS office, including any after-hours telephone numbers (ORS 419B.020).

#### 316.6.2 SAFE HAVEN PROVISION

A parent may leave an infant who is not more than 30 days old at an authorized facility, including this department, as long as the child has no evidence of abuse (ORS 418.017).

When an infant is surrendered to this department, members of the Roseburg Police Department shall follow the provisions set forth in ORS 418.017.

### **316.7 INTERVIEWS**

#### 316.7.1 PRELIMINARY INTERVIEWS

Absent extenuating circumstances or impracticality, officers should record the preliminary interview with suspected child abuse victims. Officers should avoid multiple interviews with a child victim and should attempt to gather only the information necessary to begin an investigation. When practicable, investigating officers should defer interviews until a person who is specially trained in such interviews is available. Generally, child victims should not be interviewed in the home or location where the alleged abuse occurred.

#### 316.7.2 DETAINING SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE VICTIMS FOR AN INTERVIEW

An officer should not involuntarily detain a child who is suspected of being a victim of child abuse solely for the purpose of an interview or physical exam without the consent of a parent or guardian unless one of the following applies:

- (a) Exigent circumstances exist, such as:
  - 1. A reasonable belief that medical issues of the child need to be addressed immediately.
  - 2. A reasonable belief that the child is or will be in danger of harm if the interview or physical exam is not immediately completed.
  - 3. The alleged offender is the custodial parent or guardian and there is reason to believe the child may be in continued danger.
- (b) A court order or warrant has been issued.

### **316.8 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

If the child has been the victim of abuse that requires a medical examination, the investigating officer should obtain consent for such examination from the appropriate parent, guardian or agency having legal custody of the child. The officer should also arrange for the child's transportation to the appropriate medical facility.

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In cases where the alleged offender is the custodial parent or guardian and is refusing consent for the medical examination, officers should notify a supervisor before proceeding. If exigent circumstances do not exist or if state law does not provide for officers to take the child for a medical examination, the notified supervisor should consider obtaining a court order for such an examination.

#### 316.8.1 COURT ORDERS FOR PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE

When an officer is taking a child into protective custody and has reasonable cause to believe that the child has been affected by sexual abuse and rape, and that physical evidence of the abuse exists and is likely to disappear, the court may authorize a physical examination for the purpose of preserving evidence, if such examination is in the best interest of the child (ORS 419B.020).

#### 316.9 STATE MANDATES AND OTHER RELEVANT LAWS

Oregon requires or permits the following:

##### 316.9.1 RELEASE OF REPORTS

Information related to incidents of child abuse or suspected child abuse shall be confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to state law and the Records Maintenance and Release Policy (ORS 419B.035).

Information may be shared to the appropriate military authorities regarding a child who is the subject of a report of child abuse when the parent or guardian of the child is in the military (ORS 419B.015).

##### 316.9.2 COUNTY MULTIDISCIPLINARY CHILD ABUSE TEAM AND PROTOCOL

The Criminal Investigations Division supervisor should ensure that current written protocols and procedures for child abuse investigations developed by the multidisciplinary child abuse team are available to all department members (ORS 418.747).

##### 316.9.3 CHILD FATALITY REVIEW TEAMS

This department should cooperate with any child fatality review team and investigation (ORS 418.785).

#### 316.10 TRAINING

The Department should provide training on best practices in child abuse investigations to members tasked with investigating these cases. The training should include:

- (a) Participating in multidisciplinary investigations, as appropriate.
- (b) Conducting forensic interviews.
- (c) Availability of therapy services for children and families.
- (d) Availability of specialized forensic medical exams.
- (e) Cultural competence (including interpretive services) related to child abuse investigations.

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- (f) Availability of victim advocate or guardian ad litem support.
- (g) Recognizing abuse that requires mandatory notification to another agency.

## Missing Persons

### 317.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for handling missing person investigations.

#### 317.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**At risk** - This includes persons who:

- (a) Are 13 years of age or younger.
- (b) Regardless of age, are believed or determined to be experiencing one or more of the following circumstances:
  1. Out of the zone of safety for his/her chronological age and developmental stage.
  2. Mentally or behaviorally disabled.
  3. Drug dependent, including prescribed medication and/or illegal substances, and the dependency is potentially life-threatening.
  4. Absent from home for more than 24 hours before being reported to law enforcement as missing.
  5. In a life-threatening situation.
  6. In the company of others who could endanger his/her welfare.
  7. Absent in a way that is inconsistent with established patterns of behavior and cannot be readily explained. Most children have an established and reasonably predictable routine.
  8. Involved in a situation that would cause a reasonable person to conclude the person should be considered at risk.
  9. Intellectual or developmental disability, or an impaired mental condition such as dementia or brain injury (ORS 181A.320).
  10. A victim of first- or second-degree custodial interference or kidnapping (ORS 181A.310).

**Missing person** - Any person who is reported missing to law enforcement when that person's location is unknown.

**Missing person networks** - Databases or computer networks that are available to law enforcement and are suitable for obtaining information related to missing person investigations. This includes the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), the Oregon Law Enforcement Data System (LEDS) and the Oregon State Police Missing Children Clearinghouse.

### 317.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department does not consider any report of a missing person to be routine and assumes that the missing person is in need of immediate assistance until an investigation

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reveals otherwise. The Roseburg Police Department does not require a specific amount of time to have passed before beginning a missing person investigation.

#### **317.3 ACCEPTANCE OF REPORTS**

Any member encountering a person who wishes to report a missing person or runaway shall render assistance without delay. This can be accomplished by accepting the report via telephone or in-person and initiating the investigation. Those members who do not take such reports or who are unable to give immediate assistance shall promptly dispatch or alert a member who can take the report.

#### **317.4 INITIAL INVESTIGATION**

Officers or other members conducting the initial investigation of a missing person should take the following investigative actions, as applicable:

- (a) Respond to a dispatched call as soon as practicable.
- (b) Interview the reporting person and any witnesses to determine whether the person qualifies as a missing person and, if so, whether the person may be at risk.
- (c) Notify a supervisor immediately if there is evidence that a missing person is either at risk or may qualify for a public alert, or both (see the Public Alerts Policy).
- (d) Broadcast a "Be on the Look-Out" (BOLO) bulletin if the person is under 16 years of age or there is evidence that the missing person is at risk.
- (e) Ensure that entries are made into the appropriate missing person networks promptly.
- (f) Complete the appropriate report forms accurately and completely and initiate a search as appropriate under the facts.
- (g) Collect and/or review when appropriate:
  1. A photograph and fingerprint card of the missing person, if available.
  2. A voluntarily provided biological sample of the missing person, if available (e.g., toothbrush, hairbrush).
  3. Any documents that may assist in the investigation, such as court orders regarding custody.
  4. Any other evidence that may assist in the investigation, including personal electronic devices (e.g., cell phones, computers).

#### **317.5 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS DIVISION FOLLOW-UP**

In addition to completing or continuing any actions listed above, the investigator assigned to a missing person investigation:

- (a) Should ensure that the missing person's school is notified within 10 days if the missing person is a juvenile.
  1. The notice shall be in writing and should also include a photograph.

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2. The investigator should meet with school officials as appropriate to stress the importance of including the notice in the juvenile's student file, along with the investigator's contact information, if the school receives a call requesting the transfer of the missing child's files to another school.
- (b) Should re-contact the reporting person and/or other witnesses within 30 days of the initial report and within 30 days thereafter to determine if any additional information has become available.
- (c) Shall, if the person has not been located within 30 days, ensure that a biological sample, if available, is forwarded to the Oregon State Police (ORS 146.187).
- (d) Should consider contacting other agencies involved in the case to determine if any additional information is available.
- (e) Shall verify and update the Oregon LEDS, the Oregon State Police Missing Children Clearinghouse, NCIC and any other applicable missing person networks within 30 days of the original entry into the networks and every 30 days thereafter until the missing person is located (34 USC § 41308).
- (f) Should continue to make reasonable efforts to locate the missing person and document these efforts at least every 30 days.
- (g) Shall maintain a close liaison with state and local child welfare systems and the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC) if the missing person is under the age of 21 and shall promptly notify NCMEC when the person is missing from a foster care family home or childcare institution (34 USC § 41308).
- (h) Should make appropriate inquiry with the Medical Examiner.
- (i) Should obtain and forward medical and dental records, photos, X-rays and biological samples, as applicable.
- (j) Shall attempt to obtain the most recent photograph for persons under 18 years of age if it has not been obtained previously and forward the photograph to Oregon State Police and enter the photograph into applicable missing person networks (34 USC § 41308).
- (k) Should consider making appropriate entries and searches in the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs).
- (l) In the case of an at-risk missing person or a person who has been missing for an extended time, should consult with a supervisor regarding seeking federal assistance from the FBI and the U.S. Marshals Service (28 USC § 566).

#### **317.6 WHEN A MISSING PERSON IS FOUND**

When any person reported missing is found, the assigned investigator / officer shall document the location of the missing person in the appropriate report, notify the reporting party and other involved agencies, and refer the case for additional investigation if warranted.

The investigator / officer shall ensure that, upon receipt of information that a missing person has been located, the following occurs:

- (a) A missing child's school is notified.



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- (b) Entries are made in the applicable missing person networks promptly.
- (c) Notification shall be made to any other law enforcement agency that took the initial report or participated in the investigation.
- (d) All information and materials obtained for the purpose of identifying the missing person are destroyed if the person is found, or sealed if the person is found to be no longer living (ORS 146.189(2)).
- (e) In cases of runaways; the investigator / officer should verify in person that the child has actually been located / returned and conduct appropriate follow-up in attempt to determine:
  - 1. Why the child left and where the child went
  - 2. Offer suggestions / solutions to help prevent the child from leaving again
  - 3. Document follow-up efforts in the case report

#### **317.6.1 UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS**

Department members investigating a case of an unidentified person who is deceased or a living person who cannot assist in identifying him/herself should:

- (a) Obtain a complete description of the person.
- (b) Use available resources, such as those related to missing persons, to identify the person.

#### **317.7 CASE CLOSURE**

The Criminal Investigations Division Supervisor may authorize the closure of a missing person case after considering the following:

- (a) Closure is appropriate when the missing person is confirmed returned or evidence matches an unidentified person or body.
- (b) If the missing person is a resident of Roseburg or this department is the lead agency, the case should be kept under active investigation for as long as the person may still be alive. Exhaustion of leads in the investigation should not be a reason for closing a case.
- (c) If this department is not the lead agency, the case can be made inactive if all investigative leads have been exhausted and entries are made in the applicable missing person networks, as appropriate.

## Public Alerts

### 318.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for alerting the public to important information and soliciting public aid when appropriate.

### 318.2 POLICY

Public alerts may be employed using the Emergency Alert System (EAS), local radio, television and press organizations and other groups to notify the public of incidents, or enlist the aid of the public, when the exchange of information may enhance the safety of the community. Various types of alerts may be available based upon each situation and the alert system's individual criteria.

### 318.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 318.3.1 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

Employees of the Roseburg Police Department should notify their supervisor as soon as practicable upon learning of a situation where public notification, a warning, or enlisting the help of the media and public could assist in locating a missing person, apprehending a dangerous person, or gathering information.

#### 318.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

A supervisor apprised of the need for a public alert is responsible to make the appropriate notifications based upon the circumstances of each situation. The supervisor shall promptly notify the Chief of Police, the appropriate Division Commander and the Public Information Officer when any public alert is generated.

The supervisor in charge of the investigation to which the alert relates is responsible for the following, unless otherwise assigned by a Division Commander:

- (a) Updating alerts
- (b) Cancelling alerts
- (c) Ensuring all appropriate reports are completed

### 318.4 AMBER ALERTS

The Oregon AMBER Alert is a voluntary partnership between law enforcement agencies and local broadcasters to rapidly disseminate an emergency alert to the public when a child is abducted under emergency circumstances and the child may be in danger of serious bodily harm or death.

#### 318.4.1 CRITERIA

All of the following criteria must exist before an AMBER Alert will be issued:

- (a) There is confirmation that a child abduction has occurred.
- (b) The child is under 18 years of age.

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- (c) The child may be in danger of serious bodily harm or death.
- (d) There is sufficient descriptive information about the child, abductor and/or the suspect's vehicle to believe that an immediate broadcast alert will help.
- (e) The child's name and other critical data elements, including the child abduction (CA) and AMBER Alert (AA) flags, either have been or will be entered into the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) system.

An AMBER Alert should not be used if the child is a runaway or has been abducted as a result of a child custody situation, unless the child may be in danger of serious bodily harm or death.

#### 318.4.2 PROCEDURE

The AMBER Alert Web Portal is used to post the appropriate alert information. An Amber Alert can be initiated by calling OSP at 503-375-3555.

Prior to posting the AMBER Alert message, consideration should be given to ensuring adequate staffing for the tip line, 9-1-1 lines and any media line. AMBER Alerts generate significant public and media interest. It is likely that a high volume of calls from the public and media will be received. Reassigning personnel from other units or requesting mutual aid from other agencies should be considered.

Amber Alert checklist, message format, and tip sheets can be found in the RPD forms file on the RPD server.

- (a) The Public Information Officer, Watch Commander or Criminal Investigations Supervisor should consider whether to prepare a press release that includes all available information that might aid in locating the child, such as:
  - 1. The child's identity, age, physical and clothing description, including any distinguishing characteristics.
  - 2. Photograph, if available.
  - 3. The location where the abduction occurred or where the child was last seen.
  - 4. The suspect's identity, age, physical and clothing description, if known.
  - 5. Pertinent vehicle license number and description, if known.
  - 6. Detail regarding direction of travel and potential destinations, if known.
  - 7. Contact information for the Public Information Officer or other authorized individual to handle media liaison.
  - 8. A telephone number for the public to call with leads or information.
- (b) Information on the abducted child, suspect vehicle and suspect should be entered into the Law Enforcement Data System (LEDS) and NCIC as soon as feasible. The suspect's name, if known, should be entered in the "AKA" moniker field. The child's name and other critical data elements, including the child abduction (CA) and AMBER

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Alert (AA) flags, must be entered into the NCIC system in order to trigger the resources of the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC) and the FBI.

- (c) The Records Division will send a statewide Administrative Message (AM), to the appropriate destinations, via LEDS with the information. The text of the message will begin with the words, "Oregon AMBER Alert."
- (d) The information in the press release should also be forwarded to the dispatch center so that general broadcasts can be made to local law enforcement agencies.
- (e) Consideration should be given to whether to utilize the following resources:
  1. Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI Local Office)
  2. National Center for Missing and Exploited Children 800-843-5678

The FBI and NCMEC will have received notification of the AMBER Alert via the NCIC computer entries. If needed, the Oregon State Police Missing Children Clearinghouse is available to assist agencies with any additional notifications or to serve as the liaison with NCMEC.

## Victim and Witness Assistance

### 319.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that crime victims and witnesses receive appropriate assistance, that they are provided with information from government and private resources, and that the agency meets all related legal mandates.

### 319.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department is committed to providing guidance and assistance to the victims and witnesses of crime. The employees of the Roseburg Police Department will show compassion and understanding for victims and witnesses and will make reasonable efforts to provide the support and information identified in this policy.

### 319.3 CRIME VICTIM LIAISON

Every employee reporting or investigating a crime where a victim has suffered injury as a direct or proximate cause of that crime will ensure the victim has been provided with information about the existence of the local victim assistance resources. This advisement shall include presenting the victim with a Crime Victim's Pamphlet, which should include the case number for the specific crime report (Oregon Revised Statutes 147.365).

### 319.4 CRIME VICTIMS

Officers should provide all victims with the applicable victim information handouts.

Officers should never guarantee a victim's safety from future harm but may make practical safety suggestions to victims who express fear of future harm or retaliation. Officers should never guarantee that a person qualifies as a victim for the purpose of compensation or restitution but may direct him/her to the proper written department material or available victim resources.

#### 319.4.1 VICTIM PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE

Victims of a person crime, as defined in ORS 147.425, have the right to select a person, 18 years of age or older, to be the victim's personal representative to accompany the victim during phases of an investigation, including medical examinations. The personal representative may only be excluded if there is a belief that the representative would compromise the process (ORS 147.425).

### 319.5 WITNESSES

Officers should never guarantee a witness' safety from future harm or that his/her identity will always remain confidential. Officers may make practical safety suggestions to witnesses who express fear of future harm or retaliation.

Officers should investigate allegations of witness intimidation and take enforcement action when lawful and reasonable.

## Hate Crimes

### 320.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide members of this department with guidelines for identifying and investigating incidents and crimes that may be motivated by hatred or other bias.

#### 320.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Hate crime** - A bias crime motivated by prejudice based on actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, or disability of the victim (ORS 166.155; ORS 166.165).

### 320.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department recognizes and places a high priority on the rights of all individuals guaranteed under the state and federal constitution and incorporated in state and federal law.

### 320.3 CRIMINAL STATUTES

- (a) Harassment (ORS 166.065)
- (b) Intimidation in the Second Degree (ORS 166.155)
- (c) Intimidation in the First Degree (ORS 166.165)
- (d) Menacing (ORS 163.190)
- (e) Any degree of Assault (ORS 163.160 to ORS 163.185)
- (f) Recklessly Endangering (ORS 163.195)
- (g) Hazing (ORS 163.197)
- (h) Unlawful use of a stun gun, tear gas or mace (ORS 163.212 and ORS 163.213)
- (i) Kidnapping (ORS 163.215 to ORS 163.235)
- (j) Coercion (ORS 163.275)
- (k) Any sex offense (ORS 163.355 to ORS 163.427)
- (l) Stalking (ORS 163.732)
- (m) Any degree of Robbery (ORS 164.395 to ORS 164.415)

Federal law also prohibits discrimination-based acts and may be considered in addition to or in lieu of state law, depending on circumstances (18 USC § 245).

### 320.4 PROCEDURE FOR INVESTIGATING HATE CRIMES

Whenever any member of this department receives a report of a suspected hate crime or other activity that reasonably appears to involve a potential hate crime, the following should occur:

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- (a) Officer(s) will promptly contact the victim, witness, or reporting party to investigate the matter further as circumstances may dictate
- (b) A supervisor should be notified of the circumstances as soon as practical
- (c) Once "in progress" aspects of any such situation have been stabilized (e.g., treatment of victims, apprehension of present suspects, etc.), the assigned officer(s) will take all reasonable steps to preserve available evidence that may tend to establish that a hate crime was involved
- (d) The assigned officer(s) will interview available witnesses, victims and others to determine what circumstances, if any, indicate that the situation may involve a hate crime
- (e) Depending on the situation, the assigned officer(s) or supervisor may request additional assistance from detectives or other resources to further the investigation
- (f) The assigned officer(s) will include all available evidence indicating the likelihood of a hate crime in the relevant report(s).
- (g) The assigned officer(s) should also make reasonable efforts to assist the victim(s) by providing available information on local assistance programs and organizations
- (h) The assigned officer(s) and supervisor should take reasonable steps to ensure that any such situation does not escalate further

#### 320.4.1 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS DIVISION RESPONSIBILITY

If a case is assigned to the Criminal Investigations Division, the assigned detective will be responsible for following up on the reported hate crime as follows:

- (a) Coordinate further investigation with the District Attorney and other law enforcement agencies, as appropriate
- (b) Maintain contact with the victim(s) and other involved individuals as needed

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## Standards of Conduct

### 321.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes standards of conduct that are consistent with the values and mission of the Roseburg Police Department and are expected of all department members. The standards contained in this policy are not intended to be an exhaustive list of requirements and prohibitions but they do identify many of the important matters concerning conduct. In addition to the provisions of this policy, members are subject to all other provisions contained in this manual, as well as any additional guidance on conduct that may be disseminated by this department or a member's supervisors.

### 321.2 POLICY

The continued employment or appointment of every member of the Roseburg Police Department shall be based on conduct that reasonably conforms to the guidelines set forth herein. Failure to meet the guidelines set forth in this policy, whether on or off duty, may be cause for disciplinary action.

### 321.3 DIRECTIVES AND ORDERS

Members shall comply with lawful directives and orders from any department supervisor or person in a position of authority, absent a reasonable and bona fide justification.

#### 321.3.1 UNLAWFUL OR CONFLICTING ORDERS

Supervisors shall not knowingly issue orders or directives that, if carried out, would result in a violation of any law or department policy. Supervisors should not issue orders that conflict with any previous order without making reasonable clarification that the new order is intended to countermand the earlier order.

No member is required to obey any order that appears to be in direct conflict with any federal law, state law or local ordinance. Following a known unlawful order is not a defense and does not relieve the member from criminal or civil prosecution or administrative discipline. If the legality of an order is in doubt, the affected member shall ask the issuing supervisor to clarify the order or may confer with a higher authority. The responsibility for refusal to obey rests with the member, who shall subsequently be required to justify the refusal.

Unless it would jeopardize the safety of any individual, members who are presented with a lawful order that is in conflict with a previous lawful order, department policy or other directive shall respectfully inform the issuing supervisor of the conflict. The issuing supervisor is responsible for either resolving the conflict or clarifying that the lawful order is intended to countermand the previous lawful order or directive, in which case the member is obliged to comply. Members who are compelled to follow a conflicting lawful order after having given the issuing supervisor the opportunity to correct the conflict, will not be held accountable for disobedience of the lawful order or directive that was initially issued.



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##### 321.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Supervisors and managers are required to follow all policies and procedures and may be subject to discipline for:

- (a) Failure to be reasonably aware of the performance of their subordinates or to provide appropriate guidance and control.
- (b) Failure to promptly and fully report any known misconduct of a member to his/her immediate supervisor or to document such misconduct appropriately or as required by policy.
- (c) Directing a subordinate to violate a policy or directive, acquiesce to such a violation, or are indifferent to any such violation by a subordinate.
- (d) The unequal or disparate exercise of authority on the part of a supervisor toward any member for malicious or other improper purpose.

##### **321.4 GENERAL STANDARDS**

Members shall conduct themselves, whether on- or off-duty, in accordance with the United States and Oregon constitutions and all applicable laws, ordinances, and rules enacted or established pursuant to legal authority.

Members shall familiarize themselves with policies and procedures and are responsible for compliance with each. Members should seek clarification and guidance from supervisors in the event of any perceived ambiguity or uncertainty.

Discipline may be initiated for any good cause. It is not mandatory that a specific policy or rule violation be cited to sustain discipline. This policy is not intended to cover every possible type of misconduct.

##### 321.4.1 DUTY TO INTERVENE AND REPORT

An officer who observes another officer engaging in misconduct or a violation of the minimum standards for physical, emotional, intellectual, and moral fitness for public safety personnel under ORS 181A.410 shall intervene to prevent or stop the conduct unless the officer cannot intervene safely. An officer who witnesses such conduct shall report the misconduct or violation as soon as practicable, but not later than 72 hours after witnessing the misconduct or violation to a direct supervisor, chain of command, or the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) (ORS 181A.681).

Failure to intervene or report the misconduct is grounds for discipline by the Department or suspension or revocation of the officer's certification by the DPSST (ORS 181A.681; ORS 181A.683).

Misconduct means (ORS 181A.681):

- (a) Unjustified or excessive force that is objectively unreasonable under the circumstances or in violation of the department policies related to the use of force.
- (b) Sexual harassment or sexual misconduct.

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- (c) Discrimination against a person based on race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, disability, or age.
- (d) A crime.

#### **321.5 CAUSES FOR DISCIPLINE**

The following are illustrative of causes for disciplinary action. This list is not intended to cover every possible type of misconduct and does not preclude the recommendation of disciplinary action for violation of other rules, standards, ethics and specific action or inaction that is detrimental to efficient department service.

##### **321.5.1 LAWS, RULES AND ORDERS**

- (a) Violation of, or ordering or instructing a subordinate to violate any policy, procedure, rule, order, directive, requirement or failure to follow instructions contained in department or City manuals.
- (b) Disobedience of any legal directive or order issued by any department member of a higher rank.
- (c) Violation of federal, state, local or administrative laws, rules or regulations.

##### **321.5.2 ETHICS**

- (a) Using or disclosing one's status as a member of the Roseburg Police Department in any way that could reasonably be perceived as an attempt to gain influence or authority for non-department business or activity.
- (b) The wrongful or unlawful exercise of authority on the part of any member for malicious purpose, personal gain, willful deceit or any other improper purpose.
- (c) The receipt or acceptance of a reward, fee or gift from any person for service incident to the performance of the member's duties (lawful subpoena fees and authorized work permits excepted).
- (d) Acceptance of fees, gifts or money contrary to the rules of this department and/or laws of the state.
- (e) Offer or acceptance of a bribe or gratuity.
- (f) Misappropriation or misuse of public funds, property, personnel or services.
- (g) Any other failure to abide by the standards of ethical conduct.

##### **321.5.3 DISCRIMINATION, OPPRESSION, OR FAVORITISM**

Unless required by law or policy, discriminating against, oppressing, or providing favoritism to any person because of actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, economic status, cultural group, veteran status, marital status, and any other classification or status protected by law, or intentionally denying or impeding another in the exercise or enjoyment of any right, privilege, power, or immunity, knowing the conduct is unlawful.

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##### 321.5.4 RELATIONSHIPS

- (a) Unwelcome solicitation of a personal or sexual relationship while on-duty or through the use of one's official capacity.
- (b) Engaging in on-duty sexual activity including, but not limited to, sexual intercourse, excessive displays of public affection or other sexual contact.
- (c) Establishing or maintaining an inappropriate personal or financial relationship, as a result of an investigation, with a known victim, witness, suspect or defendant while a case is being investigated or prosecuted, or as a direct result of any official contact.
- (d) Associating with or joining a criminal gang, organized crime and/or criminal syndicate when the member knows or reasonably should know of the criminal nature of the organization. This includes any organization involved in a definable criminal activity or enterprise, except as specifically directed and authorized by this department.
- (e) Associating on a personal, rather than official basis with persons who demonstrate recurring involvement in serious violations of state or federal laws after the member knows, or reasonably should know of such criminal activities, except as specifically directed and authorized by this department.

##### 321.5.5 ATTENDANCE

- (a) Leaving the job to which the member is assigned during duty hours without reasonable excuse and proper permission and approval.
- (b) Unexcused or unauthorized absence or tardiness.
- (c) Excessive absenteeism or abuse of leave privileges.
- (d) Failure to report to work or to the place of assignment at the time specified and fully prepared to perform duties without reasonable excuse.

##### 321.5.6 UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS, DISCLOSURE, OR USE

- (a) Unauthorized and inappropriate intentional release of confidential or protected information, materials, data, forms, or reports obtained as a result of the member's position with this department.
- (b) Disclosing to any unauthorized person any active investigation information.
- (c) The use of any information, photograph, video, or other recording obtained or accessed as a result of employment or appointment to this department for personal or financial gain or without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (d) Loaning, selling, allowing unauthorized use, giving away, or appropriating any department property for personal use, personal gain, or any other improper or unauthorized use or purpose.
- (e) Using department resources in association with any portion of an independent civil action. These resources include but are not limited to personnel, vehicles, equipment, and nonsubpoenaed records.

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##### 321.5.7 EFFICIENCY

- (a) Neglect of duty.
- (b) Unsatisfactory work performance including but not limited to failure incompetence, inefficiency, or delay in performing and/or carrying out proper orders, work assignments, or the instructions of supervisors without a reasonable and bona fide excuse.
- (c) Concealing, attempting to conceal, removing, or destroying defective or incompetent work.
- (d) Unauthorized sleeping during on-duty time or assignments.
- (e) Failure to notify the Department within 24 hours of any change in residence address or contact numbers.
- (f) Failure to notify the Department of Human Resources of changes in relevant personal information (e.g., information associated with benefits determination) in a timely fashion.

##### 321.5.8 PERFORMANCE

- (a) Failure to disclose or misrepresenting material facts, or making any false or misleading statement on any application, examination form, or other official document, report or form, or during the course of any work-related investigation.
- (b) The falsification of any work-related records, making misleading entries or statements with the intent to deceive or the willful and unauthorized removal, alteration, destruction and/or mutilation of any department record, public record, book, paper or document.
- (c) Failure to participate in, or giving false or misleading statements, or misrepresenting or omitting material information to a supervisor or other person in a position of authority, in connection with any investigation or in the reporting of any department-related business.
- (d) Being untruthful or knowingly making false, misleading or malicious statements that are reasonably calculated to harm the reputation, authority or official standing of this department or its members.
- (e) Disparaging remarks or conduct concerning duly constituted authority to the extent that such conduct disrupts the efficiency of this department or subverts the good order, efficiency and discipline of this department or that would tend to discredit any of its members.
- (f) Unlawful gambling or unlawful betting at any time or any place. Legal gambling or betting under any of the following conditions:
  - 1. While on department premises.
  - 2. At any work site, while on-duty or while in uniform, or while using any department equipment or system.

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3. Gambling activity undertaken as part of an officer's official duties and with the express knowledge and permission of a direct supervisor is exempt from this prohibition.
- (g) Improper political activity including:
1. Unauthorized attendance while on-duty at official legislative or political sessions.
  2. Solicitations, speeches or distribution of campaign literature for or against any political candidate or position while on-duty or on department property except as expressly authorized by City policy, the collective bargaining agreement, or the Chief of Police.
- (h) Engaging in political activities during assigned working hours except as expressly authorized by City policy, the collective bargaining agreement, or the Chief of Police.
- (i) Any act on- or off-duty that brings discredit to this department.

#### 321.5.9 CONDUCT

- (a) Failure of any member to promptly and fully report activities on his/her part or the part of any other member where such activities resulted in contact with any other law enforcement agency or that may result in criminal prosecution or discipline under this policy.
- (b) Unreasonable and unwarranted force to a person encountered or a person under arrest.
- (c) Exceeding lawful peace officer powers by unreasonable, unlawful or excessive conduct.
- (d) Unauthorized or unlawful fighting, threatening or attempting to inflict unlawful bodily harm on another.
- (e) Engaging in horseplay that reasonably could result in injury or property damage.
- (f) Discourteous, disrespectful or discriminatory treatment of any member of the public or any member of this department or the City.
- (g) Use of obscene, indecent, profane or derogatory language while on-duty or in uniform.
- (h) Criminal, dishonest, or disgraceful conduct, whether on- or off-duty, that adversely affects the member's relationship with this department.
- (i) Unauthorized possession of, loss of, or damage to department property or the property of others, or endangering it through carelessness or maliciousness.
- (j) Attempted or actual theft of department property; misappropriation or misuse of public funds, property, personnel or the services or property of others; unauthorized removal or possession of department property or the property of another person.
- (k) Activity that is incompatible with a member's conditions of employment or appointment as established by law or that violates a provision of any collective bargaining agreement or contract to include fraud in securing the appointment or hire.

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- (l) Initiating any civil action for recovery of any damages or injuries incurred in the course and scope of employment or appointment without first notifying the Chief of Police of such action.
- (m) Any other on-duty or off-duty conduct which any member knows or reasonably should know is unbecoming a member of this department, is contrary to good order, efficiency or morale, or tends to reflect unfavorably upon this department or its members.

#### 321.5.10 SAFETY

- (a) Failure to observe or violating department safety standards or safe working practices.
- (b) Failure to maintain current licenses or certifications required for the assignment or position (e.g., driver's license, first aid).
- (c) Failure to maintain good physical condition sufficient to adequately and safely perform law enforcement duties.
- (d) Unsafe firearm or other dangerous weapon handling to include loading or unloading firearms in an unsafe manner, either on- or off-duty.
- (e) Carrying, while on the premises of the work place, any firearm or other lethal weapon that is not authorized by the member's appointing authority.
- (f) Unsafe or improper driving habits or actions in the course of employment or appointment.
- (g) Any personal action contributing to a preventable traffic collision.
- (h) Concealing or knowingly failing to report any on-the-job or work-related accident or injury as soon as practicable but within 24 hours.

#### 321.5.11 INTOXICANTS

- (a) Reporting for work or being at work while intoxicated or when the member's ability to perform assigned duties is impaired due to the use of alcohol, medication or drugs, whether legal, prescribed or illegal.
- (b) Possession or use of alcohol at any work site or while on-duty, except as authorized in the performance of an official assignment. A member who is authorized to consume alcohol is not permitted to do so to such a degree that it may impair on-duty performance.
- (c) Unauthorized possession, use of, or attempting to bring a controlled substance, illegal drug or non-prescribed medication to any work site.

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## Information Technology Use

### 322.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the proper use of department information technology resources, including computers, electronic devices, hardware, software and systems.

#### 322.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Computer system** - All computers (on-site and portable), electronic devices, hardware, software, and resources owned, leased, rented or licensed by the Roseburg Police Department that are provided for official use by its members. This includes all access to, and use of, Internet Service Providers (ISP) or other service providers provided by or through the Department or department funding.

**Hardware** - Includes, but is not limited to, computers, computer terminals, network equipment, electronic devices, telephones, including cellular and satellite, pagers, modems or any other tangible computer device generally understood to comprise hardware.

**Software** - Includes, but is not limited to, all computer programs, systems and applications, including shareware. This does not include files created by the individual user.

**Temporary file, permanent file or file** - Any electronic document, information or data residing or located, in whole or in part, on the system including, but not limited to, spreadsheets, calendar entries, appointments, tasks, notes, letters, reports, messages, photographs or videos.

### 322.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department that members shall use information technology resources, including computers, software and systems, that are issued or maintained by the Department in a professional manner and in accordance with this policy.

### 322.3 PRIVACY EXPECTATION

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to emails, texts, or anything published, shared, transmitted, or maintained through file-sharing software or any internet site that is accessed, transmitted, received, or reviewed on any department computer system.

The Department reserves the right to access, audit, and disclose, for whatever reason, any message, including attachments, and any information accessed, transmitted, received, or reviewed over any technology that is issued or maintained by the Department, including the department email system, computer network, and/or any information placed into storage on any department system or device. This includes records of all keystrokes or web-browsing history made at any department computer or over any department network. The fact that access to a database, service, or website requires a username or password will not create an expectation of privacy if it is accessed through department computers, electronic devices, or networks.

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#### **322.4 RESTRICTED USE**

Members shall not access computers, devices, software or systems for which they have not received prior authorization or the required training. Members shall immediately report unauthorized access or use of computers, devices, software or systems by another member to their supervisors or Watch Commanders.

Members shall not use another person's access passwords, logon information and other individual security data, protocols and procedures unless directed to do so by a supervisor.

##### **322.4.1 SOFTWARE**

Members shall not copy or duplicate any copyrighted or licensed software except for a single copy for backup purposes in accordance with the software company's copyright and license agreement.

To reduce the risk of a computer virus or malicious software, members shall not install any unlicensed or unauthorized software on any department computer. Members shall not install personal copies of any software onto any department computer.

When related to criminal investigations, software program files may be downloaded only with the approval of the information systems technology (IT) staff and with the authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

No member shall knowingly make, acquire or use unauthorized copies of computer software that is not licensed to the Department while on department premises, computer systems or electronic devices. Such unauthorized use of software exposes the Department and involved members to severe civil and criminal penalties.

Introduction of software by members should only occur as part of the automated maintenance or update process of department- or City-approved or installed programs by the original manufacturer, producer or developer of the software.

Any other introduction of software requires prior authorization from IT staff and a full scan for malicious attachments.

##### **322.4.2 HARDWARE**

Access to technology resources provided by or through the Department shall be strictly limited to department-related activities. Data stored on or available through department computer systems shall only be accessed by authorized members who are engaged in an active investigation or assisting in an active investigation or who otherwise have a legitimate law enforcement or department-related purpose to access such data. Any exceptions to this policy must be approved by a supervisor.

#### **322.5 PROTECTION OF AGENCY SYSTEMS AND FILES**

All members have a duty to protect the computer system and related systems and devices from physical and environmental damage and are responsible for the correct use, operation, care, and maintenance of the computer system.



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Members shall ensure department computers and access terminals are not viewable by persons who are not authorized users. Computers and terminals should be secured, users logged off, and password protections enabled whenever the user is not present. Access passwords, logon information, and other individual security data, protocols, and procedures are confidential information and are not to be shared. Password length, format, structure, and content shall meet the prescribed standards required by the computer system or as directed by a supervisor and shall be changed at intervals as directed by IT staff or a supervisor.

It is prohibited for a member to allow an unauthorized user to access the computer system at any time or for any reason. Members shall promptly report any unauthorized access to the computer system or suspected intrusion from outside sources (including the internet) to a supervisor.

#### **322.6 INSPECTION OR REVIEW**

A supervisor or the authorized designee has the express authority to inspect or review the computer system, all temporary or permanent files, related electronic systems or devices, and any contents thereof, whether such inspection or review is in the ordinary course of his/her supervisory duties or based on cause.

Reasons for inspection or review may include, but are not limited to, computer system malfunctions, problems or general computer system failure, a lawsuit against the Department involving one of its members or a member's duties, an alleged or suspected violation of any department policy, a request for disclosure of data, or a need to perform or provide a service.

The IT staff may extract, download or otherwise obtain any and all temporary or permanent files residing or located in or on the department computer system when requested by a supervisor or during the course of regular duties that require such information.

#### **322.7 PROTECTION OF AGENCY SYSTEMS AND FILES**

All employees have a duty to protect the system and related systems and devices from physical and environmental damage and are responsible for the correct use, operation, care and maintenance of the system.

Agency approved anti-virus software will be running on all computers that are connected to the Internet, in order to check downloaded files, e-mail and attachments for embedded viruses. Suspected problems with any security or anti-virus protections shall be promptly reported.

It is expressly prohibited for an employee to allow an unauthorized user to access the system at any time or for any reason.

##### **322.7.1 NETWORK SECURITY**

Network security protocols are established to ensure the integrity and security of the network systems. Employees shall not attempt to circumvent these protocols and shall observe the following:

- (a) Access to the network server and peripherals is locked and access is strictly limited to authorized personnel.

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- (b) The network shall not be connected to any external network without a firewall in place.
- (c) No dial-up modem or work stations with dial-up modems will be connected to the network without additional authentication techniques beyond login name and password.

#### 322.7.2 SYSTEM BACK-UP

Information Services personnel shall be responsible for establishing regularly scheduled network system back-up protocols. Retention of all system back-ups should be managed in a manner consistent with applicable provisions of the Oregon Revised Statutes and Oregon Administrative Rules.

## Report Preparation

### 323.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Report preparation is a major part of each officer's job. The purpose of reports is to document sufficient information to refresh the officer's memory and to provide sufficient information for follow-up investigation and successful prosecution. Report writing is the subject of substantial formalized training and on-the-job training.

#### 323.1.1 REPORT PREPARATION

Employees should ensure that reports are sufficiently detailed for their purpose and free from errors prior to submission. It is the responsibility of the assigned employee to complete and submit all reports taken during the shift before going off-duty unless permission to hold the report has been approved by a supervisor. Generally, reports requiring prompt follow-up action on active leads, or arrest reports where the suspect remains in custody should not be held.

Handwritten reports must be prepared legibly. If the report is not legible, the submitting employee will be required by the reviewing supervisor to promptly make corrections and resubmit the report. Employees who dictate reports shall use appropriate grammar, as content is not the responsibility of the typist. Employees who generate reports on computers are subject to all requirements of this policy.

All reports shall accurately reflect the identity of the persons involved, all pertinent information seen, heard or assimilated by any other sense, and any actions taken. Employees shall not suppress, conceal or distort the facts of any reported incident, nor shall any employee make a false report orally or in writing. Generally, the reporting employee's opinions should not be included in reports unless specifically identified as such.

### 323.2 REQUIRED REPORTING

Written reports are required in all of the following situations on the appropriate department approved form unless otherwise approved by a supervisor.

#### 323.2.1 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY REPORTING

When an employee responds to a call for service, or as a result of self-initiated activity becomes aware of any activity where a crime has occurred, the employee shall document the activity as appropriate. The fact that a victim is not desirous of prosecution is not an exception to documenting a report. The following are basic examples of when documentation would be appropriate and necessary:

- (a) In every case where any force is used against any person by police personnel.
- (b) All incidents involving domestic violence.
- (c) All arrests.

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##### 323.2.2 NON-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

The following incidents shall be documented using the appropriate approved report:

- (a) Any time an officer points a firearm at any person
- (b) Any use of force against any person by a member of this department (see the Use of Force Policy)
- (c) Any firearm discharge
- (d) Any time a person is reported missing, regardless of jurisdiction (see the Missing Persons Reporting Policy)
- (e) Any traffic collisions above the minimum reporting level (see the Traffic Collision Reporting Policy)
- (f) Suspicious incidents that may indicate a potential for crimes against children or that a child's safety is in jeopardy
- (g) All protective custody detentions
- (h) Suspicious incidents that may place the public or others at risk
- (i) Whenever the employee believes the circumstances should be documented or at the direction of a supervisor

##### 323.2.3 DEATH CASES

Death investigations require specific investigation methods depending on circumstances and should be handled in accordance with Death Investigations Policy. An officer handling a death investigation should notify and apprise a supervisor of the circumstances surrounding the incident and a determination will be made on how to proceed. The following cases shall be appropriately investigated and documented using the approved report:

- (a) Sudden or accidental deaths
- (b) Suicides
- (c) Homicide or suspected homicide
- (d) Unattended deaths (No physician or qualified hospice care during the period immediately preceding death)
- (e) Found dead bodies or body parts

##### 323.2.4 INJURY OR DAMAGE BY CITY PERSONNEL

Reports shall be taken if an injury occurs that is a result of an act of a City employee. Additionally, reports shall be taken involving damage to City property or City equipment.

##### 323.2.5 MISCELLANEOUS INJURIES

Any injury that is reported to this department shall require a report when:

- (a) The injury is a result of drug overdose.

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- (b) Attempted suicide.
- (c) The injury is major/serious, whereas death could result.
- (d) The circumstances surrounding the incident are suspicious in nature and it is desirable to record the event.

The above reporting requirements are not intended to be all-inclusive. A supervisor may direct an employee to document any incident he/she deems necessary.

#### **323.3 GENERAL POLICY OF EXPEDITIOUS REPORTING**

In general, all officers and supervisors shall act with promptness and efficiency in the preparation and processing of all reports. An incomplete report, unorganized reports or reports delayed without supervisory approval are not acceptable.

#### **323.4 REPORT CORRECTIONS**

Supervisors shall review reports for content and accuracy. If a correction is necessary, the reviewing supervisor shall require the reporting officer to correct the report deficiencies prior to report approval. It shall be the responsibility of the originating officer to ensure that any report returned for correction is processed in a timely manner.

#### **323.5 REPORT CHANGES OR ALTERATIONS**

Reports that have been approved by a supervisor and submitted to the Records Division for filing and distribution shall not be modified or altered except by way of a supplemental report; this does not prohibit Records staff from making necessary modifications to ensure reports sufficiently satisfy or comply with coding requirements. Reviewed reports that have not yet been submitted to the Records Division may be corrected or modified by the authoring employee only with the knowledge and authorization of the reviewing supervisor.

## News Media Relations

### 324.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for media releases and media access to scenes of disasters, criminal investigations, emergencies and other law enforcement activities.

### 324.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

The ultimate authority and responsibility for the release of information to the media shall remain with the Chief of Police, however, in situations not warranting immediate notice to the Chief of Police and in situations where the Chief of Police has given prior approval, Division Commanders, Watch Commanders and designated Public Information Officer(s) may prepare and release information to the media in accordance with this policy and the applicable law.

#### 324.2.1 MEDIA REQUEST

Any media request for information or access to a law enforcement situation shall be referred to the designated department media representative, or if unavailable, to the first available supervisor. Prior to releasing any information to the media, employees shall consider the following:

- (a) At no time shall any employee of this department make any comment or release any official information to the media without prior approval from a supervisor or the designated department media representative.
- (b) In situations involving multiple law enforcement agencies, every reasonable effort should be made to coordinate media releases with the authorized representative of each involved agency prior to the release of any information by this department.
- (c) Under no circumstance should any member of this department make any comment(s) to the media regarding any law enforcement incident not involving this department without prior approval of the Chief of Police.

### 324.3 MEDIA ACCESS

Authorized members of the media may be provided access to scenes of disasters, criminal investigations, emergencies and other law enforcement activities subject to the following conditions:

- (a) The media representative shall produce valid press credentials that shall be prominently displayed at all times while in areas otherwise closed to the public.
- (b) Media representatives may be prevented from interfering with emergency operations and criminal investigations.
  - 1. Reasonable effort should be made to provide a safe staging area for the media that is near the incident and that will not interfere with emergency or criminal investigation operations. All information released to the media should be coordinated through the department Public Information Officer or other designated spokesperson.

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2. Whenever the presence of media or other aircraft poses a threat to public or officer safety or significantly hampers incident operations, the Watch Commander should consider requesting a Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR).
- (c) No member of this department who is under investigation shall be subjected to media visits or interviews without the consent of the involved employee.
- (d) Media representatives will not be allowed to enter the inner perimeter of a tactical situation or a crime scene while an incident or investigation is in progress.

Department members shall not jeopardize a tactical operation in order to accommodate the news media. All comments to the media shall be coordinated through a supervisor or the Public Information Officer.

#### 324.3.1 PROVIDING ADVANCE INFORMATION

To protect the safety and rights of officers and other persons, advance information about planned actions by law enforcement personnel, such as movement of persons in custody or the execution of an arrest or search warrant, should not be disclosed to the news media, nor should media representatives be invited to be present at such actions except with the prior approval of the Chief of Police.

#### 324.4 INFORMATION SUBJECT TO RELEASE

The Department will maintain a daily information log of significant law enforcement activities that may be made available, upon request, to media representatives through the PIO or authorized department supervisor. This log may generally contain the following information:

- (a) The date, time, location, case number, type of crime, and names of individuals (except confidential informants) involved in crimes occurring within this jurisdiction unless the release of such information would endanger the safety of any individual or jeopardize the successful completion of any ongoing investigation
- (b) The date, time, location, case number, name, age and charges for each person arrested by this department unless the release of such information would endanger the safety of any individual or jeopardize the successful completion of any ongoing investigation
- (c) The time and location of other significant law enforcement activities or requests for service with a brief summary of the incident subject to the restrictions of this policy and applicable laws.

Information pertaining to a juvenile arrestee, victim, or witness shall only be released as authorized by the PIO or a department supervisor.

Identifying information concerning victims of sex crimes shall not be included in the log.

Identifying information concerning deceased individuals shall not be released to the media until notification of next of kin or otherwise cleared through the Medical Examiner's Office.

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Any requests for copies of related reports or additional information not contained in this log should be referred to the designated department media representative, the custodian of records, or if unavailable, to the Watch Commander. Such requests will generally be processed in accordance with the provisions of this policy.

#### 324.4.1 SCOPE OF INFORMATION SUBJECT TO RELEASE

The release and inspection of public records is controlled by the Policy Manual and Oregon Revised Statutes 192.410 through 192.505.

The record of an arrest or the report of a crime shall be disclosed unless there is a clear need to delay disclosure in the course of a specific investigation, including the need to protect the complaining party or the victim. Once the clear need to delay release is no longer present, the following information may be released.

For purposes of this subsection, the record of an arrest or the report of a crime includes:

- (a) The arrested person's name, age, residence, employment, marital status and similar biographical information.
- (b) The offense with which the arrested person is charged.
- (c) The conditions of release.
- (d) The identity of the investigating and arresting agency and the length of the investigation.
- (e) The circumstances of the arrest including time, place, resistance, pursuit and weapons used.
- (f) Such information as may be necessary to enlist public assistance in apprehending fugitives from justice.

#### 324.4.2 RESTRICTED INFORMATION

It shall be the responsibility of the authorized employee dealing with media requests to ensure that restricted information is not inappropriately released to the media by this department. When in doubt, authorized and available legal counsel should be obtained. Examples of such restricted information include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Any specific operational or contingency plans , if public disclosure of the plans would endanger an individual's life or physical safety or jeopardize a law enforcement activity. Oregon Revised Statutes 192.501(18).
- (b) Criminal history information.
- (c) Information pertaining to pending litigation involving this department.
- (d) Information obtained in confidence.
- (e) Any information that is otherwise privileged or restricted under state or federal law.
- (f) Confidential peace officer personnel information



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- (g) Information that would tend to endanger the safety of any individual or jeopardize the successful completion of any ongoing investigation.
- (h) Investigative information other than as listed above, without the expressed authorization of the Detective Supervisor in charge of an investigation.

## Court Appearance and Subpoenas

### 325.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This procedure has been established in compliance with Oregon Revised Statutes 136.595 to provide for the acceptance of subpoenas and to ensure that employees appear when subpoenaed, or are available to appear in court when requested and present a professional appearance.

#### 325.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**On-Call** - When an employee has appeared in court, or is at the time on-duty, and has been told by a member of the court that he/she is free to leave the court or return to duty, subject to being available by phone or pager if called back.

**Standby** - When an employee receives a subpoena of a type which allows him or her to not appear in court, but remain available by phone or pager so that he or she may be directed to appear in court within a reasonable amount of time.

**Mandatory Appearance** - Subpoenas marked as mandatory appearance require an employee's physical appearance in the specified court. Failure to timely appear in the specified court, either intentionally or by negligence, may result in disciplinary action.

### 325.2 COURT SUBPOENAS

Employees who receive subpoenas related to their employment with this department are subject to the provisions of this policy. Employees should be aware that their compliance is mandatory on all cases for which they have been properly subpoenaed, or properly notified. This policy applies to civil and criminal subpoenas. Employees are expected to cooperate with the prosecution to ensure the successful conclusion of a case.

#### 325.2.1 SERVICE OF SUBPOENA

Generally, a subpoena is served by delivering a copy to the witness personally. Proof of service is made in the same manner as in the service of a summons.

- (a) In accordance with ORS 136.595(2) and ORCP 55, this department shall accept subpoenas on behalf of currently employed peace officers who are within the state at the time of service, provided the following conditions are met:
  1. The peace officer's attendance at trial is related to work he/she performed in the course of employment as a peace officer.
  2. The subpoena is delivered to the Records Supervisor or to the Watch Commander at least 10 days prior to the appearance date shown on the subpoena.
- (b) The Watch Commander shall make a good faith effort to notify the subpoenaed employee of the date, time and location of the court appearance. If the employee cannot be notified, the Watch Commander will contact the court and advise them of the inability to contact the employee.

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##### **325.2.2 VALID SUBPOENAS**

No subpoena shall be accepted for an employee of this department unless it has been properly served and verified to have originated from a recognized legal authority.

##### **325.2.3 ACCEPTANCE OF SUBPOENA**

- (a) Only the employee named in a subpoena, his/her immediate supervisor or the department employer shall be authorized to accept service of a subpoena. The records supervisor, or department volunteers, shall maintain a chronological log of all department subpoenas and provide a copy of the subpoena to each involved employee.

##### **325.2.4 OFF-DUTY RELATED SUBPOENAS**

Employees receiving valid subpoenas for actions taken off-duty not related to their employment with the Roseburg Police Department shall comply with the requirements of the subpoena. Employees receiving these subpoenas are not compensated for their appearance and arrangements for time off shall be coordinated through their immediate supervisor.

##### **325.2.5 FAILURE TO APPEAR OR REFUSAL**

Any employee who fails to accept or comply with the terms of any valid and properly served subpoena may be subject to discipline as well as court imposed civil and/or criminal sanctions.

#### **325.3 CIVIL SUBPOENAS**

The Department will compensate employees who appear in their official capacity on civil matters arising out of the employee's official duties with this department as directed by the current RPEA contract.

##### **325.3.1 PROCEDURE**

To ensure that the officer is able to appear when required, that the officer is compensated for such appearance, and to protect the Department's right to reimbursement, officers shall follow the established procedures for the receipt of a civil subpoena.

##### **325.3.2 CIVIL SUBPOENA ACCEPTANCE**

Subpoenas shall not be accepted in a civil action in which the officer or Department is not a party without properly posted fees pursuant to Oregon Revised Code of Procedure 55 D(1).

##### **325.3.3 PARTY MUST DEPOSIT FUNDS**

The party in the civil action who seeks to subpoena an officer must deposit the statutory witness fees and mileage for each appearance before such subpoena will be accepted. Parties seeking to have the officer make multiple appearances must make an additional deposit in advance.

#### **325.4 OVERTIME APPEARANCES**

If the officer appeared on his/her off-duty time, he/she will be compensated in accordance with the current employee Collective Bargaining Agreement.

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##### **325.5 COURTROOM PROTOCOL**

Employees must be punctual when appearing in court and shall be prepared to proceed immediately with the case for which they are subpoenaed.

###### **325.5.1 PREPARATION FOR TESTIMONY**

Before the date of testifying, the subpoenaed officer shall request a copy of relevant reports and become familiar with their content in order to be prepared for court.

###### **325.5.2 COURTROOM ATTIRE**

Employees should dress in uniform or business attire. Suitable business attire for men would consist of a coat and / or dress shirt, tie, and dress pants. Suitable business attire for female employees would consist of a dress jacket, dress blouse, and skirt or slacks. Employees may wear slacks and a button up or suitable dress style shirt, tucked in for Municipal traffic court appearances or appearances before the Grand Jury. Tennis shoes or sandals are not acceptable footwear for any court appearances. Exceptions to this policy may be made with approval from the Chief of Police or Operations Commander.

##### **325.6 COURTHOUSE DECORUM**

Employees shall observe all rules of the court in which they are appearing and refrain from chewing gum in the courtroom, and shall remain alert to changes in the assigned courtroom where their matter is to be heard.

## Registered Offender Information

### **326.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

This policy establishes guidelines by which the Roseburg Police Department will address issues associated with certain offenders who are residing in the jurisdiction and how the Department will disseminate information and respond to public inquiries for information about registered sex offenders.

### **326.2 DISSEMINATION OF PUBLIC INFORMATION**

Employees will not unilaterally make a public notification advising the community of a particular registrant's presence in the community. Employees who identify a significant risk or other public safety issue associated with a registrant should promptly advise their supervisor. The supervisor should evaluate the request and forward the information to the Operations Commander if warranted. A determination will be made by the Chief of Police or designee, with the assistance of legal counsel as necessary, whether such a public alert should be made.

Members of the public requesting information on registrants should be provided the Sex Offender Inquiry System (<http://sexoffenders.oregon.gov/>), or referred to the Oregon State Police.

The Records Supervisor may release local registered offender information to residents in accordance with state law and in compliance with Oregon Public Records Law requests (ORS 163A.215; ORS 163A.225; ORS 192.311 to ORS 192.499).

## Major Incident Notification

### 327.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to members of this department in determining when, how and to whom notification of major incidents should be made.

### 327.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department recognizes that certain incidents should be brought to the attention of supervisors or other specified personnel of this department to facilitate the coordination of activities and ensure that inquiries from the media and the public may be properly addressed.

### 327.3 MINIMUM CRITERIA FOR NOTIFICATION

Most situations where the media show a strong interest are also of interest to the Chief of Police and the affected Division Commander. The following list of incident types is provided as a guide for notification and is not intended to be all-inclusive:

- Homicides
- Traffic accidents with fatalities
- Officer-involved shooting on or off duty (see the Officer-Involved Shooting Policy for special notifications)
- Significant injury or death to an employee on or off duty
- Death of a prominent official
- Arrest of department employee or prominent official
- Aircraft crash with major damage and/or injury or death
- In-custody deaths
- Any other event likely to attract media attention

### 327.4 WATCH COMMANDER RESPONSIBILITY

The Watch Commander is responsible for making the appropriate notifications. The Watch Commander shall make reasonable attempts to obtain as much information on the incident as possible before notification. The Watch Commander shall attempt to make the notifications as soon as practicable.

#### 327.4.1 STAFF NOTIFICATION

In the event a major incident occurs the Operations Commander shall be notified, along with any other affected Division Commander. The Operations Commander will notify the Chief of Police as appropriate.

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##### 327.4.2 DETECTIVE NOTIFICATION

If the incident requires that a detective respond from home, the detective supervisor shall be contacted who will then contact the appropriate detective.

##### 327.4.3 TRAFFIC DIVISION NOTIFICATION

In the event of a traffic fatality or major injury, the Watch Commander shall contact the appropriate accident investigator. The Watch Commander should also notify the Operations Commander.

During these infrequent major traffic events, the WC is in charge of the scene and responsible for the initial direction and coordination of the case. Once traffic officer(s) are in place, they will likely take over as the primary coordinator and make necessary assignments based on the circumstances present. The WC maintains supervisory control as long as necessary and will keep other supervisors and officers apprised of the case as necessary. Since these types of events are infrequent, the following information is intended to be used as a guide only;

##### **Initial WC Responsibilities:**

Call out traffic officers as necessary. One traffic officer should be assigned as the primary investigator and the other may be assigned to assist, as determined necessary by the WC and case officer.

Notify CID Commander. CID Commander will determine which detective will respond, if appropriate. The detective may be assigned such tasks as interviews, search warrants, etc.

Notify DA Office.

Assign someone to secure scene initially if necessary

Assign someone to respond to hospital initially to monitor suspects, victims, etc. if necessary

Ensure proper notifications such as DMV, next of kin, etc. are assigned when necessary

##### **Investigative Team:**

The investigative team will generally consist of the following;

Initial Patrol Officer - assigned as primary case officer unless reassigned by WC

WC - initial coordination, facilitation, etc.

Traffic Officer(s) - generally responsible for coordinating reconstruction, as well as overall case

CID - assist as needed with interviews, specialized search warrants, etc.

DA Office - search warrant review, general guidance, case prosecution, etc.

##### **Additional Personnel that may be needed:**

Additional Patrol Officers - assigned as needed

Outside Agencies - reconstructionist, manpower, etc.

DRE - search warrant, assist as needed

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##### 327.4.4 COMMUNITY RESOURCE SERGEANT / PIO (PIO)

The Public Information Officer may be called after members of staff have been notified that it appears the media may have a significant interest in the incident.



## Death Investigation

### 328.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The investigations of cases involving death include those ranging from natural cause to homicide. Some causes of death may not be readily apparent and some cases differ substantially from what they appeared to be initially. The thoroughness of death investigations cannot be emphasized enough.

### 328.2 INVESTIGATION CONSIDERATIONS

Death investigation cases require certain actions be taken. Medics shall be called in all suspected death cases unless the death is obvious (decapitated, decomposed, etc.). Officers are not authorized to pronounce death. A supervisor shall be notified in all death investigations.

#### 328.2.1 MEDICAL EXAMINER NOTIFICATION

Oregon Revised Statutes 146.090 requires that a medical examiner must be notified in the following circumstances. Any death:

- (a) Apparently homicidal, suicidal or occurring under suspicious or unknown circumstances
- (b) Resulting from the unlawful use of controlled substances or the use or abuse of chemicals or toxic agents
- (c) Occurring while incarcerated in any jail, correction facility, or in police custody
- (d) Apparently accidental or following an injury
- (e) By disease, injury or toxic agent during or arising from employment
- (f) While not under the care of a physician during the period immediately previous to death
- (g) Related to disease which might constitute a threat to the public health
- (h) In which a human body apparently has been disposed of in a manner that is offensive to the generally accepted standards of the community

The body, effects of the deceased, and any instruments or weapons related to the death shall not be disturbed or moved from the position or place of death without permission of the Medical Examiner, medical-legal death investigator or the District Attorney (ORS 146.103).

A Medical Examiner, medical-legal death investigator or District Attorney, in conjunction with the Roseburg Police Department and/or the county Major Crime Team, shall take custody of, or exercise control over the body, the effects of the deceased and any weapons, instruments, vehicles, buildings or premises which the medical examiner has reason to believe were involved in the death, in order to preserve evidence related to the cause and manner of death (ORS 146.103).

The members of the Roseburg Police Department will work cooperatively with both the Medical Examiner's Office and the District Attorney in all death investigations.

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##### 328.2.2 SEARCHING DEAD BODIES

Whenever possible, a witness, preferably a relative to the deceased or a member of the household, should be requested to remain at the scene with the officer pending the arrival of the Medical Examiner. The name and address of this person shall be included in the narrative of the death report. Whenever personal effects are removed from the body of the deceased, a receipt shall be obtained. This receipt shall be attached to the death report.

Officers must make a reasonable search of an individual who reasonably appears to be dead or near death for a document of gift or other information identifying the individual as a donor or as an individual who made a donor refusal. If a document of gift or a refusal to make an anatomical gift is located and the individual or deceased individual is taken to a hospital, the officer must alert the hospital staff to the documentation and forward it to the hospital (ORS 97.970). Officers must consider the integrity of the scene and evidence collection issues when deciding whether a search is reasonable.

##### 328.2.3 DEATH NOTIFICATION

When practical, and if not handled by the Medical Examiner's Office, notification to the next-of-kin of the deceased person shall be made, in person, by the officer assigned to the incident. If the next-of-kin lives in another jurisdiction, a law enforcement official from that jurisdiction shall be requested to make the personal notification. If the relatives live outside this county, the Medical Examiner may be requested to make the notification. The Medical Examiner should be advised if notification has been made. Upon identifying the body, investigators shall attempt to locate the next of kin or responsible friends to obtain the designation of a funeral home to which the deceased is to be taken.

##### 328.2.4 DEATH INVESTIGATION REPORTING

All incidents involving a death shall be documented on the appropriate form.

##### 328.2.5 SUSPECTED HOMICIDE

If the initially assigned officer suspects that the death involves a homicide or other suspicious circumstances, the Investigations Division shall be notified to determine the possible need for a detective to respond to the scene for further immediate investigation.

## Identity Theft

### 329.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Identity theft is a growing trend that frequently involves related crimes in multiple jurisdictions. A person commits the crime of identity theft if the person, with the intent to deceive or to defraud, obtains, possesses, transfers, creates, utters or converts to the person own use the personal identification of another person (Oregon Revised Statutes 165.800). This policy is intended to provide guidelines for the reporting and investigation of such crimes.

### 329.2 REPORTING

- (a) In an effort to maintain uniformity in reporting, officers presented with the crime of "identity theft" should initiate a report for victims residing within the jurisdiction of this department. For incidents of identity theft occurring outside this jurisdiction, officers should observe the following:
  - 1. For any victim not residing within this jurisdiction, the officer may either take a courtesy report to be forwarded to the victim's residence agency or the victim should be encouraged to promptly report the identity theft to the law enforcement agency where he or she resides.
- (b) While the crime of identity theft should be reported to the law enforcement agency where the victim resides, officers of this department should investigate and report crimes occurring within this jurisdiction which have resulted from the original identity theft (e.g., the identity theft occurred elsewhere, but the credit card fraud occurred and is reported in this jurisdiction).
- (c) Officers should include all known incidents of fraudulent activity (e.g., credit card number applied for in victim's name when the victim has never made such an application).
- (d) Officers should also cross-reference all known reports made by the victim (e.g., U.S. Secret Service, credit reporting bureaus, U.S. Postal Service and DMV) with all known report numbers.

## Communications with Persons with Disabilities

### 330.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to members when communicating with individuals with disabilities, including those who are deaf or hard of hearing, have impaired speech or vision, or are blind, to ensure compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

#### 330.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Auxiliary aids** - Tools used to communicate with people who have a disability or impairment. They include, but are not limited to, the use of gestures or visual aids to supplement oral communication; a notepad and pen or pencil to exchange written notes; a computer or typewriter; an assistive listening system or device to amplify sound; a teletypewriter (TTY) or videophones (video relay service or VRS); taped text; qualified readers or a qualified interpreter.

**Disability or impairment** - A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major life activity, including hearing or seeing, regardless of whether the disabled person uses assistive or adaptive devices or auxiliary aids. Individuals who wear ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses are not considered to have a disability (42 USC § 12102).

**Qualified interpreter** - A person who is able to interpret effectively, accurately and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary. Qualified interpreters include oral interpreters, transliterators, sign language interpreters and intermediary interpreters.

### 330.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to reasonably ensure that people with disabilities, including victims, witnesses, suspects and arrestees have equal access to law enforcement services, programs and activities. Members must make efforts to communicate effectively with individuals with disabilities.

The Department will not discriminate against or deny any individual access to services, rights or programs based upon disabilities.

### 330.3 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES (ADA) COORDINATOR

The ADA Coordinator for the City of Roseburg is the HR Manager.

The responsibilities of the ADA Coordinator shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Ensure the city's efforts to provide equal access to services, programs and activities.
- (b) Developing reports, new procedures, or recommending modifications to this policy.
- (c) Acting as a liaison with local disability advocacy groups or other disability groups regarding access to Department services, programs and activities.

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- (d) Ensuring that a list of qualified interpreter services is maintained and available to each Watch Commander. The list should include information regarding the following:
  - 1. Contact information
  - 2. Availability
- (e) Developing procedures that will enable members to access auxiliary aids or services, including qualified interpreters, and ensure the procedures are available to all members.
- (f) Ensuring signage is posted in appropriate areas, indicating that auxiliary aids are available free of charge to people with disabilities.
- (g) Ensuring appropriate processes are in place to provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints and inquiries regarding discrimination in access to Department services, programs and activities.

#### **330.4 FACTORS TO CONSIDER**

Because the nature of any law enforcement contact may vary substantially from one situation to the next, members of this Department should consider all information reasonably available to them when determining how to communicate with an individual with a disability. Members should carefully balance all known factors in an effort to reasonably ensure people who are disabled have equal access to services, programs and activities. These factors may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Members should not always assume that effective communication is being achieved. The fact that an individual appears to be nodding in agreement does not always mean he/she completely understands the message. When there is any doubt, members should ask the individual to communicate back or otherwise demonstrate their understanding.
- (b) The nature of the disability (e.g., deafness or blindness vs. hard of hearing or low vision).
- (c) The nature of the law enforcement contact (e.g., emergency vs. non-emergency, custodial vs. consensual contact).
- (d) The availability of auxiliary aids. The fact that a particular aid is not available does not eliminate the obligation to reasonably ensure access. However, in an emergency, availability may factor into the type of aid used.

#### **330.5 INITIAL AND IMMEDIATE CONSIDERATIONS**

Recognizing that various law enforcement encounters may be potentially volatile and/or emotionally charged, members should remain alert to the possibility of communication problems.

Members should exercise special care in the use of all gestures, and verbal and written communication to minimize initial confusion and misunderstanding when dealing with any individual with known or suspected disabilities.

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In a non-emergency situation, when a member knows or suspects an individual requires assistance to effectively communicate, the member shall identify the individual's choice of auxiliary aid or service.

The individual's preferred communication method must be honored unless another effective method of communication exists under the circumstances (28 CFR 35.160).

Factors to consider when determining whether an alternative method is effective include:

- (a) The methods of communication usually used by the individual.
- (b) The nature, length and complexity of the communication involved.
- (c) The context of the communication.

In emergency situations involving an imminent threat to the safety or welfare of any person, members may use whatever auxiliary aids and services that reasonably appear effective under the circumstances. This may include, for example, exchanging written notes or using the services of a person who knows sign language but is not a qualified interpreter, even if the person who is deaf or hard of hearing would prefer a qualified sign language interpreter or another appropriate auxiliary aid or service. Once the emergency has ended, the continued method of communication should be reconsidered. The member should inquire as to the individual's preference and give primary consideration to that preference.

If an individual who is deaf, hard of hearing or has impaired speech must be handcuffed while in the custody of the Roseburg Police Department, consideration should be given, safety permitting, to placing the handcuffs in the front of the body to facilitate communication using sign language or writing.

#### **330.6 TYPES OF ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE**

Roseburg Police Department members shall never refuse to assist an individual with disabilities who is requesting assistance. The Department will not charge anyone to receive auxiliary aids, nor shall they require anyone to furnish their own auxiliary aid or service as a condition for receiving assistance. The Department will make every reasonable effort to provide equal access and timely assistance to individuals who are disabled through a variety of services.

A person who is disabled may choose to accept Department-provided auxiliary aids or services or they may choose to provide their own.

Department-provided auxiliary aids or services may include, but are not limited to, the assistance methods described in this policy.

#### **330.7 AUDIO RECORDINGS AND ENLARGED PRINT**

The Department may develop audio recordings to assist people who are blind or have a visual impairment with accessing important information. If such a recording is not available, members may read aloud from the appropriate form, for example a personnel complaint form, or provide forms with enlarged print.

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##### **330.8 QUALIFIED INTERPRETERS**

A qualified interpreter may be needed in lengthy or complex transactions (e.g., interviewing a victim, witness, suspect or arrestee), if the individual to be interviewed normally relies on sign language or speechreading (lip-reading) to understand what others are saying. The qualified interpreter should not be a person with an interest in the case or the investigation. A person providing interpretation services may be required to establish the accuracy and trustworthiness of the interpretation in a court proceeding.

Qualified interpreters should be:

- (a) Available within a reasonable amount of time but in no event longer than one hour if requested.
- (b) Experienced in providing interpretation services related to law enforcement matters.
- (c) Familiar with the use of VRS and/or video remote interpreting services.
- (d) Certified in either American Sign Language (ASL) or Signed English (SE).
- (e) Able to understand and adhere to the interpreter role without deviating into other roles, such as counselor or legal adviser.
- (f) Knowledgeable of the ethical issues involved when providing interpreter services.

Members should use Department-approved procedures to request a qualified interpreter at the earliest reasonable opportunity, and generally not more than 15 minutes after a request for an interpreter has been made or it is reasonably apparent that an interpreter is needed. No individual who is disabled shall be required to provide his/her own interpreter (28 CFR 35.160).

##### **330.9 TTY AND RELAY SERVICES**

In situations where an individual without a disability would have access to a telephone (e.g., booking or attorney contacts), members must also provide those who are deaf, hard of hearing or have impaired speech the opportunity to place calls using an available TTY (also known as a telecommunications device for deaf people, or TDD). Members shall provide additional time, as needed, for effective communication due to the slower nature of TTY and TDD communications.

The Department will accept all TTY or TDD calls placed by those who are deaf or hard of hearing and received via a telecommunications relay service (28 CFR 35.162).

Note that relay services translate verbatim, so the conversation must be conducted as if speaking directly to the caller.

##### **330.10 COMMUNITY VOLUNTEERS AND OTHER RESOURCES**

Interpreter services and other services that may be used as resources during contacts with persons with disabilities and / or impairments may be available from community volunteers who have demonstrated competence in communication services, such as ASL or SE, and have been approved by the Department to provide interpreter services. These resources may be accessed via; dispatch, other agencies, and the City of Roseburg shared drive - EOC folder.

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Where qualified interpreters are unavailable to assist, approved community volunteers who have demonstrated competence may be called upon when appropriate. However, Department members must carefully consider the nature of the contact and the relationship between the individual with the disability and the volunteer to ensure that the volunteer can provide neutral and unbiased assistance.

#### **330.11 FAMILY AND FRIENDS**

While family or friends may offer to assist with interpretation, members should carefully consider the circumstances before relying on such individuals. The nature of the contact and relationship between the individual with the disability and the person offering services must be carefully considered (e.g., victim/suspect).

Children shall not be relied upon except in emergency or critical situations when there is no qualified interpreter reasonably available.

Adults may be relied upon when (28 CFR 35.160):

- (a) There is an emergency or critical situation and there is no qualified interpreter reasonably available.
- (b) The person with the disability requests that the adult interpret or facilitate communication and the adult agrees to provide such assistance, and reliance on that adult for such assistance is reasonable under the circumstances.

#### **330.12 REPORTING**

Whenever any member of this Department is required to complete a report or other documentation, and communication assistance has been provided, such services should be noted in the related report. Members should document the type of communication services utilized and whether the individual elected to use services provided by the Department or some other identified source. If the individual's express preference is not honored, the member must document why another method of communication was used.

All written communications exchanged in a criminal case shall be attached to the report or placed into evidence.

#### **330.13 FIELD ENFORCEMENT**

Field enforcement will generally include such contacts as traffic stops, pedestrian stops, serving warrants and restraining orders, crowd/traffic control and other routine field contacts that may involve individuals with disabilities. The scope and nature of these activities and contacts will inevitably vary.

The Department recognizes that it would be virtually impossible to provide immediate access to complete communication services to every member of this Department. Members and/or supervisors must assess each situation and consider the length, complexity and importance of the communication, as well as the individual's preferred method of communication, when determining the type of resources to use and whether a qualified interpreter is needed.



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Although not every situation can be addressed in this policy, it is important that members are able to effectively communicate the reason for a contact, the need for information and the meaning or consequences of any enforcement action. For example, it would be meaningless to verbally request consent to search if the officer is unable to effectively communicate with an individual who is deaf or hard of hearing and requires communications assistance.

If available, officers should obtain the assistance of a qualified interpreter before placing an individual with a disability under arrest. Individuals who are arrested and are assisted by service animals should be permitted to make arrangements for the care of such animals prior to transport.

#### **330.13.1 FIELD RESOURCES**

Examples of methods that may be sufficient for transactions, such as checking a license or giving directions to a location or for urgent situations such as responding to a violent crime in progress, may, depending on the circumstances, include such simple things as:

- (a) Hand gestures or visual aids with an individual who is deaf, hard of hearing or has impaired speech.
- (b) Exchange of written notes or communications.
- (c) Verbal communication with an individual who can speechread by facing the individual and speaking slowly and clearly.
- (d) Use of computer, word processing, personal communication device or similar device to exchange texts or notes.
- (e) Slowly and clearly speaking or reading simple terms to individuals who have a visual or mental impairment.

Members should be aware that these techniques may not provide effective communication as required by law and this policy depending on the circumstances.

#### **330.14 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS**

In an effort to ensure that the rights of individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech impairment are protected during a custodial interrogation, this Department will provide interpreter services before beginning an interrogation, unless exigent circumstances exist or the individual has made a clear indication that he/she understands the process and desires to proceed without an interpreter. The use of a video remote interpreting service should be considered, where appropriate, if a live interpreter is not available. *Miranda* warnings shall be provided to suspects who are deaf or hard of hearing by a qualified interpreter or by providing a written *Miranda* warning card.

In order to ensure that communications during custodial investigations are accurately documented and are admissible as evidence, interrogations should be recorded whenever reasonably possible. See guidance on recording custodial interrogations in the Investigation and Prosecution Policy.

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##### **330.14.1 INTERPRETER REQUIRED IN ARRESTS**

An officer who arrests a person who is deaf, has a physical hearing impairment or physical speaking impairment shall, prior to any interrogation or the taking of a statement, make available a qualified interpreter to assist throughout the interrogation or taking of the statement. Fees and expenses of the interpreter will be paid as specified by Oregon law (ORS 133.515).

##### **330.15 ARRESTS AND BOOKINGS**

If an individual with speech or hearing disabilities is arrested, the arresting officer shall use Department-approved procedures to provide a qualified interpreter at the place of arrest or booking as soon as reasonably practicable, unless the individual indicates that he/she prefers a different auxiliary aid or service or the officer reasonably determines another effective method of communication exists under the circumstances.

When gathering information during the booking process, members should remain alert to the impediments that often exist when communicating with those who are deaf, hard of hearing, who have impaired speech or vision, are blind, or have other disabilities. In the interest of the arrestee's health and welfare, the safety and security of the facility and to protect individual rights, it is important that accurate medical screening and booking information be obtained. If necessary, members should seek the assistance of a qualified interpreter whenever there is concern that accurate information cannot be obtained or that booking instructions may not be properly understood by the individual.

Individuals who require and possess personally owned communication aids (e.g., hearing aids, cochlear processors) should be permitted to retain them while in custody.

##### **330.16 COMPLAINTS**

The Department shall ensure that individuals with disabilities who wish to file a complaint regarding members of this Department are able to do so. The Department may provide a qualified interpreter or forms in enlarged print, as appropriate. Complaints will be referred to the ADA Coordinator.

Investigations into such complaints shall be handled in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy. Qualified interpreters used during the investigation of a complaint should not be members of this Department.

##### **330.17 COMMUNITY OUTREACH**

Community outreach programs and other such services offered by this Department are important to the ultimate success of more traditional law enforcement duties. This Department will continue to work with community groups, local businesses and neighborhoods to provide equal access to such programs and services.

##### **330.18 TRAINING**

To ensure that all members who may have contact with individuals who are disabled are properly trained, the Department will provide periodic training that should include:

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- (a) Awareness and understanding of this policy and related procedures, related forms and available resources.
- (b) Procedures for accessing qualified interpreters and other available resources.

The Administrative Sergeant is responsible for ensuring new members receive training related to interacting with individuals who have disabilities, including individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, who have impaired speech or vision, or are blind. Those who may have contact with such individuals should receive refresher training at least once every two years thereafter. The Administrative Sergeant maintains records of all training provided.

## Stalking

### **331.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

This policy establishes procedures for the investigation and enforcement of stalking complaints (ORS 163.730 et seq.).

### **331.2 POLICY**

Stalking behavior frequently results in serious injury and emotional trauma to victims and it is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to ensure that complaints of stalking will be given high priority and that every formal stalking complaint will be thoroughly investigated and forwarded to the District Attorney's Office.

### **331.3 UNIFORM STALKING COMPLAINT**

The Department will make available an Oregon Uniform Stalking Complaint form to any person desiring to file a stalking complaint regardless of where the violation is alleged to have occurred. Officers will provide reasonable assistance as necessary to petitioners to properly complete and sign the form.

Upon receipt of a Uniform Stalking Complaint, officers shall complete a thorough investigation. All stalking incident reports and the results of any investigation shall be forwarded to the District Attorney's Office within three days, regardless of whether any civil or criminal action was taken (ORS 163.744; ORS 163.738(7)).

### **331.4 UNIFORM STALKING CITATION**

If after investigating a stalking complaint the officer has probable cause to believe that the offense of stalking has occurred as provided in ORS 163.732(1), the officer shall issue and attempt to serve a Uniform Stalking Citation to the respondent to appear in court within three judicial days of service to determine if a Stalking Protective Order will be issued (ORS 163.735; ORS 163.738).

#### **331.4.1 SERVICE OF STALKING CITATIONS**

If the Uniform Stalking Citation is served on a respondent, the District Attorney's Office will initiate the hearing process. Officers should:

- (a) Advise the respondent of the following:
  1. The court date and time and location of appearance
  2. The contents of the citation and the state and federal law restrictions contained on the front and back of the respondent's copy of the citation
  3. That if the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, a warrant will be issued for their arrest, as well as a Stalking Protective Order
  4. That engaging in behavior that alarms or coerces the petitioner may result in their arrest

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- (b) Provide a copy to the petitioner and advise the petitioner that they must also appear at the hearing or the complaint will be dismissed and the Stalking Protective Order will not be issued.

If there is probable cause to issue a citation, but the citation is not served, officers should:

- (a) Document attempts to serve the respondent.
- (b) Refer the victim to the following for assistance in obtaining a civil Stalking Protective Order:
  1. A private attorney
  2. Legal Aid
  3. The District Attorney's office Victim Assistance Unit

#### **331.5 ARREST**

Officers may arrest or cite a suspect for any criminal offense committed (including stalking) if the statutory elements have been met, as well as issue a (civil) Uniform Stalking Citation; the two actions are not mutually exclusive.

##### **331.5.1 STALKING PROTECTIVE ORDERS**

Once the court issues a Stalking Protective Order and it is served on the respondent, officers may arrest the respondent for violating the terms of the order (ORS 163.750).

##### **331.6 RESTRAINING ORDERS**

Court stalking orders and restraining orders are different and are not mutually exclusive. Stalking reports may be appropriate even if a valid restraining order is in place.

## Child and Dependent Adult Safety

### 332.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure that children and dependent adults are not left without appropriate care in the event their caregiver or guardian is arrested or otherwise prevented from providing care due to actions taken by members of this department.

This policy does not address the actions to be taken during the course of a child abuse or dependent adult investigation. These are covered in the Child Abuse Policy and the Adult Abuse Policy.

### 332.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department to mitigate, to the extent reasonably possible, the stressful experience individuals may have when their parent or caregiver is arrested. The Roseburg Police Department will endeavor to create a strong, cooperative relationship with local, state and community-based social services to ensure an effective, collaborative response that addresses the needs of those affected.

### 332.3 PROCEDURES DURING AN ARREST

When encountering an arrest or prolonged detention situation officers should make reasonable attempts to determine if the arrestee is responsible for children or dependent adults. In some cases this may be obvious, such as when children or dependent adults are present. However, officers should inquire if the arrestee has caregiver responsibilities for any children or dependent adults who are without appropriate supervision. The following steps should be taken:

- (a) Inquire about and confirm the location of any children or dependent adults.
- (b) Look for evidence of children and dependent adults. Officers should be mindful that some arrestees may conceal the fact that they have a dependent for fear the individual may be taken from them.
- (c) Consider inquiring of witnesses, neighbors, friends and relatives of the arrestee as to whether the person is responsible for a child or dependent adult.

Whenever reasonably possible, officers should take reasonable steps to accomplish the arrest of a parent, guardian or caregiver out of the presence of his/her child or dependent adult. Removing children or dependent adults from the scene in advance of the arrest will generally ensure the best outcome for the individual.

Whenever it is safe to do so, officers should allow the parent or caregiver to assure children or dependent adults that they will be provided care. If this is not safe or if the demeanor of the parent or caregiver suggests this conversation would be non-productive, the officer at the scene should explain the reason for the arrest in age-appropriate language and offer reassurance to the child or dependent adult that he/she will receive appropriate care.

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##### 332.3.1 AFTER AN ARREST

Whenever an arrest is made, the officer should take all reasonable steps to ensure the safety of the arrestee's disclosed or discovered children or dependent adults.

Officers should allow the arrestee reasonable time to arrange for care of children and dependent adults. Temporary placement with family or friends may be appropriate. However, any decision should give priority to a care solution that is in the best interest of the child or dependent adult. In such cases the following guidelines should be followed:

- (a) Allow the person reasonable time to arrange for the care of children and dependent adults with a responsible party, as appropriate.
  1. Unless there is evidence to the contrary (e.g., signs of abuse, drug use, unsafe environment), officers should respect the parent or caregiver's judgment regarding arrangements for care. It is generally best if the child or dependent adult remains with relatives or family friends that he/she knows and trusts because familiarity with surroundings and consideration for comfort, emotional state and safety are important.
  2. Except when a court order exists limiting contact, the officer should attempt to locate and place children or dependent adults with the non-arrested parent, guardian or caregiver.
- (b) Provide for the immediate supervision of children or dependent adults until an appropriate caregiver arrives.
- (c) Notify Child Protective Services, if appropriate.
- (d) Notify the Watch Commander of the disposition of children or dependent adults.

If children or dependent adults are at school or another known location outside the household at the time of arrest, the arresting officer should attempt to contact the school or other known location and inform the principal or appropriate responsible adult of the caregiver's arrest and of the arrangements being made for the care of the arrestee's dependent. The result of such actions should be documented in the associated report.

##### 332.3.2 REPORTING

- (a) For all arrests where children are present or living in the household, the reporting member will document the following information:
  1. Name
  2. Sex
  3. Age
  4. How, where and with whom or which agency the child was placed

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- (b) For all arrests where dependent adults are present or living in the household, the reporting member will document the following information:
1. Name
  2. Sex
  3. Age
  4. Whether he/she reasonably appears able to care for him/herself
  5. Disposition or placement information if he/she is unable to care for him/herself

#### **332.3.3 SUPPORT AND COUNSELING REFERRAL**

If, in the judgment of the handling officers, the child or dependent adult would benefit from additional assistance, such as counseling services, contact with a victim advocate or a crisis telephone number, the appropriate referral information may be provided.

#### **332.4 DEPENDENT WELFARE SERVICES**

Whenever an arrestee is unwilling or incapable of arranging for the appropriate care of any child or dependent adult, the handling officer should consider contacting the appropriate welfare service or other department-approved social service to determine whether protective custody is appropriate.

Only when other reasonable options are exhausted should a child or dependent adult be transported to the police facility, transported in a marked law enforcement vehicle or taken into formal protective custody.

Under no circumstances should a child or dependent adult be left unattended or without appropriate care.



## Service Animals

### 333.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Service animals play an important role in helping to overcome the limitations often faced by people with disabilities. The Roseburg Police Department recognizes this need and is committed to making reasonable modifications to its policies, practices and procedures in accordance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) to permit the use of service animals that are individually trained to assist a person with a disability.

### 333.2 SERVICE ANIMALS

The ADA defines a service animal as any dog or miniature horse that is individually trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of an individual with a disability, including a physical, sensory, psychiatric, intellectual or other mental disability. The work or tasks performed by a service animal must be directly related to the owner's disability (28 CFR 35.104).

#### 333.2.1 STATE LAW

Oregon law expands the definition of a service or assistance animal to include a dog or other animal designated by administrative rule that is individually trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of an individual (2013 Oregon Laws c. 530 § 2).

#### 333.2.2 USE OF SERVICE ANIMALS

Some service animals may be readily identifiable. However, many do not have a distinctive symbol, harness or collar. Service animals are not pets and may be trained by an individual or organization to assist people with disabilities.

The following examples are some of the ways service animals may be used to provide assistance:

- Guiding people who are blind or have low vision.
- Alerting people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
- Retrieving or picking up items, opening doors or flipping switches for people who have limited use of their hands, arms or legs.
- Pulling wheelchairs.
- Providing physical support and assisting people with stability and balance.
- Doing work or performing tasks for persons with traumatic brain injury, intellectual disabilities or psychiatric disabilities, such as reminding a person with depression to take medication.
- Alerting a person with anxiety to the onset of panic attacks, providing tactile stimulation to calm a person with post-traumatic stress disorder, assisting people with schizophrenia to distinguish between hallucinations and reality, and helping people with traumatic brain injury to locate misplaced items or follow daily routines.

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#### **333.3 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Service animals that are assisting individuals with disabilities are permitted in all public facilities and areas where the general public is allowed. Department members are expected to treat individuals with service animals with the same courtesy and respect that the Roseburg Police Department affords to all members of the public.

If an animal exhibits vicious behavior, poses a direct threat to the health of others or unreasonably disrupts or interferes with normal business operations an officer may direct the owner to remove the animal from the premises. Barking alone is not a threat nor does a direct threat exist if the person takes prompt, effective action to control the animal. Each incident must be considered individually and past incidents alone are not cause for excluding a service animal. Removal of a service animal may not be used as a reason to refuse service to an individual with disabilities. Members of this department are expected to provide all services as are reasonably available to an individual with a disability.

If it is apparent or if an officer is aware the animal is a service animal, the owner should not be asked any questions as to the status of the animal. If it is unclear whether an animal meets the definition of a service animal, the officer should ask the individual only the following questions:

- Is the animal required because of a disability?
- What task or service has the service animal been trained to perform?

If the individual explains that the animal is required because of a disability and has been trained to work or perform at least one task the animal meets the definition of a service animal and no further question as to the animal's status should be asked. The person should not be questioned about his/her disabilities nor should the person be asked to provide any license, certification or identification card for the service animal.

Service animals are not pets. Department members should not interfere with the important work performed by a service animal by talking to, petting or otherwise initiating contact with a service animal.

When handling calls of a complaint regarding a service animal, members of this department should remain neutral and should be prepared to explain the ADA requirements concerning service animals to the concerned parties. Businesses are required to allow service animals to accompany their owner into all areas that other customers or members of the public are allowed.

Absent a violation of law independent of the ADA, officers should take no enforcement action beyond keeping the peace. Individuals who believe they have been discriminated against as the result of a disability should be referred to the Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Department of Justice.

## Volunteer Program

### 334.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of this department to use qualified volunteers for specified tasks and duties in order to create efficiencies for the Department and improve services to the community. Volunteers are intended to supplement and support, rather than supplant, sworn officers and civilian personnel. Volunteers can be an important part of any organization and have proven to be a valuable asset to law enforcement agencies. Volunteers help to increase departmental responsiveness, delivery of services and information input, and provide new program opportunities. In addition, volunteers bring new skills and expertise to the Department and prompt new enthusiasm.

#### 334.1.1 DEFINITION OF VOLUNTEER

An individual who performs a service for the Department without promise, expectation or receipt of compensation for services rendered. This may include unpaid chaplains, unpaid reserve officers, interns, persons providing administrative support and youth involved in a law enforcement Explorer Post, among others.

### 334.2 VOLUNTEER MANAGEMENT

#### 334.2.1 VOLUNTEER COORDINATOR

The Volunteer Coordinator shall be appointed by the Operations Commander. The function of the Volunteer Coordinator is to provide a central coordinating point for effective volunteer management within the Department, and to direct and assist staff and volunteer efforts to jointly provide more productive services. The Volunteer Coordinator should work with other Department staff on an ongoing basis to assist in the development and implementation of volunteer-staffed positions.

The Volunteer Coordinator, or his/her designee, shall be responsible for the following:

- (a) Recruiting, selecting and training qualified volunteers for various positions.
- (b) Facilitating the implementation of new volunteer activities and assignments.
- (c) Maintaining records for each volunteer.
- (d) Tracking and evaluating the contribution of volunteers.
- (e) Maintaining and outlining expectations, policies and responsibilities for all volunteers.
- (f) Maintaining a record of volunteer schedules and work hours.
- (g) Completion and dissemination as appropriate of all necessary paperwork and information.
- (h) Planning periodic recognition events.
- (i) Administering discipline when warranted.

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- (j) Maintaining liaison with other volunteer-utilizing programs in the community and assisting in community-wide efforts to recognize and promote volunteering.

#### 334.2.2 RECRUITMENT

Volunteers should be recruited on an ongoing basis consistent with department policy on equal opportunity nondiscriminatory employment. A primary qualification for participation in the application process should be an interest in, and an ability to assist the Department in serving the public.

#### 334.2.3 SCREENING

All prospective volunteers should complete the volunteer application form. The Volunteer Coordinator or designee should conduct a face-to-face interview with an applicant under consideration.

A documented background investigation shall be completed on each volunteer applicant and shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- (a) Traffic and criminal background check. Fingerprints shall be obtained from all applicants and processed through the Oregon State Police Clearinghouse Unit.
- (b) Employment.
- (c) References.

#### 334.2.4 SELECTION AND PLACEMENT

Service as a volunteer with the Department shall begin with an official notice of acceptance or appointment to a volunteer position. Notice may only be given by an authorized representative of the Department, who will normally be the Volunteer Coordinator. No volunteer should begin any assignment until they have been officially accepted for that position and completed all required screening and paperwork.

Volunteers should be placed only in assignments or programs that are consistent with their knowledge, skills, abilities and the needs of the Department.

#### 334.2.5 TRAINING

Volunteers will be provided with an orientation program to acquaint them with the Department, personnel, policies and procedures that have a direct impact on their work assignment.

Volunteers should receive position-specific training to ensure they have adequate knowledge and skills to complete tasks required by the position and should receive periodic ongoing training as deemed appropriate by their supervisor or the Volunteer Coordinator.

Training should reinforce to volunteers that they may not intentionally represent themselves as, or by omission infer that they are sworn officers or other full-time members of the Department. They shall always represent themselves as volunteers.

All volunteers shall comply with the rules of conduct and with all orders and directives, either oral or written, issued by the Department.

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##### **334.2.6 FITNESS FOR DUTY**

No volunteer shall report to work or be on-duty when his/her judgment or physical condition has been impaired by alcohol, medication, other substances, illness or injury.

Volunteers shall report to their supervisor any changes in status that may affect their ability to fulfill their duties. This includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Driver's license
- (b) Medical condition
- (c) Arrests
- (d) Criminal investigations

All volunteers shall adhere to the guidelines set forth by this department regarding drug and alcohol use.

##### **334.2.7 DRESS CODE**

As representatives of the Department, volunteers are responsible for presenting a professional image to the community. Volunteers shall dress appropriately for the conditions and performance of their duties.

Volunteers shall conform to department-approved dress consistent with their duty assignment. Uniforms authorized for volunteers should be readily distinguishable from those worn by sworn officers. The uniform or identifiable parts of the uniform shall not be worn while off-duty except volunteers may choose to wear the uniform while in transit to or from official department assignments or functions provided an outer garment is worn over the uniform shirt so as not to bring attention to the volunteer while he/she is off duty.

Volunteers shall be required to return any issued uniform or department property at the termination of service.

##### **334.3 CONFIDENTIALITY**

Volunteers shall not address public gatherings, appear on radio or television, prepare any article for publication, act as correspondents to a newspaper or other periodical, release or divulge any information concerning the activities of the Department, or maintain that they represent the Department in such matters without permission from the proper department personnel.

##### **334.4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Volunteers will be issued an identification card that must be possessed at all times while on-duty.

Any fixed and portable equipment issued by the Department shall be for official and authorized use only. Any property or equipment issued to a volunteer shall remain the property of the Department and shall be returned at the termination of service.

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##### 334.4.1 VEHICLE USE

Volunteers assigned to duties such as vacation house checks or other assignments that require the use of a vehicle must first complete the following:

- (a) Verification that the volunteer possesses a valid Oregon Driver's License.
- (b) Verification that the volunteer carries current vehicle insurance.

When operating a Department vehicle, volunteers shall obey all rules of the road, including seat belt requirements. Smoking is prohibited in all Department vehicles.

Volunteers should not operate a marked patrol car unless there is a prominently placed sign indicating that it is out of service and volunteers are not authorized to operate a Department vehicle Code-3.

##### **334.5 DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES/TERMINATION**

A volunteer may be removed from the volunteer program at the discretion of the Chief of Police or the Volunteer Coordinator. Volunteers shall have no property interests in their continued appointment. However, if a volunteer is removed for alleged misconduct, the volunteer will be afforded an opportunity solely to clear his/her name through a liberty interest hearing which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Chief of Police or authorized designee.

Volunteers may resign from volunteer service with the Department at any time. It is requested that volunteers who intend to resign provide advance notice of their departure and a reason for their decision.

##### 334.5.1 EXIT INTERVIEWS

Exit interviews, where possible, should be conducted with volunteers who are leaving their positions. The interview should ascertain why the volunteer is leaving the position and solicit the volunteer's suggestions on improving the position. When appropriate, the interview should also include a discussion on the possibility of involvement in some other capacity with the Department.

## Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions

### 335.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The decision to become involved in a law enforcement action when off-duty can place an officer as well as others at great risk and must be done with careful consideration. This policy is intended to provide guidelines for officers of the Roseburg Police Department with respect to taking law enforcement action while off-duty.

### 335.2 POLICY

Initiating law enforcement action while off-duty is generally discouraged. Officers should not attempt to initiate enforcement action when witnessing minor crimes, such as suspected intoxicated drivers, reckless driving or minor property crimes. Such incidents should be promptly reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

Officers are not expected to place themselves in unreasonable peril. However, any sworn member of this department who becomes aware of an incident or circumstance that he/she reasonably believes poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death, or significant property damage may take reasonable action to minimize the threat.

When public safety or the prevention of major property damage requires immediate action, officers should first consider reporting and monitoring the activity and only take direct action as a last resort.

### 335.3 FIREARMS

Officers of this department may carry firearms while off-duty in accordance with federal regulations and department policy. All firearms and ammunition must meet guidelines as described in the department Firearms and Qualification Policy. When carrying firearms while off-duty officers shall also carry their department-issued badge and/or identification.

Officers should refrain from carrying firearms when the consumption of alcohol is likely or when the need to carry a firearm is outweighed by safety considerations. Firearms shall not be carried by any officer who has consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage or taken any drugs that would tend to adversely affect the officer's senses or judgment.

### 335.4 DECISION TO INTERVENE

There is no legal requirement for off-duty officers to take law enforcement action. However, should officers decide to intervene, they must evaluate whether the action is necessary or desirable, and should take into consideration the following:

- (a) The tactical disadvantage of being alone and the fact there may be multiple or hidden suspects.
- (b) The inability to communicate with responding units.
- (c) The lack of equipment, such as handcuffs, OC or baton.

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- (d) The lack of cover.
- (e) The potential for increased risk to bystanders if the off-duty officer were to intervene.
- (f) Unfamiliarity with the surroundings.
- (g) The potential for the off-duty officer to be misidentified by other peace officers or members of the public.

Officers should consider waiting for on-duty uniformed officers to arrive, and gather as much accurate intelligence as possible instead of immediately intervening.

#### **335.4.1 INTERVENTION PROCEDURE**

If involvement is reasonably necessary the officer should attempt to call or have someone else call 9-1-1 to request immediate assistance. The operator should be informed that an off-duty officer is on-scene and should be provided a description of the officer if possible.

Whenever practicable, the officer should loudly and repeatedly identify him/herself as a Roseburg Police Department officer until acknowledged. Official identification should also be displayed.

#### **335.4.2 INCIDENTS OF PERSONAL INTEREST**

Officers should refrain from handling incidents of personal interest, (e.g., family or neighbor disputes) and should remain neutral. In such circumstances officers should call the responsible agency to handle the matter.

#### **335.4.3 NON-SWORN RESPONSIBILITIES**

Non-sworn personnel should not become involved in any law enforcement actions while off-duty except to notify the local law enforcement authority and remain at the scene, if safe and practicable.

#### **335.4.4 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS**

When encountering a non-uniformed officer in public, uniformed officers should wait for acknowledgement by the non-uniformed officer in case he/she needs to maintain an undercover capability.

#### **335.5 REPORTING**

Any off-duty officer who engages in any law enforcement activity, regardless of jurisdiction, shall notify the Watch Commander as soon as practicable. The Watch Commander shall determine whether a report should be filed by the employee.

Officers should cooperate fully with the agency having jurisdiction in providing statements or reports as requested or as appropriate.



## Chaplains

### 336.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for Roseburg Police Department chaplains to provide counseling or emotional support to members of the Department, their families and members of the public.

### 336.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department shall ensure that department chaplains are properly appointed, trained and supervised to carry out their responsibilities without financial compensation.

### 336.3 ELIGIBILITY

Requirements for participation as a chaplain for the Department may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Being above reproach, temperate, prudent, respectable, hospitable, able to teach, be free from addiction to alcohol or other drugs, and excessive debt.
- (b) Managing their households, families and personal affairs well.
- (c) Having a good reputation in the community.
- (d) Successful completion of an appropriate-level background investigation.
- (e) A minimum of five years of successful counseling experience.
- (f) Possession of a valid driver license.

The Chief of Police may apply exceptions for eligibility based on organizational needs and the qualifications of the individual.

### 336.4 RECRUITMENT, SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT

The Roseburg Police Department shall endeavor to recruit and appoint only those applicants who meet the high ethical, moral and professional standards set forth by this department.

All applicants shall be required to meet and pass the same pre-employment procedures as department personnel before appointment.

#### 336.4.1 RECRUITMENT

Chaplains should be recruited consistent with department policy on equal opportunity and nondiscriminatory employment. A primary qualification for participation in the application process should be an interest in and an ability to assist the Department in serving the public. Chaplain candidates are encouraged to participate on ride-alongs with department members before and during the selection process.

#### 336.4.2 SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT

Chaplain candidates shall successfully complete the following process prior to appointment as a chaplain:

- (a) Submit the appropriate written application.

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- (b) Include a recommendation from employers or volunteer programs.
- (c) Interview with the Chief of Police and the chaplain coordinator.
- (d) Successfully complete an appropriate-level background investigation.

Chaplains are volunteers and serve at the discretion of the Chief of Police. Chaplains shall have no property interest in continued appointment. However, if a chaplain is removed, the chaplain will be afforded an opportunity solely to clear his/her name through a liberty interest hearing, which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

#### **336.5 IDENTIFICATION AND UNIFORMS**

As representatives of the Department, chaplains are responsible for presenting a professional image to the community. Chaplains shall dress appropriately for the conditions and performance of their duties. Uniforms and necessary safety equipment may be provided for each chaplain. Identification symbols worn by chaplains shall be different and distinct from those worn by officers through the inclusion of "Chaplain" on the uniform and not reflect any religious affiliation.

Chaplains will be issued Roseburg Police Department identification cards, which must be carried at all times while on-duty. The identification cards will be the standard Roseburg Police Department identification cards, with the exception that "Chaplain" will be indicated on the cards. Chaplains shall be required to return any issued uniforms or department property at the termination of service.

Chaplains shall conform to all uniform regulations and appearance standards of this department.

#### **336.6 CHAPLAIN COORDINATOR**

The Chief of Police shall delegate certain responsibilities to a chaplain coordinator. The coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Operations Commander.

The chaplain coordinator shall serve as the liaison between the chaplains and the Chief of Police. The function of the coordinator is to provide a central coordinating point for effective chaplain management within the Department, and to direct and assist efforts to jointly provide more productive chaplain services. Under the general direction of the Operations Commander or the authorized designee, chaplains shall report to the chaplain coordinator and/or Watch Commander.

The chaplain coordinator may appoint a senior chaplain or other designee to assist in the coordination of chaplains and their activities.

The responsibilities of the coordinator or the authorized designee include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Recruiting, selecting and training qualified chaplains.
- (b) Conducting chaplain meetings.
- (c) Establishing and maintaining a chaplain callout roster.
- (d) Maintaining records for each chaplain.
- (e) Tracking and evaluating the contribution of chaplains.
- (f) Maintaining a record of chaplain schedules and work hours.

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- (g) Completing and disseminating, as appropriate, all necessary paperwork and information.
- (h) Planning periodic recognition events.
- (i) Maintaining liaison with other agency chaplain coordinators.

An evaluation of the overall use of chaplains will be conducted on an annual basis by the coordinator.

#### **336.7 DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Chaplains assist the Department, its members and the community, as needed. Assignments of chaplains will usually be to augment the Patrol Division. Chaplains may be assigned to other areas within the Department as needed. Chaplains should be placed only in assignments or programs that are consistent with their knowledge, skills, abilities and the needs of the Department.

All chaplains will be assigned to duties by the chaplain coordinator or the authorized designee.

Chaplains may not proselytize or attempt to recruit members of the Department or the public into a religious affiliation while representing themselves as chaplains with this department. If there is any question as to the receiving person's intent, chaplains should verify that the person is desirous of spiritual counseling or guidance before engaging in such discussion.

Chaplains may not accept gratuities for any service or any subsequent actions or follow-up contacts that were provided while functioning as a chaplain for the Roseburg Police Department.

##### **336.7.1 COMPLIANCE**

Chaplains are volunteer members of this department, and except as otherwise specified within this policy, are required to comply with the Volunteer Program Policy and other applicable policies.

##### **336.7.2 OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES**

- (a) Generally, each chaplain will serve with Roseburg Police Department personnel a minimum of eight hours per month.
- (b) Chaplains are permitted to ride with officers during any shift and observe Roseburg Police Department operations, provided the Watch Commander has been notified and has approved the activity.
- (c) Chaplains shall not be evaluators of members of the Department.
- (d) In responding to incidents, a chaplain shall never function as an officer.
- (e) When responding to in-progress calls for service, chaplains may be required to stand-by in a secure area until the situation has been deemed safe.
- (f) Each chaplain may have access to current department member rosters, addresses, telephone numbers, duty assignments and other information that may assist in his/her duties. Such information will be considered confidential and each chaplain will exercise appropriate security measures to prevent distribution of the data.

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##### 336.7.3 ASSISTING DEPARTMENT MEMBERS

The responsibilities of a chaplain related to department members include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting in making notification to families of members who have been seriously injured or killed and, after notification, responding to the hospital or home of the member.
- (b) Visiting sick or injured members in the hospital or at home.
- (c) Attending and participating, when requested, in funerals of active or retired members.
- (d) Serving as a resource for members when dealing with the public in incidents, such as accidental deaths, suicides, suicidal subjects, serious accidents, drug and alcohol abuse and other such situations that may arise.
- (e) Providing counseling and support for members and their families.
- (f) Being alert to the needs of members and their families.

##### 336.7.4 ASSISTING THE DEPARTMENT

The responsibilities of a chaplain related to this department include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting members in the diffusion of a conflict or incident, when requested.
- (b) Responding to natural and accidental deaths, suicides and attempted suicides, family disturbances and any other incident that in the judgment of the Watch Commander or supervisor aids in accomplishing the mission of the Department.
- (c) Responding to major disasters, such as natural disasters, bombings and similar critical incidents.
- (d) Being on-call and, if possible, on-duty during major demonstrations or any public function that requires the presence of a large number of department members.
- (e) Attending department and academy graduations, ceremonies and social events and offering invocations and benedictions, as requested.
- (f) Participating in in-service training classes.
- (g) Willingness to train others to enhance the effectiveness of the Department.

##### 336.7.5 ASSISTING THE COMMUNITY

The duties of a chaplain related to the community include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Fostering familiarity with the role of law enforcement in the community.
- (b) Providing an additional link between the community, other chaplain coordinators and the Department.
- (c) Providing liaison with various civic, business and religious organizations.
- (d) Promptly facilitating requests for representatives or leaders of various denominations.
- (e) Assisting the community in any other function as needed or requested.
- (f) Making referrals in cases where specialized attention is needed or in cases that are beyond the chaplain's ability to assist.

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##### **336.7.6 CHAPLAIN MEETINGS**

All chaplains are required to attend scheduled meetings. Any absences must be satisfactorily explained to the chaplain coordinator.

##### **336.8 PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATIONS**

No person who provides chaplain services to members of the Department may work or volunteer for the Roseburg Police Department in any capacity other than that of chaplain.

Department chaplains shall be familiar with state evidentiary laws and rules pertaining to the limits of the clergy-penitent, psychotherapist-patient and other potentially applicable privileges and shall inform members when it appears reasonably likely that the member is discussing matters that are not subject to privileged communications. In such cases, the chaplain should consider referring the member to a non-department counseling resource.

No chaplain shall provide counsel to or receive confidential communications from any Roseburg Police Department member concerning an incident personally witnessed by the chaplain or concerning an incident involving the chaplain.

##### **336.9 TRAINING**

The Department will establish a minimum number of training hours and standards for department chaplains. The training, as approved by the Administrative Sergeant, may include:

- Stress management
- Death notifications
- Symptoms of post-traumatic stress
- Burnout for members of law enforcement and chaplains
- Legal liability and confidentiality
- Ethics
- Responding to crisis situations
- The law enforcement family
- Substance abuse
- Suicide
- Officer injury or death
- Sensitivity and diversity

## Extreme Risk Protection Orders

### 337.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for petitioning for and serving extreme risk protection orders and accounting for the deadly weapons obtained pursuant to those orders.

#### 337.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include (ORS 166.525):

**Deadly weapon** - A firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other instrument, article, or substance specifically designed for and presently capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

**Extreme risk protection order** - An order prohibiting a named person from having in his/her custody or control, owning, purchasing, possessing, receiving, or attempting to purchase or receive a deadly weapon.

### 337.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to petition for and serve extreme risk protection orders in compliance with state law, and to properly account for deadly weapons obtained by the Department pursuant to such orders.

### 337.3 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS

An officer who reasonably believes a person presents a risk in the near future, including an imminent risk of suicide or causing physical injury to another person, may request permission from his/her supervisor to petition the court for an extreme risk protection order. The petition must be supported by a written affidavit signed under oath or by a sworn oral statement (ORS 166.527).

### 337.4 SERVICE

The person shall be personally served with a copy of the extreme risk protection order and a hearing request form. The officer assigned to serve the order and hearing request form shall immediately deliver to the county sheriff a true copy of proof of service and a copy of the order (ORS 166.527).

The county sheriff is responsible for entering the order into the state's Law Enforcement Data Systems (LEDS) with a request that the order be entered in the National Crime Information Center (NCIC). Entry into LEDS constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order, which is enforceable throughout the state (ORS 166.527).

If service of the order cannot be completed within 10 days, the officer shall notify the petitioner at the address he/she provided. If the officer is the petitioner and service is not made, the order shall be held for future service and the officer should file notice with the court showing service was not completed (ORS 166.527).

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##### **337.5 RECORDS SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Records Supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the original receipt of surrendered deadly weapons and concealed handgun license is filed with the court within 72 hours of service of an extreme risk protection order. A copy of the receipt shall also be properly maintained by the Department (ORS 166.537).

##### **337.6 COURT-ORDERED SURRENDER OF DEADLY WEAPONS**

Authorized members should accept deadly weapons and a concealed handgun license from any person who is the subject of an extreme risk protection order. The member receiving any such items shall issue a receipt identifying all surrendered items, in addition to following other relevant Department procedures (ORS 166.537).

##### **337.7 RELEASE OF DEADLY WEAPONS**

Any deadly weapon or concealed handgun license in Department custody pursuant to an extreme risk protection order will be released only as authorized by ORS 166.540 and applicable provisions of the Property and Evidence Policy.

##### **337.8 RENEWAL OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER**

The Criminal Investigations Division supervisor is responsible for the review of any extreme risk protection order obtained by the Department to determine if renewal should be requested within the time prescribed by law (ORS 166.535).

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## COMMUNITY RESOURCE OFFICER (CSO)

### 338.1 POLICY

CSOs will perform assignments which involve responsible public contact work in crime prevention and the delivery of nonemergency police services as assigned.

### 338.2 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

CSOs will be under the general supervision of the Watch Commander, performing a variety of nonemergency police services in support of the patrol division. CSOs may work to support other divisions as needed.

### 338.3 SAFETY ISSUES

Although screening of calls shall be performed prior to assignment to a CSO, the CSO assigned shall be alert to potential hazards. When upon arrival at a call, or during the investigation of an incident, the CSO becomes aware of a potentially hazardous situation or the actual nature of the incident is found to be other than one specified for a CSO to handle, the CSO shall immediately request an officer to respond. The CSO shall take whatever steps necessary to protect him/herself, including leaving the immediate area of the call.

### 338.4 CSO UNIFORMS

CSOs assigned to positions in the Patrol Division should be in uniform when working. The Watch Commander has the discretion to allow CSOs to wear plainclothes due to the variation of a duty assignment or need for the day.

### 338.5 CSO RESPONSIBILITIES

- Perform assignments which involve responsible public contact work in crime prevention and the delivery of non-emergency police services as assigned;
- Not be responsible for or assigned tasks relative to the immediate apprehension of suspects or known criminals;
- Not confront or pursue subjects when the incident may lead to a physical encounter between the subject and the CSO; and
- Not take any enforcement or prevention action to in-progress incidents; CSOs shall immediately report the location and nature of the incident and assume the role of a witness.

### 338.6 PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

- CSOs shall not be dispatched to or assigned to perform any police services when there is a likelihood that the CSO may come in contact with the perpetrator of the crime, or any other hazardous situation.
- At no time will a CSO drive outside legal driving parameters for regular civilians as set by Oregon law.



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#### *COMMUNITY RESOURCE OFFICER (CSO)*

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##### **338.7 SPECIFIC FIELD ASSIGNMENTS**

- Prepares, or participates in the preparation of, written reports on incidents that are not in progress and do not require sworn officer presence, to include, but not limited to: minor theft, minor criminal mischief, and other property crimes.
- Provides response to non-emergency calls for service, and may process routine calls independently, to include arranging for the towing of vehicles, retrieving stolen and recovered property, and providing assistance at accident scenes.
- Provides on-site operational support at major incident scenes and special events by providing traffic direction, crowd control, or transporting supplies, food, or other logistical items.
- Participates with problem solving efforts for various neighborhood groups and/or business districts; participates in development strategies and gathering resources.
- Operates department vehicles and equipment, to include police radios and computer systems.
- May prepare and submit monthly reports of individual and unit work activity; completes technical reports as required; processes, maintains, and updates department records; enters and retrieves data using PCs and mainframe computer networks, including local, state, and national law enforcement resources.
- Receives and screens incoming emergency and non-emergency calls for police assistance; obtains clarifying information for the completion of accurate police reports.
- May serve subpoenas issued by Municipal and/or Circuit Court.
- Provides credible testimony in any judicial hearing.
- May interact with community members and public to include disturbed, distraught, difficult or dangerous individuals, including dealing with individuals who may have contagious illnesses which may necessitate wearing protective gear and clothing.
- Provides animal control services to include, but not limited to, stray dog and dog bite reports, animal violations for prosecution, transporting dogs to holding facilities, and reuniting animals with owners.
- Actively supports an inclusive and respectful work environment.
- Performs other duties of a similar nature or level.

## Department Use of Social Media

### 339.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure that any use of social media on behalf of the Department is consistent with the department mission.

This policy does not address all aspects of social media use. Specifically, it does not address:

- Personal use of social media by department members (see the Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking Policy).
- Use of social media in personnel processes (see the Recruitment and Selection Policy).
- Use of social media as part of a criminal investigation, other than disseminating information to the public on behalf of this department (see the Investigation and Prosecution Policy).

#### 339.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Social media** - Any of a wide array of Internet-based tools and platforms that allow for the sharing of information, such as the department website or social networking services.

### 339.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department may use social media as a method of effectively informing the public about department services, issues, investigations and other relevant events.

Department members shall ensure that the use or access of social media is done in a manner that protects the constitutional rights of all.

### 339.3 AUTHORIZED USERS

Only members authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee may utilize social media on behalf of the Department. Authorized members shall use only department-approved equipment during the normal course of duties to post and monitor department-related social media, unless they are specifically authorized to do otherwise by their supervisors.

The Chief of Police may develop specific guidelines identifying the type of content that may be posted. Any content that does not strictly conform to the guidelines should be approved by a supervisor prior to posting.

Requests to post information over department social media by members who are not authorized to post should be made through the member's chain of command.

### 339.4 AUTHORIZED CONTENT

Only content that is appropriate for public release, that supports the department mission and conforms to all department policies regarding the release of information may be posted.

Examples of appropriate content include:

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- (a) Announcements.
- (b) Tips and information related to crime prevention.
- (c) Investigative requests for information.
- (d) Requests that ask the community to engage in projects that are relevant to the department mission.
- (e) Real-time safety information that is related to in-progress crimes, geographical warnings or disaster information.
- (f) Traffic information.
- (g) Press releases.
- (h) Recruitment of personnel.

#### **339.4.1 INCIDENT-SPECIFIC USE**

In instances of active incidents where speed, accuracy and frequent updates are paramount (e.g., crime alerts, public safety information, traffic issues), the Public Information Officer or the authorized designee will be responsible for the compilation of information to be released, subject to the approval of the Incident Commander.

#### **339.5 PROHIBITED CONTENT**

Content that is prohibited from posting includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Content that is abusive, discriminatory, inflammatory or sexually explicit.
- (b) Any information that violates individual rights, including confidentiality and/or privacy rights and those provided under state, federal or local laws.
- (c) Any information that could compromise an ongoing investigation.
- (d) Any information that could tend to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation or professionalism of the Roseburg Police Department or its members.
- (e) Any information that could compromise the safety and security of department operations, members of the Department, victims, suspects or the public.
- (f) Any content posted for personal use.
- (g) Any content that has not been properly authorized by this policy or a supervisor.

Any member who becomes aware of content on this department's social media site that he/she believes is unauthorized or inappropriate should promptly report such content to a supervisor. The supervisor will ensure its removal from public view and investigate the cause of the entry.

#### **339.5.1 PUBLIC POSTING PROHIBITED**

Department social media sites shall be designed and maintained to prevent posting of content by the public.

The Department may provide a method for members of the public to contact department members directly.

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#### **339.6 RETENTION OF RECORDS**

The Information Technology (I.T.) department will establish a method of ensuring that public records generated in the process of social media use are retained in accordance with established records retention schedules.

#### **339.7 TRAINING**

Authorized members should receive training that, at a minimum, addresses legal issues concerning the appropriate use of social media sites, as well as privacy, civil rights, dissemination and retention of information posted on department sites.

## **Chapter 4 - Patrol Operations**

## Patrol Function

### 400.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to define the functions of the patrol unit of the Department to ensure intra-department cooperation and information sharing.

#### 400.1.1 FUNCTION

Officers will generally patrol in clearly marked vehicles, patrol assigned jurisdictional areas of Roseburg Police Department, respond to citizen calls for assistance, act as a deterrent to crime, enforce local ordinances as well as state laws, and respond to emergencies 24 hours per day seven days per week.

Patrol will generally provide the following services within the limits of available resources:

- (a) Patrol that is directed at the prevention of criminal acts, traffic violations and collisions, the maintenance of public order, and the discovery of hazardous situations or conditions
- (b) Crime prevention activities such as residential inspections, business inspections, community presentations, etc.
- (c) Calls for service, both routine and emergency in nature
- (d) Investigation of both criminal and non-criminal acts
- (e) The apprehension of criminal offenders
- (f) Community Oriented Policing and Problem Solving activities such as citizen assists and individual citizen contacts of a positive nature
- (g) The sharing of information between the Patrol and other divisions within the Department, as well as other outside governmental agencies
- (h) The application of resources to specific problems or situations within the community, which may be improved or resolved by Community Oriented Policing and problem solving strategies
- (i) Traffic direction and control

#### 400.1.2 TERRORISM

It is the goal of the Roseburg Police Department to make every reasonable effort to accurately and appropriately gather and report any information that may relate to either foreign or domestic terrorism. Officers should advise a supervisor as soon as practicable of any activity believed to be terrorism related and should document such incidents with a written report or Field Interview (FI). The supervisor should ensure that all terrorism related reports and FIs are forwarded to the Criminal Investigations Division Supervisor in a timely fashion.

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#### *Patrol Function*

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#### **400.2 PATROL INFORMATION SHARING PROCEDURES**

The following guidelines are intended to develop and maintain intra-department cooperation and information flow between the various divisions of the Roseburg Police Department.

##### **400.2.1 CRIME REPORTS**

A crime report may be completed by any officer who receives criminal information. The report will be processed and forwarded to the appropriate division for retention or follow-up investigation

##### **400.2.2 PATROL BRIEFINGS**

Patrol supervisors and special unit supervisors or team members are encouraged to share information as much as possible. All supervisors and/or officers will be provided an opportunity to share information at the daily patrol briefings as time permits.

#### **400.3 CROWDS, EVENTS AND GATHERINGS**

Officers may encounter gatherings of people, including but not limited to, civil demonstrations, civic, social and business events, public displays, parades and sporting events. Officers should monitor such events as time permits in an effort to keep the peace and protect the safety and rights of those present. A patrol supervisor should be notified when it becomes reasonably foreseeable that such an event may require increased monitoring, contact or intervention.

Officers responding to an event or gathering that warrants law enforcement involvement should carefully balance the speech and association rights of those present with applicable public safety concerns before taking enforcement action. Officers are encouraged to contact organizers or responsible persons to seek voluntary compliance that may address relevant public safety/order concerns.

Officers should consider enforcement of applicable state and local laws, when the activity blocks the entrance or egress of a facility or location and when voluntary compliance with the law is not achieved.

## Bias-Based Policing

### 401.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to department members that affirms the Roseburg Police Department's commitment to policing that is fair and objective (ORS 131.920).

Nothing in this policy prohibits the use of specified characteristics in law enforcement activities designed to strengthen the department's relationship with its diverse communities (e.g., cultural and ethnicity awareness training, youth programs, community group outreach, partnerships).

#### 401.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Bias-based policing** - An inappropriate reliance on characteristics such as race, ethnicity, color, national origin, language, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, homelessness, age, cultural group, disability, political affiliation or affiliation with any non-criminal group (protected characteristics) as the basis for providing differing law enforcement service or enforcement. This includes profiling as defined by ORS 131.915.

### 401.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department is committed to providing law enforcement services to the community with due regard for the racial, cultural or other differences of those served. It is the policy of this department to provide law enforcement services and to enforce the law equally, fairly, objectively and without discrimination toward any individual or group.

### 401.3 BIAS-BASED POLICING PROHIBITED

Bias-based policing is strictly prohibited.

However, nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit an officer from considering protected characteristics in combination with credible, timely and distinct information connecting a person or people of a specific characteristic to a specific unlawful incident, or to specific unlawful incidents, specific criminal patterns or specific schemes.

### 401.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Every member of this department shall perform his/her duties in a fair and objective manner and is responsible for promptly reporting any suspected or known instances of bias-based policing to a supervisor. Members should, when reasonable to do so, intervene to prevent any biased-based actions by another member.

#### 401.4.1 REASON FOR CONTACT

Officers contacting a person shall be prepared to articulate sufficient reason for the contact, independent of the protected characteristics of the individual.



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To the extent that written documentation would otherwise be completed (e.g., arrest report, Field Interview (FI) card), the involved officer should include those facts giving rise to the contact, as applicable.

Except for required data-collection forms or methods, nothing in this policy shall require any officer to document a contact that would not otherwise require reporting.

#### 401.4.2 REPORTING TRAFFIC AND PEDESTRIAN STOPS

Each time an officer makes an officer-initiated traffic or pedestrian stop, the officer shall record the required stop data in the method and manner prescribed by the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission (OCJC) (ORS 131.935).

#### 401.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY

Supervisors shall monitor those individuals under their command for any behavior that may conflict with the purpose of this policy and shall address any alleged or observed violation of this policy.

- (a) Supervisors should discuss any issues with the involved officer and his/her supervisor in a timely manner.
- (b) Supervisors shall initiate investigations of any actual or alleged violations of this policy.
- (c) Supervisors should ensure that no retaliatory action is taken against any member of this department who discloses information concerning racial or bias based profiling.

#### 401.6 STATE REPORTING

##### 401.6.1 STATE REPORTING TO OREGON CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

The Records Division shall provide the OCJC with traffic and pedestrian stop data annually as prescribed by ORS 131.935.

Data may not include information that reveals the identity of any stopped individual or of any officer (ORS 131.935).

##### 401.6.2 STATE REPORTING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTACTS POLICY AND DATA REVIEW COMMITTEE

The Records Division shall annually provide Law Enforcement Contacts Policy and Data Review Committee (LECC) the following (ORS 131.925):

- (a) Copies of profiling complaints received by the Department.
- (b) A summary of each profiling complaint received by the Department and the final disposition of the profiling complaint on the appropriate Department of State Police (DSP) form.
  - 1. This form is to be submitted even if no profiling complaints were received by the Department.

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#### *Bias-Based Policing*

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Summaries of complaints and copies of complaints provided to LECC may not include personal information concerning the complainant or an officer except as to any personal information on the DSP form (ORS 131.925).

The Records Division should provide LECC, upon request, data regarding stops or contacts as identified in ORS 131.906(5). Data provided may not identify an officer or an individual whose demographic data is collected (ORS 131.906).

#### **401.7 ADMINISTRATION**

The Operations Division Commander should review the efforts of the Department to provide fair and objective policing and submit an annual report, including public concerns and complaints, to the Chief of Police. The annual report should not contain any identifying information about any specific complainant, citizen, or officers. It should be reviewed by the Chief of Police to identify any changes in training or operations that should be made to improve service.

Supervisors should review the annual report and discuss the results with those they are assigned to supervise.

#### **401.8 TRAINING**

Training on fair and objective policing and review of this policy should be conducted as directed by the Administrative Sergeant.

##### **401.8.1 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY STANDARDS AND TRAINING**

The Administrative Sergeant should ensure that officers receive training implemented by the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training regarding procedures to facilitate the collection of officer-initiated traffic and pedestrian stop data (ORS 131.935).

## Briefing

### 402.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy discusses the activity of [briefing] and includes the tasks that should be accomplished during this short period.

### 402.2 PREPARATION OF MATERIALS

The supervisor conducting [briefing] training is responsible for preparation of the materials necessary for a constructive [briefing]. Supervisors may delegate this responsibility to a subordinate officer in the supervisor's absence or for training purposes.

### 402.3 POLICY

Briefing is intended to facilitate the accurate flow of information in order to enhance coordination of activities, improve performance and safety, and outline the expected actions of members.

### 402.4 BRIEFING

All divisions and specialized units will conduct regular [briefing] to discuss, disseminate, and exchange information among department members, work groups, and other organizations. A supervisor generally will conduct [briefing]. However, the supervisor may delegate this responsibility to a subordinate member in the supervisor's absence or for training purposes.

Briefing should include but is not limited to:

- (a) Providing members with information regarding daily activities, with particular attention given to changes in the status of:
  - 1. Wanted persons.
  - 2. Crime patterns.
  - 3. Suspect descriptions.
  - 4. Intelligence reports and photographs.
  - 5. Community issues affecting law enforcement.
  - 6. Major investigations.
- (b) Notifying members of changes in schedules and assignments.
- (c) Reviewing recent incidents for situational awareness and training purposes.
- (d) Providing training on a variety of subjects.
- (e) Conducting periodic personnel inspections.

Supervisors should also ensure that all members are informed about Departmental Directives and any recent policy changes.

#### 402.4.1 RETENTION OF BRIEFING TRAINING RECORDS

Briefing training materials and a curriculum or summary shall be forwarded to the Administrative Sergeant for inclusion in training records, as appropriate.

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#### *Briefing*

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#### **402.5 TRAINING**

Briefing training should incorporate short segments on a variety of subjects or topics and may include:

- (a) Review and discussion of new or updated policies.
- (b) Presentation and discussion of the proper application of existing policy to routine daily activities.
- (c) Presentation and discussion of the proper application of existing policy to unusual activities.
- (d) Review of recent incidents for training purposes.

## Crime and Disaster Scene Integrity

### 403.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The protection and integrity of a crime scene is of the utmost importance for the successful apprehension of criminals and successful prosecution. The integrity of a disaster scene is equally as critical for the protection of life and property and investigation by proper authorities.

### 403.2 CRIME SCENE RESPONSIBILITY

The first officer at the scene of a crime or major incident generally is responsible for the preservation of the scene. Officers shall also consider officer safety and public safety issues, including rendering medical aid to any injured parties. Once an officer has assumed or been assigned to maintain the integrity of the crime/disaster scene the officer shall continue until relieved by a supervisor.

#### 403.2.1 FIRST RESPONDER CONSIDERATIONS

The following list generally describes the first responder's function at a crime or disaster scene. This list is not intended to be all-inclusive, is not necessarily in order and may be altered according to the demands of each situation:

- (a) Ensure that no suspects are still within the area.
- (b) Broadcast emergency information, including all requests for additional assistance.
- (c) Provide first aid to injured parties if it can be done safely.
- (d) Secure the inner perimeter with crime scene tape.
- (e) Protect items of apparent evidentiary value.
- (f) Start a chronological log, noting critical times and personnel allowed access.

#### 403.2.2 MEDIA ACCESS

Authorized and bona fide members of the media should be provided access to scenes of disasters, criminal investigations, emergencies and other law enforcement activities as directed by the scene supervisor and as long as the integrity of the case is not compromised.

#### 403.2.3 EXECUTION OF HEALTH ORDERS

Any sworn member of this department is authorized to execute and enforce lawful orders of the local health officer issued for the purpose of preventing the spread of any contagious, infectious or communicable disease.

### 403.3 SEARCHES AT CRIME OR DISASTER SCENES

Officers arriving at crime or disaster scenes are often faced with the immediate need to search for and render aid to victims and determine if suspects are present and continue to pose a threat. Once officers are satisfied that no additional suspects are present and/or there are no injured persons

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#### *Crime and Disaster Scene Integrity*

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to be treated, those exigent circumstances will likely no longer exist. Officers should thereafter secure the scene and conduct no further search until proper authority for the search is obtained.

##### 403.3.1 AUTHORITY TO SEARCH

In order to search, officers must have probable cause to believe that a crime has occurred and evidence of the crime will be found at the location. Absent consent, a search warrant is generally required to authorize continued search once a scene is stabilized.

##### 403.3.2 CONSENT

Any person who has an expectation of privacy has standing to object to a search. That may include anyone with a property interest in the location, as well as any resident, tenant, or guest, depending on the circumstances. It may not be possible to identify everyone with standing to object, and from whom consent must be obtained, at the early stages of the investigation. Officers should obtain consent to search from authorized individuals where possible, but should also consider obtaining consent and a search warrant in the case of serious crimes or major investigations.

## Emergency Response Team (ERT)

### 404.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The ERT is comprised of two specialized units: the Negotiation Team and the Tactical Team. The ERT Commander is charged with the overall supervision of both elements of ERT. The ERT Commander may assign team members as acting team leaders based on situations and / or responsibilities that need to be addressed in both real-life and training situations. The unit has been established to provide specialized support in handling critical field operations where intense negotiations and/or special tactical deployment methods beyond the capacity of field officers appear to be necessary.

#### 404.1.1 OPERATIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY

The Policy Manual sections pertaining to the ERT is divided into Administrative and Operational Policy and Procedures. Since situations that necessitate the need for such a police response vary greatly from incident to incident and such events often demand on-the-scene evaluation, the Operational Policy outlined in this manual section serves as a guideline to Department personnel allowing for appropriate on-the-scene decision-making as required. The Administrative Procedures, however, are more restrictive and few exceptions should be taken.

#### 404.1.2 ERT TEAM DEFINED

**ERT Team:** The ERT team is a designated unit of law enforcement officers that is specifically trained and equipped to work as a coordinated team to resolve critical incidents that are so hazardous, complex, or unusual that they may exceed the capabilities of first responders or investigative units including, but not limited to, hostage taking, barricaded suspects, snipers, terrorist acts and other high-risk incidents. As a matter of agency policy, such a unit may also be used to serve high-risk warrants, both search and arrest, where public and officer safety issues warrant the use of such a unit.

### 404.2 AGENCY POLICY

The ERT team should develop sufficient resources to perform three basic operational functions:

- (a) Command and Control
- (b) Containment
- (c) Entry/Apprehension/Rescue

It is understood that it is difficult to categorize specific capabilities for critical incidents. Training needs may vary based on the experience level of the team personnel, team administrators, and potential incident commanders. Nothing in this policy shall prohibit individual teams from responding to a situation that exceed their training levels due to the exigency of the circumstances. The preservation of innocent human life is paramount.

### 404.3 TRAINING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

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#### *Emergency Response Team (ERT)*

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##### 404.3.1 SUPERVISION AND MANAGEMENT TRAINING

When possible, Command personnel who may assume incident command responsibilities should attend a SWAT or critical incident commander course or its equivalent. ERT command personnel should attend a SWAT commander or tactical commander course, or its equivalent.

##### 404.3.2 ERT ONGOING TRAINING

Training shall be coordinated by the ERT Commander. In addition to specialized training, the ERT Commander may conduct monthly training exercises to include a review and critique of personnel and their performance in the exercise.

##### 404.3.3 TRAINING SAFETY

Use of a designated safety officer should be considered for all tactical training.

##### 404.3.4 SCENARIO BASED TRAINING

ERT should participate in scenario-based training that simulates the tactical operational environment. Such training is an established method of improving performance during an actual deployment.

##### 404.3.5 TRAINING DOCUMENTATION

Individual and team training shall be documented and records maintained by the ERT Commander and the Training Coordinator.

#### **404.4 ON-SCENE DETERMINATION**

The ERT should wear uniforms that clearly identify team members as law enforcement officers. It is recognized that certain tactical conditions may require covert movement. Attire may be selected appropriate to the specific mission.

#### **404.5 FIREARMS**

Weapons and equipment used by ERT, the specialized units, and the supporting resources should be agency-issued or approved, including any modifications, additions, or attachments.

#### **404.6 EQUIPMENT**

The ERT should be adequately equipped to meet the specific mission(s) identified by the agency:

#### **404.7 MANAGEMENT/SUPERVISION OF ERT**

The ERT Commander shall be selected by the Chief of Police The Negotiations Team Leader shall be selected by the Chief of Police upon recommendation of the ERT Commander.

##### 404.7.1 TEAM SUPERVISORS

The following represent the supervisor responsibilities for the ERT:

- (a) The Negotiation Team supervisor's primary responsibility is to supervise the operations of the Negotiation Team which will include deployment, training, first line participation, and other duties as directed by the Operations Commander.



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#### *Emergency Response Team (ERT)*

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- (b) The ERT commander's primary responsibility is to supervise the operations of the ERT, which will include deployment, training, first line participation, and other duties as directed by the Operations Commander.

#### **404.8 CRISIS NEGOTIATION TEAM ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

The Negotiations Team has been established to provide skilled verbal communicators who may be utilized to attempt to de-escalate and effect surrender in critical situations where suspects have taken hostages, barricaded themselves, or have suicidal tendencies.

The following procedures serve as directives for the administrative operation of the Negotiations Team.

##### **404.8.1 TRAINING OF NEGOTIATORS**

Those officers selected as members of the Negotiation Team should attend a Basic Negotiators Course prior to primary use in an actual crisis situation. Untrained officers may be used in a support or training capacity. Additional training will be coordinated by the team supervisor.

A minimum of one training day per quarter will be required to provide the opportunity for role playing and situational training necessary to maintain proper skills. This will be coordinated by the team supervisor.

Continual evaluation of a team member's performance and efficiency as it relates to the positive operation of the unit shall be conducted by the team supervisor. Performance and efficiency levels, established by the team supervisor, will be met and maintained by all team members. Any member of the Negotiation Team who performs or functions at a level less than satisfactory shall be subject to dismissal from the unit.

#### **404.9 OPERATION GUIDELINES FOR EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM**

The following procedures serve as guidelines for the operational deployment of the Emergency Response Team.

##### **404.9.1 ON-SCENE DETERMINATION**

The supervisor in charge on the scene of a particular event will assess whether the ERT is to respond to the scene. Upon final determination by the Watch Commander, he/she will notify the ERT Commander.

##### **404.9.2 MOBILIZATION OF ERT**

The Watch Commander should make the request for the ERT. The Watch Commander will then notify the Operations Division Commander as soon as practical.

The Watch Commander should advise the ERT Commander with as much of the following information which is available at the time:

- (a) The number of suspects, known weapons and resources
- (b) If the suspect is in control of hostages
- (c) If the suspect is barricaded

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#### *Emergency Response Team (ERT)*

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- (d) The type of crime involved
- (e) If the suspect has threatened or attempted suicide
- (f) The location of the command post and a safe approach to it
- (g) The extent of any perimeter and the number of officers involved
- (h) Any other important facts critical to the immediate situation, and whether the suspect has refused an order to surrender

The ERT Commander or supervisor shall then call selected officers to respond.

#### 404.9.3 FIELD UNIT RESPONSIBILITIES

While waiting for the ERT, field personnel should, if safe, practical, and sufficient resources exist, accomplish the following:

- (a) Establish an inner and outer perimeter
- (b) Establish a command post outside of the inner perimeter
- (c) Evacuate any injured persons or citizens in the zone of danger
- (d) Attempt to establish preliminary communication with the suspect.
- (e) Be prepared to brief ERT Commander on situation
- (f) Plan for, and stage, anticipated resources

#### 404.9.4 COMMUNICATION WITH ERT

All of those persons who are non-ERT personnel should refrain from any non-emergency contact or interference with any member of the unit during active negotiations. Operations require the utmost in concentration by involved personnel and, as a result, no one should interrupt or communicate with ERT personnel directly.

#### 404.9.5 OUTSIDE AGENCY REQUESTS

Requests by field personnel for assistance from outside agency crisis units must be approved by the on-duty Watch Commander. Deployment of the Roseburg Police Department ERT in response to requests by other agencies must be authorized by a Division Commander.

#### **404.10 ERT ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

The ERT was established to provide a skilled and trained team which may be deployed during events requiring specialized tactics; for example, in such situations as cases where suspects have taken hostages and/or barricaded themselves. Also included are prolonged or predictable situations in which persons armed or suspected of being armed pose a danger to themselves or others.

The following procedures serve as directives for the administrative operation of the ERT.

##### 404.10.1 TEAM EVALUATION

Continual evaluation of a team member's performance and efficiency as it relates to the positive operation of the unit shall be conducted by the ERT Commander. The performance and efficiency

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level, as established by the Commander, will be met and maintained by ERT Team members. Any member of the ERT who performs or functions at a level less than satisfactory shall be subject to dismissal from the team.

#### 404.10.2 SELECTION OF PERSONNEL

Hostage Negotiations Team Members Negotiators are selected on a voluntary basis from department members with following minimum qualifications.

1. Demonstrated ability to work well with others.
2. Demonstrated good interpersonal communications skills.
3. Must be capable of performing effectively in tense situations.

#### Emergency Response Team Members

1. Certified police officer of non-probationary status.
2. Excellent physical condition as demonstrated by successful completion of a physical test selected by the ERT commander on an annual basis.
3. Excellent weapons skills as demonstrated by successful completion of a firearms course selected by the ERT commander on an annual basis.
4. Satisfactory evaluations with no negative marks. (unless otherwise directed by the Chief or Operations Commander )
5. Recommendation by supervisor.
6. Volunteer and serves at the discretion of the Chief of Police.

#### Position Requirements

1. Emergency Response Team Commander
  - a. Presently a Corporal or above in rank and appointed by the Chief of Police
  - b. Successful completion of FBI Basic SWAT Course or equivalent, within 1 year of appointment.
  - c. Five years of continuous service with ERT.
  - d. Successful completion of Incident Command Structure course.
2. Emergency Response Team Squad Leader (Entry Team Leader or Marksman Team Leader).
  - a. Appointed by ERT Commander
  - b. Three years of continuous service with ERT.

## Ride-Alongs

### 405.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Ride-Along Program provides an opportunity for citizens to experience the law enforcement function first hand. This policy provides the requirements, approval process, and hours of operation for the Ride-Along Program.

#### 405.1.1 ELIGIBILITY

The Roseburg Police Department Ride-Along Program is offered to citizens, residents, students and those employed within the City. Every attempt will be made to accommodate interested persons however any applicant may be disqualified without cause.

The following factors may be considered in disqualifying an applicant and are not limited to:

- Being under the age of 16-years
- Prior criminal history
- Pending criminal action
- Pending lawsuit against the Department, or City
- Denial by any supervisor

#### 405.1.2 AVAILABILITY

The Ride-Along Program is available on most days of the week, with certain exceptions established by the Department. The ride-along times are generally from 7:00 a.m. to midnight. Exceptions to this schedule may be made as approved by the Chief of Police, Division Commander or Watch Commander.

### 405.2 PROCEDURE TO REQUEST A RIDE-ALONG

Generally, ride-along requests will be scheduled by the Watch Commander. The participant will complete a ride-along waiver form. Information requested will include a valid ID or Oregon driver license, address, and telephone number. If the participant is under 18 years of age, a parent/guardian must be present to complete the Ride-Along Form.

The Watch Commander will schedule a date based on availability.

If the ride-along is denied after the request has been made, a representative of the Department will contact the applicant and advise him/her of the denial.

#### 405.2.1 PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

Once approved, civilian ride-alongs will be allowed to ride no more than once per year. Any exceptions should be approved by the Operations Commander.

An effort will be made to ensure that no more than one citizen will participate in a ride-along during any given time period. Normally, no more than one ride-along will be allowed in the officer's vehicle at a given time.

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#### *Ride-Alongs*

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##### 405.2.2 SUITABLE ATTIRE

Any person approved to ride along is required to be neatly and appropriately dressed. Sandals, tank tops, shorts and ripped or torn jeans are not permitted. Hats and ball caps will not be worn in the police vehicle. The Watch Commander may refuse a ride along to anyone not properly dressed.

##### 405.2.3 PEACE OFFICER RIDE-ALONGS

Off-duty members of this department or any other law enforcement agency will not be permitted to ride-along with on-duty officers without the expressed consent of the Watch Commander. In the event that such a ride-along is permitted, the off-duty employee shall not be considered on-duty and shall not represent themselves as a peace officer or participate in any law enforcement activity except as emergency circumstances may require.

##### 405.2.4 RIDE-ALONG CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECK

All Ride-along applicants are subject to a criminal history check. The criminal history check will include a local records check, and NCIC, CCH, and DMV records checks via LEDS prior to their approval as a ride-along with a law enforcement officer (provided that the ride-along is not an employee of the Roseburg Police Department). The request will be forwarded to the on-duty Watch Commander who will approve or disapprove the ride-along and schedule the appointment.

#### **405.3 OFFICER'S RESPONSIBILITY**

The officer shall advise the dispatcher that a ride-along is present in the vehicle before going into service. Officers shall consider the safety of the ride-along at all times. Officers should use sound discretion when encountering a potentially dangerous situation, and if feasible, let the participant out of the vehicle in a well-lighted place of safety. The dispatcher will be advised of the situation and as soon as practical have another police unit respond to pick up the participant at that location. The ride-along may be continued or terminated at this time.

The Watch Commander is responsible for maintaining and scheduling ride-alongs.

#### **405.4 CONTROL OF RIDE-ALONG**

The assigned employee shall maintain control over the ride-along at all times and instruct him/her in the conditions that necessarily limit their participation. These instructions should include:

- (a) The ride-along will follow the directions of the officer
- (b) The ride-along will not become involved in any investigation, handling of evidence, discussions with victims or suspects, or handling any police equipment
- (c) The ride-along may terminate the ride at any time and the officer may return the observer to their home or to the station if the ride-along interferes with the performance of the officer's duties
- (d) Ride-alongs may be allowed to continue riding during the transportation and booking process provided this does not jeopardize their safety

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- (e) Officers will not allow any ride-alongs to be present in any residences or situations that would jeopardize their safety or cause undue stress or embarrassment to a victim or any other citizen
- (f) Under no circumstance shall a civilian ride along be permitted to enter a private residence with an officer without the expressed consent of the resident or other authorized person

## Hazardous Material Response

### 406.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Hazardous materials present a potential harm to employees resulting from their exposure. The following is to be the policy of this department.

#### 406.1.1 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL DEFINED

A hazardous material is a substance which by its nature, containment and reactivity, has the capability of inflicting harm during exposure; characterized as being toxic, corrosive, flammable, reactive, an irritant or strong sensitizer and thereby posing a threat to health when improperly managed. See Oregon Revised Statutes 453.005(7) for a complete list.

### 406.2 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL RESPONSE

Employees may encounter situations involving suspected hazardous materials, such as at the scene of a traffic accident, chemical spill, or fire. When employees come into contact with a suspected hazardous material, certain steps should be taken to protect themselves and citizens.

The following steps should be considered at any scene involving suspected hazardous materials:

- (a) Attempt to identify type of hazardous substance. (Identification can be determined by placard, driver's manifest or statements from person transporting).
- (b) Notify Fire Department.
- (c) Provide first-aid for injured parties if it can be done safely and without contamination.
- (d) Begin evacuation of immediate area and surrounding areas dependent on substance.

### 406.3 REPORTING EXPOSURE(S)

Department personnel who believe that they have been exposed to a hazardous material shall immediately report the exposure to a supervisor. Each exposure shall be documented by the employee in an employee memorandum that shall be forwarded via chain of command to the Commanding Officer. Should the affected employee be unable to document the exposure for any reason, it shall be the responsibility of the notified supervisor to complete the memorandum.

Injury or illness caused or believed to be caused from exposure to hazardous materials shall be reported the same as any other on-duty injury or illness in addition to a crime report or incident report if appropriate.

#### 406.3.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY

When a supervisor has been informed that an employee has been exposed to a hazardous material, he/she shall ensure that immediate medical treatment is obtained and appropriate action is taken to lessen the exposure.

To ensure the safety of employees, safety equipment is available through supervisory personnel. Safety items not maintained by the Department will be obtained through the Fire Department.

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#### *Hazardous Material Response*

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The employee, or employee's supervisor if the employee is unable, will complete a Workers Compensation form if an injury is diagnosed Oregon Revised Statutes 656.265. If an injury is not apparent but exposure to a hazardous substance is possible, the employee will complete an incident report indicating the circumstances of the event and the potential of an exposure.



## Hostage and Barricade Incidents

### 407.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for situations where officers have legal cause to contact, detain or arrest a person, and the person refuses to submit to the lawful requests of the officers by remaining in a structure or vehicle and/or by taking a hostage.

The scope of this policy is not intended to address all variables that officers encounter during their initial response or when a hostage or barricade situation has developed. This policy does not require or purport to recommend specific strategies or tactics for resolution as each incident is a dynamic and rapidly evolving event.

#### 407.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Barricade situation** - An incident where a person maintains a position of cover or concealment and ignores or resists law enforcement personnel, and it is reasonable to believe the subject is armed with a dangerous or deadly weapon.

**Hostage situation** - An incident where it is reasonable to believe a person is unlawfully held by a hostage-taker as security so that specified terms or conditions will be met.

### 407.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to address hostage and barricade situations with due regard for the preservation of life and balancing the risk of injury, while obtaining the safe release of hostages, apprehending offenders and securing available evidence.

### 407.3 COMMUNICATION

When circumstances permit, initial responding officers should try to establish and maintain lines of communication with a barricaded person or hostage-taker. Officers should attempt to identify any additional subjects, inquire about victims and injuries, seek the release of hostages, gather intelligence information, identify time-sensitive demands or conditions and obtain the suspect's surrender.

When available, department-authorized negotiators should respond to the scene as soon as practicable and assume communication responsibilities. Negotiators are permitted to exercise flexibility in each situation based upon their training, the circumstances presented, suspect actions or demands and the available resources.

#### 407.3.1 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

A supervisor who has probable cause to believe that a hostage is being held may order a telephone company to cut, reroute or divert telephone lines to prevent a suspect from communicating with anyone other than officers or other designated individuals (ORS 165.549).

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#### *Hostage and Barricade Incidents*

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#### **407.4 FIRST RESPONDER CONSIDERATIONS**

First responding officers should promptly and carefully evaluate all available information to determine whether an incident involves, or may later develop into, a hostage or barricade situation.

The first responding officer should immediately request a supervisor's response as soon as it is determined that a hostage or barricade situation exists. The first responding officer shall assume the duties of the supervisor until relieved by a supervisor or a more qualified responder. The officer shall continually evaluate the situation, including the level of risk to officers, to the persons involved and to bystanders, and the resources currently available.

The handling officer should brief the arriving supervisor of the incident, including information about suspects and victims, the extent of any injuries, additional resources or equipment that may be needed, and current perimeters and evacuation areas.

##### **407.4.1 BARRICADE SITUATION**

Unless circumstances require otherwise, officers handling a barricade situation should attempt to avoid a forceful confrontation in favor of stabilizing the incident by establishing and maintaining lines of communication while awaiting the arrival of specialized personnel and trained negotiators. During the interim the following options, while not all-inclusive or in any particular order, should be considered:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated from the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so. Request medical assistance.
- (b) Assign personnel to a contact team to control the subject should he/she attempt to exit the building, structure or vehicle, and attack, use deadly force, attempt to escape or surrender prior to additional resources arriving.
- (c) Request additional personnel, resources and equipment as needed (e.g., canine team, air support).
- (d) Provide responding emergency personnel with a safe arrival route to the location.
- (e) Evacuate non-injured persons in the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so.
- (f) Attempt or obtain a line of communication and gather as much information on the subject as possible, including weapons, other involved parties, additional hazards or injuries.
- (g) Establish an inner and outer perimeter as circumstances require and resources permit to prevent unauthorized access.
- (h) Evacuate bystanders, residents and businesses within the inner and then outer perimeter as appropriate. Check for injuries, the presence of other involved subjects, witnesses, evidence or additional information.
- (i) Determine the need for and notify the appropriate persons within and outside the Department, such as command officers and the Public Information Officer.

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- (j) If necessary and available, establish a tactical or exclusive radio frequency for the incident.
- (k) Establish a command post.

#### 407.4.2 HOSTAGE SITUATION

Officers presented with a hostage situation should attempt to avoid a forceful confrontation in favor of controlling the incident by use of specialized personnel and trained hostage negotiators. However, it is understood that hostage situations are dynamic and can require that officers react quickly to developing or changing threats. The following options while not all-inclusive or in any particular order, should be considered when applicable:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated from the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so. Request medical assistance.
- (b) Assign personnel to a contact team to control the subject should he/she attempt to exit the building, structure or vehicle; and / or attack, use deadly force, attempt to escape or surrender prior to additional resources arriving.
- (c) Establish a rapid response team in the event it becomes necessary to rapidly enter a building, structure or vehicle, such as when the suspect is using deadly force against any hostages (see the Rapid Response and Deployment Policy).
- (d) Assist hostages or potential hostages to escape if it is reasonably safe to do so. Hostages should be kept separated if practicable pending further interview.
- (e) Request additional personnel, resources and equipment as needed (e.g., canine team).
- (f) Provide responding emergency personnel with a safe arrival route to the location.
- (g) Evacuate non-injured persons in the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so.
- (h) Coordinate pursuit or surveillance vehicles and control of travel routes.
- (i) Attempt or obtain a line of communication and gather as much information about the suspect as possible, including any weapons, victims and their injuries, additional hazards, other involved parties and any other relevant intelligence information.
- (j) Establish an inner and outer perimeter as resources and circumstances permit to prevent unauthorized access.
- (k) Evacuate bystanders, residents and businesses within the inner and then outer perimeter as appropriate. Check for injuries, the presence of other involved subjects, witnesses, evidence or additional information.
- (l) Determine the need for and notify the appropriate persons within and outside the Department, such as command officers and the Public Information Officer.

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- (m) If necessary and available, establish a tactical or exclusive radio frequency for the incident.

#### **407.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon being notified that a hostage or barricade situation exists, the supervisor should immediately respond to the scene, assess the risk level of the situation, establish a proper chain of command and assume the role of Incident Commander until properly relieved. This includes requesting the ERT or Crisis Negotiator Team if appropriate and apprising the ERT Commander or Crisis Negotiator Leader of the circumstances. In addition, the following options, listed here in no particular order, should be considered:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated and treated by medical personnel.
- (b) Ensure the completion of necessary first responder responsibilities or assignments.
- (c) Request crisis negotiators, specialized units, additional personnel, resources or equipment as appropriate.
- (d) Establish a command post location as resources and circumstances permit.
- (e) Designate assistants who can help with intelligence information and documentation of the incident.
- (f) If it is practicable to do so, arrange for video documentation of the operation.
- (g) Consider contacting utility and communication providers when restricting such services (e.g., restricting electric power, gas, telephone service).
- (h) Ensure adequate law enforcement coverage for the remainder of the City during the incident. The supervisor should direct non-essential personnel away from the scene unless they have been summoned by the supervisor or Dispatch.
- (i) Identify a media staging area outside the outer perimeter and have the department Public Information Officer or a designated temporary media representative provide media access in accordance with the News Media Relations Policy.
- (j) Identify the need for mutual aid and the transition or relief of personnel for incidents of extended duration.
- (k) Debrief personnel and review documentation as appropriate.

#### **407.6 CRISIS RESPONSE UNIT RESPONSIBILITIES**

It will be the Incident Commander's decision, with input from the ERT / Crisis Negotiator Commander, whether to deploy either/both team(s) during a hostage or barricade situation. Once the Incident Commander authorizes deployment, the ERT Commander or the authorized designee will be responsible for the tactical portion of the operation. The Incident Commander shall continue supervision of the command post operation, outer perimeter security and evacuation, media access and support for the ERT / Crisis Negotiator Commander(s). The Incident

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Commander and the ERT / Crisis Negotiator Commander or the authorized designee shall maintain communications at all times.

### **407.7 REPORTING**

Unless otherwise relieved by a supervisor or Incident Commander, the handling officer at the scene is responsible for completion and/or coordination of incident reports.

## Response to Bomb Calls

### 408.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

These guidelines have been prepared to assist officers in their initial response to incidents involving explosives, explosive devices, or explosion/bombing incidents. Under no circumstances should these guidelines be interpreted as compromising the safety of first responders or the public. When confronted with an incident involving explosives, safety shall always be the primary consideration.

### 408.2 FOUND EXPLOSIVES/SUSPECT DEVICES

When handling an incident involving a suspected explosive device, the following guidelines should be followed:

- (a) No known or suspected explosive item should be considered safe regardless of its size or apparent packaging. The appropriate bomb squad or military explosive ordnance disposal team should be summoned for assistance.
- (b) A minimum perimeter of 300 feet should be established around the location of the device. An access point should be provided for support personnel.
- (c) As much information as is available should be promptly relayed to the Watch Commander including:
  1. The stated threat.
  2. Exact comments.
  3. Time of discovery.
  4. Exact location of the device.
  5. Full description (e.g., size, shape, markings, construction) of the device.
- (d) The device should not be touched or moved except by qualified bomb squad personnel.
- (e) All equipment within 300 feet of the suspected device capable of producing radio frequency energy should be turned off. This includes two-way radios, cell phones and other personal communication devices.
- (f) Consideration should be given to evacuating any buildings near the device.
- (g) A search of the area should be conducted for secondary devices or other objects that are either hazardous or foreign to the area and a perimeter should be established around any additional suspicious device found.

Explosive or military ordnance of any type should be handled only by the bomb squad or military ordnance disposal team.

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#### *Response to Bomb Calls*

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#### **408.3 EXPLOSION/BOMBING INCIDENTS**

When an explosion has occurred, there are multitudes of considerations which may confront the responding officers. As in other catastrophic incidents, a rapid response may help to minimize injury to victims, contamination of the scene by gathering crowds or additional damage by resulting fires or unstable structures. Whether the explosion was the result of an accident or a criminal act, the responding officers should consider the following actions:

- Assess the scope of the incident, including the number of victims and extent of injuries.
- Assist with first aid (Fire Department has primary responsibility).
- Assist with evacuation of victims.
- Identify and take appropriate actions to mitigate scene hazards such as collapsed structures, blood borne pathogens, hazardous materials and secondary explosive devices.
- Request additional resources as needed.
- Identify witnesses.
- Preserve evidence.

##### **408.3.1 NOTIFICATIONS**

When an explosion has occurred, the following people shall be notified as soon as practicable if their assistance is needed:

- (a) Fire Department
- (b) Emergency Medical assistance
- (c) Explosive Disposal Unit
- (d) Additional officers and the ERT Commander
- (e) Watch Commander
- (f) Detectives
- (g) Oregon State Crime Lab
- (h) Major Crimes Team
- (i) Chief of Police and Operations Division Commander

##### **408.3.2 CROWD CONTROL**

Only authorized personnel with a legitimate need shall be permitted access to the scene. Spectators and other unauthorized individuals shall be excluded to a safe distance as is reasonably practicable given the available resources and personnel.

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##### 408.3.3 SCENE OF INCIDENT

As in any other crime scene, steps should immediately be taken to preserve the scene. The scene could extend over a long distance. Evidence may be imbedded in nearby structures or hanging in trees and bushes.

#### **408.4 BOMB THREATS RECEIVED AT POLICE FACILITY**

This procedure shall be followed should a bomb threat call be received at the police facility.

##### 408.4.1 BOMB THREATS RECEIVED BY TELEPHONE

The following questions should be asked if a bomb threat call is received at the Police Department:

- When is the bomb going to explode?
- Where is the bomb?
- What kind of bomb is it?
- What does it look like?
- Why did you place the bomb?
- Who are you? (to avoid possible termination of the call this should be the last question asked)

Attempt to keep the caller on the line as long as possible and obtain expanded answers to these six basic questions.

During this time, document the following:

- Time of the call.
- Exact words of the person as accurately as possible.
- Estimated age and gender of the caller.
- Speech patterns and/or accents.
- Background noises.

If the incoming call is received at the police facility on a recorded line, steps shall be taken to ensure that the recording is preserved in accordance with current department evidence procedures.

##### 408.4.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

The employee handling the call shall ensure that the Watch Commander is immediately advised and fully informed of the details. The Watch Commander will then direct and assign officers as required for coordinating a general building search or evacuation as he/she deems appropriate.

The responsible person in charge of the threatened facility shall be advised that the Police Department will assist in the evacuation, search, and disposal of the suspected explosive device; however, the final decision of action and resulting liability of action or non-action shall be made by the person in charge of the threatened facility.



## Civil Commitments

### 409.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for when officers may place an individual under protective custody for civil commitment (ORS 426.228).

### 409.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to protect the public and individuals through legal and appropriate use of the civil commitment process.

### 409.3 AUTHORITY

An officer may take a person into custody when the officer has probable cause to believe the person is dangerous to him/herself or to any other person and is in need of immediate care, custody or treatment for mental illness (ORS 426.228(1)).

An officer shall also take a person into custody at the direction of the community mental health program director when the director has probable cause to believe the person is imminently dangerous to him/herself or to another person. The director is mandated to prepare a report for the officer to deliver to the treating licensed independent practitioner (ORS 426.228(2)).

The officer shall transport the person in custody to the nearest facility approved by the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) or will transfer custody of the person to a mental health representative authorized under ORS 426.233(3).

If, upon delivery of the person to the facility, the licensed independent practitioner finds the person is not in need of emergency care or treatment for mental illness, the person is to be released from custody. The officer or the program director shall return the person to the place where he/she was taken into custody, unless the person declines that service.

#### 409.3.1 VOLUNTARY EVALUATION

If officers encounter an individual who may qualify for a civil commitment, they may inquire as to whether the person desires to voluntarily be evaluated at an appropriate facility. If the individual so desires, the officers should:

- (a) Transport the individual to an appropriate facility that is able to conduct the evaluation and admit the person pursuant to a civil commitment.
- (b) If at any point the individual changes his/her mind regarding voluntary evaluation, officers should proceed with the civil commitment, if appropriate.
- (c) Document the circumstances surrounding the individual's desire to pursue voluntary evaluation and/or admission.

### 409.4 CONSIDERATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Any officer handling a call involving an individual who may qualify for a civil commitment should consider, as time and circumstances reasonably permit:

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- (a) Available information that might assist in determining the cause and nature of the individual's action or stated intentions (e.g., information from LEDS).
- (b) Community or neighborhood mediation services.
- (c) Conflict resolution and de-escalation techniques.
- (d) Available community or other resources available to assist in dealing with mental health issues.

While these steps are encouraged, nothing in this section is intended to dissuade officers from taking reasonable action to ensure the safety of the officers and others.

Civil commitments should be preferred over arrest for individuals with mental health issues, who are suspected of committing minor crimes or creating other public safety issues.

#### 409.4.1 FOREIGN NATIONALS

If an officer takes a person into custody for a civil commitment and reasonably suspects that the person is a foreign national, the officer shall inform the person of his/her right to communicate with an official from the consulate of the person's country (ORS 426.228(9)).

#### **409.5 TRANSPORTATION**

When transporting any individual for a civil commitment, the transporting officer should have Dispatch notify the receiving facility of the estimated time of arrival, the level of cooperation of the individual and whether any special medical care is needed.

Officers may transport individuals in a patrol vehicle and shall secure them in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. Should the detainee require transport in a medical transport vehicle and the safety of any person, including the detainee, requires the presence of an officer during the transport, the Watch Commander will be notified of the transport.

#### 409.5.1 CLEARANCE REQUIRED

If transportation to an appropriate facility will require more than one hour to accomplish, the transporting officer must obtain, if possible, medical clearance from a licensed independent practitioner who has examined the person within the last 24 hours who certifies that the person is in need of immediate care or treatment for mental illness and that travel will not be detrimental to the person's physical health (ORS 426.228(3)).

#### **409.6 TRANSFER TO APPROPRIATE FACILITY**

Upon arrival at the facility, the officer will escort the individual into a treatment area designated by a facility staff member. If the individual is not seeking voluntary treatment, the officer should provide the staff member with the written application for a civil commitment and remain present to provide clarification of the grounds for detention, upon request.

Absent exigent circumstances, the transporting officer should not assist facility staff with the admission process, including restraint of the individual. However, if the individual is transported and delivered while restrained, the officer may assist with transferring the individual to facility

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restraints and will be available to assist during the admission process, if requested. Under normal circumstances, officers will not apply facility-ordered restraints.

#### **409.7 DOCUMENTATION**

The officer should complete the appropriate paperwork, provide it to the facility staff member assigned to the individual and retain a copy of the paperwork for inclusion in the case report.

The officer should also provide a verbal summary to any evaluating staff member regarding the circumstances leading to the involuntary detention.

##### **409.7.1 REQUIREMENTS**

Officers ensure that the report states (ORS 426.228):

- (a) The reason for custody.
- (b) The date, time and place the person was taken into custody.

#### **409.8 CRIMINAL OFFENSES**

Officers investigating an individual who is suspected of committing a minor criminal offense and who is being taken for a civil commitment should resolve the criminal matter by issuing a citation, as appropriate.

When an individual who may qualify for a civil commitment has committed a serious criminal offense that would normally result in an arrest and transfer to a jail facility, the officer should:

- (a) Arrest the individual when there is probable cause to do so.
- (b) Notify the appropriate supervisor of the facts supporting the arrest and the facts that would support the civil commitment.
- (c) Facilitate the individual's transfer to the jail facility.
- (d) Thoroughly document in the related reports the circumstances that indicate the individual may qualify for a civil commitment.

In the supervisor's judgment, the individual may be arrested or booked and transported to the appropriate mental health facility. The supervisor should consider the seriousness of the offense, the treatment options available, the ability of this department to regain custody of the individual, department resources (e.g., posting a guard) and other relevant factors in making this decision.

#### **409.9 FIREARMS AND OTHER WEAPONS**

Whenever an individual is taken into custody for a civil commitment, the handling officers should seek to determine if the individual owns or has access to any firearm or other deadly weapon. Officers should consider whether it is appropriate and consistent with current search and seizure law under the circumstances to seize any such firearms or other dangerous weapons (e.g. safekeeping, evidence, consent).

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Officers are cautioned that a search warrant may be needed before seizing weapons or entering a residence or other place to search, unless lawful, warrantless entry has already been made (e.g., exigent circumstances, consent).

The handling officers should further advise the individual of the procedure for the return of any firearm or other weapon that has been taken into custody.

## Citation Releases

### 410.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes 133.055, officers may issue a criminal citation to a person if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a misdemeanor or has committed a felony that is subject to misdemeanor treatment under Oregon Revised Statutes 161.705.

### 410.2 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

Officers will cite offenders into the court before which they would appear if arrested. The citations must specify the time, date and court of appearance, and the court date shall not be later than 30 days after the citation was issued (Oregon Revised Statutes 133.055 and 133.060).

#### 410.2.1 DISCRETION TO ARREST

While this department recognizes the statutory power of peace officers to make arrests throughout the state, officers are encouraged to use sound discretion in the enforcement of the law. On-duty arrests will generally be made outside the boundaries of the city only in cases of hot and/or fresh pursuit, or while following up on crimes committed within the city or while assisting another agency. On-duty officers who discover criminal activity outside the jurisdiction of the City should consider contacting the agency having primary jurisdiction, when circumstances permit, before attempting an apprehension.

Off-duty officers observing criminal activity should generally take enforcement action only when it reasonably appears that imminent risk to life or property exists and the reasonable opportunity does not exist to contact the law enforcement agency with primary jurisdiction. In such situations the involved officers shall clearly identify him/herself as a peace officer.

### 410.3 DEPARTMENT PROCEDURE

The following procedure will be followed to comply with this law.

#### 410.3.1 FIELD CITATIONS

Upon obtaining satisfactory identification and verifying that there are no outstanding warrants for the individual, officers may issue citations to a person upon probable cause to believe that the person has committed a misdemeanor or has committed a felony subject to misdemeanor treatment under ORS 161.705, unless there is a disqualifying reason making the person ineligible for citation (ORS 133.055).

Any other cite and releases will be authorized by the on-duty Watch Commander, or appropriate supervisor.

#### 410.3.2 FINGERPRINTS AND PHOTOGRAPHS

In certain cases, it may appropriate to fingerprint and photograph persons prior to citing and releasing them. In such cases, the person shall be taken into custody and transported to the jail for that purpose, after which, they may be issued a citation and released.

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##### 410.3.3 DISQUALIFYING CIRCUMSTANCES

In certain circumstances, cite and release may not be appropriate. Those situations include:

- (a) Oregon Revised Statutes 133.055 specifically exempts persons arrested for assault or menacing at the scene of a domestic violence complaint. Those persons must be physically taken into custody and shall be transported and lodged at the jail
- (b) The person has outstanding warrants for his or her arrest (unless the originating agency specifically authorizes a cite and release)
- (c) The person cannot satisfactorily identify themselves
- (d) The investigation or prosecution of the offense or offenses for which the person was arrested, or the investigation or prosecution of any other offense or offenses, would be jeopardized by the immediate release of the person arrested
- (e) There is a reasonable likelihood that the offense or offenses would continue or resume, or that the safety of persons or property would be imminently endangered by the release of the person arrested
- (f) The person has indicated they will not appear or there is other reason to believe that the person would not appear at the time and place specified in the citation. The basis for this determination shall be specifically stated such as:
  - 1. Previous history of failure to appear is on record
  - 2. The person lacks ties to the area, such as a residence, job, or family
  - 3. The person initially provided a false name or identification or has previously used false names to avoid prosecution
- (g) The person arrested is so intoxicated that he/she could be a danger to himself/herself or to others. (Release may occur as soon as this condition no longer exists)
- (h) Unusual circumstances lead the officer to conclude that the suspect should be held for further investigation

##### 410.3.4 INSTRUCTIONS TO CITED PERSON

The citing officer shall call attention to the time and place for appearance and take any other steps he/she deems necessary to ensure that the defendant understands his/her written obligation to appear.

##### **410.4 CITATION RELEASE ON WARRANTS**

If the offense is not excluded under Oregon Revised Statutes 133.055, the court may authorize an officer to issue and serve a criminal citation in lieu of arrest (Oregon Revised Statutes 133.110). Officers should not issue citations under the following circumstances:

- (a) The crime cited in the warrant involves violence.
- (b) The crime cited in the warrant involves a firearm.

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- (c) The crime cited in the warrant involves resisting arrest.
- (d) The crime cited in the warrant involves giving false information to an officer.
- (e) The person arrested is a danger to himself or herself or others due to intoxication or being under the influence of drugs or narcotics.
- (f) The person requires medical examination or medical care or was otherwise unable to care for his or her own safety.
- (g) The person has other ineligible charges pending against him/her.
- (h) There is reasonable likelihood that the offense or offenses would continue or resume, or that the safety of persons or property would be immediately endangered by the release of the person.
- (i) The person indicated they will not appear if released on a citation.
- (j) The person cannot provide satisfactory evidence of personal identification.
- (k) The warrant of arrest does not indicate that the person is eligible to be released on a notice to appear.

## Arrest or Detention of Foreign Nationals

### 411.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Article 36 of the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, sets forth certain rights of foreign nationals from member countries when arrested, detained or imprisoned by law enforcement officials in this country. This section provides direction to officers when considering a physical arrest or detention of a foreign national. All foreign service personnel shall be treated with respect and courtesy, regardless of the level of established immunity. As noted herein, the United States is a party to several bilateral agreements that obligate our authorities to notify the consulate upon the person's detention, regardless of whether the detained person(s) request that his or her consulate be notified. The list of specific countries that the United States is obligated to notify is listed on the US Department of State website.

#### 411.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Foreign National** - Anyone who is not a citizen of the United States (U.S.). A person with dual-citizenship, U.S. and foreign, is not a foreign national.

**Immunity** - Refers to various protections and privileges extended to the employees of foreign governments who are present in the U.S. as official representatives of their home governments. These privileges are embodied in international law and are intended to ensure the efficient and effective performance of their official "missions" (i.e., embassies, consulates, etc.) in foreign countries. Proper respect for the immunity to which an individual is entitled is necessary to ensure that U.S. diplomatic relations are not jeopardized and to maintain reciprocal treatment of U.S. personnel abroad. Although immunity may preclude U.S. courts from exercising jurisdiction, it is not intended to excuse unlawful activity. It is the policy of the U.S. Department of State's Office of Foreign Missions (OFM) that illegal acts by Foreign Service personnel should always be pursued through proper channels. Additionally, the host country's right to protect its citizens supersedes immunity privileges. Peace officers may intervene to the extent necessary to prevent the endangerment of public safety or the commission of a serious crime, regardless of immunity claims.

### 411.2 ARREST OR DETENTION OF FOREIGN NATIONALS

Officers should take appropriate enforcement action for all violations observed, regardless of claims of diplomatic or consular immunity received from violators. A person shall not, however, be subjected to in-custody arrest when diplomatic or consular immunity is claimed by the individual or suspected by the officer, and the officer has verified or reasonably suspects that the claim of immunity is valid.

### 411.3 LEVELS OF IMMUNITY

The specific degree of immunity afforded to foreign service personnel within the U.S. is directly related to their function and position in this country.



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##### **411.3.1 DIPLOMATIC AGENTS**

Diplomatic agents (e.g., ambassadors and United Nations representatives) are afforded the highest levels of immunity. They are exempt from arrest or detention and are immune from all criminal (and most civil) prosecution by the host state. The family members of diplomatic agents enjoy these same immunities.

##### **411.3.2 CONSULAR OFFICERS**

Consular officers are the ranking members of consular posts who perform various formal functions on behalf of their own governments. Typical titles include consul general, consul, and vice consul. These officials are immune from arrest or detention, except pursuant to a felony warrant. They are only immune from criminal and civil prosecution arising from official acts. Official acts immunity must be raised as an affirmative defense in the court jurisdiction, and its validity is determined by the court. Under this defense, the prohibited act itself must have been performed as an official function. It is not sufficient that the consular agent was on-duty or in an official capacity at the time of the violation. The family members of consular officers generally enjoy no immunity, however, any family member who enjoys a higher level of immunity is issued an identification card by Department of State (DOS) enumerating any privileges or immunities on the back of the card. Examples are consular officers and family members from Russia or China.

##### **411.3.3 HONORARY CONSULS**

Honorary consuls are part-time employees of the country they represent and are either permanent residents of the U.S. or U.S. nationals (unlike career consular officers, who are foreign nationals on temporary assignment to the U.S.). Honorary consuls may be arrested and detained; limited immunity for official acts may be available as a subsequent defense. Family members have no immunity.

#### **411.4 IDENTIFICATION**

All diplomatic and consular personnel who are entitled to immunity are registered with the Department of State and are issued distinctive identification cards by the Department of State Protocol Office. These cards are the best means of identifying Foreign Service personnel. They include a photograph, identifying information, and, on the reverse side, a brief description of the bearer's immunity status. Unfortunately, these identification cards are not always promptly issued by the Department of State. In addition to the Department of State identification card, Foreign Service personnel should also have a driver license issued by the Department of State Diplomatic Motor Vehicle Office (DMVO), which in most circumstances replaces the operator's license issued by the state.

##### **411.4.1 VEHICLE REGISTRATION**

Vehicles that are owned by foreign missions or Foreign Service personnel and their dependents are registered with the Department of State OFM and display distinctive red, white, and blue license plates. Vehicles assigned to diplomatic or consular officers will generally have license plates labels with the words "diplomat" or "consul." Vehicles owned by honorary consuls are not issued OFM license plates; but may have Oregon license plates with an "honorary consul"

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label. Driver's identity or immunity status should not be presumed from the type of license plates displayed on the vehicle. The status of an OFM license plate should be run via the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS), designating "US" as the state, if the officer has reason to question the legitimate possession of the license plate.

#### **411.5 ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES**

The following procedures provide a guideline for handling enforcement of foreign nationals:

##### 411.5.1 CITABLE OFFENSES

An enforcement document shall be issued at the scene for all violations warranting such action, regardless of the violator's immunity status. The issuance of a citation is not considered an arrest or detention under current Department of State guidelines. Whenever the equivalent of a notice to appear is issued to an immunity claimant, the following additional procedures shall be followed by the arresting officer:

- (a) Identification documents are to be requested of the claimant
- (b) The title and country represented by the claimant are to be recorded on the back of the officer's copy of the Notice to Appear for later reference. Do not include on the face of the notice to appear
- (c) The violator shall be provided with the appropriate copy of the notice to appear

##### 411.5.2 IN-CUSTODY ARRESTS

Diplomatic agents and consular officers are immune from arrest or detention (unless they have no identification and the detention is to verify their diplomatic status). Proper identification of immunity claimants is imperative in potential in-custody situations. Claimants who are not entitled to immunity may be placed in custody in accordance with applicable laws and policies.

A subject who is placed under arrest and claims diplomatic or consular immunity shall not be physically restrained before verification of the claim (unless restraint is necessary for the protection of the officer or others.)

A supervisor shall be promptly notified and should respond to the scene when possible.

Field verification of the claimant's identity is to be attempted as follows:

- (a) Identification cards issued by the Department of State, Protocol Office, are the only valid evidence of diplomatic or consular immunity. The following types of identification cards are issued: Diplomatic (blue bordered), Consular (red bordered), and Official (green bordered). The Department of State identification cards are 3-3/4 inch by 1-1/2 inch and contain a photograph of the bearer.
- (b) Initiate telephone verification with the Department of State. Newly arrived members of diplomatic or consular missions may not yet have official Department of State identity documents. Verify immunity by telephone with the Department of State any time an individual claims immunity and cannot present satisfactory identification, the officer

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has reason to doubt the claim of immunity, or there is a possibility of physical arrest. Law enforcement personnel should use the following numbers in order of preference:

Office of Foreign Missions	Diplomatic Security Service
San Francisco, CA	915 Second Avenue, Room 3410
(415) 744-2910, Ext.. 22 or 23	
(415) 744-2913 FAX	Seattle, WA 98174
(0800-1700 PST)	(206) 220-7721
	(206) 220-7723 FAX
Office of Foreign Missions	Department of State
Diplomatic Motor Vehicle Office	Diplomatic Security Service
Washington D.C.	Command Center
(202) 895-3521 (Driver License Verification) or	Washington D.C.
(202) 895-3532 (Registration Verification)	(202) 647-7277
(202) 895-3533 FAX	(202) 647-1512
(0815-1700 EST)	(Available 24 hours)
	(202) 647-0122 FAX

Members of diplomatic or consular missions also may have other forms of identification. These include identification cards issued by Office of Emergency Services, local law enforcement agencies, the foreign embassy, or consulate; driver licenses issued by Department of State; and, Department of State license indicia on the vehicle. All these items are only an indication that the bearer may have some form of immunity.

Subjects verified through the above procedures as being officials entitled to immunity (diplomatic agent, consular officers and consular staff and family members from countries with which the U.S. has special agreements) may not be arrested. The procedures below shall be followed. These procedures should also be used in the event immunity cannot be verified, but another form of identification indicates that immunity is probable.

If the release of the violator will not create an additional hazard, adequate information to properly identify the violator shall be obtained then the official shall be released. A supervisor's approval for the release shall be obtained whenever possible.

If the violator appears to have been driving while under the influence, field sobriety tests, including chemical tests should be offered and obtained whenever possible, however, these tests cannot be compelled. The subject shall not be permitted to drive. A supervisor's approval for release shall be obtained whenever possible and alternative transportation should be arranged.

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All facts of the incident shall be documented in accordance with this policy in a Driving Under the Influence (DUI) Arrest-Investigation Report, Arrest-Investigation Report and/or any other relevant Report form. Notwithstanding the field release of the subject, prosecution is still appropriate and should be pursued by the command concerned. The Department of State will take appropriate sanctions against errant foreign service personnel, even where prosecution is not undertaken by the agency.

#### **411.6 TRAFFIC COLLISIONS**

Persons involved in traffic collisions who possess a Department of State OFM Diplomatic Driver License, issued by the DMVO, shall have "D" coded in the license "class" box of the Traffic Collision Report. If subsequent prosecution of the claimant is anticipated, the claimant's title, country, and type of identification presented should be recorded for future reference. Issuance of a citation to, or arrest of, an immunity claimant at the accident scene should be handled in accordance with any applicable laws and policies.

##### 411.6.1 VEHICLES

Vehicles, which are owned by subjects with full immunity, may not be searched, stored, or impounded without the owner's permission. (Such permission may be assumed if the vehicle has been stolen.) These vehicles may, however, be towed the necessary distance to remove them from obstructing traffic or creating any other hazard.

##### 411.6.2 REPORTS

A photocopy of each traffic collision report involving an identified diplomat and/or immunity claimant shall be forwarded to the office of the Chief of Police within 48 hours whether or not the claim is verified. The words "Immunity Claim" shall be marked on the photocopy, together with a notation of the claimant's title, country, and type of identification presented (if applicable). In addition to the report, a follow-up cover memorandum should be submitted if the violation was flagrant, if the claimant was uncooperative, or if there were any other unusual aspects of the enforcement contact that should be reported to the Department of State for further action. The Watch Commander/Supervisor apprised of the incident/accident shall also send a copy of all documents and reports submitted by the investigating officer along with any supervisor's notes, materials and/or logs to the Chief of Police's office within 48 hours of the incident. The Chief of Police's office will check to ensure that notification of Department of State and all necessary follow-up occur.

#### **411.7 FOREIGN NATIONALS WHO DO NOT CLAIM IMMUNITY**

Officers may only arrest foreign nationals not claiming diplomatic or consular immunity under the following circumstances:

- (a) There is a valid warrant issued for the person's arrest
- (b) There is probable cause to believe that the foreign national has violated a federal criminal law, a state law, or a local ordinance

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#### *Arrest or Detention of Foreign Nationals*

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- (c) Officers shall not arrest foreign nationals solely for alleged undocumented entry into the United States.

Because undocumented presence is strictly a federal civil violation, it is only enforceable by federal officers therefore officers of this department shall not arrest foreign nationals solely for undocumented presence. Officers shall not stop or detain persons solely for determining immigration status.

#### 411.7.1 ARREST PROCEDURE

Whenever an officer physically arrests or detains an individual for criminal investigation and the officer reasonably believes the person to be a foreign national, the officer shall inquire to determine the person's citizenship.

This procedure applies to detentions of more than two hours. An inquiry is not required if the individual is detained less than two hours for criminal investigation.

If the individual indicates that he/she is other than a U.S. citizen, the officer shall advise the individual that he/she has a right to have the nearest appropriate embassy or consulate notified of the arrest/detention (Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, Art. 36, (1969)).

If the individual requests such notification, the officer shall contact Dispatch as soon as practical and request the appropriate embassy/consulate be notified. Officers shall provide Dispatch with the following information concerning the individual:

- Country of citizenship
- Full name of individual, including paternal and maternal surname, if used
- Date of birth or age
- Current residence
- Time, date, place, location of incarceration/detention and the 24-hour telephone number of the place of detention if different from the Department itself

If the foreign national claims citizenship of one of the countries listed by the US Department of State as requiring mandatory consular notification, officers shall provide Dispatch with the information above as soon as practical whether or not the individual desires the embassy/consulate to be notified. This procedure is critical because of treaty obligations with the particular countries. The list of mandatory notification countries and jurisdictions can be found on the US Department of State website.

#### 411.7.2 DOCUMENTATION

Officers shall document on the face page and in the narrative of the appropriate Arrest-Investigation Report the date and time Dispatch was notified of the foreign national's arrest/detention and his/her claimed nationality.

## Rapid Response and Deployment

### 412.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Violence in schools, workplaces and other locations by any individual or group of individuals presents a difficult situation for law enforcement. The purpose of this policy is to identify guidelines and factors that will assist responding officers as they make decisions in these rapidly unfolding and tense situations.

### 412.2 POLICY

The policy of this department in dealing with the crisis situation shall be:

- (a) To obtain and maintain complete operative control of the incident.
- (b) To explore every reasonably available source of intelligence regarding the circumstances, location, and suspect(s) in the incident.
- (c) To attempt, by every means available, to attain any tactical advantage over the responsible individual(s).
- (d) To attempt, whenever feasible, a negotiated surrender of the suspect(s) and release of the hostages through the expertise of the members of this department and others.
- (e) When an emergency situation exists, neutralize the threat as rapidly as reasonably possible to minimize injury and loss of life.

Nothing in this policy shall preclude the use of necessary force, deadly or otherwise, by members of this department in protecting themselves or others from death or serious injury.

### 412.3 PROCEDURE

If there is a reasonable belief that acts or threats by a suspect are placing lives in imminent danger, first responding officers should consider reasonable options to immediately eliminate the threat. Officers must decide, often under a multitude of difficult and rapidly evolving circumstances, whether to advance on the suspect, take other actions to deal with the threat or wait for additional resources.

When deciding on a course of action officers should consider the following:

- (a) Whether sufficient personnel are available on-scene to advance on the suspect. Any advance on a suspect should be made using teams of two or more officers whenever reasonably possible.
- (b) Whether individuals who are under imminent threat can be moved out of danger with reasonable safety.
- (c) Whether the officers have the ability to effectively communicate with others in the field.
- (d) Whether planned tactics can be effectively deployed.

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- (e) The availability of rifles, shotguns, shields, control devices and any other appropriate tools, and whether the deployment of these tools will provide tactical advantage.
- (f) In a case of a barricaded suspect with no hostages and no immediate threat to others, officers should consider summoning and waiting for additional assistance (ERT and/or hostage negotiation team response).
- (g) If a suspect is actively engaged in the infliction of serious bodily harm or other life-threatening activity toward others, the officer should take immediate action, if reasonably possible, to stop the threat presented by the suspect while calling for additional assistance.

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## Immigration Violations

### 414.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines to members of the Roseburg Police Department relating to immigration and interacting with federal immigration officials.

### 414.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department that all members make personal and professional commitments to equal enforcement of the law and equal service to the public. Confidence in this commitment will increase the effectiveness of this department in protecting and serving the entire community and recognizing the dignity of all persons, regardless of their national origin or immigration status.

### 414.3 VICTIMS AND WITNESSES

To encourage crime reporting and cooperation in the investigation of criminal activity, all individuals, regardless of their immigration status, must feel secure that contacting or being addressed by members of law enforcement will not automatically lead to immigration inquiry and/or deportation. While it may be necessary to determine the identity of a victim or witness, members shall treat all individuals equally and not in any way that would violate the United States or Oregon constitutions.

### 414.4 DETENTIONS

This department does not participate in routine immigration investigation and enforcement activities (ORS 181A.820).

An officer should not detain any individual, for any length of time, for a civil violation of federal immigration laws or a related civil warrant.

An officer who has a reasonable suspicion that an individual already lawfully contacted or detained has committed a criminal violation of federal immigration law may detain the person for a reasonable period of time in order to contact federal immigration officials to verify whether an immigration violation is a federal civil violation or a criminal violation. If the violation is a criminal violation, the officer may continue to detain the person for a reasonable period of time if requested by federal immigration officials (8 USC § 1357(g)(10)). No individual who is otherwise ready to be released should continue to be detained only because questions about the individual's status are unresolved.

If the officer has facts that establish probable cause to believe that a person already lawfully detained has committed a criminal immigration offense, he/she may continue the detention and may request a federal immigration official to respond to the location to take custody of the detained person (8 USC § 1357(g)(10)).

An officer is encouraged to forgo detentions made solely on the basis of a misdemeanor offense when time limitations, availability of personnel, issues of officer safety, communication capabilities, or the potential to obstruct a separate investigation outweigh the need for the detention.



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An officer may arrest any person who is the subject of an arrest warrant issued by a federal magistrate for a criminal violation of federal immigration laws (ORS 181A.820).

An officer should notify a supervisor as soon as practicable whenever an individual is being detained or arrested for a criminal immigration violation.

#### 414.4.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

When notified that an officer has detained an individual and established reasonable suspicion or probable cause to believe the person has violated a criminal immigration offense, the supervisor should determine whether it is appropriate to:

- (a) Transfer the person to federal authorities.
- (b) Lawfully arrest the person for a criminal offense or pursuant to a judicial warrant (see the Law Enforcement Authority Policy).

#### 414.4.2 IMMIGRATION INQUIRIES PROHIBITED

An officer shall not inquire into an individual's immigration status, citizenship status, or country of birth except where allowed by law (ORS 181A.823).

#### 414.4.3 INDIVIDUAL RIGHT NOTIFICATION

To ensure compliance with all treaty obligations, including consular notification and state and federal laws, an officer should ensure individuals who are detained receive an explanation in writing, with interpretation into another language if requested, of the following (ORS 181A.823):

- (a) The individual's right to refuse to disclose the individual's nationality, citizenship, or immigration status.
- (b) That the disclosure of the individual's nationality, citizenship, or immigration status may result in a civil or criminal immigration enforcement, including removal from the United States.

#### **414.5 ARREST NOTIFICATION TO IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT**

Generally, an officer should not notify federal immigration officials when booking arrestees at a jail facility. Any required notification will be handled according to jail operation procedures. No individual who is otherwise ready to be released should continue to be detained solely for the purpose of notification.

#### **414.6 FEDERAL REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE**

Requests by federal immigration officials for assistance from this department should be directed to a supervisor. The Department may provide available support services (unrelated to immigration enforcement), such as peacekeeping efforts (ORS 181A.826).

#### 414.6.1 FEDERAL IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT REQUESTS AND DOCUMENTATION

Any requests from federal immigration officials for assistance relating to immigration enforcement (other than a judicial subpoena) shall be declined and the communication or request shall be documented. The documentation shall be forwarded to the Chief of Police or the authorized

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designee. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should ensure the documentation is forwarded to the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission (OCJC) as prescribed by the OCJC (ORS 181A.826).

#### **414.8 INFORMATION SHARING**

No member of this department will prohibit, or in any way restrict, any other member from doing any of the following regarding the citizenship or immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual (8 USC § 1373; ORS 181A.823):

- (a) Sending information to, or requesting or receiving such information from federal immigration officials
- (b) Maintaining such information in department records
- (c) Exchanging such information with any other federal, state, or local government entity

Nothing in this policy restricts sharing information that is permissible under Oregon State Law.

##### 414.8.1 IMMIGRATION DETAINERS

No individual should be held based solely on a federal immigration detainer under 8 CFR 287.7 unless the person has been charged with a federal crime or the detainer is accompanied by a warrant, affidavit of probable cause, or removal order. Notification to the federal authority issuing the detainer should be made prior to the release.

##### 414.8.2 NON-DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INFORMATION

Except as required by state or federal law, members should not disclose for the purpose of enforcement of federal immigration laws the following information about a person or his/her known relatives or associates, whether current or otherwise (ORS 180.805):

- (a) The person's address
- (b) The person's workplace or hours of work
- (c) The person's school or school hours
- (d) The person's contact information, including telephone number, email address, or social media account information
- (e) The identity of known associates or relatives of the person
- (f) The date, time, or location of a person's hearings, proceedings, or appointments with the Department that are not matters of public record

#### **414.9 U VISA AND T VISA NONIMMIGRANT STATUS**

Under certain circumstances, federal law allows temporary immigration benefits, known as a U visa, to victims and witnesses of certain qualifying crimes (8 USC § 1101(a)(15)(U)).

Similar immigration protection, known as a T visa, is available for certain qualifying victims of human trafficking (8 USC § 1101(a)(15)(T)).

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Any request for assistance in applying for U visa or T visa status should be forwarded in a timely manner to the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor assigned to oversee the handling of any related case. The Criminal Investigations Division supervisor should:

- (a) Consult with the assigned investigator to determine the current status of any related case and whether further documentation is warranted.
- (b) Contact the appropriate prosecutor assigned to the case, if applicable, to ensure the certification or declaration has not already been completed and whether a certification or declaration is warranted.
- (c) Address the request and complete the certification or declaration, if appropriate, in a timely manner (ORS 147.620).
  1. The instructions for completing certification and declaration forms can be found on the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) website.
- (d) Ensure that any decision to complete, or not complete, a certification or declaration form is documented in the case file and forwarded to the appropriate prosecutor. Include a copy of any completed form in the case file.

#### 414.9.1 DENIAL OF CERTIFICATION

If certification is denied, the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor shall inform the petitioner in writing regarding the reason for the denial as provided in ORS 147.620. A copy of the notice shall be kept for a minimum of three years and in accordance with the established records retention schedule (ORS 147.620).

#### 414.9.2 TIME FRAME FOR COMPLETION

Except under circumstances where there is good cause for delay, the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor shall process the certification for the U visa or T visa within 90 days of the request, unless the victim is in federal immigration removal proceedings, in which case the certification shall be executed within 14 days after the request is received (ORS 147.620).

#### **414.9 TRAINING**

The Administrative Sergeant should ensure officers receive training on this policy.

Training should include:

- (a) Identifying civil versus criminal immigration violations.
- (b) Factors that may be considered in determining whether a criminal immigration offense has been committed.

## Aircraft Accidents

### 415.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy describes situations involving aircraft accidents including responsibilities of personnel, making proper notification and documentation.

### 415.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

In the event of an aircraft crash the employee responsibilities are as follows:

#### 415.2.1 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITY

Officers should treat an aircraft crash site as a crime scene until it is determined that such is not the case. If a military aircraft is involved, additional dangers, such as live ordnance or hazardous materials, may be present. The scene may require additional security due to the potential presence of confidential equipment or information.

The duties of the field officer at the scene of an aircraft accident include the following:

- (a) Determine the nature and extent of the accident.
- (b) Request additional personnel and other resources to respond as needed.
- (c) Provide assistance for the injured parties until the arrival of fire department personnel and/or other emergency personnel.
- (d) Cordon off and contain the area to exclude unauthorized individuals as soon as practicable.
- (e) Provide crowd control and other assistance until directed otherwise by a supervisor.
- (f) Ensure that the medical examiner's office is notified if a death occurs.
- (g) If there appears to be a large number of fatalities, consider contacting the County Health Department for mass casualty assistance.

Entering an aircraft or tampering with parts or debris is only permissible for the purpose of removing injured or trapped occupants, protecting the wreckage from further damage or protecting the public from danger. If possible, the investigating authority should first be consulted before entering or moving any aircraft or any crash debris. Photographs or sketches of the original positions should be made whenever feasible.

The fire department will be responsible for control of the accident scene until the injured parties are cared for and the accident scene has been rendered safe for containment. Thereafter, police personnel will be responsible for preserving the scene until relieved by the investigating authority.

Once the scene is relinquished to the investigating authority, personnel from this agency may assist in containment of the scene until the investigation is completed or assistance is no longer needed.

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An airport service worker or the airport manager may respond to the scene to assist the on-scene commander with technical expertise, should it be needed during the operation.

#### 415.2.2 NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) has the primary responsibility for investigating accidents involving civil aircraft. In the case of a military aircraft incident the appropriate branch of the military will be involved in the investigation. The NTSB is concerned with several aspects of a crash as described in this section.

Every effort should be made to preserve the scene to the extent possible in the condition in which it was found until such time as NTSB or other authorized personnel arrive to take charge of the scene.

Military personnel will respond to take charge of any military aircraft involved, whether or not injuries or deaths have occurred.

If the accident did not result in a death or injury and the NTSB elects not to respond, the pilot or owner may assume control of the aircraft.

Removal of the wreckage shall be done under the guidance of the NTSB or military authorities or, if the NTSB is not responding for an onsite investigation, at the discretion of the pilot or the owner.

#### 415.2.3 DISPATCH RESPONSIBILITIES

Dispatchers are responsible to make notifications as directed once an aircraft accident has been reported. The notifications will vary depending on the type of accident, extent of injuries or damage, and the type of aircraft involved. Generally, the dispatcher will need to notify the following agencies or individuals when an aircraft accident has occurred.

- (a) Fire Department
- (b) The affected airport tower
- (c) Closest military base if a military aircraft is involved
- (d) Ambulances or other assistance as required

When an aircraft accident is reported to the Police Department by the airport tower personnel the dispatcher receiving such information should verify that the tower personnel will contact the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Flight Standards District Office and the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB). In the event that airport personnel are not involved, the dispatcher should notify the FAA and the NTSB.

#### 415.2.4 RECORDS SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Records Supervisor is responsible for the following:

- (a) Forward and maintain an approved copy of the accident report to the Oregon Department of Aviation

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- (b) Forward a copy of the report to the Operations Division Commander and the manager of the affected airport

#### 415.2.5 COMMUNITY RESOURCE SERGEANT / PIO RESPONSIBILITIES

The Department Public Information Officer is responsible for the following:

- (a) Obtain information for a press release from the on-scene commander or his or her designee
- (b) When practical, the Department Public Information Officer should coordinate with the FAA Press Information Officer to prepare a press release for distribution to the Media

Information released to the press regarding any aircraft accident should be handled by the Department Public Information Officer or in accordance with existing policy.

#### **415.3 DOCUMENTATION**

Any aircraft accident (crash) within the City, regardless of whether injuries or deaths occur, shall be documented in a police report.

## Field Training and Evaluation Program

### 416.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Field Training and Evaluation Program (FTEP) is intended to provide a standardized program to facilitate the officer's transition from the academic setting to the actual performance of general law enforcement duties of the Roseburg Police Department.

It is the policy of this department to assign all new police officers to a structured Field Training and Evaluation Program that complies with DPSST training requirements and that is designed to prepare the new officer to perform in a patrol assignment possessing all skills needed to operate in a safe, productive and professional manner.

### 416.2 FIELD TRAINING OFFICER SELECTION AND TRAINING

The Field Training Officer (FTO) is an experienced officer trained in the art of supervising, training and evaluating entry level and lateral police officers in the application of their previously acquired knowledge and skills.

#### 416.2.1 SELECTION PROCESS

FTO's will be selected based on the following requirements:

- (a) Desire to be an FTO
- (b) Minimum of 3 years of patrol experience, two of which shall be with this department, unless otherwise authorized by the Chief of Police or designee
- (c) Demonstrated ability as a positive role model
- (d) Successfully complete an approved FTEP training course
- (e) Evaluation by supervisors
- (f) Possess a DPSST Basic Certificate

#### 416.2.2 TRAINING

An officer selected as a Field Training Officer shall successfully complete an approved Field Training Officer's Course prior to being assigned as an FTO.

### 416.3 FIELD TRAINING AND EVALUATION PROGRAM SUPERVISOR

The FTEP supervisor will be selected from the rank of sergeant or above by the Operations Division Commander or his/her designee and shall possess a DPSST Supervisory Certificate.

The responsibilities of the FTEP supervisor include the following:

- (a) Assignment of trainees to FTOs.
- (b) Conducting FTO meetings.
- (c) Maintain and ensure FTO/Trainee performance evaluations are completed.
- (d) Maintain, update and issue the Field Training Manual to each trainee.

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- (e) Monitor individual FTO performance.
- (f) Monitor overall FTEP Program.
- (g) Maintain liaison with FTO Coordinators of other agencies.
- (h) Maintain liaison with academy staff on recruit performance during the academy.
- (i) Develop ongoing training for FTOs.

#### **416.4 REQUIRED TRAINING**

Entry level officers shall be required to successfully complete the Field Training Program, consisting of a minimum of 16 weeks.

The training period for lateral officers may be modified depending on the trainee's demonstrated performance and level of experience.

To the extent practicable, entry level and lateral officers should be assigned to a variety of Field Training Officers, shifts and geographical areas during their Field Training Program.

##### 416.4.1 FIELD TRAINING MANUAL

Each new officer will be issued a Field Training Manual at the beginning of his/her Primary Training Phase. This manual is an outline of the subject matter and/or skills necessary to properly function as an officer with the Roseburg Police Department. The officer shall become knowledgeable of the subject matter as outlined. He/she shall also become proficient with those skills as set forth in the manual.

The Field Training Manual will specifically cover those policies, procedures, rules and regulations enacted by the Roseburg Police Department.

#### **416.5 EVALUATIONS**

Evaluations are an important component of the training process and shall be completed as outlined below.

##### 416.5.1 FIELD TRAINING OFFICER

The FTO will be responsible for the following:

- (a) Complete and submit a written evaluation on the performance of his/her assigned trainee to the FTEP supervisor on a daily basis.
- (b) Review the Daily Observation Report (DORs) with the trainee each day.
- (c) Complete a detailed end-of-phase performance evaluation on his/her assigned trainee at the end of each phase of training.
- (d) Sign off all completed topics contained in the Field Training Manual, noting the method(s) of learning and evaluating the performance of his/her assigned trainee.



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##### 416.5.2 IMMEDIATE SUPERVISOR

The immediate supervisor shall review and approve the Daily Observation Reports and forward them to the FTEP supervisor. The supervisor will prepare a bi-monthly supervisor's evaluation and forward it along with the FTO's evaluations.

##### 416.5.3 FIELD TRAINING ADMINISTRATOR

The FTEP supervisor will review and approve the Daily Observation Reports submitted by the FTO through his/her immediate supervisor.

#### **416.6 DOCUMENTATION**

All documentation of the Field Training and Evaluation Program will be retained in the officer's training files and will consist of the following:

- (a) Daily Observation Reports
- (b) End of phase evaluations
- (c) Supervisor's evaluation
- (d) The completed Field Training Manual

## Contacts and Temporary Detentions

### 417.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for conducting field interviews (FI) and pat-down searches and the taking and retention of photographs of persons detained in the field but not arrested. Due to a variety of situations confronting the officer, the decision to FI or photograph a field detainee shall be left to the discretion of the involved officer based on the totality of the circumstances available to them at the time of the detention.

#### 417.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Consensual encounter** - When an officer contacts an individual but does not create a detention through words, actions, or other means. In other words, a reasonable individual would believe that his/her contact with the officer is voluntary.

**Field interview (FI)** - The brief detainment of an individual, whether on foot or in a vehicle, based on reasonable suspicion for the purposes of determining the individual's identity and resolving the officer's suspicions.

**Field photographs** - Posed photographs taken of a person during a contact, temporary detention, or arrest in the field. Undercover surveillance photographs of an individual and recordings captured by the normal operation of a Mobile/Audio Video (MAV) system, body-worn camera, or public safety camera when persons are not posed for the purpose of photographing are not considered field photographs.

**Frisk or pat-down search** - A type of search used by officers in the field to check an individual for dangerous weapons. It involves a thorough patting-down of clothing to locate any weapons or dangerous items that could pose a danger to the officer, the detainee, or others (ORS 131.625).

**Reasonable suspicion** - When, under the totality of the circumstances, an officer has articulable facts that criminal activity may be afoot and a particular person is connected with that possible criminal activity.

**Stop** - The brief detainment of an individual, whether on foot or in a vehicle, based on reasonable suspicion that the person has committed or is about to commit a crime (ORS 131.615).

**Temporary detention** - When an officer intentionally, through words, actions, or physical force, causes an individual to reasonably believe he/she is required to restrict his/her movement without an actual arrest. Temporary detentions also occur when an officer actually restrains a person's freedom of movement.

### 417.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department respects the right of the public to be free from unreasonable searches or seizures. Due to an unlimited variety of situations confronting the officer, the decision to temporarily detain a person and complete an FI, pat-down search, or field photograph shall

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be left to the officer based on the totality of the circumstances, officer safety considerations, and constitutional safeguards.

#### **417.3 FIELD INTERVIEWS**

Based on observance of suspicious circumstances or upon information from investigation, an officer may initiate the stop of a person, and conduct an FI, when there is articulable, reasonable suspicion to do so. A person, however, shall not be detained longer than is reasonably necessary to resolve the officer's suspicion.

Nothing in this policy is intended to discourage consensual contacts. Frequent casual contact with consenting individuals is encouraged by the Roseburg Police Department to strengthen community involvement, community awareness, and problem identification.

##### **417.3.1 INITIATING A FIELD INTERVIEW**

When initiating the stop, the officer should be able to point to specific facts which, when considered with the totality of the circumstances, reasonably warrant the stop. Such facts include but are not limited to an individual's:

- (a) Appearance or demeanor suggesting that he/she is part of a criminal enterprise or is engaged in a criminal act.
- (b) Actions suggesting that he/she is engaged in a criminal activity.
- (c) Presence in the area at an inappropriate hour of the day or night.
- (d) Presence in a particular area is suspicious.
- (e) Carrying of suspicious objects or items.
- (f) Excessive clothes for the climate or clothes bulging in a manner that suggests he/she is carrying a dangerous weapon.
- (g) Location in proximate time and place to an alleged crime.
- (h) Physical description or clothing worn that matches a suspect in a recent crime.
- (i) Prior criminal record or involvement in criminal activity as known by the officer.

##### **417.3.2 WITNESS IDENTIFICATION AND INTERVIEWS**

Because potential witnesses to an incident may be lost or the integrity of their statements compromised with the passage of time, officers should, when warranted by the seriousness of the case, take reasonable steps to promptly coordinate with an on-scene supervisor and/or criminal investigators to utilize available personnel for the following:

- (a) Identify all persons present at the scene and in the immediate area.
  - 1. When feasible, a recorded statement should be obtained from those persons who claim not to have witnessed the incident but who were present at the time it occurred.
  - 2. Any potential witness who is unwilling or unable to remain available for a formal interview should not be detained absent reasonable suspicion to detain or

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probable cause to arrest. Without detaining the individual for the sole purpose of identification, officers should attempt to identify the witness prior to his/her departure.

- (b) Witnesses who are willing to provide a formal interview should be asked to meet at a suitable location where criminal investigators may obtain a recorded statement. Such witnesses, if willing, may be transported by department personnel.
  - 1. A written, verbal or recorded statement of consent should be obtained prior to transporting a witness in a department vehicle. When the witness is a minor, consent should be obtained from the parent or guardian, if available, prior to transportation.

#### **417.4 FRISK OR PAT-DOWN SEARCHES**

A frisk or pat-down search of a stopped person may be conducted whenever an officer reasonably believes that the person may possess a dangerous or deadly weapon and presents a danger to the officer or other persons present (ORS 131.625). The purpose of this limited search is not to discover evidence of a crime, but to allow the officer to pursue the investigation without fear of violence. Circumstances that may establish justification for performing a pat-down search include but are not limited to the following:

- (a) The type of crime suspected, particularly in crimes of violence where the use or threat of weapons is involved.
- (b) Where more than one suspect must be handled by a single officer.
- (c) The hour of the day and the location or area where the stop takes place.
- (d) Prior knowledge of the suspect's use of force and/or propensity to carry weapons.
- (e) The actions and demeanor of the suspect.
- (f) Visual indications which suggest that the suspect is carrying a firearm or other dangerous weapon.

Whenever practicable, a pat-down search should not be conducted by a lone officer. A cover officer should be positioned to ensure safety and should not be involved in the search.

#### **417.5 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS**

Before photographing any field detainee, the officer shall carefully consider, among other things, the factors listed below.

##### **417.5.1 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITH CONSENT**

Field photographs may be taken when the subject of the photograph knowingly and voluntarily gives consent.

##### **417.5.2 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHOUT CONSENT**

Field photographs may be taken without consent only if they are taken during a detention that is based on reasonable suspicion of criminal activity, and the photograph serves a legitimate law enforcement purpose related to the detention. The officer must be able to articulate facts that

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reasonably indicate that the subject was involved in or was about to become involved in criminal conduct. The subject should not be ordered to remove or lift any clothing for the purpose of taking a photograph.

If, prior to taking a photograph, the officer's reasonable suspicion of criminal activity has been dispelled, the detention must cease and the photograph should not be taken.

All field photographs and related reports shall be submitted to a supervisor and retained in compliance with this policy.

#### **417.6 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

While it is recognized that field photographs often become valuable investigative tools, supervisors should monitor such practices in view of the above listed considerations. This is not to imply that supervisor approval is required before each photograph. Access to field photographs shall be strictly limited to law enforcement purposes.

#### **417.7 DISPOSITION OF PHOTOGRAPHS**

All detainee photographs must be adequately labeled and submitted to the Watch Commander with either an associated FI card, incident report, or other memorandum explaining the nature of the contact. If an individual is photographed as a suspect in a particular crime, any associated report numbers should be noted on the photograph, or on the computer case file / folder.

When a photograph is taken in association with a particular case, the officer may use such photograph in a photo lineup. Thereafter, the individual photograph should be retained as a part of the case file.

#### **417.8 PHOTO REVIEW POLICY**

Any person who has been the subject of a field photograph or an FI by this agency during any contact other than an arrest may file a written request within 30 days of the contact requesting a review of the status of the photograph/FI. The request shall be directed to the office of the Chief of Police who will ensure that the status of the photograph or FI is properly reviewed according to this policy.

## Watch Commanders

### **418.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

Each patrol shift must be directed by supervisors who are capable of making decisions and communicating in a manner consistent with departmental policies, procedures, practices, functions and objectives. To accomplish this goal, a Sergeant heads each watch.

### **418.2 DESIGNATION AS ACTING**

When a Sergeant is unavailable for duty as Watch Commander, in most instances a qualified Corporal and / or Master Officer will be designated as acting Watch Commander.

## Mobile Data Computer Use

### 419.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Mobile Data Computer (MDC) accesses confidential records from the Oregon State Police and Department of Motor Vehicles databases. Employees using the MDC shall comply with all appropriate federal and state rules and regulations.

### 419.2 MDC USE

The MDC shall be used for official police communications only. Messages that are of a sexual, racist, or offensive nature, or otherwise critical of any member of the Department are strictly forbidden. MDC use is also subject to the Department Technology Use Policy.

Messages may be reviewed by supervisors at anytime without prior notification. Employees generating or transmitting messages not in compliance with this policy are subject to discipline.

All calls dispatched to patrol units should be communicated by voice and MDC unless otherwise authorized by the Watch Commander.

Any agency using a terminal to access the Law Enforcement Data System (LEDS), whether directly or through another agency, is responsible for adhering to all applicable LEDS Rules & Policies and must ensure that unauthorized persons are not given access or allowed to view LEDS information.

#### 419.2.1 USE WHILE DRIVING

Use of the MDC by the vehicle operator should generally be limited to times when the vehicle is stopped. When the vehicle is in motion, the operator should only attempt to read messages that are likely to contain information that is required for immediate enforcement, investigative or safety needs.

Short transmissions, such as a license plate check, are permitted if it reasonably appears that it can be done safely. In no case shall an operator attempt to send or review lengthy messages while the vehicle is in motion.

#### 419.2.2 STATUS CHANGES

All changes in status (e.g., arrival at scene, meal periods, in service) will be transmitted either verbally over the police radio or through the MDC system.

Officers responding to in-progress calls shall advise changes in status verbally over the radio to assist other officers responding to the same incident.

Other changes in status may be entered by depressing the appropriate keys on the MDC's.

### 419.3 MDC CONSIDERATIONS

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##### 419.3.1 NON-FUNCTIONING MDC

Whenever possible, officers will not use units with malfunctioning MDC's. Whenever officers must drive a unit in which the MDC is not working, they shall notify Dispatch. It shall be responsibility of Dispatch to record all information that will then be transmitted verbally over the police radio.

##### 419.3.2 BOMB CALLS

When investigating reports of possible bombs, officers will turn off their MDC's. Operating the MDC may cause some devices to detonate.



# Portable Audio/Video Recorders (Body Cam) and Mobile Audio Vehicle (MAV) Recording Systems

## 420.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use of MAV systems and portable audio/video recording devices used by members of this department while in the performance of their duties. MAV systems and portable audio/video recording devices include all recording systems whether attached to a vehicle, body-worn, hand held or integrated into portable equipment.

The Roseburg Police Department has equipped marked patrol vehicles with MAV recording systems to provide records of events and assist officers in the performance of their duties.

This policy does not apply to lawful surreptitious audio/video recording of communications for authorized investigative purposes.

## 420.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department may provide members with access to MAV systems and/or portable recorders, either audio or video or both, for use during the performance of their duties. The use of MAV systems and portable recorders is intended to enhance the mission of the Department by accurately capturing contacts between members of the Department and the public.

## 420.3 MEMBER PRIVACY EXPECTATION

All recordings made by members acting in their official capacity shall remain the property of the Department regardless of whether those recordings were made with department-issued or personally owned recorders. Members shall have no expectation of privacy or ownership interest in the content of these recordings.

## 420.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Prior to going into service, each uniformed member will be responsible for making sure that he/she is equipped with a portable Body Worn Video device, issued by the department, and that the device is in good working order. Uniformed members should wear the device in a conspicuous manner. Any member assigned to a non-uniformed or administrative position may carry an approved Body Worn Video system at any time the member believes that such a device may be useful. Members shall dock or upload their Body Worn Video device at the end of their shift and/or any time the storage capacity is nearing its limit.

Prior to going into service, each member utilizing a patrol vehicle equipped with a MAV system will ensure the MAV system is activated and functioning properly. Prior to end of shift, members will label and categorize all applicable recordings in adherence to department policy and procedures. If the MAV system is malfunctioning, the member shall notify the on-duty Watch Commander, who may take that patrol vehicle off line until the MAV system is repaired.

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#### *Portable Audio/Video Recorders (Body Cam) and Mobile Audio Vehicle (MAV)*

#### *Recording Systems*

#### ~~420.5 ACTIVATION OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER AND MAV SYSTEM~~

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This policy is not intended to describe every possible situation in which the MAV system and portable recorder should be used, although there are many situations where their use is appropriate. Members should activate the MAV system and/or portable recorder any time the member believes it would be appropriate or valuable to record an incident.

The MAV system and/or portable recorder should be activated in any of the following situations:

- (a) All enforcement and investigative contacts including stops and field interview (FI) situations
- (b) Traffic stops including, but not limited to, traffic violations, stranded motorist assistance and all crime interdiction stops
- (c) Self-initiated activity in which a member would normally notify Dispatch
- (d) Any time someone is transported in the prisoner section of the patrol vehicle
- (e) Priority responses
- (f) Vehicle pursuits
- (g) Any call for service where the recorder may aid in the investigation
- (h) Any other contact that becomes adversarial after the initial contact in a situation that would not otherwise require recording

Members shall notify all parties to the conversation that a recording is being made unless pursuant to a court order or the limited exceptions in ORS 165.540 subsections (2) through (7) and ORS 133.726 (prostitution offenses, felonies when exigency makes obtaining a warrant unreasonable, certain felony drug offenses, felonies that endangers human life (ORS 165.540)).

Members should remain sensitive to the dignity of all individuals being recorded and exercise sound discretion to respect privacy by discontinuing recording whenever it reasonably appears to the member that such privacy may outweigh any legitimate law enforcement interest in recording. Requests by members of the public to stop recording should be considered using this same criterion. Recording should resume when privacy is no longer at issue unless the circumstances no longer fit the criteria for recording.

At no time is a member expected to jeopardize his/her safety in order to activate a MAV system and/or portable recorder, or to change the recording media. However, the MAV system and/or portable recorder should be activated in situations described above as soon as practicable.

#### 420.5.1 SURREPTITIOUS USE OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER AND MAV SYSTEM

Oregon law generally prohibits any individual from surreptitiously recording any conversation, except as provided in ORS 165.540 and ORS 165.543.

Members shall not surreptitiously record another department member without a court order unless lawfully authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

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##### ~~420.5.2 CESSATION OF RECORDING~~

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Once activated, the MAV system and/or portable recorder should remain on continuously until the member's direct participation in the incident is complete or the situation no longer fits the criteria for activation. Recording may be stopped during significant periods of inactivity such as report writing or other breaks from direct participation in the incident; the MAV recording system may be stopped when it is unlikely it will capture anything of value.

##### 420.5.3 EXPLOSIVE DEVICE

Many MAV systems and portable recorders, including body-worn cameras and audio/video transmitters, emit radio waves that could trigger an explosive device. Therefore, these devices should not be used where an explosive device may be present.

#### **420.6 PROHIBITED USE OF PORTABLE RECORDERS AND MAV SYSTEMS**

Members are prohibited from using MAV systems, department-issued portable recorders and recording media for personal use and are prohibited from making personal copies of recordings created while on-duty or while acting in their official capacity.

Members shall not erase, alter, reuse, modify or tamper with recordings. Only a manager, MAV Technician or other authorized designee may erase and/or reissue previous recordings and may only do so pursuant to the provisions of this policy.

Members are also prohibited from retaining recordings of activities or information obtained while on-duty, whether the recording was created with the MAV system, department-issued or personally owned recorders. Members shall not duplicate or distribute such recordings, except for authorized legitimate department business purposes. All such recordings shall be retained at the Department.

Members are prohibited from using personally owned recording devices while on-duty without the express consent of the Watch Commander. Any member who uses a personally owned recorder for department-related activities shall comply with the provisions of this policy, including retention and release requirements.

Recordings shall not be used by any member for the purpose of embarrassment, intimidation or ridicule.

#### **420.7 RETENTION OF RECORDINGS**

Any time a member records any portion of a contact that the member reasonably believes constitutes evidence in a criminal case, the member shall record the related case number and transfer the file in accordance with current procedure for storing digital files and document the existence of the recording in the related case report. Transfers should occur when a patrol vehicle is within Wi-Fi range of the Roseburg Police Department, and with portable recorders at the end of the member's shift, or any time the storage capacity is nearing its limit.

Any time a member reasonably believes a recorded contact may be beneficial in a non-criminal matter (e.g., a hostile contact), the member should promptly notify a supervisor of the existence of the recording.

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#### ~~420.7.1 RETENTION REQUIREMENTS~~

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All recordings shall be retained for a period consistent with the requirements of the organization's records retention schedule.

#### **420.8 REVIEW OF RECORDINGS**

Members should only review recordings for legitimate business reasons. When preparing written reports, members should review their recordings as a resource. However, members shall not retain personal copies of recordings. Members should not use the fact that a recording was made as a reason to write a less detailed report.

Supervisors are authorized to review relevant recordings any time they are investigating alleged misconduct or reports of meritorious conduct or whenever such recordings would be beneficial in reviewing the member's performance.

Recorded files may also be reviewed:

- (a) Upon approval by a supervisor, by any member of the Department who is participating in an official investigation, such as a personnel complaint, administrative investigation or criminal investigation.
- (b) Pursuant to lawful process or by court personnel who are otherwise authorized to review evidence in a related case.
- (c) By media personnel with permission of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (d) In compliance with a public records request, if permitted, and in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

## Medical Marijuana

### 421.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide members of this department with guidelines for investigating the acquisition, possession, transportation, delivery, production, or use of marijuana under Oregon's medical marijuana laws (ORS 475B.785 et seq.).

This policy is not intended to address laws and regulations related to recreational use of marijuana.

#### 421.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Attending provider** - A health care provider as defined by ORS 475B.791 who has primary responsibility for the care and treatment of a person diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition.

**Cardholder** - Any patient or caregiver who has been issued a valid Registry Identification Card (RIC).

**Caregiver (or designated primary caregiver)** - An individual 18 years of age or older who has significant responsibility for managing the well-being of a person who has been diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition and who is designated as the person responsible for managing the well-being of a person who has been diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition on either that person's application for a RIC or in other written notification submitted to the Oregon Health Authority. Caregiver does not include a person's attending provider; however, it may include an organization or facility that provides hospice, palliative, or home health care services. The caregiver may assist the cardholder with any matter related to the medical use of marijuana (ORS 475B.791; ORS 475B.807; ORS 475B.801).

**Grower** - A person, joint venture, or cooperative that produces industrial hemp (ORS 571.269).

**Handler** - A person, joint venture, or cooperative that receives industrial hemp for processing into commodities, products, or agricultural hemp seed and any other activities identified by the Oregon Department of Agriculture (ODA) by rule (ORS 571.269).

**Mature marijuana plant** - A marijuana plant that has flowers (ORS 475B.791).

**Medical use of marijuana** - The production, processing, possession, delivery, distribution, or administration of marijuana, or use of paraphernalia used to administer marijuana to mitigate the symptoms or effects of a debilitating medical condition (ORS 475B.791). The RIC may also identify a person applying to produce marijuana or designate another person to produce marijuana under ORS 475B.810.

**Patient** - A person who has been diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition within the previous 12 months and been advised by the person's attending provider that the medical use of marijuana may mitigate the symptoms or effects of that debilitating medical condition (ORS

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475B.913). This includes a person who has been issued a valid RIC for his/her medical condition (ORS 475B.797).

**Registry Identification Card (RIC)** - A document issued by the Oregon Health Authority under ORS 475B.797 that identifies a person authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana and, if the person has a designated primary caregiver under ORS 475B.804, the person's designated primary caregiver (ORS 475B.791). The RIC may also identify a person applying to produce marijuana or designate another person to produce marijuana under ORS 475B.810.

**Statutory possession and grow site amounts** - Amounts authorized by ORS 475B.831 and ORS 475B.834.

**Usable marijuana** - The dried leaves and flowers of marijuana. Usable marijuana does not include the seeds, stalks, and roots of marijuana or waste material that is a by-product of producing marijuana (ORS 475B.791).

#### **421.2 POLICY**

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to prioritize resources to avoid making arrests related to marijuana that the arresting officer reasonably believes would not be prosecuted by state or federal authorities.

Oregon medical marijuana laws are intended to protect patients and their doctors from criminal and civil penalties that may deter the use of small amounts of marijuana by those suffering from debilitating medical conditions (ORS 475B.785). However, Oregon's medical marijuana laws do not affect federal laws, and there is no medical exception under federal law for the possession or distribution of marijuana. The Roseburg Police Department will exercise discretion to ensure laws are appropriately enforced without unreasonably burdening both those individuals protected under Oregon law and the resources of the Department.

#### **421.3 INVESTIGATION**

Investigations involving the possession, delivery, production, or use of marijuana generally fall into one of several categories:

- (a) Investigations when no person makes a medicinal claim.
- (b) Investigations related to patient cardholders.
- (c) Investigations related to patient non-cardholders.

##### **421.3.1 INVESTIGATIONS WITH NO MEDICINAL CLAIM**

In any investigation involving the possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana or drug paraphernalia where no person claims that the marijuana is used for medicinal purposes, the officer should proceed with a criminal investigation. A medicinal defense may be raised at any time, so officers should document any statements and observations that may be relevant to whether the marijuana was possessed or produced for medicinal purposes.

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##### 421.3.2 INVESTIGATIONS RELATED TO PATIENT CARDHOLDERS

Officers shall not take enforcement action against a cardholder for engaging in the medical use of marijuana with amounts at or below statutory possession amounts or statutory grow site amounts. Officers shall not take enforcement action against a caregiver for assisting a patient cardholder in the medical use of marijuana with amounts at or below statutory possession amounts or statutory grow site amounts (ORS 475B.907).

Cardholders are required to possess a RIC when using or transporting marijuana, usable marijuana, medical cannabinoid products, cannabinoid concentrates, or cannabinoid extracts at a location other than the address on file with the Oregon Health Authority (ORS 475B.837). However, officers should treat a person without a RIC in his/her possession as if it were in his/her possession if the RIC can be verified through an Oregon State Police Law Enforcement Data Systems (LEDS) query or other sources.

##### 421.3.3 INVESTIGATIONS RELATED TO PATIENT NON-CARDHOLDERS

Officers should not take enforcement action against a patient who does not have a RIC for possession or production of marijuana, or any other criminal offense in which possession or production of marijuana is an element, if the patient meets all of the following (ORS 475B.913):

- (a) Is engaged in the medical use of marijuana
- (b) Possesses, delivers, or manufactures a quantity at or below statutory possession quantity or the quantity cultivated is at or below statutory grow site amounts

Officers should not take enforcement action against a person who does not meet the definition of a patient if the person is taking steps to obtain a RIC; possesses, delivers, or manufactures marijuana at or below statutory possession quantities or below statutory grow site quantities; and the person's medical use claim appears genuine under the circumstances (ORS 475B.913).

##### 421.3.4 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Officers should consider the following when investigating an incident involving marijuana possession, delivery, production, or use:

- (a) Grow sites are regulated in the following manner (ORS 475B.810):
  - 1. The Oregon Health Authority must have issued a marijuana grow site registration card for a site to be valid.
  - 2. The grow site registration card must be posted for each RIC holder for whom marijuana is being produced at a marijuana grow site.
- (b) An officer who determines that the number of marijuana plants at an address exceeds quantities authorized by statute may confiscate only the excess number of plants (ORS 475B.831).
- (c) Because enforcement of medical marijuana laws can be complex and time consuming and call for resources unavailable at the time of initial investigation, officers may consider submitting a report to the prosecutor for review, in lieu of making an arrest. This can be particularly appropriate when:

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1. The suspect has been identified and can be easily located at another time.
  2. The case would benefit from review by a person with expertise in medical marijuana investigations.
  3. Sufficient evidence, such as photographs or samples, has been lawfully obtained.
  4. Any other relevant factors exist, such as limited available department resources and time constraints.
- (d) Before proceeding with enforcement related to grow sites, a marijuana producer, or processing sites officers should consider conferring with appropriate legal counsel, the Oregon Health Authority, and/or Oregon Liquor and Cannabis Commission (ORS 475B.831; ORS 475B.136).
- (e) Registration or proof of registration under ORS 475B.785 to ORS 475B.949 does not constitute probable cause to search the person or property of the registrant or otherwise subject the person or property of the registrant to inspection (ORS 475B.922).
- (f) As a licensing authority, the Oregon Liquor and Cannabis Commission may assist with related questions regarding recreational marijuana (ORS 475B.070).

#### 421.3.5 EXCEPTIONS

Medical marijuana users are generally not exempt from other criminal laws and officers should enforce criminal laws not specifically covered by the Medical Marijuana Act appropriately. Officers may take enforcement action if the person (ORS 475B.910):

- (a) Drives under the influence of marijuana as provided in ORS 813.010.
- (b) Engages in the medical use of marijuana in a place where the general public has access (ORS 161.015), in public view, or in a correctional facility (ORS 162.135(2)), or in a youth correction facility (ORS 162.135(6)).
- (c) Delivers marijuana to any individual who the person knows is not in possession of a RIC.
- (d) Delivers marijuana to any individual or entity that the person knows has not been designated to receive marijuana or assigned a possessory interest in marijuana by an individual in possession of a RIC.

If an officer knows or has reasonable grounds to suspect a violation of the Adult and Medical Use of Cannabis Act (ORS 475B.010 to ORS 475B.545), the officer shall immediately notify the district attorney who has jurisdiction over the violation and provide any relevant information, including the names and addresses of any witnesses (ORS 475B.429).

#### 421.3.6 INDUSTRIAL HEMP

Medicinal marijuana investigations may lead to separate issues related to industrial hemp. Growers and handlers who operate under the industrial hemp laws of Oregon must be licensed with the ODA to grow or handle industrial hemp or produce agricultural hemp seed. Growers and



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handlers who produce seed products incapable of germination are not required to be licensed with the ODA (ORS 571.281). Officers may contact the ODA's Commodity Inspection Division for information about industrial hemp sites and registration compliance.

#### **421.4 FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT**

Officers should provide information regarding a marijuana investigation to federal law enforcement authorities when it is requested by federal law enforcement authorities or whenever the officer believes those authorities would have a particular interest in the information.

#### **421.5 PROPERTY AND EVIDENCE OFFICE SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The property and evidence technician shall ensure that marijuana, drug paraphernalia or other related property seized from a person engaged or assisting in the use of medical marijuana is not destroyed, harmed, neglected or injured. The property and evidence technician is not responsible for caring for live marijuana plants (ORS 475B.490).

Marijuana should not be returned to any person unless authorized by the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor and upon advice of city counsel. Any court order to return marijuana should be referred to city counsel.

The property and evidence technician may release marijuana to federal law enforcement authorities upon presentation of a valid court order or by a written order of the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor.

## Bicycle Patrol

### 422.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Roseburg Police Department occasionally utilizes Bicycle Patrol for the purpose of enhancing patrol efforts in the community. Bicycle patrol has been shown to be an effective way to increase officer visibility in congested areas and their quiet operation can provide a tactical approach to crimes in progress. The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the safe and effective operation of the patrol bicycle.

### 422.2 POLICY

Patrol bicycles may be used for regular patrol duty, traffic enforcement, parking control, or special events. The use of the patrol bicycle will emphasize their mobility and visibility to the community.

Bicycles may be deployed to any area at all hours of the day or night, according to Department needs and as staffing levels allow.

Requests for specific deployment of bicycle patrol officers shall be coordinated through the Operations Commander or the Watch Commander.

### 422.3 UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT

Officers shall wear the department-approved uniform and safety equipment while operating the department bicycle.

The bicycle patrol uniform consists of the standard short-sleeve uniform shirt or other department-approved shirt with department badge and patches, and department-approved bicycle patrol pants or shorts.

Bicycle patrol officers shall carry the same equipment on the bicycle patrol duty belt as they would on a regular patrol assignment.

### 422.4 CARE AND USE OF PATROL BICYCLES

Officers will be assigned a specially marked and equipped patrol bicycle and attached gear bag.

Bicycles utilized for uniformed bicycle patrol shall be primarily black or white in color with a Police decal affixed to each side of the crossbar or the bike's saddlebag. Every such bicycle shall be equipped with front and rear reflectors and front lights satisfying the requirements of Oregon Revised Statutes § 815.280(2).

Bicycles utilized for uniformed bicycle patrol shall be equipped with a rear rack and/or saddle bag(s) sufficient to carry all necessary equipment to handle routine patrol calls including report writing and citations.

Bicycle officers shall conduct an inspection of the bicycle and equipment prior to use to insure proper working order of the equipment. Officers are responsible for the routine care and maintenance of their assigned equipment (e.g., tire pressure, chain lubrication, overall cleaning).

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If a needed repair is beyond the ability of the bicycle officer, a repair request will be forwarded to the Operations Commander or Watch Commander for repair by an approved technician.

At the end of a bicycle assignment, the bicycle shall be returned clean and ready for the next tour of duty. Except in the event of an emergency officer shall not remove or add components or modify the patrol bicycle without the expressed approval of the Operations Commander or Watch Commander.

Except when emergency circumstances preclude doing so, patrol bicycles should be secured as best as possible when not in the officer's immediate presence.

#### **422.5 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITY**

Officers must operate the bicycle in compliance with the Oregon Revised Statutes. Officers may operate the bicycle without lighting equipment during hours of darkness when such operation reasonably appears necessary for officer safety and tactical considerations. Officers must use caution and care when operating the bicycle without lighting equipment.

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## Homeless Persons

### 423.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that personnel understand the needs and rights of the homeless and to establish procedures to guide officers during all contacts with the homeless, whether consensual or for enforcement purposes. The Roseburg Police Department recognizes that members of the homeless community are often in need of special protection and services. The Roseburg Police Department will address these needs in balance with the overall missions of this department. Therefore, officers will consider the following policy sections when serving the homeless community.

#### 423.1.1 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to provide law enforcement services to all members of the community while protecting the rights, dignity and private property of the homeless. Homelessness is not a crime and members of this department will not use homelessness solely as a basis for detention or law enforcement action.

### 423.2 FIELD CONTACTS

Officers are encouraged to contact the homeless for purposes of rendering aid, support and for community-oriented policing purposes. Nothing in this policy is meant to dissuade an officer from taking reasonable enforcement action when facts support a reasonable suspicion of criminal activity. However, when encountering a homeless person who has committed a non-violent misdemeanor and continued freedom is not likely to result in a continuation of the offense or a breach of the peace, officers are encouraged to consider long-term solutions to problems that may relate to the homeless, such as shelter referrals and counseling in lieu of physical arrest.

Officers should provide homeless persons with resource and assistance information whenever it is reasonably apparent such services may be appropriate.

#### 423.2.1 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Homeless members of the community will receive the same level and quality of service provided to other members of the community. The fact that a victim or witness is homeless can, however, require special considerations for a successful investigation and prosecution. Officers should consider the following when handling investigations involving homeless victims, witnesses or suspects:

- (a) Document alternate contact information. This may include obtaining addresses and phone numbers of relatives and friends.
- (b) Document places the homeless person may frequent.
- (c) Provide homeless victims with victim/witness resources when appropriate.
- (d) Obtain statements from all available witnesses in the event a homeless victim is unavailable for a court appearance.

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- (e) Consider whether the person may be a dependent adult or elder and if so, proceed in accordance with the Elder Abuse Policy.
- (f) Arrange for transportation for investigation related matters, such as medical exams and court appearances.
- (g) Consider whether a crime should be reported and submitted for prosecution even when a homeless victim indicates he/she does not desire prosecution.

#### **423.3 HOMELESS ENCAMPMENTS**

Officers who encounter encampments, bedding, or other personal property in public areas that reasonably appears to belong to a homeless person should not immediately remove or destroy such property if it appears likely that the property will be retrieved by the owner within a short amount of time on the same day.

##### 423.3.1 HOMELESS CAMPS ON PUBLIC PROPERTY

ORS 203.077 and 203.079 requires all municipalities to develop and implement policies which address unauthorized camping on public property.

This policy has been developed to ensure the humane treatment and removal of individuals from illegal camping sites on public property. This policy applies to all public property where camping is prohibited. Roseburg Municipal Code 7.02.100 outlines the specifics of "Prohibited Camping."

#### **Definitions:**

Camp or Camping – to set up or to remain in or at a campsite.

Campsite - any place where any bedding, sleeping bags or other sleeping matter, or any stove, or fire, is placed, established or maintained, whether or not such place incorporates the use of any tent, lean-to, shack, or any other structure erected or maintained for shelter, or any vehicle or part thereof.

Established Campsite - an unauthorized campsite in which person(s) evidence the intent to camp longer than one (1) overnight (sunset to sunrise) period. Such intent may be evidenced by facts such as, but not limited to;

- (a) Leaving items of personal property on site which have apparent utility and to which persons would reasonably be expected to return.
- (b) Preparing the site for living activities such as eating, drinking, and sleeping.

Personal Property – items that are reasonably recognized as belonging to a person and that have apparent utility. These items may include, but are not limited to:

- Tents and Tarps
- Medication(s)
- Toiletries
- Functioning bicycles

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- Functioning trailers, wagons, carts or items used to transport property
- Bags, luggage, or packs
- Cots, hammocks, bedding
- Stoves and cooking utensils
- Person papers and identification documents
- Cell phones and other electronics

Unsanitary Condition – for purposes of this policy, property is considered unsanitary when it is reasonably feared to harbor hazards or disease, has had its usefulness compromised by exposure to weather, and/or is so dirty that any reasonable person would consider it unusable as found.

Unauthorized Camps – a location on public property where persons are camping in violation of the municipal code. The following may be considered in determining whether a person has camped or is camping in violation of city code:

- (a) Sleeping or making preparations to sleep, including the lying down of bedding for the purpose of sleeping overnight.
- (b) Occupying a shelter out of doors. "Shelter" means any cover or protection from the elements other than clothing, such as a tent, shack, tarp, sleeping bag, or other structure or material.
- (c) The presence or use of a campfire, camp stove or other heating source or cooking device.
- (d) Keeping or storing personal property.

**Notification Process** - Upon notification or discovery of unauthorized camp sites on public property the following shall occur:

- (a) An officer will respond to the location and attempt to contact the occupant(s). If the unauthorized campsite is not an established campsite the officer will give the occupants time to gather and remove belongings as is reasonable under the circumstances. If the unauthorized campsite is an established campsite or if the officer cannot determine whether the unauthorized campsite is an established camping site, the officer will post a "Notice of Unauthorized Campsite," per ORS 203.079. Such notice will be 24 hours in advance of any persons or property removal and shall be written in both English and Spanish.

The "Notice" can be found in the RPD forms files.

- (a) (a) The Notice of Unauthorized Campsite allows the occupants 24 hours to willingly vacate the property.
- (b) The Notice states that personal property will be removed after the 24 hour period.
- (c) The Notice states that property can be reclaimed at the Roseburg Police Department between 0800 and 1700 hours, Monday through Friday, after

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the owner of the property has made an appointment with the RPD Property Technician.

- (b) Unclaimed personal property shall be disposed of after 30 days of retention.
- (c) Items that have no apparent utility, or are in an unsanitary condition may be immediately disposed of.
- (d) Officers will take photos of the campsite and property when the Notice has been posted.
- (e) After posting the property, the officer will contact UCAN, at [diane.bradley@ucancap.org](mailto:diane.bradley@ucancap.org) and advise of the exact camp location and date and time that the Notice was posted.

#### **When 24-Hour Notice is NOT Required, per ORS 203.081:**

- (a) The 24-hour notice is not required under the following circumstances:
  - (a) There are grounds to believe that illegal activities other than camping are occurring.
  - (b) In the event of an emergency such as possible site contamination by hazardous or bio-hazardous materials or when there is immediate danger to human life, welfare or safety.
  - (c) Private property; There is no requirement for a 24-hour notice on private property and all applicable laws and ordinances apply. Railroad property to which the general public does not have access will be considered private property.

#### **Sites Not Subject to ORS 203.077 to 203.081 (per ORS 203.081)**

- (a) Public Property that is a day use recreation area (such as a public park)
- (b) Public Property that is a designated campground and occupied by an individual under an agreement with a municipality or county.

**Removal of Persons Process** - removal from unauthorized campsites, which are established campsites should proceed as follows:

- (a) On or after the posted 24 hour period, but not longer than 7 days (this time frame gives UCAN an opportunity to respond to the camp if so desired), an officer shall revisit the site to determine if it is occupied and whether clean up of the site has occurred.
- (b) People who remain at the unauthorized campsite will be ordered to leave.
- (c) People who fail to comply or violate any other codes or statutes, may be subject to applicable sanctions.

#### **Issuing Citations for Non-Compliance:**

- (a) Failing to comply with the posted Notice or violating any other state law or city code may result in the issuance of a citation.
- (b) The officer issuing the citation "may NOT issue the citation if the citation would be issued within 200 feet of the Notice and within two hours before or after the Notice is posted," per ORS 203.077.

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#### **Clean-up of Abandoned Property and Debris:**

- (a) If clean up is necessary, the City Compliance Officer will be advised and will make arrangements for the clean up. Currently the City Compliance Officer will contact the Community Corrections Supervisor for Douglas County to inform them of the clean-up request and to be placed on a list for the next available clean-up. The contact person(s) is currently; John Olinghouse; 541-430-8558 / 541-957-2071, jloingh@co.douglas.or.us or Bruce Madison; 541-430-2135, bdmadiso@co.douglas.or.us. If the property belongs to ODOT, clean-up should be requested by calling the ODOT switchboard at 541-858-3103.
- (b) If an unauthorized campsite is occupied when the clean-up crew arrives, they may request a uniform officer assist.

#### **Reporting and Documentation Process**

Each incident where a camp has been posted shall be documented with a case number as follows;

- (a) The officer will document in the Incident History from Dispatch the specific location of the camp, the reason for our presence at the location, and any names of Persons Reporting and people present at the campsite. If people are contacted, the Incident History should also include those details, as well as details of any warnings or other action that was taken during the initial contact, including UCAN notification.
  1. The initial Incident History will also include the officer's observations of the camp (tents, sleeping bags, garbage, etc.)
  2. The officer will document that the official Notice was posted and where it was posted at the location, along with the fact that photos of the campsite and Notice were taken and stored in the RPD photo file.
- (b) Once the minimum 24-hours has passed, the officer shall document any follow-up actions or observations on the Incident History (i.e. citations issued, full compliance observed, campsite vacated, clean-up necessary, etc.)
  1. In cases where no citations were issued, the officer shall submit the completed Incident History to the on-duty Watch Commander. The Watch Commander shall then cause the Incident History to be turned in to the Records Division for filing.
  2. In cases where a citation is issued, the officer shall submit the completed Incident History with the citation to the Records Division for filing and processing.

#### **Reference ORS**

"203.077 Camping by homeless on public property; local governments required to develop policy for removal of camps. All municipalities and counties shall:

- (1) Develop a policy that recognizes the social nature of the problem of homeless individuals camping on public property.
- (2) Implement the policy as developed, to ensure the most humane treatment for removal of homeless individuals from camping sites on public property. [1995 c.121 §1]

203.079 Required elements of local government policies on camping by homeless.



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(1) A policy developed pursuant to ORS 203.077 shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

(a) Prior to removing homeless individuals from an established camping site, law enforcement officials shall post a notice, written in English and Spanish, 24 hours in advance.

(b) At the time that a 24-hour notice is posted, law enforcement officials shall inform the local agency that delivers social services to homeless individuals where the notice has been posted.

(c) The local agency may arrange for outreach workers to visit the camping site where a notice has been posted to assess the need for social service assistance in arranging shelter and other assistance.

(d) All unclaimed personal property shall be given to law enforcement officials whether 24-hour notice is required or not. The property shall be stored for a minimum of 30 days during which it will be reasonably available to any individual claiming ownership. Any personal property that remains unclaimed for 30 days may be disposed of. For purposes of this paragraph, "personal property" means any item that is reasonably recognizable as belonging to a person and that has apparent utility. Items that have no apparent utility or are in an insanitary condition may be immediately discarded upon removal of the homeless individuals from the camping site. Weapons, drug paraphernalia and items that appear to be either stolen or evidence of a crime shall be given to law enforcement officials.

(e) Following the removal of homeless individuals from a camping site on public property, the law enforcement officials, local agency officials and outreach workers may meet to assess the notice and removal policy, to discuss whether the removals are occurring in a humane and just manner and to determine if any changes are needed in the policy.

(2) The 24-hour notice required under subsection (1) of this section shall not apply:

(a) When there are grounds for law enforcement officials to believe that illegal activities other than camping are occurring.

(b) In the event of an exceptional emergency such as possible site contamination by hazardous materials or when there is immediate danger to human life or safety.

(3) A person authorized to issue a citation for unlawful camping under state law, administrative rule or city or county ordinance may not issue the citation if the citation would be issued within 200 feet of the notice described in this section and within two hours before or after the notice was posted. [1995 c.121 §2;1999 c.761 §1]

203.081 Sites not subject to ORS 203.077 to 203.081. As used in ORS 203.077 to 203.081, "camping site" does not include:

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- (1) Public property that is a day use recreational area.
- (2) Public property that is a designated campground and occupied by an individual under an agreement with a municipality or county. [1995 c.121 §3]

203.082 Camping by homeless on property of religious institutions; required elements of policies of local governments and religious institutions. (1) Any political subdivision in this state may allow churches, synagogues and similar religious institutions to offer overnight camping space on institution property to homeless persons living in vehicles:

- (2) In addition to any conditions or limitations imposed by a political subdivision, a religious institution located within the political subdivision and offering camping space described under subsection (1) of this section must:
  - (a) Limit camping space at the institution site to three or fewer vehicles at the same time; and
  - (b) Provide campers with access to sanitary facilities, including but not limited to toilet, hand washing and trash disposal facilities. [1999 c.319 §1]

Note: 203.082 was enacted into law by the Legislative Assembly but was not added to or made a part of ORS chapter 203 or any series therein by legislative action. See Preface to Oregon Revised Statutes for further explanation."

#### **423.4 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The personal property of homeless persons must not be treated differently than the property of other members of the public. Officers should use reasonable care when handling, collecting and retaining the personal property of homeless persons.

When a homeless person is arrested, or otherwise removed from a public place, officers should make reasonable accommodations to permit the person to lawfully secure his/her personal property. Otherwise, the arrestee's personal property should be collected for safekeeping. Items that have no apparent utility or are in an unsanitary condition may be immediately discarded upon removal of the homeless individual(s) from the camp site (ORS 203.079(d)).

All property collected for safekeeping shall be stored for a minimum of 30 days. The property and evidence technician shall ensure that reasonable efforts are made to inform the owner of status of the property and inform him/her of how and when such property may be claimed (ORS 203.079(d)).

#### **423.5 MENTAL ILLNESSES AND MENTAL IMPAIRMENTS**

Some homeless persons may suffer from a mental illness or a mental impairment. Officers shall not detain a homeless person under a mental illness commitment unless facts and circumstances warrant such a detention.

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When a mental illness hold is not warranted, the contacting officer should provide the homeless person with contact information for mental health assistance as appropriate. In these circumstances, officers may provide transportation to a mental health specialist if the person consents and approved by a supervisor.

#### **423.6 ECOLOGICAL ISSUES**

Sometimes homeless encampments can impact the ecology and natural resources of the community and may involve criminal offenses beyond mere littering. Officers are encouraged to notify other appropriate agencies or departments when a significant impact to the environment has or is likely to occur. Significant impacts to the environment may warrant a crime report, investigation, supporting photographs and supervisor notification.

## Public Recording of Law Enforcement Activity

### 424.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for handling situations in which members of the public photograph or audio/video record law enforcement actions and other public activities that involve members of this department. In addition, this policy provides guidelines for situations where the recordings may be evidence.

### 424.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department recognizes the right of persons to lawfully record members of this department who are performing their official duties. Members of this department will not prohibit or intentionally interfere with such lawful recordings. Any recordings that are deemed to be evidence of a crime or relevant to an investigation will only be collected or seized lawfully.

Officers should exercise restraint and should not resort to highly discretionary arrests for offenses such as interference, failure to comply or disorderly conduct as a means of preventing someone from exercising the right to record members performing their official duties.

### 424.3 RECORDING LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY

Members of the public who wish to record law enforcement activities are limited only in certain aspects.

- (a) Recordings may be made from any public place or any private property where the individual has the legal right to be present (ORS 165.540).
- (b) Beyond the act of photographing or recording, individuals may not interfere with the law enforcement activity. Examples of interference include, but are not limited to:
  1. Tampering with a witness or suspect.
  2. Inciting others to violate the law.
  3. Being so close to the activity as to present a clear safety hazard to the officers.
  4. Being so close to the activity as to interfere with an officer's effective communication with a suspect or witness.
- (c) The individual may not present an undue safety risk to the officers, him/herself or others.

### 424.4 OFFICER RESPONSE

Officers should promptly request a supervisor respond to the scene whenever it appears that anyone recording activities may be interfering with an investigation or it is believed that the recording may be evidence. If practicable, officers should wait for the supervisor to arrive before taking enforcement action or seizing any cameras or recording media.

Whenever practicable, officers or supervisors should give clear and concise warnings to individuals who are conducting themselves in a manner that would cause their recording or behavior to be unlawful. Accompanying the warnings should be clear directions on what an

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individual can do to be compliant; directions should be specific enough to allow compliance. For example, rather than directing an individual to clear the area, an officer could advise the person that he/she may continue observing and recording from the sidewalk across the street.

If an arrest or other significant enforcement activity is taken as the result of a recording that interferes with law enforcement activity, officers shall document in a report the nature and extent of the interference or other unlawful behavior and the warnings that were issued.

#### **424.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

A supervisor should respond to the scene when requested or any time the circumstances indicate a likelihood of interference or other unlawful behavior.

The supervisor should review the situation with the officer and:

- (a) Request any additional assistance as needed to ensure a safe environment.
- (b) Take a lead role in communicating with individuals who are observing or recording regarding any appropriate limitations on their location or behavior. When practical, the encounter should be recorded.
- (c) When practicable, allow adequate time for individuals to respond to requests for a change of location or behavior.
- (d) Ensure that any enforcement, seizure or other actions are consistent with this policy and constitutional and state law.
- (e) Explain alternatives for individuals who wish to express concern about the conduct of Department members, such as how and where to file a complaint.

#### **424.6 SEIZING RECORDINGS AS EVIDENCE**

Officers should not seize recording devices or media unless ("First Amendment Privacy Protection, Unlawful Acts", 42 USC § 2000aa):

- (a) There is probable cause to believe the person recording has committed or is committing a crime to which the recording relates, and the recording is reasonably necessary for prosecution of the person.
  1. Absent exigency or consent, a warrant should be sought before seizing or viewing such recordings. Reasonable steps may be taken to prevent erasure of the recording.
- (b) There is reason to believe that the immediate seizure of such recordings is necessary to prevent serious bodily injury or death of any person.
- (c) The person consents.
  1. To ensure that the consent is voluntary, the request should not be made in a threatening or coercive manner.
  2. If the original recording is provided, a copy of the recording should be provided to the recording party, if practicable. The recording party should be permitted to be present while the copy is being made, if feasible.

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Recording devices and media that are seized will be submitted within the guidelines of the Property and Evidence Policy.

## First Amendment Assemblies

### 425.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for responding to public assemblies or demonstrations.

### 425.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department respects the rights of people to peaceably assemble. It is the policy of this department not to unreasonably interfere with, harass, intimidate or discriminate against persons engaged in the lawful exercise of their rights, while also preserving the peace, protecting life and preventing the destruction of property.

### 425.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Individuals or groups present on the public way, such as public facilities, streets or walkways, generally have the right to assemble, rally, demonstrate, protest or otherwise express their views and opinions through varying forms of communication, including the distribution of printed matter. These rights may be limited by laws or ordinances regulating such matters as the obstruction of individual or vehicle access or egress, trespass, noise, picketing, distribution of handbills and leafleting, and loitering. However, officers shall not take action or fail to take action based on the opinions being expressed.

Participant behavior during a demonstration or other public assembly can vary. This may include, but is not limited to:

- Lawful, constitutionally protected actions and speech.
- Civil disobedience (typically involving minor criminal acts).
- Rioting.

All of these behaviors may be present during the same event. Therefore, it is imperative that law enforcement actions are measured and appropriate for the behaviors officers may encounter. This is particularly critical if force is being used. Adaptable strategies and tactics are essential.

The purpose of a law enforcement presence at the scene of public assemblies and demonstrations should be to preserve the peace, to protect life and prevent the destruction of property.

Officers should not:

- (a) Engage in assembly or demonstration-related discussion with participants.
- (b) Harass, confront or intimidate participants.
- (c) Seize the cameras, cell phones or materials of participants or observers unless an officer is placing a person under lawful arrest.

Supervisors should continually observe department members under their commands to ensure that members' interaction with participants and their response to crowd dynamics is appropriate.

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##### **425.3.1 PHOTOGRAPHS AND VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Photographs and video recording, when appropriate, can serve a number of purposes, including support of criminal prosecutions by documenting criminal acts; assistance in evaluating department performance; serving as training material; recording the use of dispersal orders; and facilitating a response to allegations of improper law enforcement conduct.

Photographs and videos will not be used or retained for the sole purpose of collecting or maintaining information about the political, religious or social views of associations, or the activities of any individual, group, association, organization, corporation, business or partnership, unless such information directly relates to an investigation of criminal activities and there is reasonable suspicion that the subject of the information is involved in criminal conduct.

##### **425.4 UNPLANNED EVENTS**

When responding to an unplanned or spontaneous public gathering, the first responding officer should conduct an assessment of conditions, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Location
- Number of participants
- Apparent purpose of the event
- Leadership (whether it is apparent and/or whether it is effective)
- Any initial indicators of unlawful or disruptive activity
- Indicators that lawful use of public facilities, streets or walkways will be impacted
- Ability and/or need to continue monitoring the incident

Initial assessment information should be promptly communicated to Dispatch, and the assignment of a supervisor should be requested. Additional resources should be requested as appropriate. The responding supervisor shall assume command of the incident until command is expressly assumed by another, and the assumption of command is communicated to the involved members. A clearly defined command structure that is consistent with the Incident Command System (ICS) should be established as resources are deployed.

##### **425.5 PLANNED EVENT PREPARATION**

For planned events, comprehensive, incident-specific operational plans should be developed. The ICS should be considered for such events.

##### **425.5.1 INFORMATION GATHERING AND ASSESSMENT**

In order to properly assess the potential impact of a public assembly or demonstration on public safety and order, relevant information should be collected and vetted. This may include:

- Information obtained from outreach to group organizers or leaders.
- Information about past and potential unlawful conduct associated with the event or similar events.



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- The potential time, duration, scope, and type of planned activities.
- Any other information related to the goal of providing a balanced response to criminal activity and the protection of public safety interests.

Information should be obtained in a transparent manner, and the sources documented. Relevant information should be communicated to the appropriate parties in a timely manner.

Information will be obtained in a lawful manner and will not be based solely on the purpose or content of the assembly or demonstration, or actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, or disability of the participants (or any other characteristic that is unrelated to criminal conduct or the identification of a criminal subject).

#### 425.5.2 OPERATIONAL PLANS

An operational planning team with responsibility for event planning and management should be established. The planning team should develop an operational plan for the event.

The operational plan will minimally provide for:

- (a) Command assignments, chain of command structure, roles, and responsibilities.
- (b) Staffing and resource allocation.
- (c) Management of criminal investigations
- (d) Designation of uniform of the day and related safety equipment (e.g., helmets, shields).
  1. The plan shall include officer identifiers affixed to the uniform and helmet that comply with ORS 181A.702.
    - (a) An officer shall not intentionally obscure any part of a uniform or helmet identifier.
- (e) Deployment of specialized resources.
- (f) Event communications and interoperability in a multijurisdictional event.
- (g) Liaison with demonstration leaders and external agencies.
- (h) Liaison with City government and legal staff.
- (i) Media relations.
- (j) Logistics: food, fuel, replacement equipment, duty hours, relief, and transportation.
- (k) Traffic management plans.
- (l) First aid and emergency medical service provider availability.
- (m) Prisoner transport and detention.
- (n) Review of policies regarding public assemblies and use of force in crowd control.
- (o) Parameters for declaring an unlawful assembly.
- (p) Arrest protocol, including management of mass arrests.

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- (q) Protocol for recording information flow and decisions.
- (r) Rules of engagement, including rules of conduct, protocols for field force extraction and arrests, and any authorization required for the use of force.
- (s) Protocol for handling complaints during the event.
- (t) Parameters for the use of body-worn cameras and other portable recording devices.

#### **425.5.3 MUTUAL AID AND EXTERNAL RESOURCES**

The magnitude and anticipated duration of an event may necessitate interagency cooperation and coordination. The assigned Incident Commander should ensure that any required memorandums of understanding or other agreements are properly executed, and that any anticipated mutual aid is requested and facilitated.

#### **425.6 UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY DISPERSAL ORDERS**

If a public gathering or demonstration remains peaceful and nonviolent, and there is no reasonably imminent threat to persons or property, the Incident Commander should generally authorize continued monitoring of the event.

Should the Incident Commander make a determination that public safety is presently or is about to be jeopardized, he/she or the authorized designee should attempt to verbally persuade event organizers or participants to disperse of their own accord. Warnings and advisements may be communicated through established communications links with leaders and/or participants or to the group.

When initial attempts at verbal persuasion are unsuccessful, the Incident Commander or the authorized designee should make a clear standardized announcement to the gathering that the event is an unlawful assembly, and should order the dispersal of the participants. The announcement should be communicated by whatever methods are reasonably available to ensure that the content of the message is clear and that it has been heard by the participants. The announcement should be amplified, made in different languages as appropriate, made from multiple locations in the affected area and documented by audio and video. The announcement should provide information about what law enforcement actions will take place if illegal behavior continues and should identify routes for egress. A reasonable time to disperse should be allowed following a dispersal order.

#### **425.7 USE OF FORCE**

Use of force is governed by current department policy and applicable law (see the Use of Force, Handcuffing and Restraints, Control Devices and Techniques, and Conducted Energy Device policies).

Individuals refusing to comply with lawful orders (e.g., nonviolent refusal to disperse) should be given a clear verbal warning and a reasonable opportunity to comply. If an individual refuses to comply with lawful orders, the Incident Commander shall evaluate the type of resistance and adopt a reasonable response in order to accomplish the law enforcement mission (such as dispersal or arrest of those acting in violation of the law). Control devices and TASER devices should be

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considered only when the participants' conduct reasonably appears to present the potential to harm officers, themselves or others, or will result in substantial property loss or damage (see the Control Devices and Techniques and the Conducted Energy Device policies).

Force or control devices, including oleoresin capsicum (OC), should be directed toward individuals and not toward groups or crowds, unless specific individuals cannot reasonably be targeted due to extreme circumstances, such as a riotous crowd.

Any use of force by a member of this department shall be documented promptly, completely and accurately in an appropriate report. The type of report required may depend on the nature of the incident.

#### **425.8 ARRESTS**

The Roseburg Police Department should respond to unlawful behavior in a manner that is consistent with the operational plan. If practicable, warnings or advisements should be communicated prior to arrest.

Mass arrests should be employed only when alternate tactics and strategies have been or reasonably appear likely to be unsuccessful. Mass arrests shall only be undertaken upon the order of the Incident Commander or the authorized designee. There must be probable cause for each arrest.

If employed, mass arrest protocols should fully integrate:

- (a) Reasonable measures to address the safety of officers and arrestees.
- (b) Dedicated arrest, booking and report writing teams.
- (c) Timely access to medical care.
- (d) Timely access to legal resources.
- (e) Timely processing of arrestees.
- (f) Full accountability for arrestees and evidence.
- (g) Coordination and cooperation with the prosecuting authority, jail and courts (see the Citation Releases Policy).

#### **425.9 MEDIA RELATIONS**

The Public Information Officer should use all available avenues of communication, including press releases, briefings, press conferences and social media to maintain open channels of communication with media representatives and the public about the status and progress of the event, taking all opportunities to reassure the public about the professional management of the event (see the Media Relations Policy).

#### **425.10 DEMOBILIZATION**

When appropriate, the Incident Commander or the authorized designee should implement a phased and orderly withdrawal of law enforcement resources. All relieved personnel should

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promptly complete any required reports, including use of force reports, and account for all issued equipment and vehicles to their supervisors prior to returning to normal operational duties.

#### **425.11 POST EVENT**

The Incident Commander should designate a member to assemble full documentation of the event, to include the following:

- (a) Operational plan
- (b) Any incident logs
- (c) Any assignment logs
- (d) Vehicle, fuel, equipment and supply records
- (e) Incident, arrest, use of force, injury and property damage reports
- (f) Photographs, audio/video recordings, Dispatch records/tapes
- (g) Media accounts (print and broadcast media)

##### **425.11.1 AFTER-ACTION REPORTING**

The Incident Commander should work with City legal counsel, as appropriate, to prepare a comprehensive after-action report of the event, explaining all incidents where force was used including the following:

- (a) Date, time and description of the event
- (b) Actions taken and outcomes (e.g., injuries, property damage, arrests)
- (c) Problems identified
- (d) Significant events
- (e) Recommendations for improvement; opportunities for training should be documented in a generic manner, without identifying individuals or specific incidents, facts or circumstances.

#### **425.12 TRAINING**

Department members should receive periodic training regarding this policy, as well as the dynamics of crowd control and incident management. The Department should, when practicable, train with its external and mutual aid partners.

#### **425.13 PUBLIC REQUEST OF OFFICER IDENTIFICATION**

Officers shall provide their name, identification number, or unique identifier assigned by the Department to a person when requested if it is practical, safe, and tactically sound to do so at the time of request (ORS 181A.704).

The request may be satisfied by providing a department-issued business card.

##### **425.13.1 INVESTIGATION OF OFFICER IDENTIFICATION**

Upon request by a member of the public, the Department shall conduct an investigation to identify an officer as follows (ORS 181A.704):

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The member of the public has provided the following:

- The member of the public has provided the following:
  - A partial name
  - A full or partial badge number, or other identifying number
  - A photo of the officer
  - A full or partial license plate, or other identifying number from a police vehicle
  - A physical description
  - The location, date, and time when the officer was present

Within seven days of receiving the request, the department shall confirm to the requester receipt of the request.

- Within 14 days after receiving the request, the department shall provide the requester:
  - The name and the number assigned to the officer by the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training; or
  - An explanation of why the identification could not be performed.
- If the requester provided a full badge number, the department shall provide the name of the officer within 14 days after receiving the request.

Identification shall not be provided if the officer is participating in an undercover law enforcement operation (ORS 181A.704).

## Medical Aid and Response

### 426.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy recognizes that members often encounter persons in need of medical aid and establishes a law enforcement response to such situations.

### 426.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department that all officers and other designated members be trained to provide emergency medical aid and to facilitate an emergency medical response.

### 426.3 FIRST RESPONDING MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Whenever practicable, members should take appropriate steps to provide initial medical aid (e.g., first aid, CPR, use of an automated external defibrillator (AED)) in accordance with their training and current certification levels. This should be done for those in need of immediate care and only when the member can safely do so.

Prior to initiating medical aid, the member should contact Dispatch and request response by Emergency Medical Services (EMS) as the member deems appropriate.

Members should follow universal precautions when providing medical aid, such as wearing gloves and avoiding contact with bodily fluids, consistent with the Communicable Diseases Policy. Members should use a barrier or bag device to perform rescue breathing.

When requesting EMS, the member should provide Dispatch with information for relay to EMS personnel in order to enable an appropriate response, including:

- (a) The location where EMS is needed.
- (b) The nature of the incident.
- (c) Any known scene hazards.
- (d) Information on the person in need of EMS, such as:
  1. Signs and symptoms as observed by the member.
  2. Changes in apparent condition.
  3. Number of patients, sex, and age, if known.
  4. Whether the person is conscious, breathing, and alert, or is believed to have consumed drugs or alcohol.
  5. Whether the person is showing signs of extreme agitation or is engaging in violent irrational behavior accompanied by profuse sweating, extraordinary strength beyond their physical characteristics, and imperviousness to pain.

Members should stabilize the scene whenever practicable while awaiting the arrival of EMS.

Members should not direct EMS personnel whether to transport the person for treatment.

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#### **426.4 TRANSPORTING ILL AND INJURED PERSONS**

Except in exceptional cases where alternatives are not reasonably available, members should not transport persons who are unconscious, who have serious injuries, or who may be seriously ill. EMS personnel should be called to handle patient transportation.

Officers should search any person who is in custody before releasing that person to EMS for transport.

An officer should accompany any person in custody during transport in an ambulance when requested by EMS personnel, when it reasonably appears necessary to provide security, when it is necessary for investigative purposes, or when so directed by a supervisor.

Members should not provide emergency escort for medical transport or civilian vehicles.

#### **426.5 PERSONS REFUSING EMS CARE**

If a person who is not in custody refuses EMS care or refuses to be transported to a medical facility, an officer shall not force that person to receive care or be transported.

However, members may assist EMS personnel when EMS personnel determine the person lacks the mental capacity to understand the consequences of refusing medical care or to make an informed decision and the lack of immediate medical attention may result in serious bodily injury or the death of the person.

In cases where mental illness may be a factor, the officer should consider proceeding with a civil commitment in accordance with the Civil Commitments Policy.

If an officer believes that a person who is in custody requires EMS care and the person refuses, he/she should encourage the person to receive medical treatment. The officer may also consider contacting a family member to help persuade the person to agree to treatment or who may be able to authorize treatment for the person.

If the person who is in custody still refuses, the officer will require the person to be transported to the nearest medical facility. In such cases, the officer should consult with a supervisor prior to the transport.

Members shall not sign refusal-for-treatment forms or forms accepting financial responsibility for treatment.

#### **426.6 MEDICAL ATTENTION RELATED TO USE OF FORCE**

Specific guidelines for medical attention for injuries sustained from a use of force may be found in the Use of Force, Handcuffing and Restraints, Control Devices and Techniques, and Conducted Energy Device policies.

#### **426.7 AIR AMBULANCE**

Generally, when on-scene, EMS personnel will be responsible for determining whether an air ambulance response should be requested. An air ambulance may be appropriate when there are

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victims with life-threatening injuries or who require specialized treatment (e.g., gunshot wounds, burns, obstetrical cases), and distance or other known delays will affect the EMS response.

The Operations Division Commander should develop guidelines for air ambulance landings or enter into local operating agreements for the use of air ambulances, as applicable. In creating those guidelines, the Department should identify:

- Responsibility and authority for designating a landing zone and determining the size of the landing zone.
- Responsibility for securing the area and maintaining that security once the landing zone is identified.
- Consideration of the air ambulance provider's minimum standards for proximity to vertical obstructions and surface composition (e.g., dirt, gravel, pavement, concrete, grass).
- Consideration of the air ambulance provider's minimum standards for horizontal clearance from structures, fences, power poles, antennas or roadways.
- Responsibility for notifying the appropriate highway or transportation agencies if a roadway is selected as a landing zone.
- Procedures for ground personnel to communicate with flight personnel during the operation.

Members should follow these cautions when near an air ambulance:

- Never approach the aircraft until signaled by the flight crew.
- Always approach the aircraft from the front.
- Avoid the aircraft's tail rotor area.
- Wear eye protection during landing and take-off.
- Do not carry or hold items, such as IV bags, above the head.
- Ensure that no one smokes near the aircraft.

#### **426.8 AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR (AED) USE**

An AED should only be used by members who have completed a course with published standards and guidelines for CPR and the use of an AED.

##### **426.8.1 AED USER RESPONSIBILITY**

Members who are issued AEDs for use in department vehicles should check the AED at the beginning of the shift to ensure it is properly charged and functioning. Any AED that is not functioning properly will be taken out of service and given to the Administrative Sergeant who is responsible for ensuring appropriate maintenance.

Following use of an AED, the device shall be cleaned and/or decontaminated as required. The electrodes and/or pads will be replaced as recommended by the AED manufacturer.



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Any member who uses an AED should contact Dispatch as soon as possible and request response by EMS.

#### 426.8.2 AED REPORTING

Any member using an AED will complete an incident report detailing its use.

#### 426.8.3 AED TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE

The Administrative Sergeant should ensure appropriate training is provided to members authorized to use an AED.

The Administrative Sergeant is responsible for ensuring AED devices are appropriately maintained and will retain records of all maintenance in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

### **426.9 ADMINISTRATION OF OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION**

Members may administer opioid overdose medication in accordance with protocols specified by the physician who prescribed the overdose medication for use by the member.

#### 426.9.1 OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION USER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members who are qualified to administer opioid overdose medication, such as naloxone, should handle, store and administer the medication consistent with their training. Members should check the medication and associated administration equipment at the beginning of their shift to ensure they are serviceable and not expired. Any expired medication or unserviceable administration equipment should be removed from service and given to the Administrative Sergeant.

Any member who administers an opioid overdose medication should contact Dispatch as soon as possible and request response by EMS.

#### 426.9.2 OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION REPORTING

Any member administering opioid overdose medication should detail its use in an appropriate report.

The Administrative Sergeant will ensure that the Records Supervisor is provided enough information to meet applicable state reporting requirements.

#### 426.9.3 OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION TRAINING

The Administrative Sergeant should ensure training is provided to members authorized to administer opioid overdose medication.

### **426.10 SICK OR INJURED ARRESTEE**

If an arrestee appears ill or injured, or claims illness or injury, he/she should be medically cleared prior to booking. If the officer has reason to believe the arrestee is feigning injury or illness, the officer should contact a supervisor, who will determine whether medical clearance will be obtained prior to booking.

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If the jail or detention facility refuses to accept custody of an arrestee based on medical screening, the officer should note the name of the facility person refusing to accept custody and the reason for refusal, and should notify a supervisor to determine the appropriate action.

Arrestees who appear to have a serious medical issue should be transported by ambulance. Officers shall not transport an arrestee to a hospital without a supervisor's approval.

Nothing in this section should delay an officer from requesting EMS when an arrestee reasonably appears to be exhibiting symptoms that appear to be life threatening, including breathing problems or an altered level of consciousness, or is claiming an illness or injury that reasonably warrants an EMS response in accordance with the officer's training.

#### **426.11 ADMINISTRATION OF EPINEPHRINE**

In an emergency situation when a licensed health care professional is not immediately available, members who have successfully completed educational training for severe allergic responses may administer epinephrine (ORS 433.825).

##### 426.11.1 EPINEPHRINE USER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members who are qualified to administer epinephrine should handle, store, and administer the medication consistent with their training. Members should check the medication and associated administration equipment at the beginning of their shift to ensure they are serviceable and not expired. Any expired medication or unserviceable administration equipment should be removed from service and given to the Administrative Sergeant.

Any member who administers epinephrine should contact Dispatch as soon as possible and request response by EMS.

##### 426.11.2 EPINEPHRINE REPORTING

Any member administering epinephrine should detail its use in an appropriate report.

##### 426.11.3 EPINEPHRINE TRAINING

The Administrative Sergeant should ensure that training is provided to members authorized to administer epinephrine (ORS 433.815; ORS 433.817; OAR 333-055-0030).

#### **426.12 FIRST AID TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Administrative Sergeant should ensure officers receive periodic first aid training appropriate for their position.

#### **426.13 MEDICAL ATTENTION FOR RESTRAINED PERSONS**

When an officer encounters a restrained person suffering a respiratory or cardiac compromise, the officer shall request EMS services immediately if (ORS 133.518):

- (a) It is tactically feasible to make the request.
- (b) The officer has access to communications.

## **Chapter 5 - Traffic Operations**

## Traffic Function and Responsibility

### 500.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The ultimate goal of traffic law enforcement is to reduce traffic collisions. This may be achieved through the application of such techniques as geographic/temporal assignment of personnel and equipment and the establishment of preventive patrols to deal with specific categories of unlawful driving behavior. Traffic enforcement techniques are based on accident data, enforcement activity records, traffic volume, and traffic conditions. This department provides enforcement efforts toward violations, not only in proportion to the frequency of their occurrence in accident situations, but also in terms of traffic-related needs.

### 500.2 ENFORCEMENT

Enforcement actions are commensurate with applicable laws and take into account the degree and severity of the violation committed. This department does not establish ticket quotas and the number of arrests or citations issued by any officer shall not be used as the sole criterion for evaluating an officer's overall performance. The visibility and quality of an officer's work effort will be commensurate with the philosophy of this policy. Officers attempting to enforce traffic laws shall be in Roseburg Police Department uniform or shall conspicuously display an official identification card showing the officer's lawful authority (ORS 810.400). Several methods are effective in the reduction of collisions:

#### 500.2.1 WARNINGS

Warnings or other non-punitive enforcement actions should be considered in each situation and substituted for arrests or citations when circumstances warrant, especially in the case of inadvertent violations.

#### 500.2.2 CITATIONS

Citations may be issued when an officer believes it is appropriate. It is essential that officers fully explain the rights and requirements imposed on motorists upon issuance of a citation for a traffic violation. Officers should provide the following information at a minimum:

- (a) Explanation of the violation or charge.
- (b) Court appearance procedure including the optional or mandatory appearance by the motorist.
- (c) Notice of whether the motorist can enter a plea and pay the fine by mail or at the court.

Officers at the scene of a traffic accident and, based upon the officer's personal investigation, having reasonable grounds to believe that a person involved in the accident has committed a traffic offense in connection with the accident, may issue the person a citation for that offense (ORS 810.410(4)).

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##### 500.2.3 PHYSICAL ARREST

Officers may arrest or issue a citation to a person for a traffic crime at any place within the state. Generally, physical arrests are limited to major traffic offenses such as:

- (a) Driving Under the Influence of Intoxicants.
- (b) Hit-and-Run.
- (c) Attempting to Elude.
- (d) Reckless Driving with extenuating circumstances.
- (e) Situations where a violator refuses or cannot satisfactorily identify him/herself and therefore cannot be issued a citation.

##### **500.3 SUSPENDED OR REVOKED DRIVERS LICENSES**

If an officer contacts a traffic violator for driving on a suspended or revoked license, the officer may issue a traffic citation pursuant to ORS 810.410.

Officers should attempt to interview the violator to obtain evidence that the violator knew their license was suspended. Ask if the violator is still living at the address on file with DMV and if not, how long since they moved and why they haven't notified DMV of their new address.

If a computer check of a traffic violator's license status reveals a suspended or revoked drivers license and the traffic violator still has his or her license in possession, the license shall be seized by the officer and the violator may also be cited for Failure to Return a Suspended License if evidence shows they knew they were suspended (ORS 809.500).

##### **500.4 HIGH-VISIBILITY VESTS**

The Roseburg Police Department has provided American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Class II high-visibility vests to increase the visibility of department members who may be exposed to hazards presented by passing traffic, maneuvering or operating vehicles, machinery and equipment (23 CFR 655.601).

Although intended primarily for use while performing traffic related assignments, high-visibility vests should be worn at any time increased visibility would improve the safety or efficiency of the member.

##### 500.4.1 REQUIRED USE

Except when working in a potentially adversarial or confrontational role, such as during vehicle stops, high-visibility vests should be worn at any time it is anticipated that an employee will be exposed to the hazards of approaching traffic or construction and recovery equipment. Examples of when high-visibility vests should be worn include traffic control duties, accident investigations, lane closures and while at disaster scenes, or anytime high visibility is desirable. When emergency conditions preclude the immediate donning of the vest, officers should retrieve and wear the vest as soon as conditions reasonably permit. Use of the vests shall also be mandatory when directed by a supervisor.

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Vests maintained in the investigation units may be used any time a plainclothes officer might benefit from being readily identified as a member of law enforcement.

#### 500.4.2 CARE AND STORAGE OF HIGH-VISIBILITY VESTS

A high visibility vest shall be maintained in the trunk or passenger compartment of each patrol and investigation unit, in the side box of each police motorcycle and in the saddlebag or gear bag of each police bicycle (applicable to bicycles and motor units when acceptable hi-vis gear is not already being utilized). Each vest should be stored inside the resealable plastic bag provided to protect and maintain the vest in a serviceable condition. Before going into service each employee shall ensure a serviceable high-visibility vest is properly stored.

A supply of high-visibility vests will be maintained in the equipment room for replacement of damaged or unserviceable vests. The Administrative Sergeant should be promptly notified whenever the supply of vests in the equipment room needs replenishing.

## Traffic Collision Reporting

### 501.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Roseburg Police Department prepares traffic collision reports in compliance with Oregon Revised Statutes 810.460 relating to reports of traffic accidents to the Oregon Department of Transportation and, as a public service makes traffic collision reports available to the community with some exceptions.

### 501.2 RESPONSIBILITY

The Watch Commander will be responsible for ensuring proper investigation and reporting of motor vehicle collisions. Traffic collisions will be documented using the Oregon Police Traffic Crash Report. Non-Injury traffic collisions may be documented on the appropriate portion of a citation form when appropriate.

### 501.3 TRAFFIC COLLISION REPORTING

All injury traffic collision reports taken by members of this department shall be forwarded to the Watch Commander for approval and data entry into the Records Management System. The Records Section will be responsible for monthly reports on traffic collision statistics to be forwarded to the Oregon Traffic Safety Commission.

### 501.4 REPORTING SITUATIONS

#### 501.4.1 TRAFFIC COLLISIONS INVOLVING CITY VEHICLES

Traffic collision investigation reports shall be taken when a City-owned vehicle is involved in a traffic collision upon a roadway or highway wherein any damage or injury results. A general information report may be taken in lieu of a traffic collision report at the direction of a supervisor when the collision occurs on private property or does not involve another vehicle.

Photographs of the collision scene and vehicle damage shall be taken.

#### 501.4.2 TRAFFIC COLLISIONS INVOLVING DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES

When an employee of this department, either on-duty or off-duty, is involved in a traffic collision within the City limits of Roseburg resulting in a serious injury or fatality, the Watch Commander may notify the Oregon State Police for assistance.

The term serious injury is defined as any injury that results in hospitalization.

#### 501.4.3 TRAFFIC COLLISIONS ON PRIVATE PROPERTY

Traffic collision reports shall not be taken for collisions occurring on private property unless there is a death or injury to any person involved, a hit-and-run violation, or an officer issues a citation for a traffic violation. A Miscellaneous Report may be taken at the discretion of any supervisor.

#### 501.4.4 TRAFFIC COLLISIONS ON ROADWAYS OR HIGHWAYS

Traffic collision reports shall be taken when they occur on a roadway or highway within this jurisdiction in the following cases:

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- (a) There is a death, or injury to any person involved in the collision.
- (b) An officer issues a citation for a violation of the Vehicle Code.
- (c) The accident is initially reported by a garage operator who has received a vehicle involved in a serious accident or exhibiting evidence of having been struck by a bullet (Oregon Revised Statutes 822.600).
- (d) All hit-and-run violations as defined by Oregon Revised Statutes 811.700 and 811.705.
- (e) At the time of the incident, an involved party requests a traffic collision report, unless otherwise authorized by the Watch Commander.

#### **501.5 SERIOUS TRAFFIC COLLISION PROTOCOL AND GUIDELINE**

In the event of a serious / fatal type TC, the WC is in charge of the scene and responsible for the initial direction and coordination of the case. Once Traffic Officers are in place, they will likely take over as the primary coordinator of the case and make the necessary assignments based on the circumstances of the case. The WC will stay apprised of the case status and pass along pertinent information to the other WC's as necessary.

The following information is intended to assist you as a guide during these types of events:

##### Initial WC Responsibilities:

- Call out both Traffic Officers (if necessary) – one may be the primary Reconstructionist and one may be assigned as the primary case officer as determined by the WC. Case Officer will make this determination based on case circumstances and manpower considerations. Another option is to call OSP, or another qualified reconstructionist, to assume this role.
- Call CID Commander. He will determine which Detective will respond if appropriate. The Detective will be assigned according to the situation and may handle interviews and assist as needed with specialized criminal search warrants, etc.
- Call the DA's Office (usually through DCC) and speak with a Sr. DDA and advise them of the incident. They will likely respond to get involved in the investigation.
- Assign someone to secure the scene initially
- Assign someone to respond to the hospital initially to monitor suspects and victims that may be there
- Make sure proper notifications such as DMV, next of kin, etc. are assigned.

##### Investigative Team:

The investigative team will generally consist of the following personnel;

- Initial Patrol Officer - assigned as primary case officer unless reassigned by WC
- WC – initial coordination, facilitation, etc.
- Traffic Officers – generally responsible for the reconstruction and the overall case and will divide up duties according to the case



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- CID Detective – assist as needed with interviews and specialized criminal search warrants. May assist in other areas as necessary
- DA's Office – SW review, general guidance, case prosecution

#### Additional Personnel that may be needed:

- Other Patrol officer – assigned as needed
- DCSO and OSP – Reconstructionist, Reconstruction assistants, assist as needed with manpower
- DRE – assist as needed, SW input, etc.

#### Search warrants:

Boiler Plate info and guidelines for blood draws are available on RPD server.

Have any search warrants reviewed by the DA's Office prior to presenting to a Judge.

## Vehicle Towing

### 502.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance related to vehicle towing. Nothing in this policy shall require a member of this department to tow a vehicle. The authority related to this policy and procedure(s) is found in RMC 7.04.170, 8.10.010, 8.10.020, ORS Chapters 809, 819, and 133.

### 502.2 GENERAL TOWING: OTHER THAN EVIDENCE AND/OR POLICE IMPOUNDS

#### General

An officer will make a reasonable inquiry to locate an owner or authorized person to move a vehicle prior to posting or towing considering the existing circumstances making it necessary to post or tow the vehicle. At a minimum, the vehicle should always be checked for wants.

#### Recovered Stolen Vehicles

Recovered stolen vehicles may be returned to the owner at the scene if the vehicle is not needed as evidence. When possible, an officer should attempt contact with the registered owner of a local stolen vehicle prior to towing the vehicle. A stolen vehicle may be left on the street, if not a hazard, for a reasonable time if the owner specifically requests that the vehicle not be towed. If recovered stolen vehicles are towed to a location other than the tow company yard at the request of the Police Department, prior authorization is required by a Watch Commander, Division Commander or the Chief of Police.

#### Abandoned Vehicles

The City has adopted an Ordinance regarding abandoned vehicles which closely follows the language and authority of ORS 819.110, 120 and 130. This Ordinance is entitled Inoperative, Wrecked, Dismantled or Abandoned Vehicles under Roseburg Municipal Code 7.04.170. Select this hyperlink for specifics:[7.04.170 Ordinance](#)

Abandoned vehicles will be marked; attempts will be made to contact and notify the owner and a Pre-Tow Notice completed and forwarded to the Records Division. If the vehicle is not moved in five (5) working days and the owner has not appealed or asked for an extension in time, the vehicle will be towed.

Abandoned vehicles will only be towed during normal business hours, Monday -Friday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. excluding holidays

The Post-Tow Notice will be completed and sent by Certified Mail to the last known registered owner, legal owner and/or lien holder. The service or return of this notice will be filed with the report.

Original of all forms will be kept with the original report. Copies will be faxed to the tow company.

#### Abandoned or Disabled Vehicles on Public Way

When an officer locates a vehicle on the right of way of a public street or highway and has reason to believe the vehicle is disabled or abandoned and has been parked or left standing for more

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than twenty-four (24) hours, the officer shall cause the vehicle's license and VIN Numbers to be checked through LEDS and NCIC.

If the vehicle is not stolen nor a traffic hazard and the officer intends to remove the vehicle, a Pre-Tow Vehicle Impoundment Notice will be completed in duplicate. The original copy will be posted on the vehicle and the duplicate will be attached to a completed MSR and turned in for approval, prior to the officer going off duty. The vehicle cannot be removed until at least five (5) days have passed since the Pre-Tow Notice was mailed to the registered and legal owner. The five (5) days are not to include Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays. If a hearing is requested, the vehicle will not be towed prior to the hearing.

#### **Vehicles Parked and / or Stored on Private Property**

A Pre-Tow posting is not required for an officer to take a vehicle into custody and remove it from private property at the request of the owner or person in lawful custody of the private property. Normally, a vehicle will not be towed from private property; instead it will be recommended that the property owner have the vehicle towed. Watch Commanders may authorize a tow from private property if they believe the circumstances which caused the request justifies the Department's involvement in the tow.

The Police Department cannot give permission for a person to leave a vehicle on private property. Generally, if a vehicle is on private property as a result of the actions of The Roseburg Police Department, efforts shall be made to have it moved voluntarily or to gain permission of the property owner for the vehicle to remain there so as not to cause expense and inconvenience to the property owner.

#### **Inoperative, Wrecked, Junked, or Neglected Vehicles on Private/Public Property with Owner/Person Consent in Lawful Possession of Property**

A vehicle to be towed under this Section will be towed in accordance with City Ordinance Chapter 8.02.090. Prior to towing, the Abatement Procedure in City Ordinance Chapter 7.06.090 must be followed.

The enforcing officer shall cause a notice to be posted on the vehicle or delivered to the landowner, registered owner, or person in charge of the vehicle, directing that the vehicle be removed. The Records Division will send a copy of that notice by Certified Mail to the responsible person at that person's last known address.

In no event will the vehicle be towed prior to five (5) days of serving notice on the responsible person(s).

The five (5) days are not to include Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays. If a hearing is requested, the vehicle will not be towed prior to that hearing.

#### **Pre-Tow / Officer**

An officer who posts a vehicle with a Pre-Tow Notice, shall complete a report including pertinent information on the vehicle, all teletypes and a duplicate of the posted notice. A copy of the report

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will be forwarded to Records Division. Pre-Tow Notices and reports for Private Property Nuisance Abatements may be forwarded to the City Recorder's Office.

#### **Pre-Tow / Records**

Records shall cause a copy of the Pre-Tow Notice to be mailed to the registered and legal owners at the address of each as shown by Department of Motor Vehicles' records.

#### **Post-Tow / Records**

Records will cause a Post-Tow Notice to be completed and mailed to the same address as the Pre-Tow Notice.

#### **502.3 POLICY**

The Roseburg Police Department will tow vehicles when appropriate and in accordance with the law.

#### **502.4 NOTICE PRIOR TO TOW**

When circumstances permit, (e.g., when towing a vehicle for parking or registration violations and the vehicle does not constitute a hazard), the Records Division should make a good-faith effort to provide notice that is reasonably calculated to apprise the owner of the vehicle that it is subject to towing and impoundment.

#### **502.5 REMOVAL OF VEHICLES DUE TO HAZARD**

When a vehicle should be towed because it presents a hazard, the owner or operator should arrange for the towing. Department members may assist by communicating requests through Dispatch to expedite the process.

If the owner or operator is unable to arrange for towing and the vehicle presents a hazard, the vehicle may be towed at the direction of the department member when the vehicle is (ORS 819.120):

- (a) Parked so that any part of the vehicle extends into the paved portion of the travel lane.
- (b) Parked so that any part of the vehicle extends into the highway shoulder or bicycle lane of any freeway.

Officers should use sound judgment in balancing the need to correct a hazardous situation with the potential hardship to a vehicle owner/operator before towing such a vehicle.

Officers impounding a vehicle shall complete a vehicle impound report to be submitted along with the incident report to the Records Division as soon as practicable after the vehicle is stored; A Pre-Tow Notice is not required.

Once a vehicle impound report is approved and forwarded to the Records Division, it shall be placed into the auto-file at the front desk to be immediately available for release or for information should inquiries be made.

#### **REMOVAL OF VEHICLE DISABLED IN A TRAFFIC COLLISION:**

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When a vehicle has been involved in a traffic collision and must be removed from the scene, the officer shall have the driver select a towing company, if possible, and shall relay the request for the specified towing company to the dispatcher. When there is no preferred company requested, a company will be selected from the no preference towing company list in Dispatch.

If the owner is incapacitated, or for any reason it is necessary for the Department to assume responsibility for the removal of a vehicle involved in a collision, the officer shall request the dispatcher to call a no preference towing company. The officer will then have the vehicle towed to the tow company's storage lot for safekeeping, and complete the appropriate and applicable report(s).

Vehicles that are not the property of the City should not be driven by department members unless it is necessary to move the vehicle a short distance to eliminate a hazard, prevent the obstruction of a fire hydrant, or comply with posted signs.

#### **502.6 ARREST SCENES**

Whenever the owner or operator of a vehicle is arrested, the arresting officer should provide reasonable safekeeping by leaving the vehicle secured and lawfully parked at the scene or, when appropriate, by having the vehicle towed, such as when the vehicle presents a traffic hazard or the vehicle would be in jeopardy of theft or damage if left at the scene.

Officers are not required to investigate whether alternatives to towing a vehicle exist after an arrest. However, a vehicle should not be towed if reasonable alternatives exist. When considering whether to leave a vehicle at the scene, officers should take into consideration public safety as well as the reasonable safety of the vehicle and its contents.

The following are examples of situations where a vehicle should not be towed (ORS 809.720):

- The vehicle can be legally parked, left in a reasonably secure and safe location, and is not needed as evidence.
- The vehicle is parked on private property, on which the arrestee or owner is legally residing, or the property owner does not object to the vehicle being parked at that location.
- The arrestee or owner of the vehicle requests that it be released to a person who is present, willing, and able to legally take control of the vehicle.
- The vehicle is legally parked and the arrestee or owner requests that it be left at the scene. In such cases the requester should be informed that the Department will not be responsible for theft or damages.

In such cases, the officer should inform the arrestee and note in the report that the Department will not be responsible for theft or damages.

While the Oregon Revised Statutes may authorize the impoundment of a vehicle for issues such as DUII, driving with a suspended or revoked license (ORS 809.720), impounds are only authorized if, in such cases, leaving the vehicle would create a hazard, obstruction or a risk of loss and/or damage and/or vandalism.

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#### **502.7 VEHICLES RELATED TO CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS**

Officers should tow vehicles that are needed for the furtherance of an investigation or prosecution of a case, or that are otherwise appropriate for seizure as evidence (ORS 133.535).

Officers should make reasonable efforts to return a recovered stolen vehicle to its owner rather than have it towed, as long as the vehicle is not needed for evidence.

##### 502.7.1 STATE REQUIREMENTS

The impounding officer should take reasonable steps to protect against loss or damage to impounded vehicles and any contents that may have been taken as evidence (ORS 133.537).

If a recovered stolen vehicle is towed, the officer shall share the owner's contact information, including the person's home address and telephone number, with the towing service that assumes control of the vehicle (ORS 98.857).

#### **502.8 RECORDS**

Records Division members shall ensure that pertinent data regarding a towed vehicle is promptly entered into the appropriate database.

##### **Vehicles Towed as Traffic Hazard or with Evidence Hold:**

Records shall cause a mailing or delivery of a copy of the Post-Tow Notice to the registered and legal owners of the vehicle as shown in the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles within 72 hours of the removal. The 72 hour period does not include Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays.

##### 502.8.1 VEHICLE STORAGE REPORT

Department members towing a vehicle shall complete a vehicle tow report. The report should be submitted to the [recordsBureau] as soon as practicable after the vehicle is towed.

##### 502.8.2 NOTICE AFTER TOW

Within 48 hours, excluding weekends and holidays, of a vehicle being towed, it shall be the responsibility of the [recordsBureau] to send a notice of tow to all registered owners and others having a recorded interest in the vehicle. Notice shall be sent to all such individuals by certified mail. The notice shall include (ORS 819.180):

- (a) That the vehicle has been taken into custody and towed; the identity of the appropriate towing authority; and the statute, ordinance, or rule under which the vehicle has been taken into custody and towed.
- (b) The location of the vehicle, or the telephone number and address of the authority that will provide that information.
- (c) That the vehicle is subject to towing and storage charges, the amount of charges that have accrued to the date of the notice, and the daily storage charges.
- (d) That the vehicle and its contents are subject to a lien for payment of the towing and storage charges, and that the vehicle and its contents will be sold to cover the charges if the charges are not paid by a date specified by the appropriate authority.

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- (e) That the owner, possessor, or person having an interest in the vehicle and its contents is entitled to a prompt hearing to contest the validity of taking the vehicle into custody and towing it, and to contest the reasonableness of the charges for towing and storage if a hearing is requested in a timely manner.
- (f) The time within which a hearing must be requested and the method for requesting a hearing.
- (g) That the vehicle and its contents may be immediately reclaimed by presentation to the appropriate authority of satisfactory proof of ownership or right to possession, and either payment of the towing and storage charges or the deposit of cash security or a bond equal to the charges with the appropriate authority.

#### **502.9 RELEASE CRITERIA**

A vehicle impounded under this section shall be released to a person entitled to lawful possession of the vehicle upon compliance with the following:

- (a) Proof that a person with valid driving privileges will be operating the vehicle.
- (b) Proof of compliance with financial responsibility requirements for the vehicle.
- (c) Payment of the Roseburg Police Department administrative fee and any towing and storage charges.

#### **502.10 TOWING SERVICES**

Members shall not show preference among towing services that have been authorized for use by the Department. A rotation or other system established by the Department for tow services should be followed.

The City of Roseburg periodically selects a firm(s) to act as the official tow service and awards a contract to that firm(s). This firm(s) may be used in the following situations:

- (a) When a vehicle is being held as evidence in connection with an investigation.
- (b) When it is otherwise necessary to impound a motor vehicle. This would include situations involving the recovery of stolen or abandoned vehicles, and the removal from the streets of vehicles obstructing traffic in violation of state or local regulations.

#### **NO PREFERENCE TOW SERVICES:**

Upon proper application, the department may request an approved towing service when a citizen needs towing but has no preference as to which service to call.

Any complaint alleging a violation of the agreement or other misconduct by a no preference operator shall be referred to the police department for investigation. The department may periodically review the performance of each authorized no preference operator.

The department will assist citizens by calling any towing company desired. If the citizen has no preference and requests towing service, one of the authorized firms shall be called in rotation.

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##### **502.11 VEHICLE INVENTORIES**

The contents of all vehicles towed at the request of department members shall be inventoried and listed on the inventory report. Body cameras should be activated during the inventory process. When reasonably practicable, photographs may be taken to assist in the inventory.

- (a) An inventory of personal property and the contents of open containers will be conducted throughout the passenger and engine compartments of the vehicle, including but not limited to the glove box, other accessible areas under or within the dashboard area, any pockets in the doors or in the back of the front seat, in any console between the seats, under any floor mats, and under the seats.
- (b) In addition to the passenger and engine compartments as described above, an inventory of personal property and the contents of open containers will also be conducted in any other type of unlocked compartments that are a part of the vehicle, including but not limited to unlocked glove compartments, unlocked vehicle trunks, and unlocked car-top containers.
- (c) Any locked compartments, including but not limited to locked glove compartments, locked vehicle trunks, locked hatchbacks, and locked car-top containers, should be inventoried, provided the keys are available and are to be released with the vehicle to the third-party towing company or an unlocking mechanism for such compartment is available within the vehicle.
- (d) Closed containers located either within the vehicle or any of the vehicle's compartments will not be opened for inventory purposes except for the following: wallets, purses, coin purses, fanny packs, personal organizers, briefcases, or other closed containers designed for carrying money, small valuables, or hazardous materials.
- (e) The inventory is not a search for evidence of a crime, however, officers shall seize evidence or contraband located during the inventory. Items should be scrutinized to the extent necessary to complete the inventory.

Members should ask the occupants whether the vehicle contains any valuables or hazardous materials. Responses should be noted in the inventory report. If the occupant acknowledges that any closed container contains valuables or a hazardous material, the container shall be opened and inventoried. When practicable and appropriate, such items should be removed from the vehicle and given to the owner or booked into property for safekeeping.

Any cash in excess of \$10, jewelry, or other property valued at more than \$200 located during the inventory process will be held for safekeeping, in accordance with the Property and Evidence Policy. A copy of the property receipt should be given to the person in control of the vehicle or, if that person is not present, left in the vehicle.

The vehicle inventory form will be given to the tow truck operator for signature; this form will ultimately be submitted with the report.

These inventory procedures are for the purpose of protecting the vehicle owner's property, providing for the safety of department members, and protecting the Department against fraudulent claims of lost, stolen, or damaged property.



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#### *Vehicle Towing*

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Towing a vehicle in order to perform an inventory should not be used as a pretext for an evidence search. Nothing in this policy prevents the towing of a vehicle that would occur for reasons independent of any suspicion that the vehicle may contain evidence if it is otherwise justified by law or this policy.

##### **502.11.1 OPPORTUNITY TO REMOVE PROPERTY**

In the event that the owner, operator, or occupant of a vehicle to be impounded is present at the scene and not subject to arrest, the officer shall provide notice and opportunity to that person to take readily retrievable personal belongings (e.g., purse, backpack, cigarette pack) from the vehicle that are not considered evidence or contraband.

##### **502.12 SECURITY OF VEHICLES AND RETRIEVAL OF PROPERTY**

If the search of a vehicle leaves the vehicle or any property contained therein vulnerable to unauthorized entry, theft, or damage, the department member conducting the search shall take such steps as are reasonably necessary to secure or protect the vehicle or property from such hazards.

Unless it would cause an unreasonable delay in towing the vehicle or create an issue of officer safety, reasonable accommodations should be made to permit the owner, operator, or occupant to retrieve small items of value or personal need (e.g., cash, jewelry, cell phone, prescriptions) that are not considered evidence or contraband.

Members who become aware that a vehicle may have been towed by the Department in error should promptly advise a supervisor. Supervisors should approve, when appropriate, the release of the vehicle without requiring the owner or the owner's agent to request a hearing to contest the tow.

## Impaired Driving

### 503.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to those department members who play a role in the detection and investigation of driving under the influence (DUII).

### 503.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department is committed to the safety of the roadways and the community and will pursue fair but aggressive enforcement of Oregon's impaired driving laws.

### 503.3 CHEMICAL TESTS

A person is deemed to have consented to a chemical test or tests under any of the following (ORS 813.100):

- (a) The arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person was DUII.
- (b) The person is arrested for DUII and takes a breath test that discloses a blood alcohol content of less than 0.08 percent.
- (c) The person is arrested for DUII and was involved in an accident resulting in injury or property damage.
- (d) The person is receiving medical care at a health care facility immediately after a motor vehicle accident and the arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person was DUII.
- (e) The officer has probable cause to believe that the person was DUII and that evidence of the offense will be found in the person's blood or urine and the person is unconscious or otherwise in a condition rendering the person incapable of expressly consenting to the test (ORS 813.140).

#### 503.3.1 BLOOD SAMPLES

Only persons authorized by law to withdraw blood shall collect blood samples (ORS 813.160). The withdrawal of the blood sample should be witnessed by the assigned officer. No officer, even if properly certified, should conduct the blood withdrawal.

Officers should inform an arrestee that if he/she chooses to provide a blood sample, a separate sample can be drawn for alternate testing. Unless medical personnel object, two samples should be drawn and retained as evidence, so long as only one puncture is required.

If an arrestee cannot submit to a blood test because he/she is a hemophiliac or is using an anticoagulant, he/she shall not be required to take a blood test. Such inability to take a blood test should not be treated as a refusal. However, the person may be required to complete another available and viable test.

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##### 503.3.2 URINE SAMPLES

If a urine test will be performed, the person should be promptly transported to the appropriate testing site. The officer shall follow any directions accompanying the urine evidence collection kit.

The collection kit shall be marked with the person's name, offense, Roseburg Police Department case number and the name of the witnessing officer. The collection kit should be refrigerated pending transportation for testing.

##### 503.3.3 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR URINE SAMPLES

An officer may not request that a person submit to a urine test unless the officer is certified by the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training as having completed the required training in the recognition of drug impaired driving. The officer must also have a reasonable suspicion to believe that the person arrested has been driving under the influence of cannabis, psilocybin, a controlled substance, an inhalant, or any combination of cannabis, psilocybin, an inhalant, a controlled substance, and intoxicating liquor (ORS 813.131).

The person providing the urine sample shall be given privacy and may not be observed by the officer when providing the sample (ORS 813.131).

#### **503.4 REFUSALS**

When a person refuses to provide a chemical sample, officers should:

- (a) Advise the person of the requirement to provide a sample (ORS 813.100; ORS 813.131).
- (b) Document the refusal in the appropriate report.

##### 503.4.1 STATUTORY NOTIFICATIONS

Upon refusal to submit to a chemical test as required by law, officers shall personally serve the written notice of intent to suspend upon the person and take possession of any state-issued license to operate a motor vehicle that is held by that person (ORS 813.100). The arresting officer shall also read the person the Department of Transportation form which informs the person of the rights and consequences of a test to determine the alcohol content of the person's blood (ORS 813.130).

##### 503.4.2 BLOOD SAMPLE WITHOUT CONSENT

A blood sample may be obtained from a person who refuses a chemical test when any of the following conditions exist:

- (a) A search warrant has been obtained (ORS 813.100).
- (b) The officer can articulate that exigent circumstances exist. Exigency does not exist solely because of the short time period associated with the natural dissipation of alcohol or controlled or prohibited substances in the person's bloodstream. Exigency can be established by the existence of special facts, such as a lengthy time delay in obtaining a blood sample due to an accident investigation or medical treatment of the person.

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### **503.5 ARREST AND INVESTIGATION**

#### **503.5.1 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test or if a test discloses that the person had a prohibited alcohol concentration in his/her blood, the investigating officer shall cause the following items to be forwarded to the Driver and Motor Vehicle Services Division of the Department of Transportation (DMV) within 10 days of the arrest (ORS 813.100; OAR 735-090-0040):

- The completed Implied Consent Form
- Any confiscated license or permit belonging to the person
- A copy of the written report that complies with ORS 813.120

An officer confiscating a person's license pursuant to state DUI laws shall provide the person with a temporary driving permit unless (ORS 813.100; ORS 813.110):

- The driving privileges of the person were suspended, revoked or canceled at the time the person was arrested.
- The person whose license was confiscated was operating on an invalid license.
- The person was not entitled to driving privileges at the time of the arrest for any other reason.
- The person holds a license or permit granting driving privileges that was issued by another state or jurisdiction and that is not confiscated.

#### **503.5.2 OFFENSE FOR REFUSAL**

If a person refuses to submit to a breath or urine test, the arresting officer may charge the person with a separate offense (ORS 813.095).

#### **503.5.3 ADDITIONAL TESTING**

An officer requesting that a person submit to a chemical test shall also provide the person, upon request, with a reasonable opportunity to have a qualified medical professional of their choosing administer an additional chemical test. The test may be of the person's breath or blood if alcohol concentration is in issue or of the person's blood or urine if the presence of a controlled substance or inhalant in the person's body is in issue (ORS 813.150).

### **503.6 RECORDS DIVISION RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Records Supervisor will ensure that all case-related records are transmitted according to current records procedures and as required by the prosecuting attorney's office.

## **Chapter 6 - Investigation Operations**

## Investigation and Prosecution

### 600.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to set guidelines and requirements pertaining to the handling and disposition of criminal investigations.

### 600.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to investigate crimes thoroughly and with due diligence, and to evaluate and prepare criminal cases for appropriate clearance or submission to a prosecutor.

### 600.3 INITIAL INVESTIGATION

#### 600.3.1 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES

An officer responsible for an initial investigation shall complete no less than the following:

- (a) Make a preliminary determination of whether a crime has been committed by completing, at a minimum:
  - 1. An initial statement from any witnesses or complainants.
  - 2. A cursory examination for evidence.
- (b) If information indicates a crime has occurred, the officer shall:
  - 1. Preserve the scene and any evidence as required to complete the initial and follow-up investigation.
  - 2. Determine if additional investigative resources (e.g., investigators or scene processing) are necessary and request assistance as required.
  - 3. If assistance is warranted, or if the incident is not routine, notify a supervisor or the Watch Commander.
  - 4. Make reasonable attempts to locate, identify and interview all available victims, complainants, witnesses and suspects.
  - 5. Collect any evidence.
  - 6. Take any appropriate law enforcement action.
  - 7. Complete and submit the appropriate reports and documentation.
- (c) If the preliminary determination is that no crime occurred, determine what other action may be necessary, what other resources may be available, and advise the informant or complainant of this information.

#### 600.3.2 CIVILIAN/NON-SWORN MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

A non-sworn member assigned to any preliminary investigation is responsible for all investigative steps, except making any attempt to locate, contact or interview a suspect face-to-face or take any enforcement action. Should an initial investigation indicate that those steps are required, the assistance of an officer shall be requested.

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#### **600.4 COLLECTION OR MAINTENANCE OF SPECIFIC INFORMATION**

The collection or maintenance of information about the political, religious or social views, associations or activities of any individual, group, association, organization, corporation, business or partnership shall occur only when the information directly relates to a criminal investigation and there are reasonable grounds to suspect the subject of the information is or may be involved in criminal conduct (ORS 181A.250).

#### **600.5 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION REQUIREMENTS**

Suspects who are in custody and subjected to an interrogation shall be given the *Miranda* warning, unless an exception applies.

##### **600.5.1 AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Generally, except where circumstances make it impracticable, custodial interviews regarding felony offenses should be electronically recorded. When such custodial interviews are conducted in a law enforcement facility, electronic recording of the interview is mandatory absent good cause not to record if the interview is conducted in connection with an investigation into aggravated murder, as defined in ORS 163.095, or a crime listed in ORS 137.700 or ORS 137.707 (ORS 133.400).

A custodial interview of a person 17 years of age or under involving an investigation into a misdemeanor or a felony or an allegation that the juvenile being interviewed committed an act that would be a misdemeanor or a felony if committed by an adult shall be recorded, absent good cause not to record the interview, if (ORS 133.402):

- (a) The interview is conducted at a courthouse or at any law enforcement agency authorized to detain juvenile offenders; or
- (b) The interview is conducted anywhere else and the officer is wearing a body-worn camera.

If an interviewee expresses an unwillingness to have the custodial interview electronically recorded but agrees to speak to investigators without such recording, the interviewing officer or detective should document the refusal in his/her report and request that the interviewee sign a written statement or provide a recorded statement of his/her refusal to have the interview recorded.

Consideration should also be given to recording a custodial interrogation, or any investigative interview, for any other offense when it is reasonable to believe it would be appropriate and beneficial to the investigation and is otherwise allowed by law (ORS 165.540).

No recording of a custodial interrogation should be destroyed or altered without written authorization from the prosecuting attorney and the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor. Copies of recorded interrogations or interviews may be made in the same or a different format as the original recording, provided the copies are true, accurate, and complete and are made only for authorized and legitimate law enforcement purposes. Electronic recording of a custodial interview shall be preserved until the conclusion of the criminal proceeding or youth adjudication

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proceeding, including post-conviction relief and habeas corpus appeals are exhausted, or until the prosecution of the offense is barred by law (ORS 133.400).

Recordings should not take the place of a thorough report and investigative interviews. Written statements from suspects should continue to be obtained when applicable.

#### **600.6 DISCONTINUATION OF INVESTIGATIONS**

The investigation of a criminal case or efforts to seek prosecution should only be discontinued if one of the following applies:

- (a) All reasonable investigative efforts have been exhausted, no reasonable belief that the person who committed the crime can be identified, and the incident has been documented appropriately.
- (b) The perpetrator of a misdemeanor has been identified and a warning is the most appropriate disposition.
  - 1. In these cases, the investigator shall document that the person was warned and why prosecution was not sought.
  - 2. Warnings shall not be given for felony offenses or other offenses identified in this policy or by law that require an arrest or submission of a case to a prosecutor.
- (c) The case has been submitted to the appropriate prosecutor but no charges have been filed. Further investigation is not reasonable nor has the prosecutor requested further investigation.
- (d) The case has been submitted to the appropriate prosecutor, charges have been filed, and further investigation is not reasonable, warranted or requested, and there is no need to take the suspect into custody.
- (e) Suspects have been arrested, there are no other suspects, and further investigation is either not warranted or requested.
- (f) Investigation has proven that a crime was not committed (see the Sexual Assault Investigations Policy for special considerations in these cases).

The Domestic Violence, Child Abuse, Sexual Assault Investigations and Adult Abuse policies may also require an arrest or submittal of a case to a prosecutor.

#### **600.7 COMPUTERS AND DIGITAL EVIDENCE**

The collection, preservation, transportation and storage of computers, cell phones and other digital devices may require specialized handling to preserve the value of the related evidence. If it is anticipated that computers or similar equipment will be seized, officers should request that computer forensic examiners assist with seizing computers and related evidence. If a forensic examiner is unavailable, officers should take reasonable steps to prepare for such seizure and use the resources that are available.

#### **600.8 INVESTIGATIVE USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA AND INTERNET SOURCES**

Use of social media and any other internet source to access information for the purpose of criminal investigation shall comply with applicable laws and policies regarding privacy, civil rights and



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civil liberties. Information gathered via the internet should only be accessed by members while on-duty and for purposes related to the mission of this department. If a member encounters information relevant to a criminal investigation while off-duty or while using his/her own equipment, the member should note the dates, times and locations of the information and report the discovery to his/her supervisor as soon as practicable. The member, or others who have been assigned to do so, should attempt to replicate the finding when on-duty and using department equipment.

Information obtained via the internet should not be archived or stored in any manner other than department-established record keeping systems (see the Records Maintenance and Release and Criminal Organizations policies).

#### **600.8.1 ACCESS RESTRICTIONS**

Information that can be accessed from any department computer, without the need of an account, password, email address, alias or other identifier (unrestricted websites), may be accessed and used for legitimate investigative purposes without supervisory approval.

Accessing information from any internet source that requires the use or creation of an account, password, email address, alias or other identifier, or the use of nongovernment IP addresses, requires supervisor approval prior to access. The supervisor will review the justification for accessing the information and consult with legal counsel as necessary to identify any policy or legal restrictions. Any such access and the supervisor approval shall be documented in the related investigative report.

Accessing information that requires the use of a third party's account or online identifier requires supervisor approval and the consent of the third party. The consent must be voluntary and shall be documented in the related investigative report.

Information gathered from any internet source should be evaluated for its validity, authenticity, accuracy and reliability. Corroborative evidence should be sought and documented in the related investigative report.

Any information collected in furtherance of an investigation through an internet source should be documented in the related report. Documentation should include the source of information and the dates and times that the information was gathered.

#### **600.8.2 INTERCEPTING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION**

Intercepting social media communications in real time may be subject to federal and state wiretap laws. Officers should seek legal counsel before any such interception.

#### **600.9 MODIFICATION OF CHARGES FILED**

Members are not authorized to recommend to the prosecutor or to any other official of the court that charges on a pending case be amended or dismissed without the authorization of a Division Commander or the Chief of Police. Any authorized request to modify the charges or to recommend dismissal of charges shall be made to the prosecutor.

## Asset Forfeiture

### 601.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy describes the authority and procedure for the seizure, forfeiture and liquidation of property associated with designated offenses.

**Currently, all civil and criminal forfeiture actions and proceedings are coordinated and managed via the Douglas Interagency Narcotics Team (DINT) and their legal counsel. All criminal and civil forfeitures shall be authorized and managed by DINT unless otherwise authorized by a department commander.**

#### 601.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Civil Forfeiture** - The following, with certain restrictions, may be subject to civil forfeiture when used for prohibited conduct (ORS 131A.020):

- Containers for controlled substances and related compounds, etc.
- Conveyances, including but not limited to aircraft, vehicles, and vessels to transport, sell, conceal controlled substances.
- Proceeds from prohibited conduct or money, deposits or other things of value used to facilitate prohibited conduct.
- Real property or interest in real property.
- Weapons possessed or used.
- Property used for attempts to commit prohibited conduct, solicitations to commit prohibited conduct and conspiracies.
- A motor vehicle when the driver is arrested or cited for driving while suspended or revoked under ORS 811.182 or ORS 163.196 and has been convicted of either offense within the past three years (ORS 809.740).

**Criminal Forfeiture** - The following, with certain restrictions, may be subject to criminal forfeiture when used, or intended to be used, for prohibited conduct (ORS 131.558):

- Containers for controlled substances and related compounds, etc.
- Conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, and vessels to transport, sell, conceal, etc. controlled substances.
- Proceeds from prohibited conduct or money, deposits, or other things of value used to facilitate prohibited conduct.
- Real property or interest in real property.
- Weapons possessed or used.
- Property used for attempts to commit prohibited conduct, solicitations to commit prohibited conduct, and conspiracies.

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- All other personal property that is used or intended to be used to commit or facilitate prohibited conduct.

**Fiscal agent** - The person designated by the Chief of Police to be responsible for securing and maintaining seized assets and distributing any proceeds realized from any forfeiture proceedings. This includes any time the Roseburg Police Department seizes property for forfeiture or when the Roseburg Police Department is acting as the fiscal agent pursuant to a multi-agency agreement.

**Forfeiture** - The process by which legal ownership of an asset is transferred to a government or other authority.

**Forfeiture reviewer** - The department member assigned by the Chief of Police who is responsible for reviewing all forfeiture cases and for acting as the liaison between the Department and the assigned attorney.

**Prohibited conduct** - In the context of criminal forfeiture, refers to a felony or a Class A misdemeanor for purposes of proceeds and the many crimes listed in ORS 131.602 for purposes of instrumentalities (ORS 131.550).

Prohibited conduct in the context of civil forfeiture refers to any of the following (ORS 131A.005):

- Crimes related to the Uniform Controlled Substances Act where a person may be sentenced to imprisonment (specifically, ORS 475.005 through ORS 475.285 and ORS 475.744 through ORS 475.980).
- Crimes involving violation of, or solicitation, attempt, or conspiracy to violate ORS 475B.337, ORS 475B.341, ORS 475B.346, or ORS 475B.349.
- Violation of, or solicitation, attempt or conspiracy to violate ORS 475B.227.
- Involuntary servitude or compelling prostitution (ORS 163.263; ORS 163.264; ORS 163.266; ORS 167.017).
- Other local crimes allowing for civil forfeiture where a person may be sentenced to imprisonment for the offense.

**Seizure** - The act of law enforcement officials taking property, cash, or assets that have been used in connection with or acquired by specified illegal activities.

#### **601.2 POLICY**

The Roseburg Police Department recognizes that appropriately applied forfeiture laws are helpful to enforce the law, deter crime and reduce the economic incentive of crime. However, the potential for revenue should never compromise the effective investigation of criminal offenses, officer safety or any person's due process rights.

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department that all members, including those assigned to internal or external law enforcement task force operations, shall comply with all state and federal laws pertaining to forfeiture.

#### **601.3 ASSET SEIZURE**

Property may be seized for forfeiture as provided in this policy.

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##### **601.3.1 PROPERTY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE**

The following may be seized upon review and approval of a supervisor and in coordination with DINT and / or the DA's Office:

- (a) Civil forfeiture
  - 1. Property that is subject to a court order (ORS 131A.060).
  - 2. Property that is not subject to a court order if (ORS 131A.065):
    - (a) There is probable cause to believe that the property is subject to forfeiture and the property may constitutionally be seized without a warrant.
    - (b) The seizure is in the course of a constitutionally valid criminal investigative stop, arrest or search, and there is probable cause to believe that the property is subject to civil forfeiture.
    - (c) The property is directly or indirectly dangerous to the health or safety of any person.
    - (d) An owner consents to the seizure.
- (b) Criminal forfeiture
  - (a) Property that is subject to a court order (ORS 131.561).
  - (b) Property that is not subject to a court order when (ORS 133.535; ORS 131.561):
    - (a) The property subject to criminal forfeiture is also evidence of a crime or is illegal to possess.
    - (b) There is probable cause to believe that the property is subject to criminal forfeiture.

Whenever practicable, a court order for seizure prior to making a seizure is the preferred method.

A large amount of money standing alone is insufficient to establish the probable cause required to make a seizure.

##### **601.3.2 PROPERTY NOT SUBJECT TO SEIZURE**

The following property should not be seized for forfeiture:

- (a) Cash and property that does not meet the forfeiture counsel's current minimum forfeiture thresholds should not be seized.
- (b) A conveyance owned by a common carrier or person who did not consent to the offense in question or had no knowledge of the offense (i.e., an "innocent owner") (ORS 131.558).

##### **601.4 PROCESSING SEIZED PROPERTY FOR FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS**

When property or cash subject to this policy is seized, the officer making the seizure should ensure compliance with the following:

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- (a) Complete applicable seizure forms and present the appropriate copy to the person from whom the property is seized. If cash or property is seized from more than one person, a separate copy must be provided to each person, specifying the items seized. When property is seized and no one claims an interest in the property, the officer must leave the copy in the place where the property was found, if it is reasonable to do so.
- (b) Complete and submit a report and original seizure forms within 24 hours of the seizure, if practicable.

The officer will book seized property as evidence with the notation in the comment section of the property form, "Seized Subject to Forfeiture." Property seized subject to forfeiture should be booked on a separate property form. No other evidence from the case should be booked on this form.

Photographs should be taken of items seized, particularly cash, jewelry and other valuable items.

Officers who suspect property may be subject to seizure but are not able to seize the property (e.g., the property is located elsewhere, the whereabouts of the property is unknown, it is real estate, bank accounts, non-tangible assets) should document and forward the information in the appropriate report to the forfeiture reviewer.

#### **601.5 MAINTAINING SEIZED PROPERTY**

The Property and Evidence Office supervisor is responsible for ensuring compliance with the following:

- (a) All property received for forfeiture is reasonably secured and properly stored to prevent waste and preserve its condition.
- (b) All property received for forfeiture is checked to determine if the property has been stolen.
- (c) All property received for forfeiture is retained in the same manner as evidence until forfeiture is finalized or the property is returned to the claimant or the person with an ownership interest.
- (d) Property received for forfeiture is not used unless the forfeiture action has been completed.

#### **601.6 DISPOSITION OF FORFEITED PROPERTY**

Property forfeiture through the criminal forfeiture process shall be disposed of in accordance with ORS 131.594 and the associated statutes including priority payments for costs and to victims, as applicable. Forfeited cigarettes shall be destroyed, not sold (ORS 131.604).

Criminally forfeited lab equipment may be donated to educational institutions (ORS 131.594).

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### 601.6.1 DISPOSITION OF RECORDS

Written documentation of each sale, decision to retain, transfer or other disposition of criminally forfeited property will be maintained and any information requests necessary for the forfeiture counsel's electronic reports shall be addressed (ORS 131.600).

## Informants

### 602.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

In many instances, a successful investigation cannot be conducted without the use of confidential informants. To protect the integrity of the Roseburg Police Department and the officers using informants, it shall be the policy of this department to take appropriate precautions by developing sound informant policies.

### 602.2 INFORMANT FILE SYSTEM

The Criminal Investigations Division Supervisor or his/her designee shall be responsible for maintaining informant files. A separate file shall be maintained on each confidential informant.

#### 602.2.1 FILE SYSTEM PROCEDURE

Each file shall be coded with an assigned informant control number. An informant history shall be prepared to correspond to each informant file and include the following information:

- (a) Informant's confidential number, full name and any aliases.
- (b) Date of birth, height, weight, hair color, eye color, race, sex, scars, tattoos or other distinguishing features.
- (c) Current home address and telephone numbers.
- (d) Current employer(s), position, address(es) and telephone numbers.
- (e) Vehicles owned and registration information.
- (f) Informant's photograph and criminal history.
- (g) Briefs of information provided by the informant and his or her subsequent reliability. If an informant is determined to be unreliable, the informant's file is marked as "Unreliable".
- (h) Name of officer initiating use of the informant.
- (i) Signed informant agreement, initialed by the Detective Supervisor indicating approval of individual for use as an informant.
- (j) Initialed copy of Oregon Revised Statutes 161.275 (Entrapment) indicating the informant has read and understood the statute.
- (k) Signature of the informant's true name and any assumed name.
- (l) Written authorization required as a result of the informant being a corrections client, juvenile or defendant.
- (m) A log of all activity and the expenditure of all confidential funds associated with the informant.
- (n) Update on active or inactive status of informant.

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The informant files shall be maintained in a secure area within the Criminal Investigations Division. These files shall be used to provide a source of background information about the informant, enable review and evaluation of information given by the informant, and minimize incidents that could be used to question the integrity of detectives or the reliability of the confidential informant.

Access to the informant files shall be restricted to the Chief of Police, Operations Commander, the Criminal Investigations Division Supervisor, or their designees.

#### **602.3 USE OF INFORMANTS**

Before using an individual as a confidential informant, an officer must receive approval from a supervisor. The officer shall compile sufficient information through a background investigation in order to determine the reliability, credibility and suitability, of the individual, including age, maturity and risk of physical harm.

##### **602.3.1 JUVENILE INFORMANTS**

The use of juvenile confidential informants is discouraged due to a number of risks. They will only be used when the investigation is of such a nature as to justify the risks. The district attorney should be consulted and a parent or legal guardian's written consent shall be secured. Final approval to use a juvenile confidential informant must be obtained from the Chief of Police.

#### **602.4 GUIDELINES FOR HANDLING CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS**

All confidential informants are required to sign and abide by the provisions of the departmental Informant Agreement. The officer using the confidential informant shall discuss each of the provisions of the agreement with the confidential informant.

Details of the agreement are to be approved by the employee's supervisor before being finalized with the confidential informant. The CID Commander should be advised of the circumstances.

##### **602.4.1 RELATIONSHIPS WITH CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS**

No member of the Roseburg Police Department shall knowingly maintain a social relationship with a confidential informant while off duty, or otherwise become intimately involved with a confidential informant. Members of the Roseburg Police Department shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities nor engage in any private business transaction with a confidential informant.

To maintain officer/informant integrity, the following must be adhered to:

- (a) Officers shall not withhold the identity of an informant from their superiors
- (b) Identities of informants shall otherwise be kept confidential
- (c) Criminal activity by informants shall not be condoned
- (d) Informants shall be told they are not acting as police officers or employees of the Roseburg Police Department, and that they shall not represent themselves as such
- (e) The relationship between officers and informants shall always be ethical and professional



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- (f) Social contact shall be avoided unless necessary to conduct an official investigation, and only with prior approval of the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor
- (g) Officers shall not meet with informants unless accompanied by at least one additional officer or with prior approval of the Criminal Investigations Division Supervisor or watch commander. All exchanges of confidential funds between officers and informants must be witnessed by at least one other officer
- (h) In all instances when Department funds are paid to informants, a voucher shall be completed in advance, itemizing the expenses. The voucher shall be signed by the informant using either their true name or a pseudonym registered with a signature in the informant packet. The voucher will also include the case number associated with the expenditure and a description of the benefit obtained (search warrant, arrest, recovered property, etc.)
- (i) It shall be the responsibility of the initiating officer, or any officer utilizing the informant, who becomes aware of information which negatively affects the credibility or reliability of the informant to ensure such information is promptly reported to the CID Commander and a brief submitted to the informant's file.

#### **602.5 NARCOTICS INFORMANT PAYMENT PROCEDURES**

The potential payment of large sums of money to any confidential informant must be done in a manner respecting public opinion and scrutiny. Additionally, to maintain a good accounting of such funds requires a strict procedure for disbursements.

##### **602.5.1 PAYMENT PROCEDURE**

The amount of funds to be paid to any confidential informant will be evaluated against the following criteria:

- The extent of the informant's personal involvement in the case.
- The significance, value or effect on crime.
- The amount of assets seized.
- The quantity of the drugs seized.
- The informant's previous criminal activity.
- The level of risk taken by the informant.

The Criminal Investigations Division Supervisor will discuss the above factors with the Operations Division Commander and arrive at a recommended level of payment that may be subject to the approval of the Chief of Police.

##### **602.5.2 CASH DISBURSEMENT POLICY**

The following establishes a cash disbursement policy for confidential informants. No informant will be told in advance or given an exact amount or percentage for services rendered.

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##### 602.5.3 PAYMENT PROCESS

Payments to informants may be made from the department discretionary funds, or via City check request made out to the case agent. A signed receipt will be obtained with all payments with the signatures of the informant, case agent, and CID or Division Commander.

Records of payments shall be documented in the informant's packet as well.

##### 602.5.4 REPORTING OF PAYMENTS

Each confidential informant receiving a cash payment shall be informed of his/her responsibility to report the cash to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as income. If funds distributed exceed \$600 in any reporting year, the confidential informant should be provided IRS Form 1099 (26 CFR 1.6041-1). If such documentation or reporting may reveal the identity of the confidential informant and by doing so jeopardize any investigation, the safety of peace officers or the safety of the confidential informant (26 CFR 1.6041-3), then IRS Form 1099 should not be issued.

## Eyewitness Identification

### 603.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy sets forth guidelines to be used when members of this department employ eyewitness identification techniques.

#### 603.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to the policy include:

**Eyewitness identification process** -Any field identification, live lineup or photographic identification.

**Field identification** -A live presentation of a single individual to a witness following the commission of a criminal offense for the purpose of identifying or eliminating the person as the suspect.

**Live lineup** -A live presentation of individuals to a witness for the purpose of identifying or eliminating an individual as the suspect.

**Photographic lineup** - Presentation of photographs to a witness for the purpose of identifying or eliminating an individual as the suspect.

### 603.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department will strive to use eyewitness identification techniques, when appropriate, to enhance the investigative process and will emphasize identifying persons responsible for crime and exonerating the innocent.

### 603.3 INTERPRETIVE SERVICES

Officers should make a reasonable effort to arrange for an interpreter before proceeding with eyewitness identification if communication with a witness is impeded due to language or hearing barriers.

Before the interpreter is permitted to discuss any matter with the witness, the investigating officer should explain the identification process to the interpreter. Once it is determined that the interpreter comprehends the process and can explain it to the witness, the eyewitness identification may proceed as provided for within this policy.

### 603.4 EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION FORM

The Criminal Investigations supervisor shall be responsible for the development and maintenance of an eyewitness identification process for use by members when they are conducting eyewitness identifications.

The process and any related forms or reports should provide:

- (a) The date, time and location of the eyewitness identification procedure.
- (b) The name and identifying information of the witness.

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- (c) The name of the person administering the identification procedure.
- (d) If applicable, the names of all of the individuals present during the identification procedure.
- (e) An admonishment that the suspect's photograph may or may not be among those presented and that the witness is not obligated to make an identification.
- (f) An admonishment to the witness that the investigation will continue regardless of whether an identification is made by the witness.
- (g) A signature line where the witness acknowledges that he/she understands the identification procedures and instructions.

The process and related forms should be reviewed at least annually and modified when necessary.

#### **603.5 EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION**

Officers are cautioned not to, in any way, influence a witness as to whether any subject or photo presented in a lineup is in any way connected to the case. Officers should avoid mentioning that:

- The individual was apprehended near the crime scene.
- The evidence points to the individual as the suspect.
- Other witnesses have identified, or failed to identify, the individual as the suspect.

In order to avoid undue influence, witnesses should view suspects or a lineup individually and outside the presence of other witnesses. Witnesses should be instructed to avoid discussing details of the incident or of the identification process with other witnesses.

Whenever feasible, the eyewitness identification procedure should be audio and/or video recorded and the recording should be retained according to current evidence procedures.

##### **603.5.1 PHOTOGRAPHIC LINEUP AND LIVE LINEUP CONSIDERATIONS**

When practicable, the person composing the lineup and the person presenting the lineup should not be directly involved in the investigation of the case. When this is not possible, the member presenting the lineup must take the utmost care not to communicate the identity of the suspect in any way.

When practicable, the employee presenting a lineup to a witness should not know which photograph or person is the suspect.

All photos should be similarly sized and none should be easily distinguishable from the others. Filler photos (not of the suspect) should generally fit the witness(s) description of the suspect. Because all photos have both common and variable features, the common features should be those that match the witness description. In cases involving multiple suspects, a separate lineup should be conducted for each suspect. The suspects should be placed in a different order within each lineup.

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The employee presenting the lineup to a witness should do so sequentially and not simultaneously (i.e., show the witness one person at a time). The witness should view all persons in the lineup.

The order of the suspect or the photos and the fillers should be randomized before being presented to each witness.

A live lineup should only be used before criminal proceedings have been initiated against the suspect. If there is any question as to whether any criminal proceedings have begun, the investigating officer should contact the appropriate prosecuting attorney before proceeding.

#### 603.5.2 FIELD IDENTIFICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Field identifications, also known as field elimination show-ups or one-on-one identifications, may be helpful in certain cases, where exigent circumstances make it impracticable to conduct photo or live lineup identifications. A field elimination or show-up identification should not be used when independent probable cause exists to arrest a suspect. In such cases a live or photo lineup is the preferred course of action if eyewitness identification is contemplated.

When initiating a field identification, the officer should observe the following guidelines:

- (a) Obtain a complete description of the suspect from the witness.
- (b) Assess whether a witness should be included in a field identification process by considering:
  - 1. The length of time the witness observed the suspect.
  - 2. The distance between the witness and the suspect.
  - 3. Whether the witness could view the suspect's face.
  - 4. The quality of the lighting when the suspect was observed by the witness.
  - 5. Whether there were distracting noises or activity during the observation.
  - 6. Any other circumstances affecting the witness's opportunity to observe the suspect.
  - 7. The length of time that has elapsed since the witness observed the suspect.
- (c) If safe and practicable, the person who is the subject of the show-up should not be handcuffed or in a patrol vehicle.
- (d) When feasible, officers should bring the witness to the location of the suspect, rather than bring the suspect to the witness.
- (e) A person should not be shown to the same witness more than once.
- (f) In cases involving multiple suspects, witnesses should only be permitted to view the suspects one at a time.

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- (g) A person in a field identification should not be required to put on clothing worn by the suspect, to speak words uttered by the suspect or to perform other actions mimicking those of the suspect.
- (h) If a witness positively identifies an individual as the perpetrator, officers should not conduct any further field identifications with other witnesses for that suspect. In such instances officers should document the contact information for any additional witnesses for follow up, if necessary.

#### **603.6 DOCUMENTATION**

A thorough description of the eyewitness process and the results of any eyewitness identification should be documented in the case report.

If a photographic lineup is utilized, a copy of the photographic lineup presented to the witness should be included in the case report. In addition, the order in which the photographs were presented to the witness should be documented in the case report.

## Brady Material Disclosure

### 604.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for identifying and releasing potentially exculpatory or impeachment information (so-called “*Brady* information”) to a prosecuting attorney.

#### 604.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Brady information** -Information known or possessed by the Roseburg Police Department that is both favorable and material to the current prosecution or defense of a criminal defendant.

### 604.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department will conduct fair and impartial criminal investigations and will provide the prosecution with both incriminating and exculpatory evidence, as well as information that may adversely affect the credibility of a witness. In addition to reporting all evidence of guilt, the Roseburg Police Department will assist the prosecution by complying with its obligation to disclose information that is both favorable and material to the defense. The Department will identify and disclose to the prosecution potentially exculpatory information, as provided in this policy.

### 604.3 DISCLOSURE OF INVESTIGATIVE INFORMATION

Officers must include in their investigative reports adequate investigative information and reference to all material evidence and facts that are reasonably believed to be either incriminating or exculpatory to any individual in the case. If an officer learns of potentially incriminating or exculpatory information any time after submission of a case, the officer or the handling investigator must prepare and submit a supplemental report documenting such information as soon as practicable. Supplemental reports shall be promptly processed and transmitted to the prosecutor’s office.

If information is believed to be privileged or confidential (e.g., informant or attorney-client information, attorney work product), the officer should discuss the matter with a supervisor and/or prosecutor to determine the appropriate manner in which to proceed.

Evidence or facts are considered material if there is a reasonable probability that they would affect the outcome of a criminal proceeding or trial. Determining whether evidence or facts are material often requires legal or even judicial review. If an officer is unsure, the officer should address the issue with a supervisor.

Supervisors who are uncertain about whether evidence or facts are material should address the issue in a written memo to an appropriate prosecutor. A copy of the memo should be retained in the department case file.

### 604.4 DISCLOSURE OF REQUESTED INFORMATION

If a member of this department is a material witness in a criminal case, a person or persons designated by the Chief of Police shall examine the personnel file and/or internal affairs file of the

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officer to determine whether they contain *Brady* information. If *Brady* information is located, the following procedure shall apply:

- (a) In the event that a motion has not already been filed by the criminal defendant or other party, the prosecuting attorney and department member shall be notified of the potential presence of *Brady* material in the member's personnel file.
- (b) The prosecuting attorney or department counsel should be requested to file a motion in order to initiate an in-camera review by the court.
  1. If no motion is filed, the supervisor should work with counsel to determine whether the records should be disclosed to the prosecutor.
- (c) The HR Director, if appropriate, shall accompany all relevant personnel files during any in-camera inspection to address any issues or questions raised by the court.
- (d) If the court determines that there is relevant *Brady* material contained in the files, only that material ordered released will be copied and released to the parties filing the motion.
  1. Prior to the release of any materials pursuant to this process, the Custodian of Records should request a protective order from the court limiting the use of such materials to the involved case and requiring the return of all copies upon completion of the case.
- (e) If a court has determined that relevant *Brady* information is contained in the member's file in any case, the prosecutor should be notified of that fact in all future cases involving that member.

#### **604.5 INVESTIGATING BRADY ISSUES**

If the Department receives information from any source that a member may have issues of credibility, dishonesty or has been engaged in an act of moral turpitude or criminal conduct, the information shall be investigated and processed in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy.

#### **604.6 BRADY PROCESS**

The Chief of Police shall select a member of the Department to coordinate requests for *Brady* information. This person shall be directly responsible to the Administration Division Commander or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the coordinator include but are not limited to:

- (a) Working with the appropriate prosecutors' offices and the City Attorney's office to establish systems and processes to determine what constitutes *Brady* information and the method for notification and disclosure.
- (b) Maintaining a current list of members who have *Brady* information in their files or backgrounds.
  1. Updating the list whenever potential *Brady* information concerning any department member becomes known to the Department or is placed in a personnel or internal affairs file.



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# Unmanned Aerial System (UAS) Operations

## 605.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the use of an unmanned aerial system (UAS) and for the storage, retrieval and dissemination of images and data captured by the UAS. UAS may also be referred to as a drone for purposes of this policy.

### 605.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Unmanned Aerial System (UAS)** - An unmanned aircraft of any type that is capable of sustaining directed flight, whether preprogrammed or remotely controlled (commonly referred to as an unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV)), and all of the supporting or attached systems designed for gathering information through imaging, recording, or any other means. For the purpose of this policy, a UAS includes a drone, as defined by ORS 837.300.

## 605.2 POLICY

A UAS may be utilized to enhance the department's mission of protecting lives and property when other means and resources are not available or are less effective. Any use of a UAS will be in strict accordance with constitutional and privacy rights and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations.

## 605.3 PRIVACY

The use of the UAS potentially involves privacy considerations. Absent a warrant or exigent circumstances, operators and observers shall adhere to FAA altitude regulations and shall not intentionally record or transmit images of any location where a person would have a reasonable expectation of privacy (e.g., residence, yard, enclosure). Operators and observers shall take reasonable precautions to avoid inadvertently recording or transmitting images of areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy. Reasonable precautions can include, for example, deactivating or turning imaging devices away from such areas or persons during UAS operations.

## 605.4 PROGRAM COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police will appoint a program coordinator who will be responsible for the management of the UAS program. The program coordinator will ensure that policies and procedures conform to current laws, regulations, and best practices and will have the following additional responsibilities:

- Coordinating the FAA Certificate of Waiver or Authorization (COA) application process and ensuring that the COA is current (OAR 738-080-0045).
- Ensuring that all authorized operators and required observers have completed all required FAA and department-approved training in the operation, applicable laws, policies, and procedures regarding use of the UAS.
- Developing uniform protocols for submission and evaluation of requests to deploy a UAS, including urgent requests made during ongoing or emerging incidents.

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Deployment of a UAS shall require written authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee, depending on the type of mission.

- Developing protocols for conducting criminal investigations involving a UAS, including documentation of time spent monitoring a subject.
- Implementing a system for public notification of UAS deployment.
- Developing operational protocols governing the deployment and operation of a UAS including but not limited to safety oversight, use of visual observers, establishment of lost link procedures, and secure communication with air traffic control facilities.
- Developing a protocol for fully documenting all missions.
- Developing a UAS inspection, maintenance, and record-keeping protocol to ensure continuing airworthiness of a UAS, up to and including its overhaul or life limits.
- Developing protocols to ensure that all data intended to be used as evidence is accessed, maintained, stored, and retrieved in a manner that ensures its integrity as evidence, including strict adherence to chain of custody requirements. Electronic trails, including encryption, authenticity certificates, and date and time stamping, shall be used as appropriate to preserve individual rights and to ensure the authenticity and maintenance of a secure evidentiary chain of custody.
- Developing protocols that ensure retention and purge periods are maintained in accordance with established records retention schedules.
- Facilitating law enforcement access to images and data captured by the UAS.
- Recommending program enhancements, particularly regarding safety and information security.
- Ensuring that established protocols are followed by monitoring and providing periodic reports on the program to the Chief of Police.
- Ensuring that the UAS is registered with the Oregon Department of Aviation (ORS 837.360).
- Developing protocols for storage, security, and access to data collected by the UAS (ORS 837.362).
- Developing protocols if a third party is used for the storage of data, including handling, security, and access to the data by the third party (ORS 837.362).
- Developing protocols for disclosing data collected by the UAS through intergovernmental agreements (ORS 837.362).
- Publishing the department policies and procedures regarding the use, storage (including third party storage), accessing, sharing, and retention of data collected by the UAS, including the text of ORS 192.345 on the department website or other publicly accessible system (ORS 837.362).
- Developing protocols for storage, security and access to data collected by the UAS (2016 Oregon Laws, c.72, § 7[[SJ1](#)]).

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[SJ1]For release note:

Legislation enacted new law pertaining to unmanned aircraft systems (UAS). The legislation requires public bodies using UAS in Oregon to establish policies and procedures for use, storage, accessing, sharing and retention of data collected through UAS operation. The law requires policy to be made available to the public. The provisions of

Section 7 become operative on January 1, 2017, but the bill provides that a public body may take any action before the operative date of this section to enable the public body to fulfill all the requirements by the effective date.

In PROGRAM COORDINATOR new responsibilities are added regarding the development of protocols and making available to the public.

Content was added to PROHIBITED USE that a UAS shall not be used to cause interference with an aircraft in the air, taking off or landing.

The bill reference was added to RETENTION OF DATA.

In the REPORTING SECTION content was added in what must be included to the annual report provided to the Oregon Department of Aviation.

#### **605.5 USE OF UAS**

Only authorized operators who have completed the required training shall be permitted to operate the UAS.

Use of vision enhancement technology (e.g., thermal and other imaging equipment not generally available to the public) is permissible in viewing areas only where there is no protectable privacy interest or when in compliance with a search warrant or court order. In all other instances, legal counsel should be consulted.

UAS operations should only be conducted during daylight hours and a UAS should not be flown over populated areas without FAA approval.

The UAS shall only be operated by the Department (ORS 837.320; ORS 837.330; ORS 837.335):

- (a) Pursuant to a valid warrant authorizing its use.
- (b) When there is probable cause to believe that a person has committed a crime, is committing a crime or about to commit a crime, and exigent circumstances exist that make it unreasonable to obtain a warrant authorizing the use.
- (c) With written consent of an individual for the purpose of acquiring information about the individual or the individual's property.
- (d) As part of search and rescue activities, as defined in ORS 404.200.
- (e) When assisting an individual in an emergency if there is a reasonable belief that there is an imminent threat to the life and safety of the individual.
  1. A report shall be prepared documenting the factual basis for the belief.

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2. Within 48 hours of the emergency, a sworn statement shall be filed with the circuit court describing the nature of the emergency and the need for the use of the UAS.
- (f) During a state of emergency declared by the Governor, if:
1. The UAS is used for preserving public safety, protecting property or conducting surveillance that will be used to assess and evaluate environmental or weather-related damage, erosion or contamination.
  2. The UAS is operated only in the geographical area specified in the Governor's proclamation.
- (g) For the purpose of reconstructing a crime scene or accident scene, or a similar physical assessment, that is related to a specific investigation, as provided by ORS 837.340.
- (h) For the purpose of training in the use and acquisition of information, as provided in ORS 837.345.

#### **605.6 PROHIBITED USE**

The UAS video surveillance equipment shall not be used:

- To conduct random surveillance activities.
- To target a person based solely on actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, or disability.
- To harass, intimidate, or discriminate against any individual or group.
- To conduct personal business of any type.

The UAS shall not be weaponized (ORS 837.365).

The UAS shall not be used in any way that causes interference with an aircraft that is in the air, taking off, or landing (ORS 837.374).

#### **605.7 RETENTION OF UAS DATA**

Data collected by the UAS shall be retained as provided in the established records retention schedule (ORS 837.362).

#### **605.8 REPORTING**

The Records Division supervisor shall ensure that an annual report is provided to the Oregon Department of Aviation that summarizes the frequency of UAS use and the purpose for the use, and indicates how the public can access the department's policies and procedures regarding the use of data resulting from the use of UAS as required by ORS 837.360.

# Sexual Assault Investigations

## 606.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the investigation of sexual assaults. These guidelines will address some of the unique aspects of such cases and the effects that these crimes have on the victims.

Mandatory notifications requirements are addressed in the Child Abuse and Adult Abuse policies.

### 606.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Sexual assault** - Any crime or attempted crime of a sexual nature, to include, but not limited to, offenses defined in ORS 163.305 et seq.

**Sexual Assault Response Team (SART)** - A multidisciplinary team generally composed of advocates; law enforcement officers; forensic medical examiners, including sexual assault forensic examiners (SAFEs) or sexual assault nurse examiners (SANEs) if possible; forensic laboratory personnel; and prosecutors. The team is designed to coordinate a broad response to sexual assault victims.

## 606.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department that its members, when responding to reports of sexual assaults, will strive to minimize the trauma experienced by the victims, and will aggressively investigate sexual assaults, pursue expeditious apprehension and conviction of perpetrators, and protect the safety of the victims and the community.

## 606.3 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS

Qualified investigators should be available for assignment of sexual assault investigations. These investigators should:

- (a) Have specialized training in, and be familiar with, interview techniques and the medical and legal issues that are specific to sexual assault investigations.
- (b) Conduct follow-up interviews and investigation.
- (c) Present appropriate cases of alleged sexual assault to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies and medical personnel as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates and support for the victim.
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with the SART or other multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable (ORS 147.401).

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##### **606.4 REPORTING**

In all reported or suspected cases of sexual assault, a report should be written and assigned for follow-up investigation. This includes incidents in which the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated.

##### **606.5 VICTIM INTERVIEWS**

The primary considerations in sexual assault investigations, which begin with the initial call to Dispatch, should be the health and safety of the victim, the preservation of evidence, and preliminary interviews to determine if a crime has been committed and to attempt to identify the suspect.

An in-depth follow-up interview should not be conducted until after the medical and forensic examinations are completed and the personal needs of the victim have been met (e.g., change of clothes, bathing). The follow-up interview may be delayed to the following day based upon the circumstances. Whenever practicable, the follow-up interview should be conducted by a qualified investigator.

No opinion of whether the case is unfounded should be included in a report.

Victims should be apprised of applicable victim's rights provisions, as outlined in the Victim and Witness Assistance Policy.

##### **606.5.1 POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION OF VICTIMS**

Victims and any complaining witness in a case involving the use of force, violence, duress, menace or threat of physical injury in the commission of any sex crime under ORS 163.305 through ORS 163.575, shall not be required to submit to a polygraph examination as a prerequisite to filing criminal charges (34 USC § 10451; ORS 163.705).

##### **606.6 COLLECTION AND TESTING OF BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE**

Whenever possible, a SART member should be involved in the collection of forensic evidence from the victim. When a victim agrees to participate in a medical assessment, the officer shall contact a victim advocate and make reasonable efforts to ensure that the advocate is present and available at the medical facility if such notification has not already been made by medical personnel (ORS 147.404).

When the facts of the case indicate that collection of biological evidence is warranted, it should be collected regardless of how much time has elapsed since the reported assault.

If a drug-facilitated sexual assault is suspected, urine and blood samples should be collected from the victim as soon as practicable.

Unless the victim has chosen to remain anonymous, sexual assault kits or biological evidence from all sexual assault cases, including cases where the suspect is known by the victim, shall be submitted for biological testing (ORS 181A.325).

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Victims who choose not to assist with an investigation, do not desire that the matter be investigated or wish to remain anonymous may still consent to the collection of evidence under their control. In these circumstances, the evidence should be collected and stored appropriately.

##### **606.6.1 COLLECTION AND TESTING REQUIREMENTS**

A sexual assault forensic evidence kit shall be obtained from a medical facility within seven days after the medical facility notifies the Department that the kit has been collected. The sexual assault forensic evidence kit shall be submitted to the Oregon State Police (OSP) for testing within 14 days after the Department receives the kit from the medical facility and accompanied with information sufficient to allow OSP to prioritize testing. Sexual assault kits shall not be submitted in cases where the victim has chosen to remain anonymous (ORS 181A.325).

If a victim chooses to file a sexual assault report at a later time, the sexual assault kit associated with the report shall be reclassified as a non-anonymous kit and submitted for testing to the OSP within 14 days of the reclassification (ORS 181A.325).

Additional guidance regarding evidence retention and destruction is found in the Property and Evidence Policy.

##### **606.6.2 DNA TEST RESULTS**

Members investigating sexual assault cases should notify victims of any DNA test results as soon as reasonably practicable.

A SART member should be consulted regarding the best way to deliver biological testing results to a victim so as to minimize victim trauma, especially in cases where there has been a significant delay in getting biological testing results (e.g., delays in testing the evidence or delayed DNA databank hits). Members should make reasonable efforts to assist the victim by providing available information on local assistance programs.

Members investigating sexual assaults cases should ensure that DNA results are entered into databases when appropriate and as soon as practicable.

##### **606.7 DISPOSITION OF CASES**

If the assigned investigator has reason to believe the case is without merit, the case may be classified as unfounded only upon review and approval of the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor.

Classification of a sexual assault case as unfounded requires the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor to determine that the facts have significant irregularities with reported information and that the incident could not have happened as it was reported. When a victim has recanted his/her original statement, there must be corroborating evidence that the allegations were false or baseless (i.e., no crime occurred) before the case should be determined as unfounded.

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##### **606.8 CASE REVIEW**

The Criminal Investigations Division supervisor should ensure cases are reviewed on a periodic basis, at least annually, using an identified group that is independent of the investigation process. The reviews should include an analysis of:

- Case dispositions.
- Decisions to collect biological evidence.
- Submissions of biological evidence for lab testing.

Summary reports on these reviews should be forwarded through the chain of command to the Chief of Police.

##### **606.9 RELEASING INFORMATION TO THE PUBLIC**

In cases where the perpetrator is not known to the victim, and especially if there are multiple crimes where more than one appear to be related, consideration should be given to releasing information to the public whenever there is a reasonable likelihood that doing so may result in developing helpful investigative leads. The Criminal Investigations Division supervisor should weigh the risk of alerting the suspect to the investigation with the need to protect the victim and the public, and to prevent more crimes.

##### **606.10 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, periodic training should be provided to:

- (a) Members who are first responders. Training should include:
  1. Initial response to sexual assaults.
  2. Legal issues.
  3. Victim advocacy.
  4. Victim's response to trauma.
- (b) Qualified investigators, who should receive advanced training on additional topics. Advanced training should include:
  1. Interviewing sexual assault victims.
  2. SART.
  3. Medical and legal aspects of sexual assault investigations.
  4. Serial crimes investigations.
  5. Use of community and other federal and state investigative resources, such as the Violent Criminal Apprehension Program (ViCAP).
  6. Techniques for communicating with victims to minimize trauma.



## **Chapter 7 - Equipment**

## Department Owned and Personal Property

### 700.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Department employees are expected to properly care for department property assigned or entrusted to them. Employees may also suffer occasional loss or damage to personal or department property while performing their assigned duty. Certain procedures are required depending on the loss and ownership of the item.

### 700.2 CARE OF DEPARTMENTAL PROPERTY

Employees shall be responsible for the safekeeping, serviceable condition, proper care, use and replacement of department property assigned or entrusted to them. An employee's intentional or negligent abuse or misuse of department property may lead to discipline including, but not limited to the cost of repair or replacement.

- (a) Employees shall promptly report through their chain of command, any loss, damage to, or unserviceable condition of any department issued property or equipment assigned for their use.
- (b) The use of damaged or unserviceable department property should be discontinued as soon as practical and replaced with comparable Department property as soon as available and following notice to a supervisor.
- (c) Except when otherwise directed by competent authority or required by exigent circumstances, department property shall only be used by those to whom it was assigned. Use should be limited to official purposes and in the capacity for which it was designed.
- (d) Department property shall not be thrown away, sold, traded, donated, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of without proper authority.
- (e) In the event that any Department property becomes damaged or unserviceable, no employee shall attempt to repair the property without prior approval of a supervisor.

### 700.3 FILING CLAIMS FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY

Claims for reimbursement for damage or loss of personal property must be made in written form. This written document is submitted to the employee's immediate supervisor. The supervisor may require a separate written report of the loss or damage.

The supervisor shall direct a memo to the appropriate Division Commander, which shall include the results of his/her investigation and whether the employee followed proper procedures. The supervisor's report shall address whether reasonable care was taken to prevent the loss or damage.

Upon review by staff and a finding that no misconduct or negligence was involved, repair or replacement may be recommended by the Chief of Police, or designee who will then forward the claim to the Finance Department.

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The Department will not replace or repair luxurious or overly expensive items (jewelry, exotic equipment, etc.) that are not reasonably required as a part of work.

##### **700.3.1 REPORTING REQUIREMENT**

A verbal report shall be made to the employee's immediate supervisor as soon as circumstances permit.

A written report shall be submitted before the employee goes off duty or within the time frame directed by the supervisor to whom the verbal report is made.

##### **700.4 LOSS OR DAMAGE OF PROPERTY OF ANOTHER**

Officers and other employees intentionally or unintentionally may cause damage to the real or personal property of another while performing their duties. Any employee who damages or causes to be damaged any real or personal property of another while performing any law enforcement functions, regardless of jurisdiction, shall report it as provided below.

- (a) A verbal report shall be made to the employee's immediate supervisor as soon as circumstances permit.
- (b) A written report shall be submitted before the employee goes off duty or within the time frame directed by the supervisor to whom the verbal report is made.

##### **700.4.1 DAMAGE BY PERSON OF ANOTHER AGENCY**

If employees of another jurisdiction cause damage to real or personal property belonging to the City, it shall be the responsibility of the employee present or the employee responsible for the property to make a verbal report to his/her immediate supervisor as soon as circumstances permit. The employee shall submit a written report before going off duty or as otherwise directed by the supervisor.

These written reports, accompanied by the supervisor's written report, shall promptly be forwarded to the appropriate Division Commander.

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## Personal Communication Devices

### 701.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the use of mobile telephones and communication devices, whether issued or funded by the Department or personally owned, while on-duty or when used for authorized work-related purposes.

This policy generically refers to all such devices as Personal Communication Devices (PCD) but is intended to include all mobile telephones, personal digital assistants (PDA) and similar wireless two-way communications and/or portable Internet access devices. PCD use includes, but is not limited to, placing and receiving calls, text messaging, blogging and microblogging, e-mailing, using video or camera features, playing games and accessing sites or services on the Internet.

### 701.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department allows employees to utilize department-issued PCDs and to possess personally owned PCDs in the workplace, subject to certain limitations. Any PCD used while on-duty, or used off-duty in any manner reasonably related to the business of the Department, may be subject to monitoring and inspection consistent with the standards set forth in this policy.

The inappropriate use of a PCD while on-duty may impair officer safety. Additionally, employees are advised and cautioned that the use of a personally owned PCD either on-duty or after duty hours for business-related purposes may subject the employee and the employee's PCD records to civil or criminal discovery or disclosure under applicable public records laws.

Employees who have questions regarding the application of this policy or the guidelines contained herein are encouraged to seek clarification from supervisory personnel.

### 701.3 PRIVACY POLICY

Employees shall have no expectation of privacy with regard to any communication made with or stored in or through PCDs issued by the Department and shall have no expectation of privacy in their location should the device be equipped with location detection capabilities. The use of any department-provided or -funded PCD, computer, Internet service, telephone service or other wireless service while on-duty is without any expectation of privacy that the employee might otherwise have in any communication., Communications or data reception on personal, password-protected, web-based e-mail accounts and any other services are subject to monitoring if department equipment is used.

In accordance with this policy, supervisors are authorized to conduct a limited administrative search of electronic files without prior notice, consent or a search warrant, on department-issued PCDs. Administrative searches can take place for work-related purposes that may be unrelated to investigations of employee misconduct and, as practicable, will be done in the presence of the affected employee. Prior to conducting any search of personally owned devices, supervisors shall

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consult with the Chief of Police, or designee. All such searches shall be fully documented in a written report.

#### **701.4 DEPARTMENT-ISSUED PCD**

Depending on an employee's assignment and the needs of the position, the Department may, at its discretion, issue a PCD. Department-issued PCDs are provided as a convenience to facilitate on-duty performance only. Such devices and the associated telephone number shall remain the sole property of the Department and shall be subject to inspection or monitoring (including all related records and content) at any time without notice and without cause.

#### **701.5 PERSONALLY OWNED PCD**

Employees may carry a personally owned PCD while on-duty, subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (a) Carrying a personally owned PCD is a privilege, not a right.
- (b) The Department accepts no responsibility for loss of or damage to a personally owned PCD.
- (c) The PCD and any associated services shall be purchased, used and maintained solely at the employee's expense.
- (d) Employees will have a reduced expectation of privacy when using a personally owned PCD in the workplace and have no expectation of privacy with regard to any department business-related communication.
- (e) The device shall not be utilized to record or disclose any business-related information, including photographs, video or the recording or transmittal of any information or material obtained or made accessible as a result of employment with the Department, without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Except with prior express authorization from their supervisor, employees are not obligated or required to carry, access, monitor or respond to electronic communications using a personally owned PCD while off-duty.

#### **701.6 USE OF PERSONAL COMMUNICATION DEVICES**

The following protocols shall apply to all PCDs that are carried while on-duty or used to conduct department business:

- (a) A PCD shall not be carried in a manner that allows it to be visible while in uniform, unless it is in an approved carrier.
- (b) Officers are prohibited from taking pictures, video or making audio recordings or making copies of any such picture or recording media unless it is directly related to official department business. Disclosure of any such information to any third party through any means, without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee, may result in discipline.

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- (c) Using PCDs to harass, threaten, coerce or otherwise engage in inappropriate conduct with any third party is prohibited. Any employee having knowledge of such conduct shall promptly notify a supervisor.

#### **701.7 SUPERVISORY RESPONSIBILITIES**

Supervisors should monitor, to the extent practicable, PCD use in the workplace and take prompt corrective action if an employee is observed or reported to be improperly using a PCD. An investigation into improper conduct should be promptly initiated when circumstances warrant.

If, when carrying out any provision of this policy, the need to contact an employee who is off-duty arises, supervisors should consider delaying the contact, if practicable, until the employee is on-duty as such contact may be compensable.

#### **701.8 USE WHILE DRIVING**

The use of a PCD while driving can adversely affect safety, cause unnecessary distractions and present a negative image to the public. Officers operating emergency vehicles should restrict the use of these devices to matters of an urgent nature and should, where practicable, stop the vehicle at an appropriate location to use the PCD.

#### **701.9 OFFICIAL USE**

Employees are reminded that PCDs are not secure devices and conversations may be intercepted or overheard. Caution should be exercised while utilizing PCDs to ensure that sensitive information is not inadvertently transmitted. As soon as reasonably possible, employees shall conduct sensitive or private communications on a land-based or other department communications network.

The following situations are examples of when the use of a PCD may be appropriate:

- (a) Barricaded suspects
- (b) Hostage situations
- (c) Mobile Command Post
- (d) Catastrophic disasters, such as plane crashes, earthquakes, floods, etc.
- (e) Major political or community events
- (f) Investigative stakeouts
- (g) Emergency contact with an allied agency or allied agency field unit
- (h) When immediate communication is needed and the use of the radio is not available or appropriate and other means are not readily available

## Vehicle Maintenance

### 702.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Employees are responsible for assisting in maintaining Department vehicles so that they are properly equipped, properly maintained, properly refueled and present a clean appearance.

### 702.2 DEFECTIVE VEHICLES

When a department vehicle becomes inoperative or in need of repair that affects the safety of the vehicle, that vehicle shall be removed from service for repair. Proper documentation shall be promptly completed by the employee who first becomes aware of the defective condition, describing the correction needed. The paperwork shall be promptly forwarded to the employee's supervisor.

### 702.3 VEHICLE EQUIPMENT

Certain items shall be maintained in all department vehicles for emergency purposes and to perform routine duties.

#### 702.3.1 PATROL VEHICLES

Officers shall inspect the patrol vehicle at the beginning of the shift and ensure that the following equipment, at a minimum, is present in the vehicle:

- Emergency road flares
- 1 Roll Crime Scene Barricade Tape
- 1 First aid kit, CPR mask
- 1 Fire extinguisher
- 1 Blood-borne pathogen kit, Incl. protective gloves
- 1 Sharps container
- Hazardous waste disposal bags
- 1 Traffic Safety Vest
- 1 Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Handbook
- Evidence collection supplies

### 702.4 VEHICLE REFUELING

Absent emergency conditions or supervisor approval, officers driving patrol vehicles shall not place a vehicle in service that has less than one-quarter tank of fuel. Vehicles shall only be refueled at the authorized location. Vehicles should be fueled at the end of each shift.

### 702.5 WASHING OF VEHICLES

All units shall be kept clean at all times and weather conditions permitting, shall be washed as necessary to enhance their appearance.

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Employees using a vehicle shall remove any trash or debris at the end of their shift. Confidential material should be placed in a designated receptacle provided for the shredding of this matter.

#### **702.6 VEHICLE INSPECTION**

Unless delayed by an emergency call, employees shall inspect department vehicles at the beginning of each shift for any damage, and to ensure that all systems, lights and emergency equipment are in good working order. The interiors should be examined to confirm no property or contraband is present. The interior inspection should be repeated at the conclusion of any prisoner transport.



## Vehicle Use

### 703.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish a system of accountability to ensure department vehicles are used appropriately. This policy provides guidelines for on- and off-duty use of department vehicles and shall not be construed to create or imply any contractual obligation by the City of Roseburg to provide assigned take-home vehicles.

### 703.2 POLICY

The Department provides vehicles for official business use and may assign take-home vehicles based on its determination of operational efficiency, economic impact to the Department, tactical deployments and other considerations.

### 703.3 USE OF VEHICLES

City-owned vehicles shall only be used for official business and, when approved, for commuting to allow members to respond to department-related business outside their regular work hours.

Members shall not operate a City-owned vehicle at any time when impaired by drugs and/or alcohol.

Any member operating a vehicle equipped with a two-way communications radio, MDC and/or a GPS device shall ensure the devices are on and set to an audible volume whenever the vehicle is in operation.

#### 703.3.1 SHIFT ASSIGNED VEHICLES

Members who use a fleet vehicle as part of their work assignment shall ensure that the vehicle is properly checked out and logged on the daily shift log, according to current procedures, prior to taking it into service. If for any reason during the shift the vehicle is exchanged, the member shall ensure that the exchanged vehicle is likewise properly noted on the daily shift log.

Members shall be responsible for inspecting the interior and exterior of any assigned vehicle before taking the vehicle into service and at the conclusion of the shift. Any previously unreported damage, mechanical problems, unauthorized contents or other problems with the vehicle shall be promptly reported to a supervisor and documented as appropriate.

All vehicles used in patrol operations are equipped with a police radio and emergency equipment as defined by ORS 816.250 and OAR 735-110-0010 through OAR 735-110-0050. Vehicles with defective emergency equipment should be promptly reported to a supervisor and not used for patrol duties.

#### 703.3.2 UNSCHEDULED USE OF VEHICLES

Members utilizing a City-owned vehicle for any purpose other than their regularly assigned duties shall first notify the Watch Commander of the reason for use and a notation will be made on the shift log indicating the operator's name and vehicle number. This section does not apply to members

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permanently assigned an individual vehicle (e.g., command staff, detectives), who regularly use the vehicle on an unscheduled basis as part of their normal assignment.

#### 703.3.3 UNMARKED VEHICLES

Except for use by the assigned member, unmarked units should not be used without first obtaining approval from the supervisor of the unit to which the vehicle is assigned.

#### 703.3.4 AUTHORIZED PASSENGERS

Members operating City-owned vehicles shall not permit persons other than City members or persons required to be conveyed in the performance of duty, or as otherwise authorized, to ride as a passenger in their vehicle.

#### 703.3.5 PARKING

Except when responding to an emergency or other official business requires otherwise, members driving City-owned vehicles should obey all parking regulations at all times.

#### 703.3.6 INSPECTIONS

The interior of any vehicle that has been used to transport any person other than a member should be inspected prior to placing another person in the vehicle and again after the person is removed. This is to ensure that unauthorized or personal items have not been left in the vehicle.

When transporting any suspect, prisoner or arrestee, the transporting officer shall search all areas of the vehicle that are accessible by the person before and after the person is transported.

#### 703.3.7 PRIVACY

All City-owned vehicles are subject to inspection and/or search at any time by a supervisor without notice and without cause. No member assigned to or operating such vehicle shall be entitled to any expectation of privacy with respect to the vehicle or its contents.

### **703.4 ASSIGNED VEHICLE AGREEMENT**

Members who have been assigned a take-home vehicle may use the vehicle to commute to the workplace and for department-related business. The member must be approved for an assigned vehicle by his/her Division Commander and the following criteria will apply:

- (a) The member must live within 10 miles of the police department, unless otherwise authorized by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander.
- (b) Time spent during normal commuting is not compensable.
- (c) City-owned vehicles shall not be used for personal errands or other personal business unless approved by a supervisor for exceptional circumstances.
- (d) The vehicle shall be parked in a secure manner and area when parked at the member's residence.
- (e) Vehicles shall be locked when not attended.

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- (f) If the vehicle is not secured inside a locked garage, all firearms and kinetic impact weapons shall be removed from the interior of the vehicle and properly secured in the residence (see the Firearms and Qualification Policy regarding safe storage of firearms at home).
- (g) When the member will be away (e.g., on vacation) for periods exceeding one week the vehicle shall be stored in a secure garage at the member's residence or at the department facility.
- (h) All department identification, portable radios and equipment should be secured.

Members are cautioned that under federal and local tax rules, personal use of a City-owned vehicle may create an income tax liability to the member. Members should address questions regarding tax consequences to their tax adviser.

The assignment of vehicles is at the discretion of the Chief of Police. Assigned vehicles may be changed at any time and/or permission to take home a vehicle may be withdrawn at any time.

#### **703.5 ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS**

When driving an assigned vehicle to and from work outside of the jurisdiction of the Roseburg Police Department, an officer should avoid becoming directly involved in enforcement actions except in those circumstances where a potential threat to life or serious property damage exists (see the Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions Policy and the Law Enforcement Authority Policy).

Officers may render public assistance (e.g., to a stranded motorist) when deemed prudent.

Officers shall, at all times while driving a marked City-owned vehicle, be armed and appropriately attired unless otherwise authorized by the Operations Commander. Officers should also ensure that department radio communication capabilities are maintained to the extent feasible.

#### **703.6 MAINTENANCE**

Members are responsible for the cleanliness (exterior and interior) and overall maintenance of their assigned vehicles.

Members shall make daily inspections of their assigned vehicles for service/maintenance requirements and damage. It is the assigned member's responsibility to ensure that his/her assigned vehicle is maintained according to the established service and maintenance schedule.

Supervisors should make, at the minimum, monthly inspections of vehicles assigned to members under their command to ensure the vehicles are being maintained in accordance with policy.

##### **703.6.1 ACCESSORIES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS**

No modifications, additions or removal of any equipment or accessories shall be made to the vehicle without permission from the Division Commander.

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#### **703.7 VEHICLE DAMAGE, ABUSE AND MISUSE**

When a City-owned vehicle is involved in a traffic collision or otherwise incurs damage, the involved member shall promptly notify a supervisor. Any traffic collision report shall be filed with the agency having jurisdiction (see also the Traffic Collision Reporting Policy).

The on duty Watch Commander will respond to any accident involving a Roseburg Police vehicle. An accident report will be completed by the on-duty Watch Commander or his designee. If necessary, the report may be reviewed by the City Attorney for a complaint.

The involved officer's Watch Commander will review the accident report and conduct any further investigation necessary for the purpose of determining disciplinary action, other corrective action, or training needs.

The scope of their investigation should be to determine :

1. Was the accident preventable?
2. What, if any, policy considerations should be made?
3. If applicable, were policy and procedure adhered to?
4. If applicable, does policy and procedure need revision?
5. Has proper training been provided?
6. Did the employee follow training as provided?
7. Other considerations

The Watch Commander's report / investigation will be forwarded to the Operations Commander.

The Operations Commander shall advise the Chief of Police and City Risk Manager regarding the disposition of all accidents.

All reports will be forwarded to the Risk Manager and the City's insurance carrier.

When a collision involves a City-owned vehicle or when a member of this department is an involved driver in a collision that occurs in this jurisdiction, and the collision results in serious injury or death, the supervisor should request that an outside law enforcement agency be summoned to investigate the collision.

The member involved in the collision shall complete the City's vehicle collision form. If the member is unable to complete the form, the supervisor shall complete the form.

Any damage to a vehicle that was not caused by a traffic collision shall be immediately reported during the shift in which the damage was discovered and forwarded to the Watch Commander.

The Watch Comannder should review the matter to determine if there is any vehicle abuse or misuse.

## **Chapter 8 - Support Services**

## Property and Evidence

### 800.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides for the proper collection, storage, and security of evidence and other property. Additionally, this policy provides for the protection of the chain of evidence and those persons authorized to remove and/or destroy property.

### 800.2 DEFINITIONS

**Evidence** - Includes items taken or recovered in the course of an investigation that may be used in the prosecution of a case. This includes photographs and latent fingerprints.

**Found Property** - Includes property found by an employee or citizen that has no apparent evidentiary value and where the owner cannot be readily identified or contacted.

**Property** - Includes all items of evidence, items taken for safekeeping, and found property.

**Safekeeping** - Includes the following types of property:

- Property obtained by the Department for safekeeping, such as a firearm
- Personal property of an arrestee not taken as evidence
- Property taken for safekeeping under authority of a law

### 800.3 PROPERTY HANDLING

The Property and Evidence Technician is responsible for the proper care, handling, and storage of all property/evidence. He/she will ensure that cash is deposited into an appropriate City Account. Jewelry or other high-value items will be his/her responsibility for safekeeping. He/she shall ensure that all found property is returned to its rightful owner as quickly as possible.

The property officer shall maintain a Daily Inventory Control database on all property/evidence, ensuring that evidence is packaged and mailed to the crime lab in a timely manner and available for court at the appropriate time. All unclaimed property shall be inventoried and handled according to the City's Ordinance on Unclaimed Property.

The property officer shall maintain a separate inventory of all cash and valuable property/evidence ensuring that any property/evidence which by its nature may be deemed to be of an extraordinary value is appraised by a qualified appraiser prior to its storage or disposition.

Any employee who first comes into possession of any property, shall retain such property in his/her possession until it is properly tagged and placed in the designated property locker or storage room along with any appropriate report. Care shall be taken to maintain the chain of custody for all evidence.

Caution should be used to ensure that all property in control of RPD is thoroughly inventoried to prevent dangerous and / or perishable items from entering the police building and police storage locations. Property that is not evidence and that is trash or a health hazard or is an open

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consumable, should be disposed of so as to not enter the property locations and cause potential contamination to other items or personnel.

Prior to releasing property the releasing officer shall check the property being released to ensure that no unsafe, illegal, or inappropriate items are being released to the person receiving the property.

The property inventory is for safety reasons only and shall not be used as a tool to secure evidence. If potential evidence is discovered during a property inventory, the inventory should stop and an application for a search warrant should be made before continuing the inventory to seize evidence.

If property is known or believed to be evidence, as opposed to property being booked for safekeeping, officers should obtain the owner's consent or a search warrant prior to conducting an inventory.

Employees will provide a receipt for all items of property or evidence that are taken from any person. If no person is present, and the property or evidence is removed from private property or a vehicle, the employee will leave a receipt prominently placed on the private property or the vehicle. An exception to the receipt requirement may be detailed documentation of the property in the appropriate report.

Where ownership can be established as to found property with no apparent evidentiary value, such property may be released to the owner without the need for booking.

#### 800.3.1 PROPERTY BOOKING PROCEDURE

All property must be booked prior to the employee going off-duty unless otherwise approved by a supervisor. Employees booking property shall observe the following guidelines:

- (a) Complete the appropriate report / form describing each item of property separately, listing all serial numbers, owner's name, finder's name, and other identifying information or markings
- (b) The officer shall mark appropriate items of evidence with initials and date
- (c) Complete an evidence/property tag and attach it to each package or envelope in which the property is stored when applicable

#### 800.3.2 NARCOTICS AND DANGEROUS DRUGS

All narcotics and dangerous drugs (Including paraphernalia as defined by Oregon Revised Statutes 475.525(2)) shall be booked separately using a separate Property Record.

The officer seizing the narcotics and dangerous drugs shall place them in the appropriate locker accompanied by the proper forms for the Property Technician.

All property/evidence that by its nature may be potentially hazardous, such as needles/syringes, medical waste or other such items, shall be destroyed where applicable, or packaged and labeled so that others handling this property/evidence are aware of its potential danger. All personnel shall wear the appropriate protective equipment as defined in the Infectious Disease Control Policy when handling any such property/evidence.

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##### 800.3.3 EXPLOSIVES/HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Officers who encounter a suspected explosive device shall promptly notify their immediate supervisor or the Watch Commander. The bomb squad will be called to handle explosive-related incidents and will be responsible for the handling, storage, sampling and disposal of all suspected explosives. In the event of military ordnance, the closest military unit should be notified and may be responsible for removal of the device.

Explosives will not be retained in the police facility. Only fireworks that are considered stable and safe and road flares or similar signaling devices may be booked into property. All such items shall be stored in proper containers and in an area designated for the storage of flammable materials.

##### 800.3.4 EXCEPTIONAL HANDLING

Certain property items require a separate process. The following items shall be processed in the described manner:

- (a) Bodily fluids such as blood or semen stains shall be air dried prior to booking and packages should be labeled with a biohazard sticker
- (b) License plates found not to be stolen or connected with a known crime should be booked in. The Property Tech will handle further follow-up and processing of most license plates that have been booked in.
- (c) All bicycles and bicycle frames require a property record. Property tags will be securely attached to each bicycle or bicycle frame.
- (d) All cash should be counted in the presence of a supervisor or another employee and the envelope initialed by the booking officer and the supervisor. The employee's body camera should be activated when practical. The Watch Commander shall be contacted for cash in excess of \$1,000 for special handling procedures, if appropriate.

City property, unless connected to a known criminal case, should be released directly to the appropriate City department. No formal booking is required. In cases where no responsible person can be located, the property should be booked for safekeeping in the normal manner.

##### 800.3.5 COLLECTION AND PRESERVATION OF DNA EVIDENCE

Because DNA evidence can play a key role in establishing guilt or innocence, it is important that such evidence be collected, handled, and preserved in a manner that will maintain its integrity for future testing. Unless impracticable to do so, officers should collect samples of all biological evidence that may reasonably be used to incriminate or exculpate any person as part of any criminal death investigation or a sex crime listed in ORS 163A.005. The property and evidence technician will be responsible to ensure that biological evidence is preserved in an amount and manner that is sufficient to develop a DNA profile.

Collection and preservation should follow established protocols as outlined in the Oregon Physical Evidence Manual.



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##### 800.3.6 SEXUAL ASSAULT FORENSIC EVIDENCE (S.A.F.E.)

Chapter 789, Oregon Laws, allows sexual assault victims to have the Oregon State Police Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence kit collected without law enforcement authorization or reporting the assault. The intent of the law was, in part, to protect the identity of the victims and also to help preserve valuable forensic evidence through immediate collection while giving victims additional time to come forward and report the assault. Because the law requires the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the collecting medical facility to retrieve and store the evidence the following policy will be adhered to;

1. SAFE kits should be retrieved immediately upon receiving the report whenever possible and always within 2 hours of receiving a call from the medical facility
2. SAFE kits, where the identity of the victim is unknown, will need to be assigned a case number and entered into evidence as part of an Informational Police Report. Methods such as "Possible Sexual Assault" may be used to generate the case number for the report
3. The SAFE kit is numbered and the potential victim will be given the number of their kit by the collecting medical facility. The SAFE kit number shall be specifically referenced in the police report Property Screen in the Owner Applied Number (OAN) box so it can be easily retrieved via a search.
4. The SAFE kit will be stored refrigerated and maintained at RPD for at least 6 months, per law.
5. The Douglas County Sexual Assault Response Team has established a protocol for Douglas County agencies to follow. This protocol establishes an inter-agency agreement so that the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over where the crime actually occurred will be responsible for seizing the SAFE kit. If jurisdiction cannot be established, or if it is determined that the crime occurred outside of Douglas County, RPD will be the primary responder.

##### 800.3.7 COLLECTION AND PRESERVATION OF SAFE KITS

Under current law, victims of sexual assault may seek medical assessment and choose not to make a report to law enforcement, yet still have evidence collected and preserved. The Roseburg Police Department will collect and maintain the chain of evidence for all Oregon State Police Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence Kits (SAFE Kits) and any associated evidence collected by medical facilities in this jurisdiction for victims of sexual assault, regardless of where the assault may have occurred. Victims who choose to remain anonymous and not make a report shall not be required to do so (ORS 147.397).

The collection and preservation of SAFE Kits from anonymous victims should be handled by the area Officer, who will ensure proper collection and preservation. When a medical facility notifies this department that evidence of a sexual assault has been collected and a SAFE Kit is available, the assigned Officer shall be responsible for the following:

- (a) Respond promptly to the medical facility to retrieve the evidence.
- (b) Provide a unique case number to a responsible representative of the medical facility, which will be provided to the victim. The case number will be used to identify all

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associated evidence so that a chain of evidence can be maintained in the event the victim later decides to report the assault.

- (c) Ensure that no identifying information regarding the victim, other than the case number, is visible on the evidence packaging.
- (d) Prepare and submit an evidence report and book the evidence in accordance with current evidence procedures.

Upon checking in any SAFE kit, the Property Tech will determine whether or not the kit was taken from a named or anonymous victim. If the SAFE kit is from a named victim, the Property Tech will complete the Sexual Assault Forensic Services Request form and promptly submit the kit to the OSP Forensic Lab. In the case of anonymous kits, the Property Tech will prominently mark the kit as such and check it in for evidence storage.

Where the identity of the sexual assault victim is not disclosed, a SAFE Kit and related evidence should be retained for 25 years, unless directed otherwise by a Criminal Investigations Division supervisor. However, in all cases such evidence shall be retained for a minimum of 180 days (ORS 147.397).

#### **800.3.8 STORAGE OF SURRENDERED WEAPONS**

Officers shall accept and store any weapons and ammunition from an individual who has been ordered by a court pursuant to an extreme risk protection order (ORS 166.527) or a protection order or judgment of conviction subject to the provisions of ORS 166.255 to surrender weapons and ammunition. The officer receiving the surrendered items shall prepare a property receipt and provide the individual with a copy. The officer should promptly forward the original receipt to the Records Supervisor for timely filing with the court (ORS 166.537).

#### **800.4 PACKAGING OF PROPERTY**

Certain items require special consideration and shall be booked separately as follows:

- (a) Narcotics and dangerous drugs
- (b) Firearms (ensure they are unloaded and booked separately from ammunition). A flex cuff or similar device should be inserted through the chamber, barrel, or cylinder whenever possible.
- (c) Property with more than one known owner
- (d) Paraphernalia as described in ORS 475.525(2)
- (e) Fireworks and other hazardous materials
- (f) Contraband

#### **800.4.1 PACKAGING CONTAINER**

Employees shall package all property in a suitable container available for its size. Knife boxes should be used to package knives. All packages containing evidence must be sealed with evidence tape, initialed, and dated across the seal.

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Needles or syringes will normally be disposed of in a sharps container and will not be submitted to the Property Room; however, when required for evidence in a serious crime or in a major investigation, a syringe tube should be used for packaging.

A property tag shall be securely attached to the outside of all items or group of items packaged together.

#### **800.4.2 PACKAGING NARCOTICS**

The officer seizing narcotics and dangerous drugs shall retain such property in their possession until it is properly weighed, packaged, tagged, and placed in the appropriate locker, accompanied by copies of the property record. Prior to packaging and if the quantity allows, a presumptive test should be made on all suspected narcotics. If conducted, the results of this test shall be included in the officer's report.

Narcotics and dangerous drugs shall be packaged in an envelope of appropriate size available in the property room. The booking officer shall initial the sealed envelope and the initials covered with the appropriate tape. Narcotics and dangerous drugs should not be packaged with other property in cases where contamination could occur, or any other circumstances that could compromise the integrity of any evidence or property.

#### **800.5 PROPERTY ROOM SECURITY**

Access to the Property Room is limited to property and evidence technicians and Division Commanders unless visitors are logged in and out, including the time, date and purpose of entry. All personnel entering the Property Room must be accompanied at all times by a property and evidence technician or Division Commander.

##### **800.5.1 RESPONSIBILITY OF OTHER PERSONNEL**

Every time property is released or received, an appropriate entry on the evidence package and case file shall be completed to maintain the chain of possession.

Request for analysis for items other than narcotics or drugs shall be completed on the appropriate forms and submitted to the property and evidence technician. This request may be filled out any time after the booking of property or evidence.

##### **800.5.2 TRANSFER OF EVIDENCE TO CRIME LABORATORY**

The transporting employee will check the evidence out of property, indicating the date and time on the property control card and the request for laboratory analysis.

##### **800.5.3 STATUS OF PROPERTY**

Each person receiving property will make the appropriate entry to document the chain of evidence. Temporary release of property to officers for investigative purposes, or for court, shall be noted in the case report and file, stating the date, time and to whom released.

The property and evidence technician shall note in the evidence system to whom property is released, and the reason for release. Any employee receiving property shall be responsible for

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such property until it is properly returned to property or properly released to another authorized person or entity.

The return of the property should be recorded in the evidence system indicating the date, time and person who returned the property.

#### 800.5.4 RELEASE OF PROPERTY

Property may be released to a verified owner at the discretion of the property and evidence technician without further authorization. A property and evidence technician shall release the property upon proper identification being presented by the owner for which an authorized release has been received. A signature of the person receiving the property shall be recorded on the original property form.

All reasonable attempts shall be made to identify the rightful owner of found property or evidence not needed for an investigation. Property not claimed within 60 days after notification of owner of its availability for release will be auctioned, destroyed, or disposed of in accordance with these procedures and existing law.

Unless the owner is known, found property and property held for safekeeping will be held for at least 60 days.

#### 800.5.5 RELEASE OF EVIDENCE

Evidence may only be released with the authorization of the DA's office, CA's office, or the appropriate retention time limits and property laws.

Once a case has been adjudicated or has passed the statute of limitations for prosecution, the property and evidence technician will request a disposition authorization from the DA or CA. However, in most cases, the appropriate prosecutor's office will send notification of final disposition of the evidence. Care should be taken to ensure there are no outstanding warrants for suspects or additional defendants for the same case prior to authorizing release.

Release of evidence shall be made upon receipt of an authorized release form, listing the name and address of the person to whom the property is to be released. The release authorization shall be signed by the Property Technician and must conform to the items listed on the property form or must specify the specific item(s) to be released. Once evidence has been authorized for release and is no longer needed for any pending criminal cases, it shall be considered property and released or disposed of in accordance with those procedures.

#### 800.5.6 DISPUTED CLAIMS TO PROPERTY

Occasionally more than one party may claim an interest in property being held by the Roseburg Police Department, and the legal rights of the parties cannot be clearly established. Such property shall not be released until one party has obtained a valid court order or other undisputed right to the involved property.

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All parties should be advised that their claims are civil and in extreme situations, legal counsel for the Roseburg Police Department may wish to file an interpleader to resolve the disputed claim (Oregon Rules of Civil Procedure § 31).

#### 800.5.7 RELEASE OF DEADLY WEAPONS IN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MATTERS

If an extreme risk protection order is terminated or expires without renewal, a deadly weapon or concealed handgun license that was surrendered pursuant to the order shall be returned to the person after (ORS 166.540):

- (a) Confirming through a background check, if the deadly weapon is a firearm, that the person is legally eligible to own or possess the firearm under federal and state law; and
- (b) Confirming that the extreme risk protection order is no longer in effect.

If a third party claims lawful ownership or rightful possession to a deadly weapon that was surrendered pursuant to an extreme risk protection order, the Department may return the weapon to the third party if the third party provides proof of ownership and affirms by sworn affidavit that (ORS 166.537(5)):

- He/she may lawfully possess the deadly weapon.
- He/she did not consent to the prior possession of the deadly weapon by the person subject to the extreme risk protection order.
- He/she will prevent the person subject to the order from accessing or possessing the deadly weapon in the future.

A deadly weapon that remains unclaimed shall be disposed of in accordance with Department policies and procedures for disposal of deadly weapons (ORS 166.540).

#### 800.5.8 RELEASE OF FIREARMS IN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTION ORDER MATTERS

If a protection order subject to the provisions of ORS 166.255 is terminated or expires without renewal, any firearms or ammunition surrendered pursuant to the order shall be returned upon the request of the respondent after the following actions are taken (ORS 166.257):

- (a) Notify the Department of Justice of the request.
- (b) Confirm that the protection order is no longer in effect.
- (c) Confirm through a background check that the respondent is legally eligible to own or possess firearms and ammunition under federal and state law.

Return of the surrendered items will take place no earlier than 72 hours after the request was received (ORS 166.257).

Firearms and ammunition that remain unclaimed shall be disposed of in accordance with department policies and procedures for disposal of deadly weapons (ORS 166.540).

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#### **800.6 DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY**

All property not held for evidence in a pending criminal investigation or proceeding, and held for 90 days or longer (60 days or more, plus 30 days after notice), where the owner has not been located or fails to claim the property, may be disposed of in compliance with existing laws upon receipt of proper authorization for disposal. The property and evidence technician shall request a disposition or status on all property that has been held in excess of 120 days, and for which no disposition has been received from a supervisor or detective. ORS 98.245 and ORS 98.336 govern the disposition of property held by law enforcement agencies.

##### 800.6.1 DEFINITIONS

As set out in ORS 98.245, the following definition applies to the disposition of property by law enforcement agencies:

**Unclaimed Property** - Personal property that was seized by the Roseburg Police Department as evidence, abandoned property, found property or stolen property, and that has remained in the physical possession of the Roseburg Police Department for a period of more than 60 days following conclusion of all criminal actions related to the seizure of the evidence, abandoned property, found property or stolen property, or conclusion of the investigation if no criminal action is filed.

##### 800.6.2 DISPOSITION

Unclaimed property will be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes 98.245. Disposal may consist of:

- (a) Destruction
- (b) Sale at public auction
- (c) Retention for public use
- (d) Donated to charity, per City Policy

##### 800.6.3 RETENTION OF BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE

The Property and Evidence Office supervisor shall ensure that no biological evidence held by the Department is destroyed without adequate notification to the following persons, when applicable:

- (a) The defendant
- (b) The defendant's attorney
- (c) The appropriate prosecutor
- (d) Any sexual assault victim
- (e) The Criminal Investigations Division supervisor

Biological evidence shall be retained for a minimum period established by law (ORS 133.707), the Property and Evidence Office supervisor or the expiration of any sentence imposed related to the evidence, whichever time period is greater. Following the retention period, notifications should be made by certified mail and should inform the recipient that the evidence will be destroyed

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after a date specified in the notice unless a motion seeking an order to retain the sample is filed and served on the Department within 90 days of the date of the notification. A record of all certified mail receipts shall be retained in the appropriate file. Any objection to, or motion regarding, the destruction of the biological evidence should be retained in the appropriate file and a copy forwarded to the Criminal Investigations Division supervisor.

Biological evidence related to a homicide shall be retained indefinitely and may only be destroyed with the written approval of the Chief of Police and the head of the applicable prosecutor's office.

Biological evidence from an unsolved sexual assault should not be disposed of prior to expiration of the statute of limitations. Even after expiration of the applicable statute of limitations, the Criminal Investigations Division Commander should be consulted and the sexual assault victim should be notified.

The Property and Evidence Office supervisor should incorporate OAR 137-140-0030 et seq. as applicable to the preservation and documentation of biological evidence. Sexual assault kits, including anonymous kits, shall be retained by the Department no less than 60 years after the collection of the evidence (ORS 181A.325).

#### **800.7 INSPECTIONS OF THE EVIDENCE ROOM**

- (a) The Criminal Investigations Commander should make periodic inspections of the evidence storage facilities and practices to ensure adherence to appropriate policies and procedures.

## Records Division

### 801.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for the operational functions of the Roseburg Police Department Records Division. The policy addresses department file access and internal requests for case reports.

#### 801.1.1 NUMERICAL FILING SYSTEM

Case reports are filed numerically within the Records Division by Records Division personnel.

Reports are numbered commencing with the last two digits of the current year followed by a sequential number beginning with 0001 starting at midnight on the first day of January of each year. As an example, case number 140001 would be the first new case beginning January 1, 2014.

#### 801.1.2 RECORDS RETENTION

All Department records shall be retained and purged in a manner consistent with applicable provisions of the Oregon Revised Statutes and Oregon Administrative Rules.

### 801.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to maintain department records securely, professionally, and efficiently.

#### 801.2.1 REQUESTING ORIGINAL REPORTS

Generally, original reports will not be removed from the Records Division. Should an original report be needed for any reason the requesting employee shall document the removal on the log-out sheet, which will constitute the only authorized manner by which an original report should be removed from the Records Division.

### 801.3 CONFIDENTIALITY

Records Division staff has access to information that may be confidential or sensitive in nature. Records Division staff shall not access, view, or distribute, or allow anyone else to access, view, or distribute, any record, file, or report, whether in hard copy or electronic file format, or any other confidential, protected, or sensitive information except in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release and Protected Information policies and the Records Division procedure manual.

### 801.4 REPORTING CRIME STATISTICS

Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) codes shall be assigned to all crime reports in accordance with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program. It is the responsibility of Records Division personnel to enter such information into the Roseburg Police Department data system and ensure that such information is transmitted on a monthly basis to the Oregon State Police Law Enforcement Data System (LEDS) (ORS 181A.225).



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#### **801.5 REPORTING CRIME STATISTICS**

Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) codes shall be assigned to all crime reports in accordance with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program. It is the responsibility of Records Division personnel to enter such information into the Roseburg Police Department data system and ensure that such information is transmitted on a monthly basis to the Oregon State Police Law Enforcement Data System (LEDS) (Oregon Revised Statutes 181.550).

## Records Maintenance and Release

### 802.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance on the maintenance and release of department records. Protected information is separately covered in the Protected Information Policy.

### 802.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department is committed to providing public access to records in a manner that is consistent with the Oregon Public Records Law.

### 802.3 CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chief of Police shall designate a Custodian of Records. The responsibilities of the Custodian of Records include but are not limited to (ORS 192.318; OAR 166-020-0010 et seq.):

- (a) Managing the records management system for the Department, including the retention, archiving, release, and destruction of department public records (OAR 166-017-0005 et seq.; OAR 166-030-0005 et seq.).
- (b) Maintaining and updating the department records retention schedule, including:
  1. Identifying the minimum length of time the Department must keep records.
  2. Identifying the department division responsible for the original record.
- (c) Establishing rules regarding the inspection and copying of department public records as reasonably necessary for the protection of such records.
- (d) Identifying records or portions of records that are confidential under state or federal law and not open for inspection or copying.
- (e) Establishing rules regarding the processing of subpoenas for the production of records.
- (f) Ensuring the availability of a current schedule of fees for public records as allowed by law (ORS 192.324(4); ORS 192.324(5)).
- (g) Preparing and making available to the public a written procedure that includes the name of one or more individuals and address of where to send record requests to obtain department records as well as the amounts and the manner of calculating fees for responding to requests for public records (ORS 192.324(7)).

### 802.4 PROCESSING REQUESTS FOR PUBLIC RECORDS

Any department member who receives a request for any record shall route the request to the Custodian of Records or the authorized designee.

#### 802.4.1 REQUESTS FOR RECORDS

The processing of requests for any record is subject to the following:

- (a) Requests for public records shall be made in writing.
- (b) The Department is not required to create records that do not exist.

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- (c) When a record contains material with release restrictions and material that is not subject to release restrictions, the restricted material shall be redacted and the unrestricted material released (ORS 192.505).
1. A copy of the redacted release should be maintained in the case file for proof of what was actually released and as a place to document the reasons for the redactions. If the record is audio/video, a copy of the redacted audio/video release should be maintained in the department-approved media storage system and a notation should be made in the case file to document the release and the reasons for the redacted portions.
- (d) Responses to written requests for inspection or copies of public records shall be made as soon as practical without unreasonable delay. If necessary, the Custodian of Records or the authorized designee may request additional information or clarification for the purpose of expediting the response to the request. All requests shall be acknowledged and shall include one of the following (ORS 192.440):
1. A statement that the Department does not possess or is not the custodian of the public record.
  2. Copies of the requested public records, if no exemption applies under ORS 192.410 through ORS 192.505.
  3. A statement that the Department is the custodian of some of the requested records, an estimate of time that the Department requires before the public records may be inspected or that the copies will be provided, and an estimate of the fees required of the requester.
  4. A statement that the Department is the custodian of some of the requested records and that an estimate of the time and fees for disclosure of the public records will be provided within a reasonable time.
  5. A statement that the Department is uncertain whether the Department possesses the public record and that the Department will search for the record and make an appropriate response as soon as practicable.
  6. A statement that state or federal law prohibits the Department from acknowledging whether the record exists or that acknowledging whether the records exists would result in the loss of federal benefits or other sanctions. This statement shall include the state or federal law citation relied upon by the Department.
- (e) If the public record is maintained in a machine readable or electronic form, a copy of the public record shall be provided in the form requested, if available. If the public record is not available in the form requested, the public record shall be made available in the matter it is maintained (ORS 192.440).

If the record is audio/video, a copy of the redacted audio/video release should be maintained in the department approved media storage system [\[KW1\]\[CT2\]](#) and a notation should be made in the case file to document the release and the reasons for the redacted portions.

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[KW1] This could be the case file, if the agency has a sophisticated Records Management System capable of attaching audio/video files to the case file, but a large percentage of our clients may not have that capability.

[CT2] Arguably this is Evidence video that is controlled by the Property Bureau. This is a preferred solution.

#### 802.4.2 DENIALS

If the Custodian of Records determines that a requested record is not subject to disclosure or release, the Custodian of Records shall inform the requester in writing of that fact and state the reason for the denial. When the denial is pursuant to federal or state law, the specific law shall be provided to the requester (ORS 192.329).

When asserting that a record is exempt, the written statement of denial shall include a statement that the requester may seek review of the determination pursuant to Oregon Law as identified by ORS 192.329.

If the denial is challenged by the requester by petition to the District Attorney, the Department will have the burden to support the denial (ORS 192.415).

#### 802.4.3 JUVENILE RECORDS

Juvenile records are treated differently from records of adults. When an officer submits a report in which the victim or suspect is a juvenile, the officer will check the "Juvenile" box on the first page of the report.

Except as defined in this section, reports involving juveniles are generally confidential and may not be released. Any requests for reports or records involving juveniles not specifically authorized by this policy should be referred to the County Juvenile Department (ORS 419A.255(2); ORS 419A.255(8)).

- (a) If a youth is taken into custody under circumstances where he/she could be arrested without a warrant if an adult, or pursuant to an order of the Juvenile Court, the following information shall be disclosed with City Attorney or District Attorney approval unless, and only for so long as, there is a clear need to delay disclosure in the course of a specific investigation, including the need to protect the complaining party or the victim (ORS 419A.255(7)):
1. The youth's name and date of birth and whether the youth is employed or in school.
  2. The youth offense for which the youth was taken into custody.
  3. The name and age of the adult complaining party and the adult victim, unless the disclosure of such information is otherwise prohibited or restricted.
  4. The identity of the investigating and arresting agency.

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5. The time and place that the youth was taken into custody and whether there was resistance, pursuit or a weapon used in taking the youth into custody.
- (b) Any additional information is kept confidential unless requested by one of the following (ORS 419A.255; ORS 419A.257):
    1. Other public agencies for use in investigating or prosecuting cases in which the juvenile in question is somehow involved.
    2. Department of Human Services, Child Welfare Division, Oregon Youth Authority or the local Juvenile Department.
  - (c) Child abuse cases may only be made available to a law enforcement agency, local or state prosecutors, a child welfare agency or other entities as designated by law (ORS 419B.035).
  - (d) Court appointed special advocates (i.e., CASA volunteer or employee) will be permitted to inspect and copy any records held by this department relating to the child or ward involved in a case and members of this department may consult with the court appointed special advocate regarding the case. Consent of the child, ward or parents to the sharing of such information is not required (2012 Oregon Laws c107, §105).

#### 802.4.4 REQUESTS FOR RECORDS

The processing of requests for any record is subject to the following (2017 Oregon Laws, c. 456 § 4):

- (a) Requests for public records shall be made in writing.
- (b) The Department is not required to create records that do not exist.
- (c) Within in five business days of receiving a written request to inspect or receive a copy of a public record, the Custodian of Records or authorized designee shall acknowledge receipt of the request or complete the response to the request.
- (d) A written acknowledgement shall advise the requester of one of the following:
  1. The Department is the custodian of the requested record.
  2. The Department is not the custodian of the requested record.
  3. The Department is uncertain whether the Department is the custodian of the requested record.
- (e) As soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 10 business days after acknowledgement of a receipt of the request, the Custodian of Records shall:
  1. Complete the response to the records request, or;
  2. Provide a written statement that the request is being processed and a reasonable estimated date on when the response should be completed based on the information currently available.
- (f) A request for records is considered complete when:

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1. Access or copies of the requested public records are provided to the requester, if no exemption applies or an explanation is provided to the requester where the records are publicly available.
  2. A written statement is sent to the requester that an exemption exists and that access is denied.
    - (a) When a record contains material with release restrictions and material that is not subject to release restrictions, the restricted material shall be redacted, and the unrestricted material released (ORS 192.505).
      1. A copy of the redacted release should be maintained in the case file for proof of what was actually released and as a place to document the reasons for the redactions. If the record is audio/video, a copy of the redacted audio/video release should be maintained in the department-approved media storage system and a notation should be made in the case file to document the release and the reasons for the redacted portions.
  3. A written statement is sent to the requester that the Department is not the custodian of records for the record requested.
  4. A written statement that state or federal law prohibits the Department from acknowledging whether the record exists or would result in the loss of federal benefits or other sanctions. This statement shall include the state or federal law citation relied upon by the Department.
- (g) If a fee is permitted under ORS 192.440(4) and the requester has been informed, the request is suspended until the requester has paid the fee or the Department has waived the fee. If the fee is not paid within 60 days of informing the requester of the fee or the Department has denied a request for a fee waiver, the request shall be closed.
- (h) If necessary, the Custodian of Records or the authorized designee may request additional information or clarification for the purpose of expediting the response to the request. The response to the request is suspended until the requester provides the requested information, clarification or affirmatively declines to provide the information or clarification. If the requester fails to respond within 60 days, the request shall be closed.
- (i) If the public record is maintained in a machine readable or electronic form, a copy of the public record shall be provided in the form requested, if available. If the public record is not available in the form requested, the public record shall be made available in the matter it is maintained (ORS 192.440).

#### **802.5 RELEASE RESTRICTIONS**

Examples of release restrictions include:

- (a) Personal identifying information, including an individual's photograph; Social Security and driver identification numbers; name, address, and telephone number; and medical or disability information that is contained in any driver license record, motor vehicle record, or any department record, including traffic collision reports, is restricted except as authorized by the Department, and only when such use or disclosure is permitted

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- or required by law to carry out a legitimate law enforcement purpose (18 USC § 2721; 18 USC § 2722).
- (b) Personal identifying information of members including Social Security number, date of birth, telephone number, home address, email address, driver license number, employer-issued identification card number, emergency contact information, medical information, or information of a personal nature that would constitute an unreasonable invasion of privacy (ORS 192.345; ORS 192.355).
    - 1. A showing of clear and convincing evidence that public interest requires disclosure may overcome the restriction.
  - (c) Member identification badge or card as provided in ORS 192.371.
  - (d) Information regarding a member working undercover and for the period of six months after the conclusion of those duties unless the member consents in writing or disclosure is required by law (ORS 181.672).
  - (e) A photograph of public safety personnel without the written consent of that member (ORS 181A.674).
  - (f) Personnel discipline action, including materials or documents supporting the action, unless allowed by law (ORS 181A.674; ORS 192.345(12)).
  - (g) Certain victim information, including participants in the Address Confidentiality Program (ORS 192.368; ORS 192.844).
  - (h) Certain juvenile records (ORS 419A.257).
  - (i) Certain ongoing investigation material for criminal law purposes (ORS 192.345(3)).
  - (j) Audio or video records of internal investigation interviews (ORS 192.385).
  - (k) Certain types of reports involving but not limited to child abuse (ORS 419B.035) and adult abuse (ORS 124.090; ORS 430.763; ORS 441.671).
  - (l) Records relating to pending litigation and to potential litigation that is reasonably likely to occur in which the Department is or will be named as a party (ORS 192.345(1)).
  - (m) Certain identifying information of an individual that has applied for, or is a current or former holder of, a concealed handgun license as provided in ORS 192.374.
  - (n) Specific operation plans in connection with an anticipated threat to individual or public safety (ORS 192.345(18)).
  - (o) Any public records or information the disclosure of which is prohibited by federal law (ORS 192.355).
  - (p) Any public records or information the disclosure of which is prohibited or restricted, or made confidential or privileged under Oregon law (ORS 192.355).
  - (q) Records less than 75 years old that were sealed in compliance with statute or by court order. Such records may only be disclosed in response to a court order (ORS 192.398).
  - (r) Records of a person who has been in the custody of the Department are exempt from disclosure for 25 years after termination of such custody. Disclosure of the fact that a person is in custody is allowed (ORS 192.398).

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- (s) Audio or video recordings from an officer's body-worn camera. Such recordings may only be disclosed under the conditions provided by ORS 192.345(40), including facial blurring.
- (t) Personal information of complainants and of officers who are the subject of bias-based policing complaints. "Personal information" means an individual's name, address, date of birth, photograph, fingerprint, biometric data, driver license number, identification card number, or any other unique personal identifier or number (ORS 131.925; ORS 807.750).
- (u) The identity of an individual or an officer from traffic or pedestrian stop data collected by the Department (ORS 131.935).
- (v) Information regarding the immigration status of any victim who is requesting certification for a U or T visa, or any documents submitted for U or T visa certification and any written responses to a certification request except where allowed by law (ORS 147.620).
- (w) Images of a deceased person or parts of a deceased body that are part of a department investigation if public disclosure would constitute an unreasonable invasion of privacy of the deceased person's family (ORS 192.355).
  - 1. A showing of clear and convincing evidence that public interest requires disclosure may overcome the restriction.

#### 802.5.1 MEDICAL RECORDS, SEALED RECORDS, IN CUSTODY RECORDS AND STUDENT RECORDS

The following records are exempt from disclosure under ORS 192.496:

- (a) Records that contain information about the physical or mental health, or treatment thereof, of a living individual; if the public disclosure thereof would constitute an unreasonable invasion of privacy. The party seeking disclosure shall have the burden of showing by clear and convincing evidence that the public interest requires disclosure in the particular instance and that public disclosure would not constitute an unreasonable invasion of privacy.
- (b) Records less than 75 years old that were sealed in compliance with statute or by court order. Such records may only be disclosed in response to a court order.
- (c) Records of a person who is or has been in the custody or under the lawful supervision of a state agency, a court or a unit of local government, are exempt from disclosure for a period of 25 years after termination of such custody or supervision to the extent that disclosure thereof would interfere with the rehabilitation of the person if the public interest in confidentiality clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed as prohibiting disclosure of the fact that a person is in custody.



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##### 802.5.2 CONDITIONALLY EXEMPT PUBLIC RECORDS

The following public records will not be released unless the public interest requires disclosure (Oregon Revised Statutes 192.501):

- (a) Records pertaining to any litigation to which the Department is, or is likely to be a party except where litigation which has been concluded.
- (b) Any record pertaining to department operations or the use and deployment of personnel and equipment, if disclosure would endanger public safety or jeopardize a law enforcement activity.
- (c) Records or information that would disclose or jeopardize security measures taken by the Department to protect department members, property or operations.

##### 802.5.3 OTHER PUBLIC RECORDS EXEMPT FROM DISCLOSURE

The following public records are generally exempt from disclosure and absent a court order or other legal process shall not be released except with the expressed authorization of the Chief of Police or his/her designee (ORS 192.502 et seq.):

- (a) Specific records containing the home address, personal telephone number, or e-mail address of any individual who has previously submitted a written request of non-disclosure in accordance with rules established by the Attorney General.
- (b) Information of a personal nature such as but not limited to that kept in a personal, medical or similar file, if public disclosure would constitute an unreasonable invasion of privacy.
- (c) Personal information of any member of or volunteer of this department including addresses, Social Security numbers, dates of birth and telephone numbers.
- (d) Any public record or information the disclosure of which is prohibited or restricted or otherwise made confidential or privileged under Oregon or Federal law.

##### 802.5.4 PERSONNEL RECORDS

Certain information contained in personnel records is confidential and is also exempt from public disclosure. The following information shall not be released unless the public interest requires disclosure in the particular instance as determined by a court or other legal process (ORS 181.854; ORS 192.501(12); ORS 192.502(2)):

- (a) Medical information contained in medical records and similar uniquely personal information which, if released, would constitute an unreasonable invasion of privacy.
- (b) Records, materials, or documents supporting a personnel investigation that is pending or ongoing or has resulted in discipline of the involved employee.
- (c) Photographs that identify an employee, unless the employee consents in writing.
- (d) Audio or video records of internal investigation interviews (Ch. 485 Oregon Laws 2011).

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Any release of such information must be reviewed by department legal counsel and approved by the Chief of Police. Although exempt from public disclosure, such records and information may be subject to discovery in civil or criminal proceedings or as detailed Ch. 485 Oregon Laws 2011. In such a situation, the Roseburg Police Department will oppose disclosure unless the court specifically orders the release.

#### **802.6 SUBPOENAS AND DISCOVERY REQUESTS**

Any member who receives a subpoena duces tecum or discovery request for records should promptly contact a supervisor and the Custodian of Records for review and processing. While a subpoena duces tecum may ultimately be subject to compliance, it is not an order from the court that will automatically require the release of the requested information.

Generally, discovery requests and subpoenas from criminal defendants and their authorized representatives (including attorneys) should be referred to the Prosecuting Attorney, City Attorney or the courts.

All questions regarding compliance with any subpoena duces tecum or discovery request should be promptly referred to legal counsel for the Department so that a timely response can be prepared.

##### **802.6.1 PERSONAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION**

Employees shall not access, use or disclose personal identifying information, including an individual's photograph, Social Security number, driver identification number, name, address, telephone number and the individual's medical or disability information, which is contained in any driver license record, motor vehicle record or any department record except as authorized by the Department and only when such use or disclosure is permitted or required by law to carry out a legitimate law enforcement purpose (ORS 802.181 and 18 USC § 2721).

#### **802.7 RELEASED RECORDS TO BE MARKED**

Each page of any written record released pursuant to this policy should be stamped in a colored ink or otherwise marked to indicate the department name and to whom the record was released.

Each audio/video recording released should include the department name and to whom the record was released.

#### **802.8 EXPUNGEMENT**

Expungement orders received by the Department shall be reviewed for appropriate action by the Custodian of Records. The Custodian of Records shall seal such records as ordered by the court. Records may include but are not limited to a record of arrest, investigation, detention, or conviction. Once a record is sealed, members shall respond to any inquiry as though the record did not exist (ORS 137.225).

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#### **802.9 SECURITY BREACHES**

In the event of an unauthorized acquisition of personal information, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall ensure that an investigation into the breach is made and applicable steps pursuant to ORS 646A.602 et seq. are taken.

Required notice shall be made as follows (ORS 646A.604):

- (a) Notice shall be made to any individual whose private or confidential data was or is reasonably believed to have been breached. Notice shall be provided in the most expeditious manner possible, without unreasonable delay, but not later than 45 days after becoming aware of the breach, unless the notice impedes a criminal investigation.
  - 1. The notice shall be made as set forth in ORS 646A.604 and include a general description of the breach of security; the approximate date of the breach; the type of information that was compromised; the contact information for the person providing the notice; the contact information for national consumer reporting agencies; and that any suspected identity theft should be reported to law enforcement, the Attorney General, and the Federal Trade Commission.
- (b) When notice is delayed because it will impede an active criminal investigation, the member in charge of the investigation must document the reason why a delay in notification is necessary to the investigation.
- (c) Provide substitute notice if notification would cost more than \$250,000 or if there were more than 350,000 individuals whose personal information was breached.
- (d) If notification is required to be made to more than 1,000 individuals, the Roseburg Police Department should also notify consumer reporting agencies.
- (e) Provide notice to the Oregon Attorney General if the breach involves the personal information of more than 250 people along with a copy of any notice sent to individuals whose personal information was affected.
- (f) Document when a breach of security is unlikely to cause any harm and does not require notification. In these cases, the documentation shall be maintained for at least five years.

## Protected Information

### 803.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the access, transmission, release and security of protected information by members of the Roseburg Police Department. This policy addresses the protected information that is used in the day-to-day operation of the Department and not the public records information covered in the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

#### 803.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Protected information** - Any information or data that is collected, stored or accessed by members of the Roseburg Police Department and is subject to any access or release restrictions imposed by law, regulation, order or use agreement. This includes all information contained in federal, state or local law enforcement databases that is not accessible to the public.

### 803.2 POLICY

Members of the Roseburg Police Department will adhere to all applicable laws, orders, regulations, use agreements and training related to the access, use, dissemination and release of protected information.

### 803.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chief of Police shall select a member of the Department to coordinate the use of protected information.

The responsibilities of this position include but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring member compliance with this policy and with requirements applicable to protected information, including requirements for the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) system, National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS), Department of Motor Vehicle (DMV) records, and Law Enforcement Data System (LEDS).
- (b) Developing, disseminating, and maintaining procedures that adopt or comply with the U.S. Department of Justice's current Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Security Policy.
- (c) Developing, disseminating, and maintaining any other procedures necessary to comply with any other requirements for the access, use, dissemination, release, and security of protected information.
- (d) Developing procedures to ensure training and certification requirements are met.
- (e) Resolving specific questions that arise regarding authorized recipients of protected information.
- (f) Ensuring security practices and procedures are in place to comply with requirements applicable to protected information.

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#### **803.4 ACCESS TO PROTECTED INFORMATION**

Protected information shall not be accessed in violation of any law, order, regulation, user agreement, Roseburg Police Department policy or training. Only those members who have completed applicable training and met any applicable requirements, such as a background check, may access protected information, and only when the member has a legitimate work-related reason for such access.

Unauthorized access, including access for other than a legitimate work-related purpose, is prohibited and may subject a member to administrative action pursuant to the Personnel Complaints Policy and/or criminal prosecution.

##### **803.4.1 ACCESS TO OREGON STATE POLICE OFFENDER INFORMATION**

Access to Oregon State Police (OSP) criminal offender information may be granted when the information is to be used for the administration of criminal justice, employment, or the information is required to implement a federal or state statute, local ordinance, Executive Order, or administrative rule that expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based on such conduct, or other demonstrated and legitimate needs (OAR 257-010-0025).

#### **803.5 RELEASE OR DISSEMINATION OF PROTECTED INFORMATION**

Protected information may be released only to authorized recipients who have both a right to know and a need to know.

A member who is asked to release protected information that should not be released should refer the requesting person to a supervisor or to the Records Supervisor for information regarding a formal request.

Unless otherwise ordered or when an investigation would be jeopardized, protected information maintained by the Department may generally be shared with authorized persons from other law enforcement agencies who are assisting in the investigation or conducting a related investigation. Any such information should be released through the Records Division to ensure proper documentation of the release (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy).

Protected information, such as Criminal Justice Information (CJI), which includes Criminal History Record Information (CHRI), should generally not be transmitted by radio, cellular telephone or any other type of wireless transmission to members in the field or in vehicles through any computer or electronic device, except in cases where there is an immediate need for the information to further an investigation or where circumstances reasonably indicate that the immediate safety of officers, other department members or the public is at risk. In those instances, cell phones should be used if possible. The transmission should be limited to essential details only, with maximized use of law enforcement codes (10 or 12 code), concealing information identifying individuals and offenses as much as possible. Plain text transmission of an entire record (summary or full) is prohibited.

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit broadcasting warrant information.

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##### **803.5.1 REVIEW OF CRIMINAL OFFENDER RECORD**

Individuals requesting to review their own Oregon criminal offender information shall be referred to OSP, Identification Services Section (OAR 257-010-0035).

An individual may review his/her local record on file with the Department under the provisions of ORS 192.345(3), and after complying with all legal requirements.

This department will not release information originated by any other agency (ORS 192.311 et seq). Individuals requesting this information shall be referred to the originating agency.

##### **803.6 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Members accessing or receiving protected information shall ensure the information is not accessed or received by persons who are not authorized to access or receive it. This includes leaving protected information, such as documents or computer databases, accessible to others when it is reasonably foreseeable that unauthorized access may occur (e.g., on an unattended table or desk; in or on an unattended vehicle; in an unlocked desk drawer or file cabinet; on an unattended computer terminal).

##### **803.7 LEDS TRAINING**

All members who operate a terminal to access the LEDS network shall complete a LEDS System Training Guide at a level consistent with the member's duties. Each member who operates a terminal to access LEDS must be re-certified by the Department every two years (OAR 257-015-0050).

## Computers and Digital Evidence

### 804.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes procedures for the seizure and storage of computers, personal communications devices (PCDs) digital cameras, digital recorders and other electronic devices that are capable of storing digital information; and for the preservation and storage of digital evidence. All evidence seized and/or processed pursuant to this policy shall be done so in compliance with clearly established Fourth Amendment and search and seizure provisions.

### 804.2 SEIZING COMPUTERS AND RELATED EVIDENCE

Computer equipment requires specialized training and handling to preserve its value as evidence. Officers should be aware of the potential to destroy information through careless or improper handling, and utilize the most knowledgeable available resources. When seizing a computer and accessories the following steps should be taken:

- (a) Photograph each item, front and back, specifically including cable connections to other items. Look for a phone line or cable to a modem for Internet access.
- (b) Do not overlook the possibility of the presence of physical evidence on and around the hardware relevant to the particular investigation such as fingerprints, biological or trace evidence, and/or documents.
- (c) If the computer is off, do not turn it on.
- (d) If the computer is on, do not shut it down normally and do not click on anything or examine any files.
  1. Photograph the screen, if possible, and note any programs or windows that appear to be open and running.
  2. Disconnect the power cable from the back of the computer box (For laptops, disconnect any power cable from the case and remove the battery).
- (e) Label each item with case number and item number.
- (f) Handle and transport the computer and storage media (e.g., tape, discs, memory cards, flash memory, external drives) with care so that potential evidence is not lost.
- (g) Property Officer: Do not store computers where normal room temperature and humidity is not maintained.
- (h) At minimum, officers should document the following in related reports:
  1. Where the computer was located and whether or not it was in operation.
  2. Who was using it at the time.
  3. Who claimed ownership.
  4. If it can be determined, how it was being used.

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5. When possible, document any user names, passwords, and email addresses of anyone having access to the computer.
6. When possible, establish who had access to the computer aside from the primary owner.
  - (i) In most cases when a computer is involved in criminal acts and is in the possession of the suspect, the computer itself and all storage devices (hard drives, tape drives and disk drives) should be seized along with all media. Accessories (printers, monitors, mouse, scanner, keyboard, cables, software and manuals) should not be seized unless as a precursor to forfeiture.

#### **804.2.1 BUSINESS OR NETWORK COMPUTERS**

If the computer belongs to a business or is part of a network, it may not be feasible to seize the entire computer. Cases involving networks require specialized handling. Officers should contact a certified forensic computer examiner for instructions or a response to the scene. It may be possible to perform an on-site inspection, or to image the hard drive only of the involved computer. This should only be done by someone specifically trained in processing computers for evidence. Cases involving networks require specialized training which is available through the Northwest Regional Computer Forensic Lab, the Oregon State Police or another agency having certified examiners.

#### **804.2.2 FORENSIC EXAMINATION OF COMPUTERS**

If an examination of the contents of the computer's hard drive, or floppy disks, compact discs, or any other storage media is required, forward the following items to the Computer Forensic Examiner:

- (a) Copy of report(s) involving the computer, including the Evidence/Property sheet.
- (b) Copy of a consent to search form signed by the computer owner or the person in possession of the computer, or a copy of a search warrant authorizing the search of the computer hard drive for evidence relating to investigation.
- (c) A listing of the items to search for (e.g., photographs, financial records, e-mail, documents).
- (d) An exact duplicate of the hard drive or disk will be made using a forensic computer and a forensic software program by someone trained in the examination of computer storage devices for evidence.

#### **804.3 SEIZING DIGITAL STORAGE MEDIA**

Digital storage media, to include hard discs, floppy discs, CDs, DVDs, tapes, memory cards, or flash memory devices should be seized and stored in a manner that will protect them from damage.

- (a) If the media has a write-protection tab or switch, it should be activated.



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- (b) Do not review, access or open digital files prior to submission. If the information is needed for immediate investigation request assistance from I.T. staff to copy the contents to an appropriate form of storage media.
- (c) Many kinds of storage media can be erased or damaged by magnetic fields. Keep all media away from magnetic devices, electric motors, radio transmitters or other sources of magnetic fields.
- (d) Do not leave storage media where they would be subject to excessive heat such as in a parked vehicle on a hot day.
- (e) Use plastic cases designed to protect the media, or other protective packaging, to prevent damage.

#### **804.4 SEIZING PERSONAL COMMUNICATION DEVICES**

Personal communication devices such as cell phones, PDAs or other hand-held devices connected to any communication network must be handled with care to preserve evidence that may be on the device including messages, stored data and/or images.

- (a) Officers should not attempt to access, review or search the contents of such devices prior to examination by a forensic expert. Unsent messages can be lost, data can be inadvertently deleted and incoming messages can override stored messages.
- (b) Do not turn the device on or off. The device should be placed in a solid metal container such as a paint can to prevent the device from sending or receiving information from its host network.
- (c) When seizing the devices, also seize the charging units and keep them plugged in to the chargers until they can be examined. If the batteries go dead all the data may be lost.

#### **804.5 DIGITAL EVIDENCE RECORDED BY OFFICERS**

Officers handling and submitting evidence recorded by officers and stored digitally using digital cameras, audio or video recorders will comply with these procedures to ensure the integrity and admissibility of such evidence.

##### **804.5.1 COLLECTION OF DIGITAL EVIDENCE**

Once evidence is recorded it shall not be erased, deleted or altered in any way prior to submission. All photographs taken will be preserved regardless of quality, composition or relevance. Video and audio files will not be altered in any way.

##### **804.5.2 SUBMISSION OF DIGITAL MEDIA**

The following are required procedures for the submission of digital media used by cameras or other recorders:

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- (a) The recording media (smart card, compact flash card or any other media) shall be booked in or appropriately processed and stored as soon as possible for submission into evidence.
- (b) The property and evidence technician or investigating officer will make a copy of the memory card using appropriate storage media when applicable for the chain of evidence and prosecution of the case. Once it is verified that the images are properly transferred to the storage media, the property and evidence technician or investigating officer will erase the memory card for re-use.

#### 804.5.3 DOWNLOADING OF DIGITAL FILES

Digital information such as video or audio files recorded on devices using internal memory must be downloaded to storage media. The following procedures are to be followed:

- (a) Files should not be opened or reviewed prior to downloading and storage.
- (b) Where possible, the device should be connected to a computer and the files accessed directly from the computer directory or downloaded to a folder on the host computer for copying to the storage media.

#### 804.5.4 PRESERVATION OF DIGITAL EVIDENCE

- (a) Digital images that are enhanced to provide a better quality photograph for identification and investigative purposes must only be made from a copy of the original media.

If any enhancement is done to the copy of the original, it shall be noted in the corresponding incident report.

## Animal Control

### 805.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for animal control officers and Roseburg Police Department personnel in dealing with animal control related calls for service and to set forth procedures regarding animal control services, the handling of injured animals, and the abatement of animal nuisances.

### 805.2 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITY

During hours when the animal control officer is off-duty, or if the animal control officer is otherwise unavailable, the following animal-related calls for service will be handled by the appropriate on-duty officer.

An officer may be dispatched to animal related calls and should take appropriate actions to control the situation until the arrival of an animal control officer. Due to the hazards of handling animals without proper equipment, a responding officer generally should not attempt to capture and pick up any animal, but should keep the animal under observation until the arrival of an animal control officer. The following are examples of when an officer may consider acting before the arrival of the animal control officer:

- (a) When there is a threat to the public safety.
- (b) When an animal has bitten someone, officers should take measures to confine the animal and prevent further injury.
- (c) When an animal is creating a traffic hazard.
- (d) When the owner/handler has been arrested and there is no other alternative placement for the animal.
- (e) When the animal is gravely injured.

#### 805.2.1 ANIMAL BITE REPORTS

Officers shall obtain as much information as possible for forwarding to the animal control officer for follow-up. An Animal Bite Report must be completed and forwarded to the animal control officer.

Officers shall instruct the owner of a biting animal, if contacted, to keep the animal confined on the property until contacted by the ACO. If the animal is a stray, then every effort shall be made to capture and impound the animal immediately.

### 805.3 INJURED ANIMALS

When any injured domesticated animal is brought to the attention of a member of the Roseburg Police Department, all reasonable attempts shall be made to contact the owner or responsible handler. When the owner or responsible handler cannot be located and the animal is not an immediate danger to the community, it shall be taken to a doctor of veterinary medicine as described below.

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- (a) During normal business hours, the animal should be taken to an authorized veterinary care clinic
- (b) If after normal business hours, the animal should be taken to the authorized Veterinary Emergency & Critical Care Services Clinic.
- (c) An exception to the above is when the animal is an immediate danger to the community or the owner of the animal is identified and takes responsibility for the injured animal.
  - 1. When the need to euthanize a seriously injured or dangerous animal exists, the decision to euthanize a seriously injured animal will rest with the supervisor.
- (d) Injured wildlife should be referred to the Marine Mammal Center, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife or the Oregon State Police, as applicable.
- (e) When handling dead or injured animals police department employees shall attempt to identify and notify the owner of the final disposition of the animal.
- (f) Each incident shall be documented to include, at minimum, the name of the reporting party and veterinary hospital and/or person to whom the animal is released.

#### **805.4 POST-ARREST PROCEDURES**

The arresting officer should make a reasonable effort to ensure that animals or pets under a person's care will be provided with adequate care when that person is arrested. This is only required when there is no person to provide care and the arrestee is expected to be in custody for a time period longer than would reasonably allow him/her to properly care for the animals.

Relatives or neighbors may be contacted, with the owner's consent, to care for the animals. If no persons can be found or the owner does not consent, the appropriate animal control authority should be notified.

#### **805.5 RESCUE OF ANIMALS IN VEHICLES**

A member who has a good-faith belief that entry into a motor vehicle is necessary because a domestic animal inside the vehicle is in imminent danger of suffering harm may enter the vehicle to remove the animal (ORS 30.813). Members should:

- (a) Determine that the motor vehicle is locked or there is no other reasonable method for the animal to exit the vehicle.
- (b) Make a reasonable effort to locate the owner before entering the vehicle.
- (c) Take steps to minimize damage to the vehicle, using no more force than necessary to enter the vehicle and remove the animal.
- (d) Refrain from searching the vehicle or seizing items except as otherwise permitted by law.
- (e) Leave notice on or in the vehicle identifying the location where the animal has been taken and the name and Department of the member involved in the rescue.

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- (f) Make reasonable efforts to contact the owner or secure the vehicle before leaving the scene.

## **Chapter 9 - Custody**

## Custodial Searches

### 900.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance regarding searches of individuals in custody. Such searches are necessary to eliminate the introduction of contraband, intoxicants or weapons into the Roseburg Police Department facility. Such items can pose a serious risk to the safety and security of department members, individuals in custody, contractors and the public.

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit the otherwise lawful collection of trace evidence from an individual in custody.

#### 900.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Custody Search** - An in-custody search of an individual and of his/her property, shoes and clothing, including pockets, cuffs and folds on the clothing, to remove all weapons, dangerous items and contraband.

**Physical body cavity search** - A search that includes a visual inspection and may include a physical intrusion into a body cavity. Body cavity means the stomach or rectal cavity of an individual, and the vagina of a female person.

**Strip search** - A search that requires an individual to remove or rearrange some or all of his/her clothing to permit a visual inspection of the underclothing, breasts, buttocks, anus or outer genitalia. This includes monitoring an individual who is changing clothes, where his/her underclothing, buttocks, genitalia or female breasts are visible.

### 900.2 POLICY

All searches shall be conducted with concern for safety, dignity, courtesy, respect for privacy and hygiene, and in compliance with policy and law to protect the rights of those who are subject to any search.

Searches shall not be used for intimidation, harassment, punishment or retaliation.

### 900.3 FIELD AND TRANSPORTATION SEARCHES

An officer should conduct a custody search of an individual immediately after his/her arrest, when receiving an individual from the custody of another, and before transporting a person who is in custody in any department vehicle.

Whenever practicable, a custody search should be conducted by an officer of the same sex as the person being searched. If an officer of the same sex is not reasonably available, a witnessing officer should be present during the search when practical.

### 900.4 SEARCHES AT POLICE FACILITIES

Custody searches shall be conducted on all individuals in custody, prior to entry to the Roseburg Police Department facilities. Except in exigent circumstances, the search should be conducted

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by a member of the same sex as the individual being searched. If a member of the same sex is not available, a witnessing member should be present during the search whenever reasonably practical.

Custody searches should also be conducted any time an individual in custody enters or re-enters a secure area, or any time it is reasonably believed that a search is necessary to maintain the safety and security of the facility.

#### 900.4.1 PROPERTY

Members shall take reasonable care in handling the property of an individual in custody to avoid discrepancies or losses. Property retained for safekeeping shall be kept in a secure location until the individual is released or transferred.

Some property may not be accepted by a facility or agency that is taking custody of an individual from this department, such as weapons or large items. These items should be retained for safekeeping in accordance with the Property and Evidence Policy.

All property shall be inventoried by description. The inventory should be witnessed by another department member when practical. The inventory should include the case number, date, time, member's Roseburg Police Department identification number and information regarding how and when the property may be released.

#### 900.4.2 VERIFICATION OF MONEY

All money seized should be placed in a separate evidence bag and sealed. Negotiable checks or other instruments and foreign currency should also be sealed in an envelope with the amount indicated but not added to the cash total. All envelopes should clearly indicate the contents on the front. The department member sealing it should place his/her initials across the sealed flap. Should any money be withdrawn or added, the member making such change shall enter the amount below the original entry and initial it. The amount of money in the envelope should always be totaled and written on the outside of the envelope.

#### 900.4.3 RECEIPT FOR PROPERTY OR MONEY

The officer or other member charged with such inventories shall ensure that the individual receives a receipt for any money or other property received and should have the individual countersign both the original and duplicate receipt. Members will otherwise comply with ORS 133.455 if the individual is unable to sign.

### **900.5 STRIP SEARCHES**

Generally, any strip search will be conducted at the jail by a jail employee.

#### 900.5.1 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCE FIELD STRIP SEARCHES

A strip search may be conducted in the field only with Watch Commander authorization and only in exceptional circumstances, such as when:

- (a) There is probable cause to believe that the individual is concealing a weapon or other dangerous item that cannot be recovered by a more limited search.



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- (b) There is probable cause to believe that the individual is concealing controlled substances or evidence that cannot be recovered by a more limited search, and there is no reasonable alternative to ensure the individual cannot destroy or ingest the substance during transportation.

#### **900.6 PHYSICAL BODY CAVITY SEARCH**

Should visual examination of a suspect during a strip search and/or other information lead an officer to believe that the suspect is concealing a weapon, evidence or contraband within a body cavity, the following procedures shall be followed:

- (a) No person arrested on a misdemeanor shall be subjected to a body cavity search without a search warrant
- (b) The suspect shall be kept under constant visual surveillance until a body cavity search is conducted or an alternative course of action taken
- (c) The officer shall consult with his immediate supervisor to determine whether probable cause exists to seek a search warrant for a body cavity search. The decision to seek a search warrant shall recognize that a body cavity search is highly invasive of personal privacy and is reasonable only where the suspected offense is of a serious nature and/or poses a threat to the safety of officers or others.
- (d) If probable cause exists for a body cavity search, an affidavit for search warrant shall be prepared that clearly defines the nature of the alleged offense and the basis for the officer's probable cause
- (e) On the basis of a search warrant, a body cavity search shall be performed only by an authorized agency physician or by other medically trained personnel at the physician's direction
- (f) For safety and security reasons, the search shall be conducted at Douglas County Corrections or other authorized facility
- (g) Body cavity searches shall be performed with due recognition of privacy and hygienic concerns previously addressed in this policy
- (h) The authorized individual conducting the search shall file a report with the requesting law enforcement agency.
  - 1. A copy of the search warrant and the results of any body cavity search shall be included with the related reports and made available, upon request, to the arrestee or authorized representative

## **Chapter 10 - Personnel**

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## Recruitment and Selection

### 1000.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The employment policy of the Roseburg shall provide equal opportunities for applicants and its employees regardless of race, sexual orientation, age, pregnancy, religion, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical or mental handicap, marital status, veteran status, or sex, and shall not show partiality or grant any special favors to any applicant, employee or group of employees. The rules governing employment practices for this department are maintained by the Roseburg Department of Human Resources.

### 1000.2 POLICY

In accordance with applicable federal, state, and local law, the Roseburg Police Department provides equal opportunities for applicants and employees, regardless of actual or perceived race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, marital status, and any other classification or status protected by law. The Department does not show partiality or grant any special status to any applicant, employee, or group of employees unless otherwise required by law.

The Department will recruit and hire only those individuals who demonstrate a commitment to service and who possess the traits and characteristics that reflect personal integrity and high ethical standards.

### 1000.3 STANDARDS

Employment standards shall be established for each job classification and shall include minimally, the special training, abilities, knowledge and skills required to perform the duties of the job in a satisfactory manner. The Roseburg Department of Human Resources maintains standards for all positions.

The dilemma facing the Department is one of developing a job-valid and non-discriminatory set of policies which will allow it to lawfully exclude persons who do not meet the Roseburg or State of Oregon hiring standards. The disqualifiers listed below are examples and are not intended to be all inclusive. Other factors may also disqualify applicants. Final decisions will be at the discretion of the Chief of Police.

The following standards have been adopted for public safety applicants:

#### 1000.3.1 OPERATION OF A MOTOR VEHICLE

- (a) The ability to possess a valid Oregon driver's license
- (b) The ability to drive safely
- (c) The ability to control a motor vehicle at high speeds
- (d) The ability to operate a motor vehicle in all types of weather conditions

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##### 1000.3.2 INTEGRITY

- (a) Refusing to yield to the temptation of bribes, gratuities, payoffs, etc.
- (b) Refusing to tolerate unethical or illegal conduct on the part of other law enforcement personnel.
- (c) Showing strong moral character and integrity in dealing with the public.
- (d) Being honest in dealing with the public.
- (e) The following may be disqualifying:
  - 1. Any material misstatement of fact or significant omission during the application or background process shall be disqualifying, including inconsistent statements made during the initial background interview (Personal History Statement or Supplemental Questionnaire) or discrepancies between this background investigation and other investigations conducted by other law enforcement agencies.
  - 2. Any forgery, alteration, or intentional omission of material facts on an official employment application document or sustained episodes of academic cheating.

##### 1000.3.3 CREDIBILITY AS A WITNESS IN A COURT OF LAW

- (a) The ability to give testimony in a court of law without being subject to impeachment due to his/her honesty or veracity (or their opposites) or due to prior felony conviction.
- (b) The following may be disqualifying:
  - 1. Conviction of any criminal offense classified as a misdemeanor under Oregon law within three years prior to application
  - 2. Conviction for two or more misdemeanor offenses under law as an adult
  - 3. Conviction of any offense classified as a misdemeanor under Oregon law while employed as a peace officer (including military police officers)
  - 4. Admission(s) of having committed any act amounting to a felony (including felonies treated as misdemeanors at sentencing) under Oregon law, as an adult, within five years prior to application or while employed as a peace officer (including military police officers)
  - 5. Admission(s) of administrative conviction of any act while employed as a peace officer (including military police officers) involving lying, falsification of any official report or document, or theft
  - 6. Admission(s) of any act of domestic violence as defined by law, committed as an adult
  - 7. Admission(s) of any criminal act, whether misdemeanor or felony, committed against children including but not limited to: molesting children, child abduction,

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child abuse, lewd and lascivious acts with a child, or indecent exposure. Acts of consensual unlawful intercourse accomplished between two minors shall not be included, unless more than three years difference in age existed at the time of the acts

8. Any history of actions resulting in civil lawsuits against the applicant or his/her employer may be disqualifying

#### 1000.3.4 DEPENDABILITY

- (a) A record of submitting reports on time and not malingering on calls
- (b) A record of being motivated to perform well
- (c) A record of dependability and follow through on assignments
- (d) A history of taking the extra effort required for complete accuracy in all details of work
- (e) A willingness to work the hours needed to complete a job
- (f) The following may be disqualifying:
  1. Missing any scheduled appointment during the process without prior permission
  2. Having been disciplined by any employer (including military) as an adult for abuse of leave, gross insubordination, dereliction of duty or persistent failure to follow established policies and regulations
  3. Having been involuntarily dismissed (for any reason other than lay-off) from two or more employers as an adult
  4. Having a work history that indicates an inability to maintain a long-term relationship with an employer or to establish and work toward achieving long-term goals
  5. For officer applicants having undergone personal bankruptcy more than once; having current financial obligations for which legal judgments have not been satisfied; currently having wages garnished; or any other history of financial instability. The credit history of an applicant or employee shall not be used or obtained as part of an employment decision, including hiring, discharge, promotion or demotion, unless the position qualifies as a public safety officer as defined in OAR 839-005-0075 (ORS 659A.320).
  6. Resigning from any paid position without notice may be disqualifying, except where the presence of a hostile work environment is alleged
  7. Having any outstanding warrant of arrest at the time of the application

#### 1000.3.5 LEARNING ABILITY

- (a) The ability to comprehend and retain information

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- (b) The ability to recall information pertaining to laws, statutes, codes, etc.
- (c) The ability to learn and to apply what is learned
- (d) The ability to learn and apply the material, tactics and procedures that are required of a law enforcement officer
- (e) The following may be disqualifying:
  - 1. Being under current academic dismissal from any college or university where such dismissal is still in effect and was initiated within the past two years prior to the date of application
  - 2. Having been academically dismissed from any DPSST certified basic law enforcement academy wherein no demonstrated effort has been made to improve in the deficient areas, except: subsequent successful completion of another DPSST basic law enforcement academy shall rescind this requirement

#### 1000.3.6 PERSONAL SENSITIVITY

- (a) The ability to resolve problems in a way that shows sensitivity for the feelings of others.
- (b) Empathy
- (c) Discretion, not enforcing the law blindly
- (d) Effectiveness in dealing with people without arousing antagonism
- (e) The ability to understand the motives of people and how they will react and interact
- (f) The following may be disqualifying:
  - 1. Having been disciplined by any employer (including the military and/or any law enforcement training facility) for acts constituting racial, ethnic or sexual harassment or discrimination
  - 2. Uttering any epithet derogatory of another person's race, religion, gender, national origin or sexual orientation
  - 3. Having been disciplined by any employer as an adult for fighting in the workplace

#### 1000.3.7 JUDGMENT UNDER PRESSURE

- (a) The ability to apply common sense during pressure situations
- (b) The ability to make sound decisions on the spot
- (c) The ability to use good judgment in dealing with potentially explosive situations
- (d) The ability to make effective, logical decisions under pressure
- (e) The following may be disqualifying:

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1. Admission(s) of administrative conviction or criminal convictions for any act amounting to assault under color of authority or any other violation of federal or state Civil Rights laws
2. Any admission(s) of administrative conviction or criminal conviction for failure to properly report witnessed criminal conduct committed by another law enforcement officer

#### 1000.3.8 ILLEGAL USE OR POSSESSION OF DRUGS

- (a) The following examples of illegal drug use or possession will be considered automatic disqualifiers for public safety applicants, with no exceptions:
1. Any adult use or possession of a drug classified as a hallucinogenic within seven years prior to application for employment
  2. Any adult use or possession of marijuana within one year prior to application for employment
  3. Any other illegal adult use or possession of a drug not mentioned above (including cocaine) within three years prior to application for employment
  4. Any illegal adult use or possession of a drug while employed in any law enforcement capacity, military police, or as a student enrolled in college-accredited courses related to the criminal justice field
  5. Any adult manufacture or cultivation of a drug or illegal substance
  6. Failure to divulge to the Department any information about personal illegal use or possession of drugs
  7. Any drug test of the applicant, during the course of the hiring process, where illegal drugs are detected
- (b) The following examples of illegal drug use or possession will be considered in relationship to the overall background of that individual and may result in disqualification:
1. Any illegal use or possession of a drug as a juvenile
  2. Any illegal adult use or possession of a drug that does not meet the criteria of the automatic disqualifiers specified above (e.g., marijuana use longer than one year ago or cocaine use longer than three years ago.)
  3. Any illegal or unauthorized use of prescription medications

# Promotional and Temporary Duty Assignment (TDY) Policy

## 1001.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish required and desirable qualifications for promotion or Temporary Duty Assignments (TDY) within the ranks of the Roseburg Police Department and the processes to be followed.

### 1001.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Promotion** - Advancement as a result of selection for a permanent position identified by a separate job description and a separate and higher pay range than the position previously held.

**Temporary Duty Assignment (TDY)** - Temporary Duty Assignments are those assignments that are meant to provide job enrichment and career development opportunities in specialized areas of law enforcement. A TDY may include assignment to a different shift, work assignment or duty station. Although the duration of the assignment may vary, it is considered to be temporary and subject to change at the discretion of the Chief of Police at any time and for any reason. The applicability of premium pay to a particular assignment based on special skills or hazardous duty does not alter the temporary nature of the assignment and does not constitute a promotion.

### 1001.1.2 TEMPORARY DUTY ASSIGNMENTS (TDY)

Employees who are selected to fill these assignments are ultimately appointed by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander. The normal length of tour for an employee in a TDY position is approximately three (3) years, at which time the employee rotates out of the TDY position and back to their original position unless assigned or directed otherwise.

The Chief of Police or his designee may extend a TDY assignment. An employee assigned to a TDY position may also be removed from the TDY assignment and reassigned to fit the needs of the department at any time as deemed necessary by the Chief of Police or designee.

The following positions are considered TDY and are not considered promotions:

- (a) Detective
- (b) Motor Officer
- (c) Field Training Officer (FTO)
- (d) School Resource Officer (SRO)
- (e) K9 Handler
- (f) Homeless Liaison Officer

## 1001.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The following considerations may be used in evaluating employees for promotion or TDY assignment:



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- (a) Present a professional, neat appearance.
- (b) Maintain a physical condition which aids in their performance.
- (c) Demonstrate the following traits:
  - 1. Emotional stability and maturity.
  - 2. Stress tolerance
  - 3. Sound judgment and decision-making.
  - 4. Personal integrity and ethical conduct.
  - 5. Leadership
  - 6. Initiative
  - 7. Adaptability and flexibility.
  - 8. Ability to conform to organizational goals and objectives in a positive manner.
  - 9. Commitment to customer service

#### **1001.2.1 DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS**

The following qualifications may apply to consideration for TDY:

- (a) Two years experience
- (b) Off probation
- (c) Has shown an expressed interest in the position applied for
- (d) Education, training and demonstrated abilities in related areas; such as, enforcement activities, investigative techniques, report writing, public relations, etc.
- (e) Complete any training required by the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training or law

#### **1001.3 SELECTION PROCESS**

The following criteria may apply to TDY:

- (a) Administrative evaluation as determined by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander. This may include a review of supervisor recommendations. Each supervisor who has supervised or otherwise been involved with the candidate will submit these recommendations upon the request of the Chief or Operations Commander.
- (b) Appointment by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander

The policy and procedures for all positions may be waived for temporary assignments, emergency situations or for training.

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### **1001.4 PROMOTIONAL SELECTION PROCESS**

Promotions may be determined in accordance with the following procedures and / or appointment by the Chief of Police:

- (a) Administrative evaluation as determined by the Chief of Police.
- (b) The selection process may include any of the following components depending on the position being filled, the job requirements and the skills needing to be evaluated:
  - 1. Written exam
  - 2. Oral Board
  - 3. Specific skill testing
  - 4. Assessment Center
  - 5. Interview with the Chief of Police
  - 6. Appointment by Chief
- 7. Management Team evaluation and / or input

## Grievance Procedure

### 1002.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of this department that all grievances be handled quickly and fairly without discrimination against employees who file a grievance whether or not there is a basis for the grievance. This department's philosophy is to promote a free verbal communication between employees and supervisors.

#### 1002.1.1 GRIEVANCE DEFINED

For the purposes of this procedure a grievance is any difference of opinion concerning terms or conditions of employment, or a dispute involving the interpretation or application of any Department policies or City rules and regulations covering personnel practices or working conditions, by the affected person(s).

Grievances may be brought by an individual affected employee or by a group representative.

### 1002.2 PROCEDURE

If an employee believes that he or she has a grievance as defined above, then that employee shall observe the following procedure:

Refer to current RPEA contract.

The Chief of Police will receive the grievance in writing. The Chief of Police and the City Manager will review and analyze the facts or allegations and respond to the employee within 10 calendar days. The response will be in writing, and will affirm or deny the allegations. The response shall include any remedies if appropriate.

### 1002.3 EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATION

Employees are entitled to have representation during the grievance process. The representative may be selected by the employee from the appropriate employee bargaining group.

### 1002.4 GRIEVANCE RECORDS

At the conclusion of the grievance process, documents pertaining to the process will be maintained by the Human Resources office.

## Anti-Retaliation

### 1003.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy prohibits retaliation against members who identify workplace issues, such as fraud, waste, abuse of authority, gross mismanagement or any inappropriate conduct or practices, including violations that may pose a threat to the health, safety or well-being of members.

This policy does not prohibit actions taken for nondiscriminatory or non-retaliatory reasons, such as discipline for cause.

These guidelines are intended to supplement and not limit members' access to other applicable remedies. Nothing in this policy shall diminish the rights or remedies of a member pursuant to any applicable federal law, provision of the U.S. Constitution, law, ordinance or collective bargaining agreement.

### 1003.2 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department has a zero tolerance for retaliation and is committed to taking reasonable steps to protect from retaliation members who, in good faith, engage in permitted behavior or who report or participate in the reporting or investigation of workplace issues. All complaints of retaliation will be taken seriously and will be promptly and appropriately investigated.

### 1003.3 COMPLAINTS OF RETALIATION

Any member who feels he/she has been retaliated against in violation of this policy should promptly report the matter to any supervisor, command staff member, Chief of Police or the City HR Director.

Members shall act in good faith, not engage in unwarranted reporting of trivial or minor deviations or transgressions, and make reasonable efforts to verify facts before making any complaint in order to avoid baseless allegations. Members shall not report or state an intention to report information or an allegation knowing it to be false, with willful or reckless disregard for the truth or falsity of the information or otherwise act in bad faith.

Investigations are generally more effective when the identity of the reporting member is known, thereby allowing investigators to obtain additional information from the reporting member. However, complaints may be made anonymously. All reasonable efforts shall be made to protect the reporting member's identity. However, confidential information may be disclosed to the extent required by law or to the degree necessary to conduct an adequate investigation and make a determination regarding a complaint. In some situations, the investigative process may not be complete unless the source of the information and a statement by the member is part of the investigative process.

### 1003.4 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Supervisors are expected to remain familiar with this policy and ensure that members under their command are aware of its provisions.

The responsibilities of supervisors may include, but are not limited to:

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- (a) Ensuring complaints of retaliation are investigated as provided in the Personnel Complaints Policy.
- (b) Receiving all complaints in a fair and impartial manner.
- (c) Documenting the complaint and any steps taken to resolve the problem.
- (d) Acknowledging receipt of the complaint, notifying the Chief of Police via the chain of command and explaining to the member how the complaint will be handled.
- (e) Taking appropriate and reasonable steps to mitigate any further violations of this policy.
- (f) Monitoring the work environment to ensure that any member making a complaint is not subjected to further retaliation.
- (g) Periodic follow-up with the complainant to ensure that retaliation is not continuing.
- (h) Not interfering with or denying the right of a member to make any complaint.
- (i) Consider requests for assignment or schedule changes made by a member who may be the target of retaliation if it would likely mitigate the potential for further violations of this policy.

#### **1003.5 COMMAND STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES**

Command staff shall treat all complaints as serious matters and shall ensure that prompt actions take place, including but not limited to:

- (a) The timely review of complaint investigations.
- (b) Remediation of any inappropriate conduct or condition and instituting measures to eliminate or minimize the likelihood of recurrence if appropriate.
- (c) The timely communication of the outcome to the complainant.

#### **1003.6 WHISTLE-BLOWING**

Oregon law protects employees who disclose or threaten to disclose information that the employee reasonably believes is evidence of (ORS 659A.203):

- (a) A violation of federal, state, or local law, rule, or regulation.
- (b) Mismanagement, gross waste of funds, abuse of authority, or substantial and specific danger to public health and safety.
- (c) A person who is receiving public assistance is subject to a felony or misdemeanor warrant.

Employees are encouraged to report such violations or disclosures of information through the chain of command (ORS 659A.221; ORS 654.062).

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Members who believe they have been the subject of retaliation for engaging in such protected behaviors should promptly report it to a supervisor. Supervisors should refer the complaint to the appropriate supervisor for investigation pursuant to the Personnel Complaints Policy.

# Reporting of Arrests, Convictions, and Court Orders

## 1004.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to describe the notification requirements and procedures that members must follow when certain arrests, convictions, and court orders restrict their ability to perform the official duties and responsibilities of the Roseburg Police Department. This policy will also describe the notification requirements and procedures that certain retired officers must follow when an arrest, conviction, or court order disqualifies them from possessing a firearm.

## 1004.2 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CONVICTIONS AND RESTRAINING ORDERS

Oregon and federal law prohibit individuals convicted of certain offenses and individuals subject to certain court orders from lawfully possessing a firearm. Such convictions and court orders often involve allegations of the use or attempted use of force or threatened use of a weapon on any individual in a domestic relationship (e.g., spouse, cohabitant, parent, child) (18 USC § 922; ORS 107.095(5); ORS 166.255; ORS 166.270; ORS 166.527).

All members are responsible for ensuring that they have not been disqualified from possessing a firearm by any such conviction or court order and shall promptly report any such conviction or court order to a supervisor, as provided in this policy.

## 1004.3 OTHER CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS AND COURT ORDERS

OAR 259-008-0300 prohibits any person convicted of a felony and certain other crimes from being a peace officer in the State of Oregon. This prohibition applies regardless of whether the guilt was established by way of a verdict, guilty, or nolo contendere plea.

Convictions of certain violations of the Vehicle Code and other provisions of law may also place restrictions on an employee's ability to fully perform the duties of the job.

While legal restrictions may or may not be imposed by statute or by the courts upon conviction of any criminal offense, criminal conduct by members of this department may be inherently in conflict with law enforcement duties and the public trust, and shall be reported as provided in this policy.

## 1004.4 REPORTING

All members and all retired officers with identification cards issued by the Department shall promptly notify their immediate supervisor (or the Chief of Police in the case of retired officers) in writing of any past or current criminal detention, arrest, charge, or conviction in any state or foreign country, regardless of whether the matter was dropped or rejected, is currently pending, or is on appeal, and regardless of the penalty or sentence, if any.

All members and all retired officers with identification cards issued by the Department shall further promptly notify their immediate supervisor (or the Chief of Police in the case of retired officers) in writing if they become the subject of a domestic violence restraining order or any court order

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that prevents the member or retired officer from possessing a firearm or requires suspension or revocation of applicable DPSST certification.

Any member whose criminal arrest, conviction, or court order restricts or prohibits that member from fully and properly performing his/her duties, including carrying a firearm, may be disciplined. This includes but is not limited to being placed on administrative leave, reassignment, and/or termination. Any effort to remove such disqualification or restriction shall remain entirely the responsibility of the member, on his/her own time and at his/her own expense.

Any member failing to provide prompt written notice pursuant to this policy shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination.

Retired officers may have their identification cards rescinded or modified, as may be appropriate (see the Retiree Concealed Firearms Policy).

#### **1004.5 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC STANDARDS AND TRAINING (DPSST) NOTIFICATION**

An officer or dispatcher who is arrested or who receives a criminal citation to appear, or its equivalent, shall notify DPSST in writing within five business days of the following (OAR 259-008-0010; OAR 259-008-0011):

- (a) The date of the arrest or citation
- (b) The location of the arrest or citation
- (c) The reason for the arrest or citation
- (d) The arresting or citing agency

#### **1004.6 POLICY**

The Roseburg Police Department requires disclosure of member arrests, convictions, and certain court orders to maintain the high standards, ethics, and integrity in its workforce, and to ensure compatibility with the duties and responsibilities of the Department.



## Drug and Alcohol Use

### 1005.1 DRUG AND ALCOHOL USE

The purpose of this policy is to establish clear and uniform guidelines regarding drug and alcohol use.

### 1005.2 GENERAL GUIDELINES

The Roseburg Police Department recognizes that the use of drugs, alcohol, and other impairing substances which adversely affect job performance may constitute a serious threat to the health and safety of the public, fellow officers and to efficient operation of the department. Such use shall not be tolerated (41 USC § 8103).

Members who have consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage or taken any medication, or combination thereof, that would tend to adversely affect their mental or physical abilities shall not report for duty. Affected members shall notify the Watch Commander or appropriate supervisor as soon as the member is aware that he/she will not be able to report to work. If the member is unable to make the notification, every effort should be made to have a representative contact the supervisor in a timely manner. If the member is adversely affected while on-duty, he/she shall be immediately removed and released from work.

### 1005.3 DEFINITIONS

**Drugs and Alcohol** - For the purposes of this policy, drugs, prescription medications, alcohol and other impairing substances will all be defined as intoxicants and or controlled substances, excluding any substance lawfully prescribed for the employee's use.

**Drug Alcohol Test** - The compulsory production and submission of urine, breath, or blood by an employee in accordance with procedures contained herein for chemical analysis to detect prohibited drug and/or alcohol use.

**Reasonable Suspicion** - Reasonable suspicion shall be as defined by Oregon Law.

**Under the Influence** - For purposes of this policy, an individual is considered to be "under the influence" of intoxicants and or controlled substance when a detectable amount is found in the individuals's body.

### 1005.4 PROHIBITED CONDUCT

Except as authorized by department policy for job-related reasons, the following conduct is strictly prohibited and may subject an employee to immediate discipline, up to termination:

1. The unlawful buying, selling, transportation, possession, manufacturing, harvesting, providing, or use of intoxicants, controlled substances, or prescription drugs;
2. Failure to report use of prescribed medication, controlled substance(s) and over the counter drugs;

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3. Failure to notify their supervisor if a controlled substance is unintentionally ingested, or if the employee is made to ingest a controlled substance, so that appropriate medical steps may be taken to ensure the employee's health and safety;
4. Reporting for normally assigned work with a detectable odor of alcohol on the breath; any detectable amount of alcohol in the body which results from the consumption of intoxicants; or when an employee has a detectable amount of any controlled substance which may impair the ability to safely and effectively perform assigned work.
5. This excludes any substance lawfully prescribed for the employee's use unless the employee should use a prescribed substance in an unauthorized manner or under false or fraudulent pretenses.
6. In the event that the department wishes to call out an employee to perform additional duties and the employee has consumed intoxicants, the employee will notify his or her supervisor as to the amount of intoxicants the employee has consumed and the supervisor will decide whether or not the employee will be called out to perform additional duties.
7. Medical marijuana (see Medical Marijuana section).

#### **1005.5 PRECONDITIONS TO DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING**

Before any employee may be tested for drugs, alcohol, and other impairing substances, the department shall select a certified laboratory(s) that can demonstrate experience and capability of quality control, documentation, chain of custody, technical expertise, and demonstrated proficiency in urine and blood analysis.

#### **1005.6 GROUNDS FOR TESTING**

1. Random testing of any kind is prohibited.
2. Employees may be required to submit to drug or alcohol testing if reasonable suspicion exists that there is a violation of this policy.
3. The department may test for those commonly used drugs it reasonably suspects an employee may have consumed.
4. The employee discharges a firearm, other than by accident, in the performance of his/her duties.
5. During the performance of his/her duties, the employee drives a motor vehicle and becomes involved in an accident that results in bodily injury to him/herself or another person or substantial damage to property.

#### **1005.7 TESTING MECHANISMS**

The following testing mechanisms performed on members of the department shall be used for detecting intoxicants or controlled substances:

1. Any urine screening shall be performed by the use of Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS). If at any time a test exists with a higher rate of reliability than the GC/MS Test, such test shall be used in place of the GC/MS Test.

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2. Alcohol testing may include standard field impairment tests, breath test and/or standard laboratory blood alcohol analysis tests.

#### **1005.8 PROCEDURE USED WHEN A URINE SAMPLE IS GIVEN**

The following procedure shall be used whenever an employee is requested to give a urine sample:

1. Prior to testing, the employee will be required to list all prescribed medications, controlled substances, and/or over the counter medication currently being used. Forms for this purpose will be supplied by the testing facility. Prescribed medications or controlled substances listed must be substantiated by written communication from the attending physician.

2. The test shall be administered in such a manner as to protect the authenticity and reliability of the sample and privacy of the individual.

3. Immediately after the sample is given, it will be divided into two (2) equal parts. Each of the two (2) portions of the sample will be separately sealed, labeled, and stored in a secure and refrigerated atmosphere. One of the samples will then be sent or delivered to the department's designated testing laboratory. The other sample will be held at the testing facility for the employee until the employee either instructs that it be sent to their designated lab or destroyed.

4. The sample will first be tested using the screening procedure previously set forth.

5. If the test is positive for the presence of any intoxicants or controlled substances, the employee will be notified of the positive results within twenty-four (24) hours after the department learns of the results and will be provided with copies of all documents pertinent to the test (sent to or from the department by the laboratory). The employee will then have the option (at his or her own expense) of having the untested sample submitted to a laboratory of the employee's own choosing which meets the standards previously specified.

6. Each step in the collecting and processing of the urine specimens shall be documented to establish procedural integrity and chain of custody.

#### **1005.9 CONSEQUENCES OF POSITIVE TEST RESULTS**

An employee may be subject to disciplinary action if he/she:

- (a) Fails or refuses to submit to a screening test as requested.
- (b) After taking a screening test that indicates the presence of a controlled or prescribed substance, fails to provide proof, within 72 hours after being requested, that he/she took the controlled or prescribed substance as directed, pursuant to a current and lawful prescription issued in his/her name.
- (c) Violates any provisions of this policy

An employee who has tested positive for the presence of intoxicants or controlled substances pursuant to this policy, may be referred to the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) or to other drug, alcohol, and other impairing substances assessment/resource treatment centers.

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An employee's compliance or noncompliance in participating in the Employee Assistance Program or in any other drug or alcohol assistance treatment will be considered in determining what, if any, disciplinary action may be taken.

An employee who tests positive may be subject to unannounced testing or support services after treatment for two (2) years following the positive test. If the employee violates the terms of agreed treatment, or again tests positive during such a period, he/she shall be subject to immediate discipline that may include discharge.

#### **1005.10 INTERFERENCE WITH POLICY**

Any activity which purposely interferes with this substance abuse policy will be grounds for disciplinary action which may include discharge. Examples include, but are not limited to, the following: tainting, tampering, or substitution of blood or urine samples; falsifying information regarding the use of prescribed medications or controlled substances; failure to cooperate with any tests outlined in this policy to determine the presence of intoxicants or controlled substances, and failure to cooperate with any searches.

#### **1005.11 SEARCHES**

For administration of this policy, the department may upon reasonable suspicion, conduct searches on department property of employees and/or assigned department property and/or their personal property, excluding personal vehicles parked on City property. An employee has the right to request an Association representative be present during the search so long as the search is not unreasonably delayed by accommodating this provision. A refusal to submit to a search may result in disciplinary action. This provision is not intended to restrict the department's right to conduct administrative searches of assigned department property for other purposes or searches related to any criminal investigation.

#### **1005.12 USE OF MEDICATIONS**

Members should avoid taking any medications that will impair their ability to safely and completely perform their duties. Any member who is medically required or has a need to take any such medication shall report that need to his/her immediate supervisor prior to commencing any on-duty status.

No member shall be permitted to work or drive a vehicle owned or leased by the Department while taking any medication that has the potential to impair his/her abilities, without a written release from his/her physician.

#### **Over the Counter Medications:**

With the exception of medical marijuana, nothing in this rule is intended to prohibit the use of a drug taken under supervision by a licensed health care professional, where its use does not present a safety hazard or otherwise adversely impact an employee's performance or city operations.

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#### *Drug and Alcohol Use*

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There will be no discipline to an employee who reports the use of an over the counter medication to his/her supervisor which the employee feels may affect his/her assigned duties. Failure to report the use of an over the counter medication which the employee feels may affect his or her ability to safely perform assigned duties, may subject the employee to disciplinary action.

#### **Prescription Medications:**

With the exception of medical marijuana, nothing in this rule is intended to prohibit the use of a drug taken under supervision by a licensed health care professional, where its use does not present a safety hazard or otherwise adversely impact an employee's performance or city operations.

The use of marijuana, which is a controlled substance under federal law, is expressly prohibited under this policy, even if its medical use is authorized under state law.

An employee utilizing any prescribed medications, or controlled or impairing substances that may affect their ability to safely perform assigned duties must immediately report this treatment to their supervisor. The proper use of medications or controlled substances as part of a prescribed medical treatment program is not grounds for disciplinary action. Failure to report the use of a prescribed medication or controlled substance which the employee has been informed may affect their abilities to safely perform assigned duties, may subject an employee to disciplinary action. In the event there is a question regarding an employee's ability to safely perform assigned duties, clearance from the employee's physician will be required.

#### **1005.13 MEDICAL MARIJUANA**

Use of marijuana, including medical marijuana, on or off duty, is prohibited and may lead to disciplinary action.

Additionally, employees are prohibited from:

- a. Being a Medical Marijuana patient; or
- b. Being Medical Marijuana caregivers; or
- c. Being Medical Marijuana registered growers; or
- d. Maintaining or providing a Medical Marijuana grow site.

#### **1005.14 EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (EAP)**

Voluntary employee assistance program(s) may be available to assist those who wish to seek help for alcohol and drug problems (41 USC § 8103). Insurance coverage that provides treatment for drug and alcohol abuse also may be available. Employees should contact the Department of Human Resources, their insurance providers or the employee assistance program for additional information. It is the responsibility of each employee to seek assistance before alcohol or drug problems lead to performance problems.

## Sick Leave

### 1006.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides general guidance regarding the use and processing of sick leave. The accrual and terms of use of sick leave for eligible employees are detailed in the City personnel manual or applicable collective bargaining agreement (ORS 653.606; ORS 653.611).

This policy is not intended to cover all types of sick or other leaves. For example, employees may be entitled to additional paid or unpaid leave for certain family and medical reasons as provided for in the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) and the Oregon Family Leave Act, or leave related to protections because of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking (29 USC § 2601 et seq.; ORS 659A.150 et seq.; ORS 659A.270 et seq.).

### 1006.2 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

Sick leave may be used for absences caused by illness, injury, temporary disability (including pregnancy/maternity), or for medical, dental or vision exams or medical treatment of the employee or the employee's immediate family when it is not possible to schedule such appointments during non-working hours.

Sick leave is not considered vacation, and abuse of sick leave may result in discipline and/or denial of sick-leave benefits. Employees on sick leave shall not engage in other employment or self-employment, or participate in any sport, hobby, recreational or other activity which may impede recovery from the injury or illness.

#### 1006.2.1 NOTIFICATION

Employees are encouraged to notify the Watch Commander or appropriate supervisor as soon as they are aware that they will not be able to report to work. At a minimum, employees shall make such notification no less than one hour before the start of their scheduled shift. If an employee is unable to contact the supervisor in the case of an emergency, every effort should be made to have a representative contact the supervisor.

When the necessity for leave is foreseeable, such as an expected birth or planned medical treatment, the employee shall, whenever possible, provide the Department with no less than 30-days notice of the intent to take leave.

### 1006.3 EXTENDED ILLNESS

The City may require an employee to furnish a statement from a doctor or health care professional or provide other acceptable verification of the reason for use of sick leave as a condition to payment of sick leave benefits whenever an employee's absence exceeds three consecutive workdays or whenever the City has a reasonable concern (e.g. questionable patterns of usage) regarding the employee's use of sick leave benefits.

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#### **1006.4 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

Supervisors should monitor sick leave usage and regularly review the attendance of employees under their command to ensure that the use of sick leave is consistent with this policy. Supervisors should address sick-leave use in the employee's performance evaluation when it has negatively affected the employee's performance or ability to complete assigned duties, and when unusual amounts of sick leave by the employee has had a negative impact on department operations. When appropriate, supervisors should counsel employees regarding the excessive use of sick leave and should consider referring the employee to the Employee Assistance Program.

## Communicable Diseases

### 1007.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides general guidelines to assist in minimizing the risk of department members contracting and/or spreading communicable diseases.

### 1007.2 PROCEDURES FOR CONTACT WITH BLOOD OR BODY FLUIDS

All department personnel who may be involved in providing emergency medical care, or who come in contact with another person's blood or body fluids (e.g., during an altercation or while attending to any injured person), shall follow these procedures and guidelines.

#### 1007.2.1 EXPOSURE CONTROL OFFICER

The Chief of Police will assign a person as the department's Exposure Control Officer (ECO). The ECO shall be responsible for the following:

- (a) The overall management of the bloodborne pathogen Exposure Control Plan (ECP) to include the applicable duties, responsibilities and/or safeguards required by 29 CFR 1910.1030 and OAR 437-002-0360.
- (b) Working with management to develop and administer any additional related policies and practices necessary to support the effective implementation of this plan and remain current on all legal requirements concerning bloodborne pathogens and other communicable diseases.
- (c) Acting as a liaison during OSHA inspections.
- (d) Maintaining an up-to-date list of required training, developing and implementing a training program, maintaining class rosters and quizzes, and periodically reviewing the training program.

Department supervisors are responsible for exposure control in their respective areas. They shall work directly with the ECO and the affected employees to ensure that the proper exposure control procedures are followed.

#### 1007.2.2 UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS

All human blood and body fluids such as saliva, urine, semen, and vaginal secretions are to be treated as if they are known to be infectious. Where it is not possible to distinguish between body fluid types, all body fluids are to be assumed potentially infectious.

#### 1007.2.3 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal protective equipment is the last line of defense against communicable disease. Therefore, the following equipment is provided for all personnel to assist in the protection against such exposures:

- Not less than two pair disposable latex gloves (Keeping a box in the car recommended)



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- Safety glasses or goggles.
- Rescue mask with a one-way valve.
- Alcohol (or similar substance) to flush skin at emergency site. (Keeping several alcohol hand wipes in the car recommend).

The protective equipment is to be kept in each police vehicle; inspected at the start of each shift and replaced immediately upon returning to the station if used or damaged during the shift, or as otherwise needed.

#### 1007.2.4 IMMUNIZATIONS

All department personnel who, in the line of duty, may be exposed to or have contact with a communicable disease shall be offered immunization, if a vaccine for the specific disease exposure is available and medically appropriate. Such preventive immunization shall be offered at no cost to the employee (ORS 433.407 and ORS 433.416).

Coordination and approval of immunizations under this policy shall be the responsibility of the Exposure Control Officer and / or HR Manager.

#### 1007.2.5 WORK PRACTICES

All personnel shall use the appropriate barrier precautions to prevent skin and mucous membrane exposure whenever contact with blood or body fluid is anticipated.

Disposable gloves should be worn on all medical emergency responses. Disposable gloves should be worn before making physical contact with any patient and/or when handling items (e.g., evidence, transportation vehicle) soiled with blood or other body fluids. Should one's disposable gloves become contaminated with blood or other body fluids, the gloves shall be disposed of as contaminated waste. Care should be taken to avoid touching other items (e.g., pens, books, and personal items in general) while wearing the disposable gloves in a potentially contaminated environment.

All procedures involving blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be done in a way to minimize splashing, spraying, or otherwise generating droplets of those materials.

Eating, drinking, smoking, applying lip balm, and handling contact lenses shall be prohibited in areas where a potential for an exposure exists.

#### **1007.3 EXPOSURE CONTROL OFFICER**

The Chief of Police will assign a person as the Exposure Control Officer (ECO). The ECO shall develop an exposure control plan that includes:

- (a) Exposure-prevention and decontamination procedures.
- (b) Procedures for when and how to obtain medical attention in the event of an exposure or suspected exposure.

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- (c) The provision that department members will have no-cost access to the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g., gloves, face masks, eye protection, pocket masks) for each member's position and risk of exposure.
- (d) Evaluation of persons in custody for any exposure risk and measures to separate them.
- (e) Compliance with all relevant laws or regulations related to communicable diseases, including:
  1. Complying with the Oregon Safe Employment Act (ORS 654.001 et seq.).
  2. Responding to requests and notifications regarding exposures covered under the Ryan White law (42 USC § 300ff-133; 42 USC § 300ff-136).
  3. Exposure control mandates in 29 CFR 1910.1030 including bloodborne pathogen precautions (OAR 437-002-0360).

The ECO should also act as the liaison with the Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division (OR-OSHA) and may request voluntary compliance inspections. The ECO should annually review and update the exposure control plan and review implementation of the plan.

#### 1007.3.1 USE OF WASTE CONTAINERS

Officers shall dispose of biohazard with the on-scene fire response vehicle, or at the attending clinic/hospital with their approval, or in an appropriately marked biohazard waste container at the station immediately upon arrival.

The biohazard waste container located at the station shall be collapsible, leak-proof, red in color or appropriately labeled with a biohazard warning and routinely emptied.

#### 1007.3.2 DECONTAMINATION OF SKIN AND MUCOUS MEMBRANES

Personnel shall wash their hands immediately (on-scene if possible), or as soon as possible following the removal of potentially contaminated gloves. Antibacterial soap and warm water or an approved disinfectant shall be used to wash one's hands, paying particular attention to the fingernails.

If an employee's intact skin contacts someone else's blood or bodily fluids or other potentially infectious materials, the employee shall immediately wash the exposed part of his/her body with soap and warm water and/or an approved disinfectant, as soon as possible. If the skin becomes grossly contaminated, body washing shall be followed by an approved hospital strength disinfectant. If large areas of the employee's skin are contaminated, the employee shall shower as soon as possible, using warm water and soap and/or an approved disinfectant. Medical treatment should be obtained if necessary.

Contaminated nonintact skin (e.g., injured skin, open wound) shall be cleaned using an approved disinfectant and then dressed or bandaged as required. Medical treatment may be required.

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##### 1007.3.3 SHARPS AND ITEMS THAT CUT OR PUNCTURE

All personnel shall avoid using or holding sharps (needles) unless needed to do so while assisting a paramedic, or collecting them for evidence. Unless required for evidentiary reasons related to evidence preservation, employees are not to recap sharps. If recapping is necessary, a one-handed method shall be employed to avoid a finger prick. Disposal, when practicable, shall be into a puncture proof biohazard container.

All sharps and items that cut or puncture (e.g., broken glass, razors, and knives) shall be treated cautiously to avoid cutting, stabbing, or puncturing one's self or any other person. In addition, if a sharp object contains known or suspected blood or other bodily fluids, that item is to be treated as a contaminated item. If the item is not evidence, touching it with the hands shall be avoided. Rather, use a device such as tongs, or a broom and a dustpan to cleanup debris. If the material must be hand held, protective gloves must be worn.

##### 1007.3.4 DISPOSABLE PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Contaminated disposable supplies (gloves, dressings, CPR mask) shall be transported with the patient or suspect in the ambulance or police vehicle. The waste material shall then be disposed of in a biohazard waste container at the hospital or police station. Disposable gloves are to be worn while placing the waste into the waste biohazard container, placing the gloves in with the waste when through.

##### 1007.3.5 DECONTAMINATION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

After using any reusable personal protective equipment, it shall be washed or disinfected and stored appropriately. If the personal protective equipment is non-reusable (e.g., disposable gloves), it shall be discarded in a biohazard waste container as described in [Policy Manual § 1016.34](#).

Any personal protective equipment that becomes punctured, torn, or loses its integrity, shall be removed as soon as feasible.

Contaminated reusable personal protective equipment that must be transported prior to cleaning it shall be placed into a biohazard waste bag and transported in the ambulance, paramedic truck or police vehicle. Gloves shall be worn while handling the biohazard waste bag and during placement into the biohazard waste container, and then included in with the waste.

##### 1007.3.6 DECONTAMINATION OF NON-DISPOSABLE EQUIPMENT

Contaminated non-disposable equipment (e.g., flashlight, gun, baton, clothing, portable radio) shall be decontaminated as soon as possible. If it is to be transported, it shall be done by first placing it into a biohazard waste bag.

Grossly contaminated non-disposable equipment items shall be transported to a hospital, fire station, or police station for proper cleaning and disinfecting. Porous surfaces such as nylon bags and straps should be brushed and scrubbed with a detergent and hot water, laundered and allowed to dry. Non-porous surfaces (e.g., plastic or metal) should be brushed and scrubbed with detergent and hot water, sprayed with a bleach solution, rinsed, and allowed to dry. Delicate equipment

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(e.g., radios) should be brushed and scrubbed very carefully using a minimal amount of a type of germicide that is approved by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) .

While cleaning equipment, pay close attention to handles, controls, portable radios, and corners (tight spots).

Contaminated equipment should be cleaned using an approved EPA germicide or a 1:100 solution of chlorine bleach (one-quarter-cup of bleach per one gallon of water) while wearing disposable gloves and goggles. Large particles of contaminants such as, vomit, feces, blood clots, etc. should first be removed (using a disposable towel or other means to prevent direct contact) and properly disposed of.

#### 1007.3.7 DECONTAMINATION OF CLOTHING

Contaminated clothing such as uniforms and undergarments should be removed as soon as feasible and rinsed in cold water to prevent the setting of bloodstains. If the clothing may be washed in soap and hot water, do so as soon as possible. If the clothing must be dry cleaned, place it into a biohazard waste bag. The ECO will secure a dry cleaner that is capable of cleaning contaminated clothing, and inform them of the potential contamination. This dry cleaning will be done at the Department's expense.

Contaminated leather boots shall be brushed and scrubbed with detergent and hot water. If the contaminant soaked through the boot, the boot shall be discarded.

#### 1007.3.8 DECONTAMINATION OF VEHICLES

Contaminated vehicles and components such as the seats, radios, and doors shall be washed with soap and warm water and disinfected with an approved germicide as soon as feasible.

### **1007.4 POST-EXPOSURE REPORTING AND FOLLOW-UP REQUIREMENTS**

In actual or suspected exposure incidents, proper documentation and follow-up action must occur to limit potential liabilities and ensure the best protection and care for the employee(s).

#### 1007.4.1 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

All members are expected to use good judgment and follow training and procedures related to mitigating the risks associated with communicable disease. This includes, but is not limited to (29 CFR 1910.1030; OAR 437-002-0360):

- (a) Stocking disposable gloves, antiseptic hand cleanser, CPR masks or other specialized equipment in the work area or department vehicles, as applicable.
- (b) Wearing department-approved disposable gloves when contact with blood, other potentially infectious materials, mucous membranes and non-intact skin can be reasonably anticipated.
- (c) Washing hands immediately or as soon as feasible after removal of gloves or other PPE.
- (d) Treating all human blood and bodily fluids/tissue as if it is known to be infectious for a communicable disease.

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- (e) Using an appropriate barrier device when providing CPR.
- (f) Using a face mask or shield if it is reasonable to anticipate an exposure to an airborne transmissible disease.
- (g) Decontaminating non-disposable equipment (e.g., flashlight, control devices, clothing and portable radio) as soon as possible if the equipment is a potential source of exposure.
  - 1. Clothing that has been contaminated by blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be removed immediately or as soon as feasible and stored/decontaminated appropriately.
- (h) Handling all sharps and items that cut or puncture (e.g., needles, broken glass, razors, knives) cautiously and using puncture-resistant containers for their storage and/or transportation.
- (i) Avoiding eating, drinking or smoking, applying cosmetics or lip balm, or handling contact lenses where there is a reasonable likelihood of exposure.
- (j) Disposing of biohazardous waste appropriately or labeling biohazardous material properly when it is stored.

#### 1007.4.2 IMMUNIZATIONS

Members who could be exposed to HBV due to their positions may receive the HBV vaccine and any routine booster at no cost (29 CFR 1910.1030; OAR 437-002-0360).

Other preventive, no-cost immunizations shall be provided to members who are at risk of contracting a communicable disease if such preventive immunization is available and is medically appropriate. A member shall not be required to be immunized unless such immunization is otherwise required by federal or state law, rule or regulation (ORS 433.416).

#### 1007.4.3 MEDICAL CONSULTATION, EVALUATION AND TREATMENT

Any employee who received exposure or suspected exposure should be seen by a physician (or qualified health care provider) as soon as possible.

When an officer in the performance of his/her official duties sustains a substantial BBP exposure, the ECO will seek to have the source person tested for HIV and Hepatitis B or C by causing the circuit court to be petitioned for an order compelling the testing. The petition must set forth the facts and circumstances of the contact and the reasons the officer and a medically trained person representing the officer, if available, believe the exposure was substantial and the testing would be appropriate. The officer should provide information sufficient to identify and locate, if possible, the alleged source (ORS 433.085(1)(2)).

If the ECO is unavailable to assist the officer with the completion of the petition and with follow-up attempts to seek testing of the person who was the source of the exposure, it is the responsibility of the exposed employee's supervisor to provide such assistance.

If the testing is ordered by the court, the results shall be made available to those persons authorized under ORS 433.045(4) and to the officer, the physician designated by the officer to

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receive the results, the Oregon Health Authority (OHA), the subject person and any physician designated by the subject person to receive the results (ORS 433.085(4)).

The health care professional should provide the ECO and/or the City's Risk Manager with a written opinion/evaluation of the exposed employee's situation. This opinion should only contain the following information:

- If an Hep B Virus (HBV) is indicated for the employee.
- If the employee received an HBV.
- Confirmation that the employee received the evaluation results.
- Confirmation that the employee was informed of any medical condition resulting from the exposure incident that will require further treatment or evaluation.
- Whether communicable disease testing of the person who was the source of the exposure is warranted, and, if so, what diseases should be included in testing.

All other findings or diagnosis shall remain confidential and are not to be included in the written report.

#### 1007.4.4 COUNSELING

The Department will make counseling and consultation available to the exposed employee (and his/her family if necessary).

#### 1007.4.5 CONFIDENTIALITY OF REPORTS

Most of the information involved in the process must remain confidential. The ECO shall ensure that all records and reports are kept in the strictest confidence.

The ECO shall be responsible for maintaining records containing the employee's HBV status and the results of examinations, medical testing and follow-up procedures that took place as a result of an exposure.

The Risk Manager shall be responsible for maintaining the name and social security number of the employee and copies of any information provided to the consulting health care professional as a result of an exposure.

This information is confidential and shall not be disclosed to anyone without the employee's written consent (except as required by law). Test results from persons who may have been the source of an exposure are to be kept confidential as well.

#### **1007.5 POST-EXPOSURE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURES**

Members who have been exposed to or contract a disease as a result of a duty-related event shall be treated according to existing health benefits, insurance coverage, and collective bargaining provisions. (OAR 839-006-0200 and ORS 659A.112).

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Members who test positive for HIV or HBV may continue working as long as they maintain acceptable performance and do not pose a safety and health threat to themselves, the public or other members of the Department.

- (a) The Roseburg Police Department shall make all decisions concerning the member's work status solely on the medical opinions and advice of the agency's health care officials.
- (b) The Roseburg Police Department may require a member to be examined by the department health care officials to determine if he/she is able to perform his/her duties without hazard to him/herself or others.
- (c) All members of the Roseburg Police Department agency shall treat employees who have contracted a communicable disease fairly, courteously and with dignity.

#### 1007.5.1 SOURCE TESTING

Testing a person for communicable diseases when that person was the source of an exposure should be done when it is desired by the exposed member or when it is otherwise appropriate. Source testing is the responsibility of the ECO. If the ECO is unavailable to seek timely testing of the source, it is the responsibility of the exposed member's supervisor to ensure testing is sought.

Source testing may be achieved by:

- (a) Obtaining consent from the individual.
- (b) Contacting the Oregon Health Authority to seek voluntary consent for source testing for HIV (ORS 433.065).
- (c) Petitioning for a court order to compel source testing for HIV or other communicable diseases as defined by ORS 431A.005, if a good faith effort to obtain voluntary consent is requested from the source person and not obtained (ORS 433.080; ORS 431A.570).
- (d) Working with the district attorney if the person is charged with a criminal offense that may involve exposure to a communicable disease (ORS 135.139).

Since there is the potential for overlap between the different manners in which source testing may occur, the ECO is responsible for coordinating the testing to prevent unnecessary or duplicate testing.

The ECO should seek the consent of the individual for testing and consult the City Attorney to discuss other options when no statute exists for compelling the source of an exposure to undergo testing if he/she refuses.

## Smoking and Tobacco Use

### **1008.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

This policy establishes limitations on the use of tobacco products by employees and others while on-duty or while in Roseburg Police Department facilities or vehicles.

### **1008.2 POLICY**

The Roseburg Police Department recognizes that tobacco use is a health risk and can be offensive to other employees and to the public. It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to prohibit the use of tobacco by employees while on-duty or at any time the employee is acting in an official capacity for the Department.

### **1008.3 EMPLOYEE USE**

Tobacco use by employees is prohibited anytime employees are on duty and / or acting in an official capacity and / or representing the Department.

Smoking and the use of other tobacco products is not permitted inside any City facility, office or vehicle.

It shall be the responsibility of each employee to ensure that no person under his/her supervision smokes or uses any tobacco product inside City facilities and vehicles.

### **1008.4 ADDITIONAL PROHIBITIONS**

Visitors and the public shall not be allowed to smoke in any department facility (ORS 433.845).



## Personnel Complaints

### 1009.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this procedure is to provide guidelines for reporting, investigation and disposition of complaints regarding the conduct of members and employees of this department.

This policy describes the safeguards that apply when an employee is under investigation concerning a matter that may lead to economic sanctions or dismissal from employment, and when that employee will be interviewed regarding the matter. The policy is meant to ensure that any disciplinary action taken against a non-probationary employee occurs with just cause.

#### 1009.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Disciplinary action** - An action taken against a non-probationary employee by the Roseburg Police Department to discipline the employee, including dismissal, demotion, suspension without pay, reduction in salary, and written reprimand (ORS 236.350 (1)).

**Employee** - Any paid, non-probationary member of the Roseburg Police Department with a property interest in his/her employment at the Roseburg Police Department.

**Probationary employee** - Sworn employees are probationary for 18 months. Qualified lateral officers are probationary for 12 months. Non-sworn employees are probationary for 12 months.

**Just cause** - A cause reasonably related to the employee's ability to perform required work. The term includes a willful violation of reasonable work rules, regulations or written policies (ORS 236.350 (2)).

**Personnel complaint** - Any allegation of misconduct or improper job performance against any department employee that, if true, would constitute a violation of department policy, federal, state or local law.

Inquiries about employee conduct which, even if true, would not qualify as a personnel complaint may be handled informally by a department supervisor and shall not be considered complaints.

This policy does not apply when a supervisor questions an employee in the normal course of an informal verbal admonishment or when the supervisor has other routine or unplanned contact with an employee. Nor does this policy apply to an investigation concerned solely with alleged criminal activities.

#### 1009.1.2 CLASSIFYING PERSONNEL COMPLAINTS

Personnel complaints may be classified in one of the following categories:

**Informal** - A matter in which the complaining party is satisfied that appropriate action has been taken by a department supervisor of rank greater than the accused employee. The responsible supervisor shall have the discretion to handle the complaint in any manner consistent with this policy.

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**Formal** - A matter in which the complaining party requests further investigation or when a department supervisor determines that further action is warranted. Such complaints may be investigated by a department supervisor of rank greater than the accused employee.

**Incomplete** - A matter in which the complaining party either refuses to cooperate or becomes unavailable after diligent follow-up investigation. At the discretion of the assigned supervisor, such matters need not be documented as personnel complaints, but may be further investigated depending on the seriousness of the complaint and the availability of sufficient information.

#### **1009.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

A supervisor who becomes aware of alleged misconduct shall take reasonable steps to prevent aggravation of the situation. Supervisors shall also maintain the ability to question an employee in the normal course of duty, counseling, instruction, informal verbal admonishment or other routine or unplanned contact.

In general, the primary responsibility for the investigation of a personnel complaint shall rest with the employee's immediate supervisor. The Chief of Police or authorized designee may, however, direct that another supervisor investigate. That supervisor shall be responsible for the following:

- (a) A supervisor receiving a formal complaint involving allegations of a potentially serious nature shall ensure that the Watch Commander and Operations Commander are notified as soon as practicable.
- (b) A supervisor receiving or initiating any formal complaint shall ensure that the personnel complaint has been investigated as fully as possible.
  - 1. During the preliminary investigation of any complaint, the supervisor should make every reasonable effort to obtain names, addresses and telephone numbers of additional witnesses.
  - 2. Photographs of any injuries alleged by the complainant, as well as accessible areas of non-injury, should be taken once immediate medical attention has been provided.
  - 3. In circumstances where the integrity of the investigation could be jeopardized by reducing the complaint to writing or where the confidentiality of a complainant is at issue, a supervisor shall orally report the matter to the employee's Division Commander who will initiate appropriate action.
- (c) A supervisor dealing with an accused employee shall ensure that the procedural rights of the employee are followed.
- (d) When the nature of a personnel complaint relates to sexual, racial, ethnic, or other forms of prohibited harassment or discrimination, the supervisor receiving the complaint shall promptly contact the Department of Human Resources and the Operations Commander for direction regarding the investigation and/or addressing the complaint.

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#### **1009.3 ASSIGNMENT TO ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE**

When a complaint is of a serious nature or when the circumstances reasonably dictate an undue risk or interruption for the Department operations, the employee, other employees or the public, a supervisor may assign the accused employee to inactive duty pending completion of the investigation or the filing of administrative charges.

##### 1009.3.1 ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE

An employee placed on administrative leave may be subject to the following guidelines:

- (a) The employee shall continue to receive regular pay and benefits, pending the imposition of any discipline.
- (b) An employee may be required by a supervisor to relinquish any badge, department identification, assigned weapon(s) and any other department equipment.
- (c) An employee may be ordered to refrain from taking any action as a department employee or in an official capacity. The employee shall be required to continue to comply with all policies and lawful orders of a supervisor.
- (d) An employee may be temporarily reassigned to a different shift (generally normal business hours) during the pendency of the investigation. The employee may be required to remain available for contact at all times during such shift and report as ordered.
- (e) It shall be the responsibility of the assigning supervisor to promptly notify the employee's Division Commander.
- (f) At such time as any employee placed on administrative leave is returned to full and regular duty, the employee shall be returned to his/her regularly assigned shift with all badges, identification card and other equipment returned.

#### **1009.4 ALLEGATIONS OF CRIMINAL CONDUCT**

When an employee of this department is accused of potential criminal conduct, a supervisor, detective, or outside agency maybe assigned to investigate the criminal allegations apart from any administrative investigation. Any separate administrative investigation may parallel a criminal investigation.

The Chief of Police and Operations Commander shall be notified as soon as practical when an employee is formally accused of criminal conduct. In the event of serious criminal allegations, the Chief of Police may request a criminal investigation by an outside law enforcement agency.

An employee accused of criminal conduct shall retain all of the rights and privileges afforded a civilian. The employee may not be administratively ordered to provide any information to a criminal detective.

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##### 1009.4.1 COMPLAINTS ALLEGING PROFILING

Complaints related to profiling should be clearly marked to assist in reporting as required in the Bias-Based Policing Policy (ORS 131.920).

##### **1009.5 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION OF COMPLAINT**

Except as necessary to gain a general overview and sufficient facts of an incident to assess the necessity of an inquiry, or in order to obtain pertinent public safety information, an officer shall not be required to answer specific questions until he/she has been told of the facts and the nature of the investigation in a manner that is reasonably sufficient to inform the officer of the circumstances surrounding the allegations.

The following procedures and those set forth in ORS 236.360 shall be followed with regard to the accused non-probationary employee(s):

- (a) Unless the seriousness of an investigation requires otherwise, interviews of accused employees shall be conducted when the employee is on-duty or during the employee's normal waking hours. If the interview is conducted while the employee is off-duty, the employee shall be appropriately compensated (ORS 236.360(2)(a)).
- (b) No more than two interviewers at a time may ask questions of an accused employee (ORS 236.360(2)(c)).
- (c) Interviews may not last an unreasonable amount of time, taking into consideration the gravity and complexity of the matter under investigation.
- (d) The employee's physical needs shall be reasonably accommodated (ORS 236.360(2)(f)).
- (e) The interviewers shall inform the employee of their authority to compel a statement and of the identity of the investigators and all persons present during the interview (ORS 236.360 (2)(d)).
- (f) No employee shall be subjected to offensive or threatening language, nor shall any promises, rewards or other inducements be used to obtain answers. An employee being interviewed may not be threatened with punitive action. However, during a compelled interview solely for non-criminal purposes, an employee who refuses to respond to questions or refuses to be interviewed must be informed that refusal may lead to disciplinary action (ORS 236.360 (2)(h)). Nothing administratively ordered may be provided to a criminal investigator.
- (g) When practicable, the interviewer should record all interviews of employees and witnesses. An employee may record his/her own interview. If the employee has been previously interviewed, a copy of that recorded interview, written statement or transcript (if prepared) shall be provided to the employee prior to any subsequent interview (ORS 236.360 (2)(h)).
- (h) If the allegations involve potential criminal conduct, the employee shall be advised of his/her constitutional rights. This admonishment shall be given administratively even if the employee was advised of these rights during any separate criminal investigation. Specifically, the employee must be informed of the right to consult with criminal defense counsel with respect to the criminal charge (ORS 236.360 (2)(j)).

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- (i) All employees subjected to interviews that could result in punitive action may have a representative of the employee's choosing present at the interview (ORS 236.360 (2)(b)). However, in order to maintain the integrity of each individual employee's statement, involved employees shall not consult or meet with a representative or attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.
- (j) In a disciplinary or administrative investigation, the employee's chosen representative cannot be required to disclose, or be subject to disciplinary action for refusing to disclose, statements made by the employee to the representative for purposes of the representation (ORS 236.360 (2)(k)).
- (k) All employees shall provide complete and truthful responses to questions posed during interviews.
- (l) No employee may be compelled to submit to a polygraph examination nor shall any refusal to submit to such examination be mentioned in any investigation.

#### 1009.5.1 ADMINISTRATIVE SEARCHES

Any employee may be compelled to disclose personal financial information pursuant to proper legal process, if such information tends to indicate a conflict of interest with official duties or if the employee is assigned to, or being considered for, a special assignment with a potential for bribes.

Employees shall have no expectation of privacy in or when using offices, desks, lockers, vehicles, telephones, computers, radios or other communications provided by the Department.

Assigned lockers, offices, desks, vehicles and storage spaces are the property of the employer and may be administratively searched by a supervisor for work-related purposes

All other non-assigned areas (shared desks, common office space, shared vehicles) may be administratively searched by a supervisor.

An investigative search of such areas shall only be conducted with the approval of the Chief of Police or authorized designee.

#### 1009.5.2 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

Whether conducted by a supervisor or a member of the appropriate supervisor, the following applies to public safety officers covered by the provisions of ORS 236.350 through ORS 236.360 (ORS 236.370).

- (a) Interviews of an accused public safety officer shall be conducted during reasonable (normal waking) hours and preferably when the public safety officer is on-duty, unless the seriousness of the investigation requires otherwise. If the public safety officer is off-duty, the public safety officer shall be compensated.
- (b) Unless waived by the public safety officer, interviews of an accused public safety officer shall be at the Roseburg Police Department or other reasonable and appropriate place.
- (c) No more than two interviewers should ask questions of an accused public safety officer.

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- (d) The interviewers shall inform the public safety officer of their authority to compel a statement and of the identity of the investigators and all persons present during the interview.
- (e) Prior to any interview, a public safety officer should be informed of the nature of the investigation and of facts reasonably sufficient to inform the public safety officer of the circumstances surrounding the allegations under investigation.
- (f) All interviews should be for a reasonable period and the public safety officer's personal needs should be accommodated.
- (g) No public safety officer should be subjected to offensive or threatening language, nor shall any promises, rewards, or other inducements be used to obtain answers.
- (h) Any public safety officer refusing to answer questions directly related to the investigation may be ordered to answer questions administratively and may be subject to discipline for failing to do so.
  - 1. A public safety officer should be given an order to answer questions in an administrative investigation that might incriminate the public safety officer in a criminal matter only after the public safety officer has been given a *Garrity* advisement. Administrative investigators should consider the impact that compelling a statement from the public safety officer may have on any related criminal investigation and should take reasonable steps to avoid creating any foreseeable conflicts between the two related investigations. This may include conferring with the person in charge of the criminal investigation (e.g., discussion of processes, timing, implications).
  - 2. No information or evidence administratively coerced from a public safety officer may be provided to anyone involved in conducting the criminal investigation or to any prosecutor.
- (i) The interviewer should record the interview and the public safety officer may also record the interview. If the public safety officer has been previously interviewed, a copy of that recorded interview, and upon request any existing transcripts of the interview or reports describing the interview, shall be provided to the public safety officer prior to any subsequent interview.
- (j) All public safety officers subjected to interviews that could result in discipline have the right to have an uninvolved representative present during the interview. However, to maintain the integrity of each individual's statement, involved public safety officers shall not consult or meet with a representative or attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.
- (k) In a disciplinary or administrative investigation, the public safety officer's chosen representative cannot be required to disclose, or be subject to disciplinary action for refusing to disclose, statements made by the public safety officer to the representative for purposes of the representation.
- (l) As soon as it is determined that the public safety officer may be charged with a criminal offense, the public safety officer shall be informed of the public safety officer's right to consult with criminal defense counsel with respect to the criminal charge.

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- (m) All public safety officers shall provide complete and truthful responses to questions posed during interviews.
- (n) No public safety officer may be compelled to submit to a polygraph examination, nor shall any refusal to submit to such examination be mentioned in any investigation.

#### 1009.5.3 STEPS PRIOR TO DISCIPLINARY ACTION

If an investigation discloses misconduct or improper job performance that was not alleged in the original complaint, the investigator shall take appropriate action with regard to any additional allegations.

Disciplinary action may not be taken against any non-probationary employee without just cause (ORS 236.360 (4)). The Chief of Police or designee shall ensure the following before any disciplinary action against an employee is taken:

- (a) Notification is made to the employee in writing of the charges against the employee and the proposed disciplinary action (ORS 236.360 (5)(a)).
- (b) The employee is given an opportunity to respond to the charges at an informal hearing, which may be recorded, that is attended by the person or persons having authority to impose the proposed disciplinary action (ORS 236.360 (5)(b)).

#### 1009.5.4 DISPOSITIONS

Each personnel complaint shall be classified with one of the following dispositions:

**Unfounded** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged acts did not occur or did not involve department members. Complaints that are determined to be frivolous will fall within the classification of unfounded.

**Exonerated** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged act occurred but that the act was justified, lawful and/or proper.

**Not sustained** - When the investigation discloses that there is insufficient evidence to sustain the complaint or fully exonerate the member.

**Sustained** - When the investigation discloses sufficient evidence to establish that the act occurred and that it constituted misconduct.

If an investigation discloses misconduct or improper job performance that was not alleged in the original complaint, the investigator shall take appropriate action with regard to any additional allegations.

#### 1009.6 DISPOSITION OF PERSONNEL COMPLAINTS

Each allegation shall be classified with one of the following dispositions:

**Unfounded** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged act(s) did not occur or did not involve department personnel. Complaints that are determined to be frivolous will fall within the classification of unfounded.

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**Exonerated** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged act occurred but that the act was justified, lawful and/or proper.

**Not sustained** - When the investigation discloses that there is insufficient evidence to sustain the complaint or fully exonerate the employee.

**Sustained** - When the investigation discloses sufficient evidence to establish that the act occurred and that it constituted misconduct.

**Policy issue** - When everything in the complaint is determined to be accurate, including the officer's actions, but the issue appears to require a modification of policy the finding for the officer should be exonerated. The need for potential policy modification shall be immediately directed to the Operations Commander for action.

If an investigation discloses misconduct or improper job performance which was not alleged in the original complaint, the investigator shall take appropriate action with regard to any additional allegations.

#### **1009.7 COMPLETION OF INVESTIGATIONS**

The Operations Commander shall ensure that investigations are completed and employees are provided notification of intended discipline no later than six months from the date of the first interview. The Chief of Police or Operations Commander may extend the investigation to a maximum of 12 months from the date of the first interview, provided that, before the extended period begins, the employer gives written notice explaining the reason for the extension to the employee and the employee's chosen representative and union representative, if any (ORS 236.360 (6)(a)).

The above time limits do not apply when (ORS 236.360 (6)(b)):

- (a) The investigation involves An officer who is incapacitated or unavailable.
- (b) The investigation involves an allegation of workers' compensation or disability fraud by the officer.
- (c) The officer, in writing, waives the limit.
- (d) The investigation requires a reasonable extension of time for coordination with one or more other jurisdictions.
- (e) The investigation involves more than one officer and requires a reasonable extension of time.
- (f) The alleged misconduct is also the subject of a criminal investigation or criminal prosecution. Time does not run for the period during which the criminal investigation or criminal prosecution is pending.
- (g) The investigation involves a matter in civil litigation in which the officer is a named defendant or the officer's actions are alleged to be a basis for liability. Time does not run for the period during which the civil action is pending.



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- (h) The investigation is the result of a complaint by a person charged with a crime. Time does not run for the period during which the criminal matter is pending.

Upon completion of an investigation, the report should be forwarded through the chain of command to the Chief of Police and the involved employee's supervisor.

Once received, the Chief of Police may accept or modify the classification and recommendation for disciplinary action contained in the report.

Any complaining party who is not satisfied with the findings of the Department may contact the Chief of Police or designee to discuss the matter further.

#### **1009.7.1 CONFIDENTIALITY OF PERSONNEL FILES**

All investigations of personnel complaints shall be considered confidential peace officer personnel files. The contents of such files shall not be revealed to other than the involved employee or authorized personnel, except pursuant to lawful process.

In the event that an accused employee (or the representative of such employee) knowingly makes false representations regarding any internal investigation, and such false representations are communicated to any media source, the Department may disclose sufficient information from the employee's personnel file to refute such false representations.

Disciplinary action resulting from sustained complaints shall be maintained in the employee's personnel file. Complaints, and any investigative reports may be maintained by the employee's supervisor or Operations Commander apart from the employee's personnel file.

#### **1009.10 RETENTION OF PERSONNEL INVESTIGATION FILES**

All personnel complaints shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule and as described in the Personnel Records Policy.

#### **1009.9 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY STANDARDS AND TRAINING COMPLAINTS**

Complaints received from the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) that involve officers or dispatchers will be investigated as outlined in this policy. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee is responsible for notifying DPSST of the disposition of the complaint (OAR 259-008-0400).

#### **1009.10 NOTIFICATION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY STANDARDS AND TRAINING**

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should ensure DPSST is notified as follows:

- (a) When an investigation of misconduct under ORS 181A.681 results in a sustained finding (ORS 181A.683).
- (b) Within 10 days of a final discipline that includes an economic sanction with the following information (ORS 181A.686):
  1. The name and rank of the officer disciplined.
  2. The name of the Roseburg Police Department.

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3. A copy of any final decision including the underlying facts and the imposed discipline.

## Safety Belts

### 1010.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The use of seat belts and other safety restraints significantly reduces the chance of death or injury in case of a traffic collision. This policy establishes guidelines for seat belt and child safety seat use to assure maximum operator and passenger safety, thus minimizing the possibility of death or injury as the result of a motor vehicle crash. This policy will apply to all employees operating or riding in department vehicles.

### 1010.2 WEARING OF SAFETY RESTRAINTS

All members shall wear properly adjusted safety restraints when operating or riding in a seat equipped with restraints, in any vehicle owned, leased or rented by this department, while on or off-duty, or in any privately owned vehicle while on-duty. The member driving such a vehicle shall ensure that all other occupants, including non-members, are also properly restrained.

Exceptions to the requirement to utilize safety restraints may be made only in situations where their use would endanger the member or the public. Members must be prepared to justify any deviation from this requirement.

#### 1010.2.1 TRANSPORTING SUSPECTS AND / OR PRISONERS

ORS 811.215 (6) exempts any person who is being transported in the custody of a police officer or law enforcement agency from the safety belt requirement outlined in ORS 811.210.

However, based on officer discretion and / or circumstances present at the time of the transport, it is recommended that all suspects and / or prisoners be secured in a seated position in the rear seat of patrol vehicles with a prisoner restraint system or safety belt.

#### 1010.2.2 TRANSPORTING CHILDREN

A properly installed, approved child restraint system should be used for all children of an age, height or weight for which such restraints are required by law (ORS 811.210).

Children under the age of 13 should be transported in the rear seat. In the event that the appropriate restraints are unavailable, officers should arrange for alternate transportation.

### 1010.3 INOPERABLE SEAT BELTS

No person shall operate a department vehicle in which the seat belt in the driver's position is inoperable.

No person shall modify, remove, deactivate or otherwise tamper with the vehicle safety belts, except for vehicle maintenance and repair staff, who shall do so only with the express authorization of the Chief of Police or designee.

Employees who discover an inoperable restraint system shall report the defect to the appropriate supervisor. Prompt action will be taken to replace or repair the system.

## Body Armor

### 1011.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide law enforcement officers with guidelines for the proper use of body armor.

### 1011.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to maximize officer safety through the use of body armor in combination with prescribed safety procedures. While body armor provides a significant level of protection, it is not a substitute for the observance of officer safety procedures.

### 1011.3 ISSUANCE OF BODY ARMOR

Body armor is issued to all officers when the officer begins service at the Roseburg Police Department and that, when issued, the body armor meets or exceeds the standards of the National Institute of Justice.

A body armor replacement schedule ensures that replacement body armor is issued pursuant to the schedule or whenever the body armor becomes worn or damaged to the point that its effectiveness or functionality has been compromised.

#### 1011.3.1 USE OF SOFT BODY ARMOR

Generally, the use of body armor is required subject to the following:

- (a) Officers shall only wear agency-approved body armor.
- (b) Officers shall wear body armor anytime they are in a situation where they could reasonably be expected to take enforcement action.
- (c) Officers may be excused from wearing body armor when they are functioning primarily in an administrative or support capacity and could not reasonably be expected to take enforcement action.
- (d) Body armor shall be worn when an officer is working in uniform or taking part in Department range training.
- (e) An officer may be excused from wearing body armor when he/she is involved in undercover or plainclothes work that his/her supervisor determines could be compromised by wearing body armor, or when a supervisor determines that other circumstances make it inappropriate to mandate wearing body armor.
- (f) External vests: Currently, sworn officers have the option to wear an external ballistic vest carrier as part of their duty uniform. The City retains the right to determine which accessories will be authorized to be worn on the carrier and will communicate that information to all eligible members. The standard issue name tag and badge are required on the external carrier when worn over the regular uniform shirt. The carrier, as well as the authorized accessories, will be initially purchased by the RPEA

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and will be replaced by the City if they become damaged, non-serviceable, and / or unprofessional in appearance.

#### 1011.3.2 CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF SOFT BODY ARMOR

Soft body armor should never be stored for any period of time in an area where environmental conditions (e.g., temperature, light, humidity) are not reasonably controlled (e.g., normal ambient room temperature/humidity conditions), such as in automobiles or automobile trunks.

Soft body armor should be cared for and cleaned pursuant to the manufacturer's care instructions provided with the soft body armor. The instructions can be found on labels located on the external surface of each ballistic panel. The carrier should also have a label that contains care instructions. Failure to follow these instructions may damage the ballistic performance capabilities of the armor. If care instructions for the soft body armor cannot be located, contact the manufacturer to request care instructions.

Soft body armor should not be exposed to any cleaning agents or methods not specifically recommended by the manufacturer, as noted on the armor panel label.

Soft body armor should be replaced in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended replacement schedule.

## Personnel Records

### 1012.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy governs maintenance and access to personnel records. Personnel records include any file maintained under an individual member's name.

### 1012.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department to maintain personnel records and preserve the confidentiality of personnel records pursuant to the Constitution and the laws of Oregon (ORS 181A.830; ORS 192.355; ORS 652.750).

### 1012.3 DEPARTMENT FILE

The department file shall be maintained as a record of a person's employment/appointment with this department. The department file should contain, at a minimum:

- (a) Personal data, including photographs, marital status, names of family members, educational and employment history, or similar information. A photograph of the member should be permanently retained.
- (b) Election of employee benefits.
- (c) Personnel action reports reflecting assignments, promotions, and other changes in employment/appointment status. These should be permanently retained.
- (d) Original performance evaluations. These should be permanently maintained.
- (e) Discipline records, including copies of sustained personnel complaints.
- (f) Adverse comments such as supervisor notes or memos may be retained in the department file after the member has had the opportunity to read and initial the comment.
  - 1. Once a member has had an opportunity to read and initial any adverse comment, the member shall be given the opportunity to respond in writing to the adverse comment within 30 days (ORS 652.750).
  - 2. Any member response shall be attached to and retained with the original adverse comment.
  - 3. If a member refuses to initial or sign an adverse comment, at least one supervisor should note the date and time of such refusal on the original comment (ORS 652.750). Such a refusal, however, shall not be deemed insubordination, nor shall it prohibit the entry of the adverse comment into the member's file.
- (g) Commendations and awards.
- (h) Any other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

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#### **1012.4 CONFIDENTIALITY OF ALL PERSONNEL FILES**

Certain information contained in personnel records is confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure except as provided by Policy Manual § 810, the provisions of the Oregon Public Records Law, or pursuant to lawful process (Oregon Revised Statutes 181.854).

#### **1012.5 REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE**

No requests for the disclosure of any information contained in any personnel record shall be considered received unless it is in written form. Since the format of such requests may be strictly governed by law with specific responses required, all such requests shall be promptly brought to the attention of the Watch Commander, the Custodian of Records or other person charged with the maintenance of such records.

Upon receipt of any such request, the responsible person shall notify the affected employee(s) as soon as practicable that such a request has been made (Oregon Revised Statutes 181.854).

The responsible person shall further ensure that an appropriate response to the request is made in a timely manner and consistent with applicable law. In many cases, this will require assistance of approved and available legal counsel.

##### **1012.5.1 RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION**

Except as provided by Policy Manual 810 or pursuant to lawful process, no information contained in any peace officer personnel file shall be disclosed to any unauthorized employee or other person(s) without the expressed prior written consent of the involved officer (Oregon Revised Statutes 181.854(4)).

If an investigation of a public safety employee of this department results from a complaint, the Department may disclose to the complainant the disposition of the complaint and if necessary provide a written summary of the information obtained in the investigation (Oregon Revised Statutes 181.854(5)).

#### **1012.6 EMPLOYEE ACCESS TO OWN FILE**

An employee or former employee may request to review his/her personnel file. The request should be made to the Human Resources Department. The Human Resources Department should ensure that the employee is provided a reasonable opportunity to review their personnel file or, if requested, receive a certified copy of the records per ORS 652.750.

If an employee believes that any portion of the material is mistakenly or unlawfully placed in the employee's personnel record, the employee may submit a written request to the HR Department that the mistaken or unlawful material be corrected or deleted. The request must describe the corrections or deletions requested and the reasons supporting the request and provide any documentation that supports the request. The HR Department should respond within 30 days from the date the request is received. If the HR Department chooses not to make any changes, the HR Department should ensure that a written response to the request is made. The HR Department shall ensure that the request and response is placed in the employee's personnel record (ORS 652.750 (7)).

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#### **1012.7 MEDICAL FILE**

A medical file shall be maintained separately from all other personnel records and shall contain all documents relating to the member's medical condition and history, including but not limited to:

- (a) Materials relating to a medical leave of absence, including leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA).
- (b) Documents relating to workers' compensation claims or the receipt of short- or long-term disability benefits.
- (c) Fitness-for-duty examinations, psychological and physical examinations, follow-up inquiries and related documents.
- (d) Medical release forms, doctor's slips and attendance records that reveal a member's medical condition.
- (e) Any other documents or material that reveals the member's medical history or medical condition, including past, present or future anticipated mental, psychological or physical limitations.
- (f) Drug testing records.

Medical records relating to hazard exposure shall be retained for 30 years after separation and in accordance with the department established records retention schedule (29 CFR 1910.1020(d)).

#### **1012.7.1 EMPLOYEE (PERSONNEL) FILE**

The employee file should contain, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Performance evaluation reports regularly completed by appropriate supervisor(s) and signed by the affected employee shall be permanently maintained.
- (b) Documents related to disciplinary action:
  - 1. Disciplinary action resulting from sustained complaints or observation of misconduct shall be maintained in the individual employee's file at least three (3) years. If the disciplinary action results in an employee's termination from this agency, the record of that action will be maintained for ten years after the separation in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rules 166-200-0090(6) and OAR 166-150-0160(6).
- (c) Documents related to employee performance, once the employee has had the opportunity to read and initial the document.
  - 1. No employee may place an adverse comment in the personnel records of an employee unless the employee has first read and signed the document containing the adverse comment. If an employee refuses to sign a document containing an adverse comment, the employer may place the document in the employee's personnel records with a notation that the document was presented to the employee and the employee refused to sign it ORS 652.750 (6).



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2. An employee may write a response within 30 days of being presented with a document containing an adverse comment. If an employee writes a response to a document containing an adverse comment, the appropriate supervisor must ensure that the response is attached to the original document and placed in the employee's personnel records (ORS 652.750 (6)).
- (d) Employee Personnel Records not related to discipline shall be retained for six years after separation (Oregon Administrative Rules 166-150-0160(7)).
- (e) Commendations should be retained in the employee's file, with a copy provided to the involved employee(s).
- (f) Personnel Action Reports reflecting assignments, promotions and other changes in the employee's employment status.

#### 1012.7.2 SUPERVISOR FILE

The Supervisor File should contain, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Supervisor log entries, notices to correct and other materials intended to serve as a foundation for the completion of timely Performance Evaluations.
  1. Materials intended for this interim file may be provided to the employee prior to being placed in the file.
  2. Once the permanent performance evaluation form has been made final, the underlying foundational material(s) and/or duplicate copies may be purged in accordance with this policy.
- (b) Duplicate copies of items that will also be included in the employee's department file may be placed in this interim file in anticipation of completing any upcoming performance evaluation.

All rules of confidentiality and disclosure shall apply equally to the supervisor file.

#### 1012.7.3 INTERNAL AFFAIRS FILE

The internal affairs file shall be maintained under the exclusive control of the Chief of Police or designee . Access to these files may only be approved by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander. These files shall contain the complete investigation of all formal complaints of employee misconduct regardless of disposition.

#### 1012.7.4 TRAINING FILES

An individual training file shall be maintained by the training office or supervisor for each employee. Training files will contain records of all training and education mandated by law or the Department, including firearms qualifications and mandated annual proficiency requalification.

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- (a) It shall be the responsibility of the involved employee to provide the training officer or immediate supervisor with evidence of completed training/education in a timely manner.
- (b) The training officer or supervisor shall ensure that copies of such training records are placed in the employee's training file.

#### **1012.7.5 MEDICAL FILE**

The Medical file shall be maintained separately from all other files through the HR Department and shall contain all documents relating to the employee's medical condition and history, including but not limited to the following:

- (a) Materials relating to medical leaves of absence.
- (b) Documents relating to workers compensation claims or receipt of short or long term disability benefits.
- (c) Fitness for duty examinations, psychological and physical examinations, follow-up inquiries and related documents.
- (d) Medical release forms, doctor's slips and attendance records which reveal an employee's medical condition.
- (e) Any other documents or material which reveals the employee's medical history or medical condition, including past, present, or future anticipated mental, psychological or physical limitations.

#### **1012.8 PURGING OF FILES**

Generally, personnel files must be maintained by the City according to corresponding state Archives Division law. Investigations resulting in disciplinary action or exoneration must be retained for two years (counties) or for three years (cities) after resolution (OAR 166-150-0135; OAR 166-200-0090; OAR 166-200-0100).

Unfounded investigation records and all related files not resulting in disciplinary action and having no pending litigation or other ongoing legal proceedings may be purged after being held for one year (counties) or three years (cities) (OAR 166-150-0135; OAR 166-200-0090; OAR 166-200-0100).

If the investigation resulted in termination, all related files must be retained for 10 years after separation (OAR 166-200-0090; OAR 166-200-0100; OAR 166-150-0135).

##### **1012.8.1 REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE**

Any member receiving a request for a personnel record shall promptly notify the Watch Commander, the Custodian of Records or other person charged with the maintenance of such records.

Upon receipt of any such request, the responsible person shall notify the affected member as soon as practicable that such a request has been made (ORS 181A.830).

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The responsible person shall further ensure that an appropriate response to the request is made in a timely manner, consistent with applicable law. In many cases, this may require assistance of available legal counsel.

All requests for disclosure that result in access to a member's personnel records shall be logged in the corresponding file.

#### **1012.8.2 RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION**

Except as provided by the Records Maintenance and Release Policy or pursuant to lawful process, no information about a personnel investigation of an officer that does not result in discipline contained in any personnel file shall be disclosed to any unauthorized member or other persons unless (ORS 181A.830(4)):

- (a) The officer consents to disclosure in writing.
- (b) The public interest requires disclosure of the information.
- (c) Disclosure is necessary for an investigation by the public body, the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training or a citizen review body designated by the public body.
- (d) The public body determines that nondisclosure of the information would adversely affect the confidence of the public in the Department.

If an investigation of an officer of this department results from a complaint, the Department may disclose to the complainant the disposition of the complaint and if necessary provide a written summary of the information obtained in the investigation (ORS 181A.830).

Audio or video records of internal investigation interviews of an officer are confidential and shall not be released (ORS 192.405).

Photographs of an officer shall not be disclosed without the written consent of the officer (ORS 181A.830).

#### **1012.9 MEMBER ACCESS TO THEIR PERSONNEL RECORDS**

A member or former member may request to review his/her personnel file. The request should be made to the Administration Supervisor. The Administration Supervisor should ensure that the member is provided a reasonable opportunity to review their personnel file or, if requested, receive a certified copy of the records as provided in ORS 652.750.

If an officer believes that any portion of the material is mistakenly or unlawfully placed in the officer personnel record, the officer may submit a written request to the Chief of Police that the mistaken or unlawful material be corrected or deleted. The request must describe the corrections or deletions requested and the reasons supporting the request and provide any documentation that supports the request. The Chief of Police must respond within 30 days from the date the request is received. If the Chief of Police chooses not to make any changes, the Chief of Police shall ensure that a written response to the request is made. The Chief of Police shall ensure that the request and response is placed in the officer's personnel record (ORS 652.750).

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Members may be restricted from accessing files containing any of the following information:

- (a) An ongoing internal affairs investigation to the extent that it could jeopardize or compromise the investigation pending final disposition or notice to the member of the intent to discipline.
- (b) Confidential portions of internal affairs files that have not been sustained against the member.
- (c) Criminal investigations involving the member.
- (d) Letters of reference concerning employment/appointment, licensing or issuance of permits regarding the member.
- (e) Any portion of a test document, except the cumulative total test score for either a section of the test document or for the entire test document.
- (f) Materials used by the Department for staff management planning, including judgments or recommendations concerning future salary increases and other wage treatments, management bonus plans, promotions and job assignments or other comments or ratings used for Department planning purposes.
- (g) Information of a personal nature about a person other than the member if disclosure of the information would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of the other person's privacy.
- (h) Records relevant to any other pending claim between the Department and the member that may be discovered in a judicial proceeding.

## Commendations and Awards

### 1013.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Special recognition may be in order whenever an employee performs his/her duties in an exemplary manner. This procedure provides general guidelines for the commending of exceptional employee performance.

### 1013.2 WHO MAY MAKE COMMENDATIONS

A written commendation may be made by any supervisor regarding any other employee of the Department, provided the reporting person is superior in rank or is the person-in-charge of the individual being commended. Additionally, investigating officers may commend uniformed officers for exceptional assistance in investigative functions, with approval from the investigator's supervisor. Any employee may recommend a commendation to the supervisor of the employee subject to commendation.

### 1013.3 COMMENDABLE ACTIONS

A meritorious or commendable act by an employee of this department may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- Superior handling of a difficult situation by an employee
- Conspicuous bravery or outstanding performance by any employee of the Department
- Any action or performance that is above and beyond the typical duties of an employee

## **Fitness for Duty**

### **1014.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

Monitoring members' fitness for duty is essential for the safety and welfare of the members of the Department and the community. The purpose of this policy is to ensure that all members of this department remain fit for duty and able to perform their job functions.

### **1014.2 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

It is the responsibility of each member of this department to maintain physical stamina and psychological stability sufficient to safely and effectively perform the essential duties of the member's position.

During working hours, all members are required to be alert, attentive, and capable of performing their assigned responsibilities. Each member of this department shall perform his/her respective duties without physical, emotional, and/or mental constraints.

Any member who feels unable to perform the member's duties shall promptly notify a supervisor. In the event that a member believes that another department member is unable to perform assigned duties, such observations and/or belief shall be promptly reported to a supervisor.

### **1014.3 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

All supervisors should be alert to any indication that a member may be unable to safely perform the member's duties due to an underlying physical or psychological impairment or condition

Such indications may include:

- (a) An abrupt and negative change in the member's normal behavior.
- (b) A pattern of irrational conduct, hostility, or oppositional behavior.
- (c) Personal expressions of instability.
- (d) Inappropriate use of alcohol or other substances, including prescribed medication.
- (e) A pattern of questionable judgment, impulsive behavior, or the inability to manage emotions.
- (f) Any other factor or combination of factors causing a supervisor to believe the member may be suffering from an impairment or condition requiring intervention.

Supervisors shall maintain the confidentiality of any information consistent with this policy.

#### **1014.3.1 REPORTING**

A supervisor observing a member, or receiving a report of a member, who is perceived to be unable to safely or effectively perform the member's duties shall promptly document all objective information and/or observations.

The supervisor should attempt to meet with the member to inquire about the conduct or behavior giving rise to the concerns.

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If a meeting does not resolve the supervisor's concerns or does not take place, the supervisor shall promptly document the supervisor's observations and actions in a written report and inform the Watch Commander or the member's Division Commander.

#### **1014.3.2 DUTY STATUS**

In conjunction with the Watch Commander or the member's Division Commander, the supervisor should make a preliminary determination regarding the member's duty status.

If a determination is made that the member can safely and effectively perform the essential functions of the member's job, the member should be returned to duty and arrangements made for appropriate follow-up.

If a preliminary determination is made that the member's conduct or behavior represents an inability to safely and effectively perform the essential functions of the member's job, the Watch Commander or the member's Division Commander should immediately relieve the member of duty pending further evaluation.

Employees relieved of duty shall comply with the administrative leave provisions of the Personnel Complaints Policy

The Chief of Police shall be promptly notified in the event that any member is relieved of duty.

#### **1014.4 NON-WORK RELATED CONDITIONS**

Any employee suffering from a non-work related condition which warrants a temporary relief from duty may be required to use sick leave or other paid time off (PTO) in order to obtain medical treatment or other reasonable rest period.

#### **1014.5 WORK RELATED CONDITIONS**

Any employee suffering from a work related condition which warrants a temporary relief from duty shall be required to comply with personnel rules and guidelines for processing such claims.

Upon the recommendation of the Watch Commander or unit supervisor and concurrence of a Division Commander, any employee whose actions or use of force in an official capacity result in death or serious injury may be temporarily removed from regularly assigned duties and/or placed on paid administrative leave pending:

- (a) A preliminary determination that the employee's conduct appears to be in compliance with policy and, if appropriate,
- (b) The employee has had the opportunity to receive necessary counseling and/or psychological clearance to return to full duty.

#### **1014.6 LIMITATION ON HOURS WORKED**

Absent emergency operations members should not work more than:

- 16 hours in one day (24 hour) period or
- 30 hours in any two day (48 hour) period or

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- 84 hours in any seven day (168 hour) period

#### **1014.7 APPEALS**

Employees disputing the application or interpretation of this policy may submit a grievance as provided in the Grievance Procedure Policy.

#### **1014.8 POLICY**

The Roseburg Police Department strives to provide a safe and productive work environment and ensure that all members of this department can safely and effectively perform the essential functions of their jobs. Under limited circumstances, the Department may require a professional evaluation of a member's physical and/or mental capabilities to determine the member's ability to perform essential functions.

#### **1014.9 FITNESS-FOR-DUTY EVALUATIONS**

A fitness-for-duty evaluation may be ordered whenever circumstances reasonably indicate that a member is unfit for duty or following an officer-involved shooting or death-in-custody incident.

##### **1014.9.1 PROCESS**

The Chief of Police, in cooperation with the Department of Human Resources, may order the member to undergo a fitness-for-duty evaluation.

The examining practitioner will provide the Department with a report indicating whether the member is fit for duty. If the member is not fit for duty, the practitioner will include the existing restrictions or conditions in the report. The City also reserves the right to require employees to submit verification of the precise nature of any limitations of an employee's ability to safely perform his/her job duties, as a condition of returning the employee to work, whenever there are good faith concerns regarding an employee's limitations, consistent with applicable law; all medical expenses incurred by the employee in complying with verification requests that are not covered by insurance will be reimbursed by the City.

In order to facilitate the evaluation of any member, the Department will provide all appropriate documents and available information.

All reports and evaluations submitted by the examining practitioner shall be part of the member's confidential medical file.

Any member ordered to undergo a fitness-for-duty evaluation shall comply with the terms of the order and cooperate fully with the examining practitioner.

Any failure to comply with such an order and any failure to cooperate with the practitioner may be deemed insubordination and shall subject the member to discipline, up to and including termination.

Determinations regarding duty status of members who are found to be unfit for duty or fit for duty with limitations will be made in cooperation with the Department of Human Resources.



## Meal Periods and Breaks

### 1015.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy regarding meals and breaks, insofar as possible shall conform to the policy governing all City employees that has been established by the City Manager.

#### 1015.1.1 MEAL PERIODS

Sworn employees shall remain on duty subject to call during meal breaks. All other employees are not on call during meal breaks unless directed otherwise by a supervisor.

Uniformed patrol and traffic officers shall notify Dispatch prior to taking a meal period.

The time spent for the meal period should not exceed the authorized time allowed.

#### 1015.1.2 15 MINUTE BREAKS

Each employee is entitled to a 15 minute break, near the mid point, for each four-hour work period. Only one 15 minute break shall be taken during each four hours of duty. No breaks shall be taken during the first or last hour of an employee's shift unless approved by a supervisor.

Field officers should take their breaks in their assigned areas, subject to call and shall monitor their radios. When field officers take their breaks away from their vehicles and areas, they shall do so only with the knowledge and clearance of their supervisor.

## Overtime Compensation Requests

### 1016.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of the Department to compensate non-exempt salaried employees who work authorized overtime either by payment of wages as agreed and in effect through the Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA), or by the allowance of accrual of compensatory time off. In order to qualify for either, the employee must complete and submit a Request for Overtime Payment as soon as practical after overtime is worked.

#### 1016.1.1 DEPARTMENT POLICY

Because of the nature of police work, and the specific needs of the Department, a degree of flexibility concerning overtime policies must be maintained.

All requests to work overtime shall be approved in advance by a supervisor. If circumstances do not permit prior approval, then approval shall be sought as soon as practical during the overtime shift.

The individual employee may request compensatory time in lieu of receiving overtime payment.

### 1016.2 REQUEST FOR OVERTIME COMPENSATION

Employees shall submit all overtime compensation requests to their immediate supervisors as soon as practicable for verification and forwarding to the Administration Division. Failure to submit a request for overtime compensation in a timely manner may result in discipline.

#### 1016.2.1 EMPLOYEES RESPONSIBILITY

Employees shall complete the requests immediately after working the overtime and turn them in to Watch Commander.

#### 1016.2.2 SUPERVISORS RESPONSIBILITY

The supervisor who verifies the overtime earned shall verify that the overtime was worked before approving the request.

## Outside Employment

### 1017.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

In order to avoid actual or perceived conflicts of interest for departmental employees engaging in outside employment, all employees shall obtain approval from the Chief of Police or designee prior to engaging in any outside employment. Approval of outside employment shall be at the discretion of the Chief of Police or designee in accordance with the provisions of this policy.

#### 1017.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Outside Employment** - Any member of this department who receives wages, compensation or other consideration of value from another employer, organization or individual not affiliated directly with this department for services, product(s) or benefits rendered. For purposes of this section, the definition of outside employment includes those employees who are self-employed and not affiliated directly with this department for services, product(s) or benefits rendered.

### 1017.2 OBTAINING APPROVAL

No member of this department may engage in any outside employment without first obtaining prior approval of the Chief of Police or designee. Failure to obtain prior approval for outside employment or engaging in outside employment prohibited by this policy may lead to disciplinary action.

In order to obtain approval for outside employment, the employee must request permission for outside employment from the Chief of Police or Operations Commander.

Any employee seeking approval of outside employment, whose request has been denied, shall be provided with a written reason for the denial of the application at the time of the denial.

#### 1017.2.1 REVOCATION/SUSPENSION OF OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT PERMITS

Any outside employment permit may be revoked or suspended under the following circumstances:

- (a) Should an employee's performance at this department decline to a point where it is evaluated by a supervisor as needing improvement to reach an overall level of competency, the Chief of Police may, at his or her discretion, revoke any previously approved outside employment permit(s). That revocation will stand until the employee's performance has been reestablished at a satisfactory level and his/her supervisor recommends reinstatement of the outside employment permit.
- (b) Suspension or revocation of a previously approved outside employment permit may be included as a term or condition of sustained discipline.
- (c) If, at any time during the term of a valid outside employment permit, an employee's conduct or outside employment conflicts with the provisions of department policy, the permit may be suspended or revoked.
- (d) When an employee is unable to perform at regular duty capacity due to an injury or other condition, any previously approved outside employment permit may be subject

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to similar restrictions as those applicable to the employee's regularly assigned duties until the employee has returned to regular duty status.

#### **1017.3 PROHIBITED OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT**

The Department expressly reserves the right to deny any Outside Employment Application submitted by an employee seeking to engage in any activity which:

- (a) Involves the employee's use of departmental time, facilities, equipment or supplies, the use of the Department badge, uniform, prestige or influence for private gain or advantage
- (b) Involves the employee's receipt or acceptance of any money or other consideration from anyone other than this department for the performance of an act which the employee, if not performing such act, would be required or expected to render in the regular course or hours of employment or as a part of the employee's duties as a member of this department
- (c) Involves the performance of an act in other than the employee's capacity as a member of this department that may later be subject directly or indirectly to the control, inspection, review, audit or enforcement of any other employee of this department
- (d) Involves time demands that would render performance of the employee's duties for this department less efficient

#### **1017.3.1 OUTSIDE SECURITY AND PEACE OFFICER EMPLOYMENT**

No member of this department may engage in any outside or secondary employment as a private security guard, private investigator or other similar private security position.

Any private organization, entity or individual seeking special services for security or traffic control from members of this department must submit a written request to the Chief of Police in advance of the desired service. Such outside overtime will be assigned, monitored and paid through the Department.

- (a) The applicant will be required to enter into an indemnification agreement prior to approval.
- (b) The applicant will further be required to provide for the compensation and full benefits of all employees requested for such outside security services.
- (c) Should such a request be approved, any employee working outside overtime shall be subject to the following conditions:
  - 1. The officer(s) shall wear the departmental uniform/identification.
  - 2. The officer(s) shall be subject to the rules and regulations of this department.
  - 3. No officer may engage in such outside employment during or at the site of a strike, lockout, picket, or other physical demonstration of a labor dispute.

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4. Compensation for such approved outside security services shall be pursuant to normal overtime procedures.
5. No officer may engage in outside employment as a peace officer for any other public agency without prior written authorization of the Chief of Police.

#### **1017.3.2 OUTSIDE OVERTIME ARREST AND REPORTING PROCEDURE**

Any employee making an arrest or taking other official police action while working in an approved outside overtime assignment shall be required to complete all related reports in a timely manner pursuant to department policy. Time spent on the completion of such reports shall be considered incidental to the outside overtime assignment.

#### **1017.3.3 SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS**

Except for emergency situations or with prior authorization from the Division Commander, undercover officers or officers assigned to covert operations may not be eligible to work overtime or other assignments in a uniformed or other capacity which might reasonably disclose the officer's law enforcement status.

#### **1017.4 DEPARTMENT RESOURCES**

Employees are prohibited from using any department equipment or resources in the course of or for the benefit of any outside employment. This shall include the prohibition of access to official records or databases of this department or other agencies through the use of the employee's position with this department.

##### **1017.4.1 REVIEW OF FINANCIAL RECORDS**

Employees approved for outside employment expressly agree that their personal financial records may be requested and reviewed/audited for potential conflict of interest.

# Occupational Disease and Work-Related Injury Reporting

## **1018.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The purpose of this policy is to provide for the reporting the occurrence of on-duty injuries, occupational illnesses, or deaths to Risk Management, to ensure proper medical attention is received, and to ensure documentation of the circumstances of the incident.

## **1018.2 INJURY OR ILLNESS NOT REQUIRING MEDICAL ATTENTION**

Those injuries not requiring medical attention shall be recorded on an appropriate report by a supervisor.

## **1018.3 SETTLEMENT OF INJURY CLAIMS**

Occasionally, an employee's work-related injury results from the negligent or wrongful acts of another, for which the employee, the City, and/or other insurers are entitled to recover civilly. To ensure that the City's interests are protected and that the employee has the benefit of the City's experience in these matters, the following procedure is to be followed:

### **1018.3.1 EMPLOYEE TO REPORT INITIAL CONTACTS**

When an employee sustains work-related injuries caused by another person and is then approached by such person or an agent, insurance company, or attorney and offered a settlement of claims, that employee shall take no action other than to make a written report of this contact to his/her supervisor as soon as possible.

### **1018.3.2 NO SETTLEMENT WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE**

No less than ten (10) days prior to accepting and finalizing the settlement of any third party claim arising out of or related to an on duty injury, the employee shall provide the Chief of Police with written notice of the proposed terms of such settlement. In no case shall the employee accept a settlement without first providing such written notice to the Chief of Police. The purpose of such notice is to permit the City to determine whether or not the offered settlement will affect any claim the City may have regarding payment for damage(s) to equipment or reimbursement for wages against the person who caused the accident or injury and to protect the City's right of subrogation, while ensuring that the employee's rights to receive compensation for injuries are not affected.

## Personal Appearance Standards

### 1019.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

In order to project uniformity and neutrality toward the public and other members of the Department, employees of this department shall maintain their personal hygiene and appearance to project a professional image appropriate for this department and for their assignment.

### 1019.2 GROOMING STANDARDS

Unless otherwise stated and because deviations from these standards could present officer safety issues, the following appearance standards shall apply to all employees, except those whose current assignment would deem them not appropriate, and where the Chief of Police or designee has granted exception.

#### 1019.2.1 HAIR

Hairstyles of all members shall be neat in appearance. Hair color shall be maintained in a natural color, or if artificially colored, it shall be in a natural color as well.

For male sworn members, hair must not extend below the top edge of the uniform collar while assuming a normal stance.

For female sworn members, hair must be neatly groomed and not extend below the shoulders when the employee is standing erect, worn up or in a tightly wrapped braid or ponytail.

#### 1019.2.2 MUSTACHES

A short and neatly trimmed mustache may be worn. Mustaches shall not extend below the corners of the mouth or beyond the natural hairline of the upper lip.

#### 1019.2.3 SIDEBURNS

Sideburns shall not extend below the bottom of the outer ear opening (the top of the earlobes) and shall be trimmed and neat.

#### 1019.2.4 FACIAL HAIR

Facial hair other than sideburns, mustaches and eyebrows shall not be worn, unless authorized by the Chief of Police or his or her designee.

#### 1019.2.5 FINGERNAILS

Fingernails extending beyond the tip of the finger can pose a safety hazard to officers or others. For this reason, fingernails shall be trimmed so that no point of the nail extends beyond the tip of the finger. Fingernails on non-sworn employees, such as Records Staff, Evidence Technician(s), or VIPS (if they have contact with the public) must project a professional image, as determined by the Chief of Police; additionally fingernails shall in no way interfere with work production.

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##### 1019.2.6 JEWELRY AND ACCESSORIES

No jewelry or personal ornaments shall be worn by officers on any part of the uniform or equipment, except those authorized within this manual. Jewelry, if worn around the neck, shall not be visible above the shirt collar.

Earrings shall not be worn by uniformed sworn members, detectives, Community Service Officers, or special assignment personnel without permission of the Chief of Police or his/her designee. Only one ring may be worn on each hand of the employee while on-duty. Earrings worn by non-sworn employees such as Records staff, Evidence Technician(s), or VIPS (if they have contact with the public) must project a professional image, as determined by the Chief of Police, that is appropriate for this department and their assignment. Refer to 1019.4 for reference to piercings not in ear(s).

##### 1019.3 TATTOOS AND BODY ART - ALL EMPLOYEES

The Roseburg Police Department strongly believes that the most professional image stems from an on-duty appearance that is free from all visible tattoos / body art. However, there are certain criteria that, if met, would allow visible tattoos / body art while on-duty or when representing the department:

Sworn Officer:

- (a) Visible tattoos / body art on the head, neck, face, hands, and "full arm sleeves" are prohibited.
- (b) Members will not expose offensive or inappropriate forms of tattoos while on-duty or when representing the department. Offensive and inappropriate forms of tattoos include, but are not limited to; images or writings that are sexually explicit, gang-related, racially and / or sexually biased, profane, or could be viewed as discriminatory or offensive in nature.
- (c) If a member has, or is considering obtaining a form of tattoo that would be visible in uniform or while representing the department, the employee is to contact the Chief of Police or Operations Commander to verify adherence to this policy and / or receive authorization to display the tattoo while on duty.
- (d) A tattoo deemed to violate this policy shall be covered by uniform or duty attire while the employee is on duty. Bandages, tape, bands, or similar coverings are not acceptable.

All tattoos shall be covered while attending any court function.

Civilian Staff:

- (a) Visible tattoos / body art on the head, neck, face, and "full arm sleeves" are prohibited.
- (b) Members will not expose offensive or inappropriate forms of tattoos while on-duty or when representing the department. Offensive and inappropriate forms of tattoos include, but are not limited to; images or writings that are sexually explicit, gang-related, racially and / or sexually biased, profane, or could be viewed as discriminatory or offensive in nature.



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- (c) If a member has, or is considering obtaining a form of tattoo that would be visible in uniform or while representing the department, the employee is to contact the Chief of Police or Operations Commander to verify adherence to this policy and / or receive authorization to display the tattoo while on duty.
- (d) A tattoo deemed to violate this policy shall be covered by uniform or duty attire while the employee is on duty. Bandages, tape, bands, or similar coverings are not acceptable. Authorization, and approval of tattoo coverings, may be granted by the Chief of Police.

All tattoos shall be covered while attending any court function.

#### **1019.4 BODY PIERCING OR ALTERATION**

Body piercing or alteration to any area of the body visible in any authorized uniform or attire that is a deviation from normal anatomical features and which is not medically required is prohibited except with prior authorization of the Chief of Police. Such body alteration includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Tongue splitting or piercing.
- (b) The complete or transdermal implantation of any material other than hair replacement.
- (c) Abnormal shaping of the ears, eyes, nose or teeth.
- (d) Branding or scarification.

#### **1019.5 EXEMPTIONS**

Members who seek cultural (e.g., protected hairstyle) or other exemptions to this policy that are protected by law should generally be accommodated (ORS 659A.001; ORS 659A.030). A member with an exemption may be ineligible for an assignment if the individual accommodation presents a security or safety risk. The Chief of Police should be advised any time a request for such an accommodation is denied or when a member with a cultural or other exemption is denied an assignment based on a safety or security risk.

## Uniform Regulations

### 1020.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The uniform policy of the Roseburg Police Department is established to ensure that uniformed officers will be readily identifiable to the public through the proper use and wearing of department uniforms. Employees should also refer to the following associated Policy Manual sections:

The Roseburg Police Department will provide uniforms for all employees required to wear them.

### 1020.2 WEARING AND CONDITION OF UNIFORM AND EQUIPMENT

Police employees wear the uniform to be identified as the law enforcement authority in society. The uniform also serves an equally important purpose to identify the wearer as a source of assistance in an emergency, crisis or other time of need.

- (a) Uniform and equipment shall be maintained in a serviceable condition and shall be ready at all times for immediate use. Uniforms shall be neat, clean, and appear professionally pressed.
- (b) All officers of this department shall possess and maintain at all times, a serviceable uniform and the necessary equipment to perform uniformed field duty.
- (c) Personnel shall wear only the uniform specified for their rank and assignment.
- (d) The uniform is to be worn in compliance with the specifications set forth in the department's uniform specifications.
- (e) All supervisors will perform periodic inspections of their personnel to ensure conformance to these regulations.
- (f) Civilian attire shall not be worn in combination with any distinguishable part of the uniform.
- (g) Uniforms are only to be worn while on duty, while in transit to or from work, for court, or at other official department functions or events unless otherwise authorized by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander.
- (h) If the uniform is worn while in transit, an outer garment should be worn over the uniform shirt so as not to bring attention to the employee while he/she is off duty.
- (i) Employees are not to purchase or drink alcoholic beverages while wearing any part of the department uniform, including the uniform pants.
- (j) Mirrored sunglasses will not be worn with any Department uniform
- (k) Visible jewelry, other than those items listed below, shall not be worn with the uniform unless specifically authorized by the Chief of Police or his designee.

1. Wrist watch

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2. Wedding ring(s), class ring, or other ring of tasteful design. A maximum of one ring/set may be worn on each hand
3. Medical alert bracelet

#### 1020.2.1 DEPARTMENT ISSUED IDENTIFICATION

The Department issues each employee an official department identification card bearing the employee's name, identifying information and photo likeness. All employees shall be in possession of their department issued identification card at all times while on duty or when carrying a concealed weapon.

- (a) Whenever on duty or acting in an official capacity representing the department, employees shall display their department issued identification in a courteous manner to any person upon request and as soon as practical.
- (b) Officers working specialized assignments may be excused from the possession and display requirements when directed by their Division Commander.

#### 1020.3 UNIFORM CLASSES

##### 1020.3.1 CLASS A UNIFORM

The Class A uniform is to be worn on special occasions such as funerals, graduations, ceremonies, or as directed. The Class A uniform is required for all sworn personnel. The Class A uniform includes the standard issue uniform with:

- (a) Long sleeve shirt with tie
- (b) Polished shoes or boots

Boots with pointed toes are not permitted.

##### 1020.3.2 CLASS B UNIFORM

All officers will possess and maintain a serviceable Class B uniform at all times.

The Class B uniform will consist of the same garments and equipment as the Class A uniform with the following exceptions:

- (a) The long or short sleeve shirt may be worn with the collar open. No tie is required
- (b) A white, navy blue or black crew neck t-shirt must be worn with the uniform
- (c) All shirt buttons must remain buttoned except for the last button at the neck
- (d) Shoes for the Class B uniform may be as described in the Class A uniform
- (e) Approved all black unpolished shoes may be worn
- (f) Boots with pointed toes are not permitted

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##### 1020.3.3 SPECIALIZED UNIT UNIFORMS

The Chief of Police may authorize special uniforms to be worn by officers in specialized units such as ERT, Bicycle Patrol, Motor Officers and other specialized assignments.

##### 1020.3.4 FOUL WEATHER GEAR

Only foul weather gear that has been authorized by the Chief of Police or Operations Commander shall be worn.

##### 1020.3.5 HEADWEAR

The uniform baseball cap may be worn by officers while on duty. Caps will be worn approximately square on the head and will not be tilted back or worn at an extreme angle. A dress cap, as designated by the Chief of Police, may be required on formal occasions when the dress uniform is worn.

The winter cap will be authorized in cold weather with a temperature of 40 degrees or below and shall only be worn during the hours of darkness, unless otherwise authorized by the Chief of Police or designee. The winter cap shall be a plain black stocking style cap with the word "Police" displayed prominently on the front in white letters and visible at all times when being worn on duty. It is the responsibility of the employee to purchase and replace the winter cap. A Campaign hat may also be authorized for daily uniform duty.

#### **1020.4 INSIGNIA AND PATCHES**

- (a) Shoulder Patches - The authorized shoulder patch supplied by the Department shall be machine stitched to the sleeves of all uniform shirts and jackets, three-quarters of an inch below the shoulder seam of the shirt and be bisected by the crease in the sleeve.
- (b) Service stripes - Service stripes for length of service may be worn on long sleeved shirts and jackets. They are to be machine stitched onto the uniform. The bottom of the service stripe shall be sewn 3/4 inch from the crease and 1/2 inch above the cuff seam. The stripes are to be worn on the left sleeve only.
- (c) The regulation name plate, or an authorized sewn on cloth name plate, shall be worn at all times while in uniform. The name plate shall display the employee's last name. The name plate shall be worn and placed above the right pocket located in the middle, bisected by the pressed shirt seam, with equal distance from both sides of the name plate to the outer edge of the pocket.
- (d) Badge - A department authorized badge must be worn and visible at all times while in uniform.
- (e) Rank Insignia - The designated insignia indicating the employee's rank must be worn at all times while in uniform. The Chief of Police may authorize exceptions.

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##### **1020.5 CIVILIAN ATTIRE**

There are assignments within the Department that do not require the wearing of a uniform because recognition and authority are not essential to their function. There are also assignments in which the wearing of civilian attire is necessary.

- (a) All employees shall wear clothing that fits properly, is clean and free of stains, and not damaged or excessively worn.
- (b) All male administrative and support personnel who are authorized to wear civilian clothing to work shall wear button style shirts with a collar or short button professional polo style shirts, slacks or suits that are moderate in style and appropriate for business.
- (c) All female administrative and support personnel who are authorized to wear civilian clothes to work shall wear dresses, slacks, shirts, blouses, or suits which are moderate in style and appropriate for business.
- (d) Investigators assigned to CID shall wear business attire to include: Dress slacks, dress shoes, dress socks, long sleeved shirt with tie, dress or business type jacket (if worn). Females assigned to CID shall wear business attire to include: Business suit or slacks with dress shoes, dress socks, long sleeved dress shirt, dress or business type jacket (if worn). The CID Commander may authorize more casual attire based on special assignments and / or conditions. Investigators assigned to DINT shall wear clothing appropriate to the assignments authorized by the DINT and / or CID Commander.
- (e) The following items shall not be worn on duty:
  - 1. T-shirt alone
  - 2. Open toed sandals or thongs
  - 3. Swimsuit, tube tops, or halter-tops
  - 4. Spandex type pants or see-through clothing
  - 5. Distasteful printed slogans, buttons or pins
- (f) Variations from this order are allowed at the discretion of the Chief of Police or designee.
- (g) No item of civilian attire may be worn on duty that would adversely affect the reputation of the Roseburg Police Department or the morale of the employees.

##### **1020.6 POLITICAL ACTIVITIES, ENDORSEMENTS, AND ADVERTISEMENTS**

Unless specifically authorized by the Chief of Police, Roseburg Police Department employees may not wear any part of the uniform, be photographed wearing any part of the uniform, utilize a department badge, patch or other official insignia, or cause to be posted, published, or displayed, the image of another employee, or identify himself/herself as an employee of the Roseburg Police Department to do any of the following:

- (a) Endorse, support, oppose, or contradict any political campaign or initiative.

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- (b) Endorse, support, oppose, or contradict any social issue, cause, or religion.
- (c) Endorse, support, or oppose, any product, service, company or other commercial entity.
- (d) Appear in any commercial, social, or non-profit publication; or any motion picture, film, video, public broadcast, or any website without prior approval of the Chief of Police.

#### **1020.7 OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT - MAINTENANCE, AND REPLACEMENT**

- (a) Any of the items listed in the Uniform and Equipment Specifications as optional shall be purchased totally at the expense of the employee.
- (b) Maintenance of optional items shall be the financial responsibility of the purchasing employee. For example, repairs due to normal wear and tear.
- (c) Replacement of items listed in this order as optional shall be done as follows:
  1. When the item is no longer functional because of normal wear and tear, the employee bears the full cost of replacement.
  2. When the item is no longer functional because of damage in the course of the employee's duties, it shall be replaced following the procedures for the replacement of damaged personal property as listed in the current Collective Bargaining Agreement.

#### **1020.8 UNAUTHORIZED UNIFORMS, EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES**

Roseburg Police Department employees may not wear / use any uniform item, accessory or attachment unless specifically authorized in the Uniform and Equipment Specifications or by the Chief of Police or designee.

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# Nepotism and Conflicting Relationships

## 1021.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure equal opportunity and effective employment practices by avoiding actual or perceived favoritism, discrimination, or actual or potential conflicts of interest by or between members of this department. These employment practices include: recruiting, testing, hiring, compensation, assignment, promotion, use of facilities, access to training opportunities, supervision, performance appraisal, purchasing and contracting, discipline and workplace safety and security.

### 1021.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Business relationship** - Serving as an employee, independent contractor, compensated consultant, owner, board member, shareholder or investor in an outside business, company, partnership, corporation, venture or other transaction where the Department employee's annual interest, compensation, investment or obligation is greater than \$250.

**Conflict of interest** - Any actual, perceived or potential conflict of interest in which it reasonably appears that a department employee's action, inaction, or decisions are or could be influenced by the employee's personal or business relationship (ORS 244.020).

**Nepotism** - The practice of showing favoritism to relatives in appointment, employment, promotion or advancement by any public official in a position to influence these personnel decisions.

**Personal relationship** - Includes marriage, cohabitation, dating or any other intimate relationship beyond mere friendship.

**Public official** - Any person who is serving the State of Oregon, any of its political subdivisions or any other public body as defined in ORS 174.109 as an elected official, appointed official, employee or agent, irrespective of whether the person is compensated for the services (ORS 244.020).

**Relative** - The spouse of the member, any children of the member or of the member's spouse, and brothers, sisters, half-brothers, half-sisters, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, stepparents, stepchildren or parents of the member or of the member's spouse, or any individual for which the member has a legal support obligation (ORS 244.020).

**Subordinate** - An employee who is subject to the temporary or ongoing direct or indirect authority of a supervisor.

**Supervisor** - An employee who has temporary or ongoing direct or indirect authority over the actions, decisions, evaluation and/or performance of a subordinate employee.

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##### **1021.2 RESTRICTED DUTIES AND ASSIGNMENTS**

The Department will not prohibit all personal or business relationships between employees. However, in order to avoid nepotism or other inappropriate conflicts, the following reasonable restrictions shall apply:

- (a) Employees are prohibited from directly supervising, occupying a position in the line of supervision or being directly supervised by any other employee who is a relative, who resides with the member or with whom they are involved in a personal or business relationship (ORS 244.179).
  1. If circumstances require that such a supervisor/subordinate relationship exist temporarily, the supervisor shall make every reasonable effort to defer matters pertaining to the involved employee to an uninvolved supervisor.
  2. When personnel and circumstances permit, the Department will attempt to make every reasonable effort to avoid placing employees in such supervisor/subordinate situations. The Department reserves the right to transfer or reassign any employee to another position within the same classification in order to avoid conflicts with any provision of this policy.
- (b) Employees are prohibited from participating in, contributing to, or recommending promotions, assignments, performance evaluations, transfers or other personnel decisions affecting an employee who is a relative or who resides with the member or with whom they are involved in a personal or business relationship (ORS 244.177).
- (c) Whenever possible, FTOs and other trainers will not be assigned to train relatives. FTOs and other trainers are prohibited from entering into or maintaining personal or business relationships with any employee they are assigned to train until such time as the training has been successfully completed and the employee is off probation.
- (d) To avoid actual or perceived conflicts of interest, members of this department shall refrain from developing or maintaining personal or financial relationships with victims, witnesses or other individuals during the course of, or as a direct result of, any official contact.
- (e) Except as required in the performance of official duties or, in the case of immediate relatives, employees shall not develop or maintain personal or financial relationships with any individuals they know or reasonably should know are under criminal investigation, are convicted felons, parolees, fugitives, registered sex offenders or who engage in serious violations of state or federal laws.

##### **1021.2.1 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITY**

Prior to entering into any personal or business relationship or other circumstance which the employee knows or reasonably should know could create a conflict of interest or other violation of this policy, the employee shall promptly notify his/her uninvolved, next highest level of supervisor.



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Whenever any employee is placed in circumstances that would require the employee to take enforcement action or provide official information or services to any relative, individual who resides with the member or individual with whom the employee is involved in a personal or business relationship, the employee shall promptly notify his/her uninformed, immediate supervisor.

In the event that no uninformed supervisor is immediately available, the employee shall promptly notify dispatch to have another uninformed employee either relieve the involved employee or minimally remain present to witness the action.

#### 1021.2.2 SUPERVISOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Upon being notified of, or otherwise becoming aware of any circumstance that could result in or constitute an actual or potential violation of this policy, a supervisor shall take all reasonable steps to promptly mitigate or avoid such violations whenever possible. Supervisors shall also promptly notify the Chief of Police of such actual or potential violations, through the chain of command.

## Employee Involved Domestic Violence

### 1022.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish procedures for handling matters of domestic violence and abuse involving law enforcement employees. This policy applies to incidents involving any law enforcement employee regardless of his/her employing agency or jurisdiction.

#### 1022.1.1 POLICY

The Roseburg Police Department has a zero tolerance policy for domestic violence whether committed by a citizen or an employee. Where incidents of domestic violence occur, the Department will act quickly to protect the victim, arrest the perpetrator and conduct appropriate criminal and/or administrative investigations.

#### 1022.1.2 DEFINITIONS

**Domestic Violence, Abuse and Family Members** - are as defined in the Domestic Violence Policy in this manual.

**Employee** - means any person employed on a full-time or part-time basis by a law enforcement agency. It also includes any unpaid volunteer with enforcement authority, such as a reserve officer.

**Law Enforcement Agency** - means any federal, state, county, or local criminal justice agency employing persons having peace officer powers granted under authority of the Oregon Revised Statutes.

**Restraining Order** - Any court order restricting or prohibiting a person's contact with another person or persons, and/or restricting where and when a person may be at a location or time. Such an order may also result in restricting possession of firearms and ammunition. This includes, but is not limited to, restraining orders and protective orders.

### 1022.2 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the Federal Domestic Violence Gun Control Act (18 USC §921(a) and 18 USC § 922(d)), any person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor domestic violence offense is prohibited from possessing any firearm or ammunition. Additionally, any person convicted of a felony is prohibited from possessing a firearm (ORS 166.270).

Oregon and Federal law also prohibit firearm possession by any individual who is the subject of a domestic violence restraining order (this federal restriction does not apply to temporary restraining orders) (18 USC § 922(d)(8)) and ORS 107.718).

#### 1022.2.1 REPORTING

Employees who are arrested for, or convicted of, any crime involving domestic violence, or who become the subject of a criminal investigation, or criminal or civil protective or restraining order related to domestic violence, regardless of jurisdiction, shall report that fact to their supervisor as required in the Reporting of Employee Convictions Policy at the earliest opportunity and provide notice of any scheduled court dates, times, appearances and proceedings.

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##### **1022.3 INCIDENT RESPONSE**

All department personnel shall accept, document in writing, and preserve all calls, reports, telephone and radio tapes, including those made anonymously, involving possible employee domestic violence as "on-the-record" information. The information shall be forwarded to the Watch Commander and respective employee's supervisor for appropriate investigative action.

Upon arrival at the scene of a domestic violence incident involving any department employee as the suspect or victim, the handling officer shall immediately request a supervisor be sent to the scene. If there is a question about whether an incident falls under this policy a supervisor shall be requested.

##### **1022.3.1 ON-SCENE SUPERVISOR RESPONSE**

A supervisor shall, whenever possible, report to the scene of all domestic violence incidents that occur within this jurisdiction where a Roseburg Police Department employee, or any other law enforcement agency employee, is identified as a suspect or victim, regardless of the involved individual's agency jurisdiction. All the provisions of the department Domestic Violence policy shall be followed (Policy Manual 320).

- (a) The supervisor will ensure that a thorough investigation is conducted and all appropriate reports are forwarded to the appropriate City Attorney or District Attorney's Office.
- (b) When feasible, a sworn supervisor from this department will respond to the location of any domestic violence incident involving an employee of the Roseburg Police Department which occurs in another jurisdiction to assist the responding agency and to take custody of any department weapon(s) or other department equipment removed from the employee's possession when appropriate.

##### **1022.3.2 ARREST OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER**

- (a) Whenever a sworn employee of the Roseburg Police Department is arrested, the supervisor shall relieve the accused of any department issued duty weapon(s).
- (b) The investigating officer or supervisor shall also request permission to take any other firearms on scene for safekeeping.
- (c) If the arrested employee is in uniform, he/she should be allowed to change to civilian clothes prior to transport to the jail, if feasible.
- (d) The transporting officer shall ensure that corrections personnel are notified of the person's employee status to ensure the safety of the employee while he/she is in custody.
- (e) Employees who are arrested may be placed on administrative leave pending the disposition of criminal and administrative investigations.

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##### 1022.3.3 FIREARMS RESTRICTIONS

Any officer who is arrested, becomes a defendant, or is the respondent of a restraining or protective order that restricts or prevents the officer from possessing firearms, will not be allowed to possess firearms on or off-duty as directed by the order. Officers will immediately ensure that all firearms are removed from their residences, department lockers and all other locations where they would have actual or constructive possession of such items.

Officers who are prohibited from possessing firearms may be placed on administrative leave or assigned to a position involving no contact with the public or access to firearms.

##### 1022.4 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITY

- (a) Employees are encouraged to seek confidential assistance from department or city resources (e.g., Employee Assistance Program), or other qualified individuals or entities, to prevent a problem from escalating to the level of criminal conduct against a family or household member.
- (b) Employees with definitive knowledge of abuse and/or violence involving fellow employees must report such information in a timely manner to their supervisor.
- (c) If an employee becomes aware of possible witness or victim intimidation/coercion, he/she shall prepare a written report and immediately deliver it to the investigator handling the case through the proper chain of command.
- (d) Employees may not engage in threatening, harassing, stalking, surveillance or other such behavior designed to interfere with cases against fellow employees or intimidate witnesses.
- (e) No employee shall solicit or be afforded any privileges or special considerations.
- (f) Employees who fail to cooperate with the investigation of a law enforcement employee domestic violence case will be subject to investigation and applicable administrative sanction and/or criminal charges.
- (g) An employee who falsely reports that a victim of law enforcement involved domestic violence has committed a crime (such as child abuse or neglect) will be subject to applicable administrative sanction and/or criminal charges.
- (h) An employee who becomes aware of another employee having difficulties which might lead to domestic violence should encourage him/her to get assistance.

##### 1022.5 DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

- (a) Supervisors should be aware of on or off-duty behaviors that may be warning signs of domestic violence which may include, but are not be limited to:
  - 1. Stalking and inappropriate surveillance activities.
  - 2. Unusually high incidences of physical altercations, injuries, or verbal disputes.

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3. Alcohol and/or drug abuse.
  4. Increase in controlling behaviors.
  5. Citizen or fellow employee complaints of aggression.
  6. Inappropriate aggression toward animals.
- (b) The Department, either in response to observed warning signs or at the request of an employee and/or their family or household member, may provide non-punitive avenues of assistance to department members, their partners, and other family members as long as there is no probable cause to believe a crime has been committed.
- (c) Confidential referrals to counseling services in collaboration with existing community services that have specific expertise in domestic violence will be made available to employees.
- (d) Employees who disclose to any member of the department that they have personally engaged in domestic violence are not entitled to confidentiality within the department. The report of such criminal conduct will be treated as an admission of a crime and shall be investigated.
- (e) The Department may make annual checks of every member's criminal history records, including but not limited to CCH, to determine if there are any entries for domestic violence arrests, convictions or restraining orders. Any such records found will be forwarded to the Chief of Police.
- (f) Any Department employee convicted of a domestic violence crime or found to have committed an act of domestic violence through an internal investigation may be subject to referrals, change in assignment and/or discipline up to and including termination.

## Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments

### 1023.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes procedures for providing temporary modified-duty assignments. This policy is not intended to affect the rights or benefits of employees under federal or state law, City rules, current collective bargaining agreements or memorandums of understanding. For example, nothing in this policy affects the obligation of the Department to engage in a good faith, interactive process to consider reasonable accommodations for any employee with a temporary or permanent disability that is protected under federal or state law.

### 1023.2 POLICY

Subject to operational considerations, the Roseburg Police Department may identify temporary modified-duty assignments for employees who have an injury or medical condition resulting in temporary work limitations or restrictions. A temporary assignment allows the employee to work, while providing the Department with a productive employee during the temporary period.

### 1023.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Priority consideration for temporary modified-duty assignments will be given to employees with work-related injuries or illnesses that are temporary in nature. Employees having disabilities covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) or the Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA) shall be treated equally, without regard to any preference for a work-related injury.

No position in the Roseburg Police Department shall be created or maintained as a temporary modified-duty assignment.

Temporary modified-duty assignments are a management prerogative and not an employee right. The availability of temporary modified-duty assignments will be determined on a case-by-case basis, consistent with the operational needs of the Department. Temporary modified-duty assignments are subject to continuous reassessment, with consideration given to operational needs and the employee's ability to perform in a modified-duty assignment.

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee may restrict employees working in temporary modified-duty assignments from wearing a uniform, displaying a badge, carrying a firearm, operating an emergency vehicle, engaging in outside employment, or being otherwise limited in employing their peace officer powers.

Temporary modified-duty assignments shall generally not exceed a cumulative total of 1,040 hours in any one-year period.

### 1023.4 PROCEDURE

Employees may request a temporary modified-duty assignment for short-term injuries or illnesses.

Employees seeking a temporary modified-duty assignment should submit a written request to their Division Commanders or the authorized designees. The request should, as applicable, include a certification from the treating medical professional containing:

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- (a) An assessment of the nature and probable duration of the illness or injury.
- (b) The prognosis for recovery.
- (c) The nature and scope of limitations and/or work restrictions.
- (d) A statement regarding any required workplace accommodations, mobility aids or medical devices.
- (e) A statement that the employee can safely perform the duties of the temporary modified-duty assignment.

The Division Commander will make a recommendation through the chain of command to the Chief of Police regarding temporary modified-duty assignments that may be available based on the needs of the Department and the limitations of the employee. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall confer with the Department of Human Resources or the City Attorney as appropriate.

#### **1023.5 ACCOUNTABILITY**

Written notification of assignments, work schedules and any restrictions should be provided to employees assigned to temporary modified-duty assignments and their supervisors. Those assignments and schedules may be adjusted to accommodate department operations and the employee's medical appointments, as mutually agreed upon with the Division Commander.

##### **1023.5.1 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of employees assigned to temporary modified duty shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Communicating and coordinating any required medical and physical therapy appointments in advance with their supervisors.
- (b) Promptly notifying their supervisors of any change in restrictions or limitations after each appointment with their treating medical professionals.

##### **1023.5.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The employee's immediate supervisor shall monitor and manage the work schedule of those assigned to temporary modified duty.

The responsibilities of supervisors shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Periodically apprising the Division Commander of the status and performance of employees assigned to temporary modified duty.
- (b) Notifying the Division Commander and ensuring that the required documentation facilitating a return to full duty is received from the employee.
- (c) Ensuring that employees returning to full duty have completed any required training and certification.

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##### **1023.6 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

Prior to returning to full-duty status, employees shall be required to provide certification from their treating medical professionals stating that they are medically cleared to perform the essential functions of their jobs without restrictions or limitations.

The Department may require a fitness-for-duty examination prior to returning an employee to full-duty status, in accordance with the Fitness for Duty Policy.

##### **1023.7 PREGNANCY**

If an employee is temporarily unable to perform regular duties due to a pregnancy, childbirth or a related medical condition, the employee will be treated the same as any other temporarily disabled employee (42 USC § 2000e(k)).

###### **1023.7.1 NOTIFICATION**

Pregnant employees should notify their immediate supervisors as soon as practicable and provide a statement from their medical providers identifying any pregnancy-related job restrictions or limitations. If at any point during the pregnancy it becomes necessary for the employee to take a leave of absence, such leave shall be granted in accordance with the City's personnel rules and regulations regarding family and medical care leave.

##### **1023.8 PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEES**

Probationary employees who are assigned to a temporary modified-duty assignment may have their probation extended by a period of time equal to their assignment to temporary modified duty.

##### **1023.9 MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFICATION AND TRAINING**

Employees assigned to temporary modified duty shall maintain all certification, training and qualifications appropriate to both their regular and temporary duties, provided that the certification, training or qualifications are not in conflict with any medical limitations or restrictions. Employees who are assigned to temporary modified duty shall inform their supervisors of any inability to maintain any certification, training or qualifications.



# Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking

## 1024.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy is intended to address issues associated with employee use of social networking sites and to provide guidelines for the regulation and balancing of employee speech and expression with the needs of the Department (ORS 181A.689).

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit or infringe upon any communication, speech, or expression that is protected or privileged under law. This includes speech and expression protected under state or federal constitutions as well as labor or other applicable laws. For example, this policy does not limit an employee from speaking as a private citizen, including acting as an authorized member of a recognized bargaining unit or officer associations, about matters of public concern, such as misconduct or corruption.

Employees are encouraged to consult with their supervisor regarding any questions arising from the application or potential application of this policy.

### 1024.1.1 APPLICABILITY

This policy applies to all forms of communication including but not limited to film, video, print media, public or private speech, use of all internet services, including the world wide web, email, file transfer, remote computer access, news services, social networking, social media, instant messaging, blogs, forums, video, and other file-sharing sites.

## 1024.2 POLICY

Public employees occupy a trusted position in the community, and thus, their statements have the potential to contravene the policies and performance of this department. Due to the nature of the work and influence associated with the law enforcement profession, it is necessary that employees of this department be subject to certain reasonable limitations on their speech and expression. To achieve its mission and efficiently provide service to the public, the Roseburg Police Department will carefully balance the individual employee's rights against the department's needs and interests when exercising a reasonable degree of control over its employees' speech and expression.

## 1024.3 SAFETY

Employees should consider carefully the implications of their speech or any other form of expression when using the internet. Speech and expression that may negatively affect the safety of the Roseburg Police Department employees, such as posting personal information in a public forum, can result in compromising an employee's home address or family ties. Employees should therefore not disseminate or post any information on any forum or medium that could reasonably be anticipated to compromise the safety of any employee, an employee's family, or associates. Examples of the type of information that could reasonably be expected to compromise safety include:

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- Disclosing a photograph and name or address of an officer who is working undercover.
- Disclosing the address of a fellow officer.
- Otherwise disclosing where another officer can be located off-duty.

#### **1024.4 PROHIBITED SPEECH, EXPRESSION AND CONDUCT**

To meet the department's safety, performance and public-trust needs, the following are prohibited unless the speech is otherwise protected (for example, an employee speaking as a private citizen, including acting as an authorized member of a recognized bargaining unit or officer associations, on a matter of public concern):

- (a) Speech or expression made pursuant to an official duty that tends to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation or professionalism of the Roseburg Police Department or its employees.
- (b) Speech or expression that, while not made pursuant to an official duty, is significantly linked to, or related to, the Roseburg Police Department and tends to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation or professionalism of the Roseburg Police Department or its employees. Examples may include:
  1. Statements that indicate disregard for the law or the state or U.S. Constitution.
  2. Expression that demonstrates support for criminal activity.
  3. Participating in sexually explicit photographs or videos for compensation or distribution.
- (c) Speech or expression that could reasonably be foreseen as having a negative impact on the credibility of the employee as a witness. For example, posting statements or expressions to a website that glorify or endorse dishonesty, unlawful discrimination or illegal behavior.
- (d) Speech or expression of any form that could reasonably be foreseen as having a negative impact on the safety of the employees of the Department. For example, a statement on a blog that provides specific details as to how and when prisoner transportations are made could reasonably be foreseen as potentially jeopardizing employees by informing criminals of details that could facilitate an escape or attempted escape.
- (e) Speech or expression that is contrary to the canons of the Criminal Justice Code of Ethics as adopted by the Roseburg Police Department.
- (f) Use or disclosure, through whatever means, of any information, photograph, video or other recording obtained or accessible as a result of employment with the Department for financial or personal gain, or any disclosure of such materials without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee (or any other act that would constitute a misuse of public information in violation of ORS 162.425).

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- (g) Posting, transmitting or disseminating any photographs, video or audio recordings, likenesses or images of department logos, emblems, uniforms, badges, patches, marked vehicles, equipment or other material that specifically identifies the Roseburg Police Department on any personal or social networking or other website or web page, without the express authorization of the Chief of Police.
- (h) Accessing websites for non-authorized purposes, or use of any personal communication device, game device or media device, whether personally or department-owned, for personal purposes while on-duty, except in the following circumstances:
  1. When brief personal communications may be warranted by the circumstances (e.g., inform family of extended hours).
  2. During authorized breaks; such usage should be limited as much as practicable to areas out of sight and sound of the public and shall not be disruptive to the work environment.

Employees must take reasonable and prompt action to remove any content, including content posted by others, that is in violation of this policy from any web page or website maintained by the employee (e.g., social or personal website).

#### 1024.4.1 UNAUTHORIZED ENDORSEMENTS AND ADVERTISEMENTS

While employees are not restricted from engaging in the following activities as private citizens or as authorized members of a recognized bargaining unit or officer associations, employees may not represent the Roseburg Police Department or identify themselves in any way that could be reasonably perceived as representing the Roseburg Police Department in order to do any of the following, unless specifically authorized by the Chief of Police:

- (a) Endorse, support, oppose or contradict any political campaign or initiative.
- (b) Endorse, support, oppose or contradict any social issue, cause or religion.
- (c) Endorse, support or oppose any product, service, company or other commercial entity.
- (d) Appear in any commercial, social or nonprofit publication or any motion picture, film, video, public broadcast or on any website.

Additionally, when it can reasonably be construed that an employee, acting in his/her individual capacity or through an outside group or organization (e.g. bargaining group), is affiliated with this department, the employee shall give a specific disclaiming statement that any such speech or expression is not representative of the Roseburg Police Department.

A notice of restrictions on political activities by employees will be posted and maintained by the Department in a place that is conspicuous to all employees as required by law (ORS 260.432).

Employees retain their right to vote as they choose, to support candidates of their choice and to express their opinions as private citizens, including as authorized members of a recognized

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bargaining unit or officer associations, on political subjects and candidates at all times while off-duty. However, employees may not use their official authority or influence to interfere with or affect the result of an election or a nomination for office. Employees are also prohibited from directly or indirectly using their official authority to coerce, command or advise another employee to pay, lend or contribute anything of value to a party, committee, organization, agency or person for political purposes (5 USC § 1502).

#### **1024.5 PRIVACY EXPECTATION**

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to e-mails, texts or anything published or maintained through file-sharing software or any Internet site (e.g., Facebook, MySpace) that is accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any department technology system (see the Information Technology Use Policy for additional guidance).

The Department reserves the right to access, audit and disclose for whatever reason any message, including attachments, and any information accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed over any technology that is issued or maintained by the Department, including the department e-mail system, computer network or any information placed into storage on any department system or device.

This includes records of all key strokes or web-browsing history made at any department computer or over any department network. The fact that access to a database, service or website requires a user name or password will not create an expectation of privacy if it is accessed through department computers, electronic devices or networks. However, the Department may not require a member to disclose a personal user name or password, or open a personal social website, except when access is reasonably believed to be relevant to the investigation of allegations of work-related misconduct (ORS 659A.330)

#### **1024.6 CONSIDERATIONS**

In determining whether to grant authorization of any speech or conduct that is prohibited under this policy, the factors that the Chief of Police or authorized designee should consider include:

- (a) Whether the speech or conduct would negatively affect the efficiency of delivering public services.
- (b) Whether the speech or conduct would be contrary to the good order of the Department or the efficiency or morale of its members.
- (c) Whether the speech or conduct would reflect unfavorably upon the Department.
- (d) Whether the speech or conduct would negatively affect the member's appearance of impartiality in the performance of his/her duties.
- (e) Whether similar speech or conduct has been previously authorized.
- (f) Whether the speech or conduct may be protected and outweighs any interest of the Department.

## Job Descriptions

### 1025.1 POLICE CHIEF

**DEFINITION:** Plans, organizes, leads and controls all of the activities of the Police Department. This is a highly responsible administrative position involving immediate responsibility to insure that order is maintained and the laws and ordinances are enforced; to protect lives and property of the public; and to be responsible for the actions and conduct of departmental personnel.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the general direction of the City Manager who participates in the establishment of major objectives and reviews work for effectiveness and results obtained. Independence of action is stressed.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Exercises full supervision over all departmental employees, function and activities. Directly supervises Operations and Criminal Investigations Commanders and Police Staff Assistant.

**GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES:**

1. Manages department personnel. Responsible for applying sound supervisory and personnel principles and techniques. Ensures that employees are adequately trained.
2. Manages department resources including budget, materials and equipment for maximum efficiency and service.
3. Assists the City Manager in formulating policies and procedures for departmental organization and operation.
4. Maintains communications and coordination with the City Manager, Council, applicable commissions, other agencies, co-workers and the public. Acts as a member of the City Management Team.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties which are not listed.

1. Cooperates with other law enforcement agencies in the apprehension and detention of wanted persons and in maintaining the flow of information.
2. Responsible for the enforcement of all laws and ordinances, including traffic and safety regulations.
3. Oversees volunteer programs such as Volunteers in Police Service, Reserve Program and Roseburg Area Youth Services (RAYS).

**MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**

Graduation from a four-year college or university with a degree in criminal justice, public administration, management or a related field.

Continuing education in management philosophies and techniques.

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Five years of progressively responsible experience in the police field including at least one year at the rank of Captain or Lieutenant with supervisory experience.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License at the time of employment.

Possession of the Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) Management and Executive Certification, within one year of appointment.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

Post-offer physical if applicable as determined by Personnel Director.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Thorough knowledge of scientific methods of crime detection, criminal identification and radio communication and computers. Thorough knowledge of applicable federal, state and local laws and ordinances. Thorough knowledge of records and reports required in the administration of the modern police department. Thorough knowledge of the principles of supervision, organization and administration of a police department. Considerable knowledge of the operation and maintenance of all equipment.

Ability to lead and direct the activities of police department. Ability to work effectively with other people. Ability to work cooperatively and effectively with City management team. Ability to exercise sound judgment under stress. Ability to effectively communicate, written and orally. Ability to review, evaluate and prepare clear, concise yet comprehensive reports. Ability to evaluate personnel and programs and recommend revised or new procedures. Ability to analyze situations quickly and objectively and to determine a proper course of action to be taken. Ability to work effectively with other agencies, officials, other employees, and the public.

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.2 POLICE CAPTAIN**

DEFINITION: Commands the Operations of the Police Department. Serves as the administrator of the Patrol Division, Criminal Investigations, Records Division, and Community Resources/Juvenile Services Division. Serves as Acting Chief during the absence of the Police Chief; directs the activities necessary to the fulfillment of departmental programs carried out by the divisions; plans and directs the utilization of staff and resources available in an effective and economical manner.

SUPERVISION RECEIVED: Works under the general supervision of the Police Chief.

SUPERVISION EXERCISED: Exercises supervision over assigned lieutenants, sergeants, corporals, police officers, civilians, juvenile services employees and reserve officers.

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**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties which are not listed.

1. Functions as a staff officer to the Police Chief and regularly reports to the Chief including planning of special events; reviews and recommends changes in policy and/or procedures and hiring of new personnel in conjunction with the Personnel Director.
2. Supervises provision of department-wide training and direction of personnel including shift assignments.
3. May be responsible for administrative services including budgeting, liaison with Douglas County Communications and Douglas County Corrections facility.
4. May represent the department on boards, committees and at public forums. May occasionally serve as the Department's Public Information Officer.
5. Acts as Police Chief in Chief's absence.
6. Directs the selection and purchasing of necessary equipment and supplies.
7. Responsible for the enforcement of all laws and ordinances.
8. May acts as the department's Emergency Operations Commander and the city's Emergency Operations Commander in the absence of the fire and police chief.

#### **MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**

Five years previous experience as a law enforcement officer with at least three years in a supervisory capacity.

Possession of at least a Bachelor's Degree from an accredited (transferable) institution.

Employees in this classification must possess the Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) Advanced Certificate and Supervisory Certificate at time of appointment.

Receipt of the DPSST Management Certificate and Executive Certificate within two years of the date of appointment.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### **DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT**

#### **KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:**

Thorough knowledge and ability to interpret all applicable federal, state and local laws and ordinances. Thorough knowledge of modern police methods, management, procedures and practices in complex investigations. Thorough knowledge of the principles of supervision,

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organization and administration of a police department. Thorough knowledge of the operation and maintenance of all equipment.

Ability to plan, assign, supervise and review the work of others, either directly or through subordinate supervisors. Ability to coordinate, develop, supervise and evaluate police programs and activities. Ability to speak and write clearly and effectively. Ability to analyze complex problems and conduct necessary research in solving them. Ability to work effectively with other officials, employees and the public. Ability to participate effectively on top department level management in planning, organizing, reporting and other general staff functions as well as serving as a top level supervisor.

**ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:** As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.3 POLICE LIEUTENANT**

**DEFINITION:** Works as a staff officer as assigned. May Direct the activities necessary to the fulfillment of departmental programs carried out by a division; plans and directs the utilization of manpower and resources available in an effective and economical manner. Conducts Internal Affairs Investigations.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the supervision of the Operations Commander

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Exercises supervision as assigned.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Functions as a staff officer to the Police Chief and regularly reports to the Captain including planning of special events; reviews and recommends changes in policy and/or procedures.
2. May supervise daily activities of criminal investigators and police officers including training, review of cases, assignment, progress and provides suggestions and assistance.
3. Handles some cases of criminal investigation and is responsible for investigating breeches of professional standards as assigned by the Police Captain and Chief.
4. Serves as a deputy medical examiner.
5. May supervise crime prevention programs.
6. Maintains a working liaison with other criminal justice agencies in the area.
7. May direct the investigation of vice and narcotic complaints.
8. May supervise Roseburg Police participation in Major Crimes Team and DINT Operations.
9. May represent the department on boards, committees and at public forums. May occasionally serve as the Department's Public Information Officer.

**MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**



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Five years of law enforcement experience; three of which must be with the Roseburg Police Department.

Intermediate certification from Oregon Department of Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) to be eligible for appointment. An Advanced Certificate and Supervisory Certificate will be required within two years of appointment to retain position.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License at the time of appointment.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Thorough knowledge and ability to interpret all applicable federal, state and local laws and ordinances. Thorough knowledge of modern police methods, management, procedures and practices in complex investigations.

Considerable knowledge of the principles of supervision, organization and administration of a police department. Considerable knowledge of the operation and maintenance of all equipment.

Ability to plan, assign, supervise and review the work of others, either directly or through subordinate supervisors. Ability to coordinate, develop, supervise and evaluate police programs and activities. Ability to speak and write clearly and effectively. Ability to analyze complex problems and conduct necessary research in solving them. Ability to work effectively with other officials, employees and the general public. Ability to participate effectively on top department level management in planning, organizing, reporting and other general staff functions as well as serving as a top level supervisor.

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.4 POLICE SERGEANT - CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS**

DEFINITION: Commands the Criminal Investigations Division. Directs the activities necessary to the fulfillment of departmental programs carried out by the division; plans and directs the utilization of manpower and resources available in an effective and economical manner. Conducts most Internal Affairs Investigations.

SUPERVISION RECEIVED: Works under the supervision of the Operations Commander

SUPERVISION EXERCISED: Exercises supervision over assigned detectives and, as needed, Douglas Interagency Narcotics Team (DINT) investigators.

TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK: Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

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1. Functions as an administrative officer to the Police Chief and regularly reports to the Captain including planning of special events; reviews and recommends changes in policy and/or procedures.
2. Supervises daily activities of criminal investigators including training, review of cases, assignment, progress and provides suggestions and assistance.
3. Handles some cases of criminal investigation and is responsible for investigating breeches of professional standards as assigned by the Police Captain and Chief.
4. Serves as a deputy medical examiner.
5. Supervises crime prevention programs.
6. Maintains a working liaison with other criminal justice agencies in the area.
7. Directs the investigation of vice and narcotic complaints.
8. Supervises Roseburg Police participation in Major Crimes Team.
9. May represent the department on boards, committees and at public forums. May occasionally serve as the Department's Public Information Officer.
10. Supervises and oversees the department property and evidence program and its technician.
11. Organizes and assigns work activities for self and subordinates to meet current, unusual and changing conditions.
12. Recognizes and resolves problems arising on the shift.
13. Analyzes, reviews and evaluates work performance of subordinates.
14. Knowledgeable of department rules, regulations, policies and procedures and directs compliance from subordinates.
15. Initiates, receives and considers proposals which affect organizational policies and procedures.
16. Responsible for the department functions and security during non-business hours as assigned.
17. Delegates reasonable responsibilities to subordinates, offering guidance and counseling as necessary. Keeps subordinates informed of relevant information.
18. Recognizes and identifies training needs to subordinates in methods and procedures of police activity.
19. Approves all activities and arrests within division to insure legality of arrests and adequacy of related investigations.
20. Completes and maintains required statistics and records.
21. Responsible for investigations of personnel under their supervision or as directed by the Operations Commander. Administers and / or makes recommendations as to discipline, disposition, or action to be taken.

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22. Supplement the work of subordinates when necessary.
23. Maintains a communication flow with other shift supervisors.
24. May conduct background investigations for police officers and participates in the selection process of applicants.
25. May represent the department on boards, committees and at public forums. May occasionally serve as the Department's Public Information Officer.
26. Schedules officers hours of work, days off, vacations, and other scheduling issues based on requests and the operational needs of the department.

#### MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

Three years of law enforcement experience with the Roseburg Police Department.

Intermediate certification from Oregon Department of Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) to be eligible for appointment. An Advanced Certificate and Supervisory Certificate will be required within two years of appointment to retain position.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License at the time of appointment.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

#### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Thorough knowledge and ability to interpret all applicable federal, state and local laws and ordinances. Thorough knowledge of modern police methods, management, procedures and practices in complex investigations.

Considerable knowledge of the principles of supervision, organization and administration of a police department. Considerable knowledge of the operation and maintenance of all equipment.

Ability to plan, assign, supervise and review the work of others, either directly or through subordinate supervisors. Ability to coordinate, develop, supervise and evaluate police programs and activities. Ability to speak and write clearly and effectively. Ability to analyze complex problems and conduct necessary research in solving them. Ability to work effectively with other officials, employees and the general public. Ability to participate effectively on top department level management in planning, organizing, reporting and other general staff functions as well as serving as a top level supervisor.

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: As defined for Police Officer.

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##### **1025.5 POLICE SERGEANT - PATROL**

**DEFINITION:** Non-Represented Employee. Watch Commander in charge of operations during that shift. Plans and directs the activities of manpower and resources during a watch to insure the objectives of the department.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the supervision of the Operations Commander.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Responsible for the management and supervision of the police officers and corporals on an assigned shift.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Organizes and assigns work activities for self and subordinates to meet current, unusual and changing conditions during the Watch.
2. Recognizes and resolves problems arising on the shift.
3. Analyzes, reviews and evaluates work performance of subordinates.
4. Knowledgeable of department rules, regulations, policies and procedures and directs compliance from subordinates.
5. Initiates, receives and considers proposals which affect organizational policies and procedures.
6. Responsible for the department functions and security during non-business hours.
7. Delegates reasonable responsibilities to subordinates, offering guidance and counseling as necessary. Keeps subordinates informed of relevant information.
8. Recognizes and identifies training needs to subordinates in methods and procedures of police activity.
9. Approves all activities and arrests on the watch to insure legality of arrests and adequacy of related investigations.
10. Completes and maintains required statistics and records.
11. Responsible for investigations of personnel under their supervision or as directed by the Operations Commander. Administers and / or makes recommendations as to discipline, disposition, or action to be taken.
12. Supplement the work of subordinates when necessary in patrol, traffic and investigations.
13. Maintains a communication flow with other shift supervisors. Reports daily to the Operations Commander via a supervisor's log.
14. May conduct background investigations for police officers and participates in the selection process of applicants.
15. May represent the department on boards, committees and at public forums. May occasionally serve as the Department's Public Information Officer.

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16. Schedules officers hours of work, days off, vacations, and other scheduling issues based on requests and the operational needs of the department.

#### MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

Three years of law enforcement experience with the Roseburg Police Department.

Intermediate certification from Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) to be eligible for appointment.

An Advanced Certificate and Supervisory Certificate will be required within two years of appointment to retain the position.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License at the time of appointment.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

#### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Considerable knowledge and ability to interpret applicable federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances. Considerable knowledge of modern police methods, procedures and practices. Reasonable knowledge of the principles of supervision, organization and administration.

Ability to understand complex oral and written instructions and act upon them accordingly. Ability to supervise the work of subordinate personnel. Ability to act effectively and calmly in emergency situations. Ability to operate assigned equipment skillfully, safely and in conformance with applicable laws and regulations. Ability to review, evaluate and prepare clear, concise yet comprehensive reports. Ability to evaluate personnel and programs and to recommend revised or new procedures. Ability to analyze situations quickly and objectively and to determine a proper course of action to be taken. Ability to work effectively with other agencies, officials, other employees, and the public.

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.6 POLICE SERGEANT - COMMUNITY RESOURCES**

DEFINITION: In charge of community resources for the Police Department. Serves as the department public information and training officer, and VIPS coordinator. Coordinates all community crime prevention/education programs. Coordinates special events and programs. Serves as liaison for the RAYS Program. Responsible for researching, applying for, and coordination of all department grant requests. Coordinates all aspects of department training and oversees the department's Field Training Program. May serve as the department Emergency Response Coordinator and Infectious Disease Control Officer.

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**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the general supervision of the Operations Commander. May coordinate services with the Police Chief, Criminal Investigations Commander, Patrol Division and volunteers.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Exercises supervision over assigned staff and volunteers.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties which are not listed.

1. Coordinates and may instruct in-service and roll call training; oversees and schedules annual department training and serves as local coordinator for regional training. Maintains department training records.
2. Conducts crime analysis surveys as necessary, compiles crime statistics, develops crime information and association network for dissemination to patrol officers and detectives. Serves as liaison with community groups.
3. Conducts administrative studies, as assigned, of department activities and programs to include policy and procedures, ordinance revision, grant preparations, coordination, and management.
4. Responsible for all media relations, including writing and disseminating news releases, activity logs, or other appropriate information and documents. Maintains departmental web page.
5. Coordinates crime prevention activities to include public speaking engagements and seminars. Coordinates and supervises police participation in major community events.
6. Coordinates and supervises VIPS and other departmental volunteer programs as assigned.
7. Serves as FTEP Coordinator and Infection Control Officer. Chairs department Accident Review Committee and coordinates its activities.
8. Sits as a department representative to the City Safety Committee.
9. May serve as Patrol Watch Commander.
10. Analyzes, reviews and evaluates work performance of subordinates.
11. Knowledgeable of department rules, regulations, policies and procedures and directs compliance from subordinates.
12. Initiates, receives and considers proposals which affect organizational policies and procedures.
13. Responsible for the department functions and security during non-business hours as needed.
14. Delegates reasonable responsibilities to subordinates, offering guidance and counseling as necessary. Keeps subordinates informed of relevant information.
15. Recognizes and identifies training needs to subordinates in methods and procedures of police activity.

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16. Approves all activities and arrests on the watch to insure legality of arrests and adequacy of related investigations.
17. Completes and maintains required statistics and records.
18. Responsible for investigations of personnel under their supervision or as directed by the Operations Commander. Administers and / or makes recommendations as to discipline, disposition, or action to be taken.
19. Supplement the work of subordinates when necessary in patrol, traffic and investigations.
20. Maintains a communication flow with other shift supervisors. Reports daily to the Operations Commander.
21. May conduct background investigations for police officers and participates in the selection process of applicants.
22. May represent the department on boards, committees and at public forums.
23. Schedules officers hours of work, days off, vacations, and other scheduling issues based on requests and the operational needs of the department as assigned.
24. Other duties as assigned.

#### MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

Three years of law enforcement experience with the Roseburg Police Department.

Possession of Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST) Intermediate at time of appointment.

Receipt of DPSST Advanced and Supervisory Certificates within two years of appointment.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License at the time of employment.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

#### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Considerable knowledge and ability to interpret applicable federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances. Considerable knowledge of modern police methods, procedures and practices. Reasonable knowledge of the principles of supervision, organization and administration.

Ability to understand complex oral and written instructions and act upon them accordingly. Ability to supervise the work of subordinate personnel. Ability to act effectively and calmly in emergency situations. Ability to operate assigned equipment skillfully, safely and in conformance with applicable laws and regulations. Ability to review, evaluate and prepare clear, concise, yet

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comprehensive reports. Ability to evaluate personnel and programs and to recommend revised or new procedures. Ability to analyze situations quickly and objectively and to determine a proper course of action to be taken. Ability to work effectively with other agencies, officials, other employees, and the public. Ability to effectively communicate verbally and in writing. Ability to identify problems and present solutions. Ability to do basic math and understand budget procedures.

**ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:** As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.7 POLICE CORPORAL**

**DEFINITION:** Serves as a Police Officer, Assistant Watch Commander or Field Supervisor.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the supervision of a Watch Commander.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** In the absence of a Watch Commander, will supervise employees within their respective division on the shift. May assume supervisory responsibility over Police Officers in the investigation of accidents or crime scenes.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Functions as the Assistant Watch Commander in Watch Commander's absence and may act as Field Supervisor when assigned by Watch Commander.
2. Serves as Police Officer (see Police Officer classification).
3. Enforces, investigates and writes reports on violations involving misdemeanors, felonies, juveniles, and traffic offenses.
4. May serve as public speaker and may represent the department on boards, committees and at public forums. May occasionally serve as the Department's Public Information Officer.
5. Investigates misdemeanor and felony crimes; interviews complainant(s) and witnesses; interrogates suspects, both adult and juvenile; prepares full and comprehensive reports for issuance of formal complaints; makes arrests on the basis of complaints and investigation; and testifies in court concerning investigations.
6. Works closely with supervisors to keep them informed of case progress.

#### **MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**

Three years experience as a Police Officer with the Roseburg Police Department, per RPEA contract.

Satisfactory or better performance evaluations during the previous two years, with no disciplinary action greater than a three day suspension in the last year as of the date of the position posting date.

Possession of a valid Oregon Intermediate Certification from Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST).



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Successful completion of at least twenty educational training points as defined by DPSST, at least ten of which must be from an accredited college.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### **DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT**

##### **KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:**

Knowledge and ability to interpret applicable, federal, state and local laws and ordinances. Knowledge of the principles and techniques of modern police investigation work.

Ability to carry out investigations, evaluate pertinent facts and draw conclusions when all facts have been analyzed. Ability to obtain information through interviews, interrogations and observations. Ability to prepare clear, concise, yet comprehensive reports. Ability to speak clearly and establish good relationships with the public. Ability to operate assigned equipment skillfully, safely and in conformance with applicable laws and regulations. Ability to work effectively with other employees, agencies, officials, and the public. Ability to assign and supervise the work of subordinates.

**ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:** As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.8 POLICE OFFICER - PATROL**

**DEFINITION:** The basic Police Officer who is charged with the responsibility of fulfilling the police mission at the primary level of execution. Prevents and represses crime through patrol activities. Enforces the City ordinances, State and Federal laws, apprehends offenders and secures compliance in lesser non-criminal matters. Performs other related activities peripheral to basic police duties in the area of community services.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the direct supervision of a Watch Commander who assigns work and reviews performance for conformance with department rules and regulations.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Supervision of other employees is not a normal responsibility of positions in this class, but when experienced, may be required to act as Field Training Officer for new recruits.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties which are not listed.

1. Patrols city, businesses and residential streets for purpose of enforcing traffic and criminal laws; checks for suspicious persons and vehicles. Responds to calls including citizen complaints, thefts, family disputes, juvenile complaints and takes appropriate action.

2. Initiates investigations of accidents, death and criminal complaints; gathers evidence for prosecution; makes arrests and issues citations, handles suspects as called for by law and department regulations. Fingerprints and photographs suspects as arresting officer.

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3. Prepares full and comprehensive written reports as required.
4. Transports prisoners from jail to court appearances and back.
5. Utilizes computer to receive and transmit messages.
6. Appears in court as witness, serves writs, warrants and subpoenas.
7. Assists the public by answering inquiries regarding directions, laws and ordinances, aids stranded motorists, conducts vacation house checks, checks road conditions, street signs and street lights, gives other assistance to public when needed.
8. Represents the department and the City in public relations activities, educational programs and while in daily contact with the public.
9. Keeps informed on current crime problems and engages in tactical operations as directed; is constantly aware of possible vice or narcotic violations, reporting such conditions immediately to the department.

#### MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

United States citizen.

Not less than 21 years of age.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License by the time of employment.

Successful completion of department's entrance level examinations.

Graduation from high school or GED.

Excellent physical condition as defined in Specifications F-4 and Specifications F-2-Vision of the Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST).

Good moral character as determined by a thorough background investigation as prescribed by Specification S-2 of the DPSST.

Ability to perform essential job functions as outlined by DPSST Job Task Analysis.

Possession of DPSST Basic Certificate within 18 months of appointment.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act, 1997.

Post-offer physical. (Physical Examination; All law enforcement officers and applicants must be examined by a licensed physician or surgeon.)

Visual Acuity. Corrected vision must be at least 20/30 (Snellen) in each eye. Due to the demonstrated likelihood of dislodgment or breakage, candidates who are able to wear only glasses with frames must meet an uncorrected standard not worse than 20/100 (Snellen) in each eye. Those candidates who use soft contact lenses (SCLs) must have vision correctable to at least 20/30 in each eye, with no uncorrected standard, provided the employing agency will monitor

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compliance. Replacement glasses or lenses (as appropriate) must be on the person or readily available at all times during each work shift.

Color Vision. Red or green deficiencies may be acceptable, providing the applicant can read at least nine (9) of the first thirteen (13) plates of the Ishihara Test (24 Plate Edition). Applicants who fail the Ishihara test can meet the color vision standard by demonstrating that they can correctly discriminate colors via a field test conducted by the employer and approved by DPSST.

Depth Perception. Depth Perception must be sufficient to demonstrate stereopsis adequate to perform the essential tasks of the job. The recommended test is the Random Stereo Test with 60 seconds of arc.

Peripheral Vision. Visual Field Performance must be 140 degrees in the horizontal meridian combined.

Night Blindness. A history of night blindness should be evaluated to determine applicant's capacity to perform essential tasks at night or in dark or low light settings.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Ability to learn a considerable amount of factual material such as laws, statutes, regulations, ordinances and procedures and apply this knowledge on the job. Ability to comprehend and interpret laws, statutes and regulations. Ability to understand sometimes complex verbal and written instructions and to act upon them accordingly. Ability to act effectively and calmly in emergency situations. Ability to prepare clear, concise and comprehensive reports. Ability to analyze situations quickly and objectively and determine a proper course of action to be taken. Ability to work effectively with the public, other agencies, officials, and other employees.

Physical strength and agility to perform the work of the class as determined by the Police Department.

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: (As defined by the State of Oregon Job Task Analysis – Oregon Department of Public Safety Standards and Training.)

Police officers strive to demonstrate, the highest moral and ethical values by; working independently and in coordination with the community and others, investigating crimes, enforcing laws, and patrolling in a proactive manner to protect life and property in an effort to create a safer environment and community.

##### Police Officer Job Task Analysis – Physical Tasks (as listed by DPSST)

Run to escape attacking person (variable terrain)

Walk continuously during a shift/day

Stand continuously during shift/day

Walk up/down stairs during shift/day

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Sit continuously (car, desk, etc.) during shift/day

Lift objects up off the ground

Carry/drag an unresisting person (without assistance)

Carry and place objects

Lift objects down from elevated surface (waist high or above) and place on ground or floor

Pull-push unresisting person through vehicle or structure window to effect rescue

Pull-push resisting person through vehicle or structure window to effect rescue

Grip and hold a person to maintain physical control (assisted)

Grip and hold a person to maintain physical control (unassisted)

Extract a struggling suspect from a structure or motor vehicle

Place a struggling suspect in a structure or motor vehicle

Use various holds to control/subdue resisting-combative suspects

Physically defend against and control a single attacker

Physically defend against and control multiple attackers

Take down and subdue a resisting person

Draw and fire duty weapon in a state of extreme physical exhaustion, during, or subsequent to physical altercation

Re-load duty weapon in combat conditions

Draw and fire duty weapon at moving vehicle

Fire shoulder weapon (rifle, shotgun, etc.)

Handcuff - mechanically restrain compliant subject

Handcuff - mechanically restrain non-compliant subject

Catch falling person to avoid injury

Tackle a fleeing person to stop flight

Engage in ground fighting with subject

Use hand weapon(s) (baton, taser, OC spray, etc) to subdue person in physical confrontation

Physically force open locked, or blocked door/gate

Use OC weapon to subdue a person in a physical confrontation

Use firearms in physical confrontation

Use nerve pressure points to control/subdue resisting person

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Physically intervene to break up fights/physical confrontations between two or more persons

Dodge/evade blows, thrown objects

Drive patrol car in a wide range of routine and emergency conditions, negotiating barriers and hazards, high-speed pursuit/evasion, emergency condition maneuvering, stops, controlled collisions with other vehicles

Rapidly exit patrol car. Pursue subject on foot, negotiating barriers and hazards (running, jumping, climbing, etc.); struggle with and subdue subject after pursuit/evasion. Place subject in patrol car for transport

Multi-task while operating a patrol car (radio communications, computer, weapons and tools, etc.)

Resolve and understand speech in the presence of a wide range of environmental conditions (wind, vehicle noise, equipment sounds, etc.), including

Detect and resolve faint and/or odd odors

Accurately resolve visual images in dim-light conditions

Subdue and physically/mechanically restrain, lift/carry/drag subject to/from one area to another

Understand speech through electronic devices (telephone, radio, cell phone. etc.) in a wide range of environmental conditions

Three-dimensional vision, sufficient for clear depth perception, image placement and location sufficient for complex visual tasks (driving a vehicle in emergency conditions, pursuit of persons over complex surfaces in unpredictable conditions, stairs, st

Accurately visually detect and resolve transitory and subtle changes in body language (pupil constriction/dilation, skin color and respiration changes, etc.

Maintain visual contact in pursuit (car and foot) in unpredictable terrain and conditions

Pursue fleeing person on foot, negotiating barriers and hazards (running, jumping, climbing, etc.), struggle with and subdue after pursuit/evasion

Accurately use vision and hearing for threat assessment in use of force situations

Routine use of color computer monitor (CRT)

Physically/mechanically restrain, lift/carry/drag resisting person

Draw, aim and fire service pistol

Transport person (resisting, not resisting) between locations, maintaining physical control, negotiating stairs, doorways, obstacles and other features

Being struck by, and/or striking person (physical altercations)

Physically struggling with multiple persons

Falling/being knocked down in struggle or pursuit - recovering to feet - resuming struggle/pursuit

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Participate in Defensive Tactics Training (DT's)

Conduct routine physical person searches of individuals

Conduct high-risk searches of individuals (weapon drawn)

Emergency driving

Conduct area searches (walking, standing, kneeling, crawling, lifting, bending, etc.)

Continuing to function in a physical confrontation after being struck/injured

Cope with the physical effects of acute emotional stress {fear, anger, etc} (self)

Cope with physical effects of acute emotional stress (others)

Cope with the physical effects of chronic (cumulative) emotional stress (self)

Cope with the chronic (cumulative) emotional stress (others)

Cope with the emotional and physical results of being struck by - exposed to bodily fluids

Maintaining a state of hypervigilance (highly concentrated mental and sensory attention) over protracted period of time

Cope with the emotional and physical impact of being subjected to verbal threats of violence

Being exposed to hazardous substances (drugs, chemicals, infectious diseases, etc.)

Cope with the emotional and physical impact of seeing, hearing, smelling and reading about horrific events/occurrences

Cope with the emotional and physical impact of witnessing the abuse, injury or death of a child

Cope with the emotional and physical impact of witnessing the injury or death of a fellow officer

Cope with the emotional and physical impact of constant scrutiny and criticism (management, attorneys, judges, the public, etc.)

Cope with the emotional and physical impact of constant scrutiny (media, testifying in court, etc.)

Cope with the long-term emotional and physical impact of constant exposure to deviance (distorted world view)

Cope with the emotional and physical impact of being shot at.

Bending over from waist at or below waist level

Twisting at the waist

Cardio-vascular endurance (sudden onset, sustained, high-demand physical exertion for longer than three minutes)

Typing on keyboard

Routine driving of automobile

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Use computer mouse

Talking on phone, radio, while using computer

Using computer keyboard in patrol vehicle

Transition between sitting and standing

Reaching from various positions to grasp objects/persons

Accurately visually detect and resolve images, facial and body features, and movement of persons and objects in varying light conditions, at distances up to 100 feet

Accurately determine full-range colors (clothing, substances, skin tones, etc) in varying light conditions

Resolve and understand faint auditory signals (whispers, transients {clicks, pops, impacts), air movement, etc.)

Resolve and understand speech in the presence of a wide range of environmental sounds, including high levels of ambient background noise.

Accurately resolve visual images in low-light conditions

Three-dimensional vision, sufficient for accurate depth perception, image placement and location in complex visual tasks (emergency vehicle operation, pursuit of person over complex surfaces in unpredictable conditions - stairs, steps, obstacles, etc.)

Accurately visually detect and resolve transitory and subtle changes in "body language" (pupil, skin color and respiration changes, etc.)

#### Police Officer Job Task Analysis – Non-Physical Tasks (as listed by DPSST)

##### PATROL OPERATIONS

1. Impound vehicles
2. Provide motorist assistance
3. Mediate civil disputes
4. Mediate disturbances
5. Conduct building searches
6. Check areas (park, school grounds, etc.)
7. Direct officers arriving at a crime scene
8. Provide escort processions (e.g., parades, funerals, oversized trucks, etc.)
9. Put out vehicle fires
10. Assist with K9 track
11. Establish crime scene perimeters

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12. Conduct area search
13. Control non-violent crowds
14. Control violent crowds
15. Conduct bar checks
16. Check parking lots
17. Operate office equipment
18. Conduct field interviews
19. Understand police radio traffic
20. Articulate in clear English when using police radio
21. Defuse hostile situations
22. Serve subpoenas
23. Testify credibly in hearings/court
24. Operate a Mobil Data Terminals/Computers
25. Prepare for trials/hearings
26. Conduct civil stand-by
27. Conduct stationary surveillance
28. Conduct moving surveillance
29. Review circumstances resulting in death with Medical Examiner
30. Hear and understand conversations in a bar or loud party
31. Hear and understand conversations under stressful conditions
32. Wear a gas mask that is capable of providing an airtight seal
33. Articulate understandable commands under emotionally stressful conditions
34. Articulate understandable commands under physically stressful conditions
35. Read material within arms length
36. Use voice to project oneself to control the situation
37. Conduct mental health investigation
38. Take person into custody on a police officer hold for mental illness
39. Assist in citizen arrests
40. Take child into protective custody
41. Counsel people



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- 42. Conduct welfare check
- 43. Conduct Vacation House Check
- 44. Provide mutual aid to requesting agency
- 45. Backup fellow officer routinely
- 46. Backup fellow officer under emergency conditions
- 47. Request backup assistance

#### PROCESSING CRIME SCENE

- 48. Examine victims for wounds/injuries
- 49. Search dead bodies for personal property
- 50. Assist other agencies in an investigation
- 51. Photograph suspects/victims
- 52. Collect crime scene evidence - bag
- 53. Preserve crime scene
- 54. Fingerprint the victim
- 55. Secure lost/stolen property
- 56. Video-tape crime scene
- 57. Collect blood evidence
- 58. Sketch crime scene
- 59. Cast impressions at crime scene (e.g., plaster casts, silicone, etc.)
- 60. Impound/seize property
- 61. Use blood-borne pathogen kit
- 62. Write/document chain of custody of evidences

#### SEARCH AND SEIZURE

- 63. Conduct search of persons or vehicle based on probable cause
- 64. Conduct pat down of person based on reasonable suspicion
- 65. Write search warrant affidavits
- 66. Obtain a search warrant
- 67. Plan strategy for conducting a search
- 68. Search person, vehicle or premises incident to arrest
- 69. Search person, vehicle or premises with a warrant

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70. Search person, vehicle or premises with consent

#### CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION

71. Investigate complaints of possible violations of criminal law

72. Analyze facts to determine if a violation of criminal law has occurred

73. Analyze facts to determine if probable cause exists for arrest

74. Interview Complainants/witnesses, etc.

75. Listen closely to interviewee to ensure full understanding

76. Review records and photographs to identify suspects/victims

77. Take written statements from witnesses

78. Observe witnesses to detect deception, manipulation, etc.

79. Interview suspects

80. Observe suspects to detect signs of deception, manipulation, etc.

81. Take statement from suspect

82. Arrest criminal offender without warrant based on probable cause

83. Execute arrest warrants

84. Issue citation in lieu of arrest

85. Conduct neighborhood canvas to collect information

86. Conduct follow up (additional) investigation of alleged violations of criminal law

87. Evaluate situations and apply legal standards and requirements to determine appropriate course of action

#### PROVIDE FIRST AID

88. Administer First Aid to a fellow officer

89. Administer First Aid to a citizen

90. Administer CPR

91. Obtain and relay appropriate information to emergency medical services providers

#### COMMUNICATE IN WRITING

92. Write reports using correct English for clear communication

93. Write reports using correct sentence structure for clear communication

94. Write reports using correct punctuation for clear communication

95. Write reports using proper spelling

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96. Write clear narrative reports

97. Write/Complete form reports

98. Write entry in notebooks

99. Write entry in patrol logs

100. Write confession/statements

101. Use word processor to write reports

102. Proofread reports

#### COMMUNITY SERVICE

103. Develop and implement community policing strategies

104. Participate in community meetings

105. Cooperate with other agencies

106. Conduct crime prevention

107. Communicate effectively in the English language

108. Interact with people who do not speak English

109. Provide media interviews

110. Conduct crime prevention surveys

111. Develop community partnerships

112. Use proactive strategies

113. Treat everyone with respect

114. Treat everyone equally and fairly

115. Maintain a professional image when dealing with the community

116. Use sensitivity when dealing with the community

117. Comfort emotionally upset persons

118. Deliver emergency messages (e.g., death notification, etc.)

119. Design programs for the community to reduce crimes

120. Refer persons to agencies providing social services

121. Use information on crime occurrences to determine patrol patterns

#### MAINTAIN PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCE

122. Read and comprehend training materials

123. Read and comprehend case law

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- 124. Read local codes/ordinances
- 125. Read ORS
- 126. Read and comprehend policies/procedures
- 127. Participate in training to maintain knowledge and skills
- 128. Participate in training to acquire new knowledge and/or skills
- 129. Qualify in use of defensive tools
- 130. Participate in firearm training
- 131. Qualify with firearm
- 132. Participate in scenario training
- 133. Pass written tests
- 134. Qualify for Certification in CPR
- 135. Qualify for Certification in First Aid
- 136. Demonstrate competent performance

#### USE OF FORCE

- 137. Clean and inspect weapon
- 138. Deploy chemical agents
- 139. Use impact weapons
- 140. Use non-lethal weapons
- 141. Utilize force as authorized by law

#### TRAFFIC SERVICES

- 142. Investigate hit & run crashes
- 143. Investigate traffic crashes
- 144. Investigate violations of motor vehicle laws
- 145. Issue citations for violations of motor vehicle laws
- 146. Warn drivers for violations of motor vehicle laws
- 147. Clock vehicle speed with patrol vehicle's speedometer
- 148. Determine if violation of motor vehicle laws occurred at traffic crash scenes
- 149. Take enforcement action at a traffic crash scene based upon investigation
- 150. Measure traffic crash scenes
- 151. Draw a diagram of traffic crash scenes

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- 152. Identify physical evidence at traffic crash scenes
  - 153. Preserve physical evidence at traffic crash scenes
  - 154. Have vehicles towed
  - 155. Inspect traffic crash vehicles for damage
  - 156. Assist operators exchange information at traffic crash scenes
  - 157. Photograph a motor vehicle crash scene
  - 158. Photograph motor vehicle damage
  - 159. Protect crash scene from further crashes
  - 160. Transport suspects
  - 161. Transport prisoners
  - 162. Operate Intoxilyzer
  - 163. Operate RADAR/Laser speed measuring devices
  - 164. Perform Field Sobriety Tests
  - 165. Direct motor vehicle traffic
  - 166. Perform basic arithmetic functions
  - 167. Advise appropriate agency of traffic engineering needs
  - 168. Explain legal procedure to traffic violators
  - 169. Plan traffic detours
  - 170. Observe traffic control devices to determine if they are functioning properly
  - 171. Record circumstances regarding traffic citations
  - 172. Inspect vehicle for VIN
- OPERATE PATROL VEHICLE
- 173. Fuel patrol vehicle
  - 174. Perform equipment inspection
  - 175. Safely operate patrol vehicle
  - 176. Safely operate patrol vehicle while in pursuit
  - 177. See unexpected cross traffic (left or right) in time to take evasive action
  - 178. Push a vehicle off of the roadway by oneself
  - 179. Respond to calls for police service or response
  - 180. Conduct routine patrol

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181. Safely conduct low risk, unknown risk and high-risk stops

182. Use pursuit intervention tools (spike strips, PIT, etc.)

183. Install spare tire

184. Install tire chains

185. Sit in patrol vehicle for long periods

186. Use fire extinguisher

#### MAINTAIN PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

187. Adhere to code of ethics

188. Meet and maintain minimum standards for law enforcement

189. Follow departmental orders and policies

190. Maintain physical and mental fitness

#### **1025.9 POLICE OFFICER - TRAFFIC**

**DEFINITION:** Serves as a Police/Traffic Motorcycle Officer who is charged with the responsibility of fulfilling the police mission at the primary level of execution. Prevents and represses crime through patrol activities. Enforces the City ordinances, State and Federal laws, apprehends offenders and secures compliance in lesser non-criminal matters. Performs other related activities peripheral to basic police duties in the area of community services.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the direct supervision of the Operations Commander and Watch Commander who assigns work and reviews performance for conformance with department rules and regulations

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Supervision of other employees is not a normal responsibility of positions in this class, but when experienced may be required to act as Field Training Officer for new motorcycle officers.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Serves as a police officer assigned primarily to traffic enforcement.
2. Enforces, investigates and writes reports on violations, misdemeanors and felonies.
3. Participates in department public relations program, including speaking to citizens and/or school groups.
4. Investigates traffic accidents and traffic related enforcement.
5. May perform the duties of a police officer as assigned.

#### **MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**

Non-probationary police officer.

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Satisfactory or better evaluation on last performance evaluation.

Possession of a valid Oregon Basic Certification from Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST).

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License with a motorcycle endorsement.

Satisfactory performance in a police motorcycle qualification course soon after assigned to this TDY.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Knowledge and ability to interpret applicable Federal, State and local laws and ordinances. Knowledge of the principles and techniques for modern police investigative work.

Ability to carry out investigations, evaluate pertinent facts and draw conclusions when all facts have been analyzed. Ability to obtain information through interviews, interrogations and observations. Ability to prepare clear, concise, yet comprehensive reports. Ability to speak clearly and establish good relationships with the public. Ability to operate assigned equipment skillfully, safely and in conformance with applicable laws and regulations. Ability to work effectively with other employees, agencies and officials. Ability to work effectively with the public other employees, agencies, officials, and the public. Ability to enforce motor vehicle traffic laws. Ability to conduct traffic surveys and make applicable recommendations.

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.10 POLICE OFFICER - CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS**

DEFINITION: A Police Officer assigned to the Criminal Investigations Division as an investigator. Does specialized work in the investigation and detection of crimes leading to the identification, arrest and prosecution of criminals, including misdemeanors and felonies; conducts special investigations as assigned.

SUPERVISION RECEIVED: Works under the direct supervision of the Criminal Investigations Division Commander who assigns cases and reviews reports and general performance. Greater supervision is exercised over more complex cases.

SUPERVISION EXERCISED: Supervision is not a regular responsibility of this position. May assume lead position over Police Officers in the investigation at a crime scene.

TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK: Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Investigates misdemeanor and felony crimes, including sex offenses, worthless documents, vice and narcotics, interviews complainant and witnesses; interrogates suspects both adult and

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juvenile; prepares full and comprehensive reports for issuance of formal complaints, makes arrests on the basis of complaints and investigation; and testifies in court concerning investigations.

2. Gathers and processes evidence for court and examination in crime lab. May conduct some drug tests and fingerprint analysis.

3. Maintains liaison with the Uniform Division of the department and other law enforcement agencies; assists other agencies in their investigations as required.

4. May perform the duties of a Police Officer as assigned.

5. Establishes and maintains liaison with informants.

6. Keeps supervisor informed of case progress.

7. May receive specialized training in criminal investigation procedures.

8. Provides crime prevention information to businesses and the public including alarms and security.

9. Represents the department and the City in community activities, educational programs while in daily contact with the public.

#### MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

Two years experience as Police Officer with the Roseburg Police Department.

Satisfactory or better performance evaluation on last evaluation.

Possession of a valid Oregon Basic Certification from Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License.

Has demonstrated an ability to conduct thorough investigations.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Knowledge and ability to interpret applicable federal, state and local laws and ordinances. Knowledge of the principles and techniques of modern police investigation work.

Ability to carry out investigations, evaluate pertinent facts and draw conclusions when all facts have been analyzed. Ability to obtain information through interview, interrogations and observation. Ability to prepare clear, concise yet comprehensive reports. Ability to speak clearly and establish good relationships with the public. Ability to operate assigned equipment skillfully, safely and in conformance with applicable laws and regulations. Ability to work effectively with other employees, agencies, officials and the public. Ability to assign and supervise the work of



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subordinates. Ability to learn techniques and acquire proficiency in the analysis of fingerprints, drugs and photography.

**ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:** As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.11 POLICE OFFICER - SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER**

**DEFINITION:** The basic Police Officer who is charged with the responsibility of fulfilling the police mission at the primary level of execution. Prevents and represses crime through patrol activities. Enforces the City ordinances, State and Federal laws, apprehends offenders and secures compliance in lesser non-criminal matters. May be assigned to normal patrol or investigative duties during months when school is not in session. Assigned primarily to area schools. Performs other related activities peripheral to basic police duties in the area of community services.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the direct supervision of a Watch Commander who assigns work and reviews performance for conformance with department rules and regulations. While working as School Resource Officer, will work under both direct supervision of a Watch Commander and the Operations Commander.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Supervision is not a normal responsibility of positions in this class, but when experienced, may be required to act as Field Training Officer for new recruits. While working as the School Resource Officer will insure positive relations with school officials and students.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Patrols city, businesses and residential streets for purpose of enforcing traffic and criminal laws; checks for suspicious persons and vehicles. Responds to calls including citizen complaints, thefts, family disputes, juvenile complaints and takes appropriate action.
2. Initiates investigations of accidents, death and criminal complaints; gathers evidence for prosecution; makes arrests and issues citations, handles suspects as called for by law and department regulations. Fingerprints and photographs suspects as arresting officer.
3. Prepares full and comprehensive written reports as required.
4. Transports prisoners from jail to court appearances and back.
5. Utilizes computer to receive and transmit messages.
6. Appears in court as witness, serves writs, warrants and subpoenas.
7. Assists the public by answering inquiries regarding directions, laws and ordinances, aids stranded motorists, conducts vacation house checks, checks road conditions, street signs and street lights, gives other assistance to public when needed.
8. Represents the department and the City in public relations activities and educational programs.

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9. When assigned as School Resource Officer additional qualifications and duties will apply. The department's goal in this position is to maintain positive relations with school officials, teachers and students.

- a. Representing and reflecting the professionalism of the Department.
- b. Maintain positive relationships with school officials, teachers and students.
- c. Investigates crimes occurring on school property and present solutions to problems that are identified as affecting schools or students.
- d. Public speaking and conducting classes for staff and/or students.

#### MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

Non-probationary Police Officer.

Possession of a valid Basic Certificate from Oregon Department on Public Safety Standards and Training (DPSST).

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License.

Satisfactory or better performance evaluation on last evaluation.

No disqualifying offenses related to domestic violence as defined by the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

#### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Knowledge and ability to interpret federal, state and local laws, statutes and regulations. Knowledge of the principles and techniques of modern police investigative work. Knowledge of juvenile offenses, associated programs and juvenile agencies.

Ability to understand sometimes complex oral and written instructions and to act upon them accordingly. Ability to act effectively and calmly in emergency situations. Ability to prepare clear, concise and comprehensive reports. Ability to analyze situations quickly and objectively and determine a proper course of action to be taken. Ability to work effectively with the public, other agencies, officials, and other employees. Ability to train and work with school students. Ability to speak clearly and to establish effective relationships with the public.

Physical strength and agility to perform the work of the class as determined by the Police Department.

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: As defined for Police Officer.

#### **1025.12 POLICE OFFICER - MASTER OFFICER**

DEFINITION: A tenured police officer who has demonstrated excellence in knowledge, skills and ability and good moral character in the performance of their Police Officer duties. Serves as a

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Police Officer and Field Training Officer. May be assigned to act as a Watch Commander or Field Supervisor when needed.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the supervision of a Watch Commander who assigns duties and reviews written reports.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** May assume supervisory responsibilities on an as-needed basis when assigned by their direct supervisor or other department supervisor. Acts as a Field Training Officer when assigned.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties which are not listed.

- Serves as a Police Officer (see Police Officer Classification).
- Responds to calls for service and enforces, investigates and writes reports on violations of misdemeanors, felonies, juveniles and traffic offenses.
- Functions as an Assistant Watch Commander and Field Supervisor when assigned.
- May serve as a speaker and represent the department at public forums.
- Keeps supervisor informed of case progress and recruit status.
- Offer mentorship and professional guidance to less experienced officers.
- Provide training to officers in proper methods of police work.
- Training newly hired personnel.

**EXPECTED PERFORMANCE:** In the absence of a Watch Commander, the designated Master Officer will assume the responsibilities of, and act as, the "Senior Officer" on duty. In the event of a major criminal, or other serious, incident, they will be tasked with making after hours notifications to command staff in accordance with policy, and will assume control over the scene until relieved by somebody of higher rank. In the event that two or more Master Officers are on duty at the same time, the Master Officer with the highest level of seniority within the department shall take control of the scene, unless otherwise directed by Chief of Police or designee.

#### **MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**

At least six years of service with the City of Roseburg Police Department. The most current three years must have been "satisfactory" or better, based on department annual performance evaluations.

Possesses an Associates degree or the equivalent hours of accredited/transferable college credits.

Successful completion of FTEP (FTO) school and is an active FTO within FTEP program.

Possession of an Advanced Certificate from DPSST.

Experience as an instructor.

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Active involvement in Roseburg Police Department training program(s). This would include in-service training instructors and /or active FTO's.

Demonstrates commitment to core values and integrity of this agency.

Successful completion of formal instruction in: Risk Management; Interpersonal Communication; Fundamentals of Supervision; and Community/Problem Oriented Policing. The required training will be provided by the Roseburg Police Department on an as needed basis when the courses are not available elsewhere. It is the responsibility of the officer to take advantage of the training opportunities or to seek the training through DPSST, regional training, or college courses.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

As defined for Police Officer

ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS: (As defined for by the State of Oregon Job Task Analysis - Oregon Department of Public Safety Standards and Training - see Police Officer Classification.)

SELECTION PROCESS: The following criteria apply to the selection of Master Officer:

- Employee submits a memo with supporting qualification documentation requesting to be considered for Master Officer. This memo shall be submitted to the Administrative Sergeant, who will then review the memo and forward it to the Captain and Chief of Police.
- At least two (2) Sergeants, one of which must be the employee's assigned Sergeant, must submit their recommendations in writing, or e-mail, to the Administrative Sergeant.
- Upon completion of the previous two steps, the employee will be provided with a set of essay questions and a supervisor manual for completion. The employee has 30 days to complete and turn in these assignments. Failure to do so will result in the process being terminated, and the employee will have to wait at least six (6) months to re-apply.
- Review of written responses by Administrative Sergeant and the selected interview panel.
- The employee will be given (6) reports to review for "approval". Those reports will be corrected and turned in to the interview panel for review prior to the oral interview.
- The employee will provide, in writing, documentation of the following:
  - (a) They have demonstrated their commitment to community policing / problem solving by the following:
  - (b) They have implemented the following programs and / or made the following significant contributions, which have enhanced the feeling of safety and security within the community, or significantly increased the safety or efficiency of the police department:
  - (c) They have contributed to the positive image of the Roseburg Police Department by:
  - (d) They have demonstrated effective positive leadership skills amongst their peers by:

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- (e) Their supervisors view them as a positive influence on the organization because:
- The applicant must participate in “on the job” training as a Watch Commander. Training shall consist of (8) ten hour patrol shifts where the Officer acts as the Watch Commander and is evaluated by a current Corporal or Sergeant. During those shifts, the employee will be responsible for all of the duties of the Watch Commander, including report approval.
  - Upon successful completion of all of the above requirements, to include a Master Officer Examination, the Administrative Sergeant will make a recommendation to the Captain and Chief of Police.
  - The Chief of Police will make the final determination if the applicant possesses the skills, abilities and qualifications to be a Master Officer.

#### **1025.13 POLICE STAFF ASSISTANT (NON-SWORN)**

**DEFINITION:** Acts as assistant to the Police Staff and as Records Unit Supervisor. May supervises civilian Property Technician if assigned. Performs a variety of difficult clerical, secretarial and receptionist duties for which considerable typing and word processing skills are required. Assign tasks, performs or assigns training and schedules Records Clerks. This class is distinguished from lower level classes by the advanced skills and knowledge required to perform related tasks, decreasing the consequence of errors, and maintaining the confidentiality required. Shorthand or speed writing and elementary bookkeeping will be required for this classification. This is a confidential position.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under direction of Police Chief and Administrative Staff. May coordinate with Community Resources Sergeant. Work is reviewed primarily through results obtained.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Supervises Records Clerks assigned to the records function.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. May operate department computers. Duties include but are not limited to answering messages, control printing, control jobs, change paper and ribbons of office equipment, backup and restore files, develop and / or maintain libraries or directories.
2. Supervise maintenance of department records system; record, tabulate and disseminate information compiled within the department.
3. Complete Parts I and II of the Oregon Uniform Crime Reports and necessary documentation and reporting procedures.
4. Maintain statistics.
5. Assign work tasks to subordinates, identifying training needs, evaluate subordinates, prioritize work assignments and ensure timely work completion.

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6. Attend hearings or meetings to record official action and significant parts of discussion through the use of shorthand; transcribe official minutes from shorthand.
7. Type varied material from rough draft or dictating machines; compose routine letters and notices.
8. Maintain a variety of records including personnel records, overtime, vacation and sick leave; prepare monthly time sheets and payroll information. Keep supply and inventory records. May maintain department financial records.
9. Receive callers in person or by telephone; answers routine inquiries and general information to the public; take messages and make appointments; open incoming mail. Provide forms and permits. Collect monies for permits, licenses, reports, etc.
10. Handle confidential materials and documents and exercise discretion in protecting or releasing confidential information.
11. Maintain departmental file systems; develop procedures for setting up new files and conduct complex file and record searches.
12. Work with other City departments in scheduling meetings.
13. Work to ensure cooperation and support function of records to police functions.
14. Report regularly to and communicate with supervisor about records section operation.
15. Perform other tasks as assigned.

#### MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

Two years highly responsible experience in an office involving computer operation, receptionist, typing, record keeping.

Two years experience in record keeping duties, at least one with the Roseburg Police Department.

Graduation from high school or the equivalent GED certificate, preferably supplemented with additional training in secretarial science.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

Successful completion of a background investigation and post-offer physical.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License at the time of appointment.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### **-KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:**

Considerable knowledge of office practices and procedures. Considerable knowledge of business English, spelling and arithmetic. Considerable knowledge of record keeping and filing methods and procedures. Considerable knowledge of computer operation, word processing and data processing. Considerable organizational skills and handling of multiple projects. Ability to compose

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letters. Ability to type at an acceptable level of proficiency. Ability to take shorthand at an acceptable level of proficiency. Ability to work effectively with the public and other employees. Ability to read, understand and apply available guidelines to a number of operational requirements. Ability to perform multiple tasks without direct supervision. Ability to understand and give verbal and written instructions. Ability to communicate clearly.

#### **ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:**

Ability to keyboard or produce documents in a useable office technique. Ability to communicate clearly by telephone and in person. Ability to analyze situations and remain in control. Ability to communicate with irate or difficult to understand persons and remain calm and helpful. Ability to handle multiple tasks and a heavy work load. Ability to communicate clearly with staff. Ability to perform tasks with interruptions. Ability to vary work schedule if needed.

#### **1025.14 POLICE RECORDS SPECIALIST (NON-SWORN)**

**DEFINITION:** Performs police records maintenance duties in the operation of the Police Department. Does related work as required. This is a civilian position with no DPSST certification required or allowed.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the direct supervision of the Police Staff Assistant.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Supervision of other employees is not a normal responsibility of positions in this classification.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Operate department computers. Duties include, but are not limited to, answering messages, control printing, change paper and ribbons, back up and restore files, maintain libraries or directories.
2. Maintain the department records system; records, tabulates and disseminates information compiled within the department.
3. Completes Part I and Part II of the Oregon Uniform Crime Reports (OUCR) by transferring information from source documents to computer.
4. Maintains statistics on all criminal, non-criminal and miscellaneous contacts.
5. Transfers information from source documents to the computer.
6. Acts as a receptionist for the Police Department. Greets the public, both in person and by telephone, obtains information, gives directions, answers routine questions, provides forms and permits, collects monies for various licenses, copies of reports, fingerprints and other permits as required.
7. Performs other tasks as assigned.

#### **MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**

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One year of previous responsible experience in an office involving computer operation, receptionist, typing and record keeping duties.

Graduation from a high school or the equivalent GED certificate, supplemented with courses in computers, typing, and office procedures.

Successful completion of entrance level examination and background investigation.

Any satisfactory equivalent combination of experience and training which insures the ability to perform the work may substitute for the above.

Post-offer physical.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Reasonable knowledge of modern office and clerical practices and procedures and equipment.  
Reasonable knowledge of computer operations.

Ability to understand verbal and written instructions and to act upon them accordingly. Ability to speak clearly and use good diction. Ability to develop a knowledge of a considerable range of procedures, techniques, laws and ordinances. Ability to accurately maintain a variety of record systems and to prepare reports from record systems. Comprehend and use the entire records function. Ability to work effectively with the public, other agencies, and other employees.

##### ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:

Ability to keyboard.

Ability to sit for long periods at one location.

Ability to use and read computer screen.

Ability to concentrate on multiple tasks with interruptions and distractions.

Ability to read and transpose lengthy data.

Accuracy in reading numbers and letters.

Accuracy in keyboarding and data entry.

Ability to communicate clearly with the public and co-workers.

Ability to remain calm.

Ability to file records and retrieve files for storage locations.

Ability to communicate clearly by telephone.

#### **1025.15 POLICE ADMINISTRATIVE TECHNICIAN (NON-SWORN)**

DEFINITION: This classification performs duties associated with budgeting and evidence and property control to include: daily line item expenditure debiting, occasional financial record



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maintenance, property and evidence filing and inventory. Maintains a liaison with Criminal Investigations Division. This is a civilian position with no certification required or allowed.

**SUPERVISION RECEIVED:** Works under the general supervision of the Criminal Investigations Commander. May coordinate services with the Criminal Investigations Division Commander.

**SUPERVISION EXERCISED:** Supervision of others is not a function of this position.

**TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF WORK:** Any single position in this class will not usually perform all the duties listed and some positions may involve duties that are not listed.

1. Collect, process, organize, maintain, file, inventory, research, release, and store evidence and property in the department's property room.
2. Dispose of evidence and property as allowed by Federal, State and local regulations and department policy and procedures. This may include sale or disposal of forfeited or surplus property.
3. Establish and maintain property and evidence storage records appropriate to State and Federal regulations for evidence handling. Prepare reports when necessary.
4. May examine evidence and property for latent prints.
5. Work with property owners regarding property held by the department. Receive complaints from and resolve disputes with property owners regarding property disposition.
6. Work with department personnel on handling, storage and disposition procedures for property held or seized.
7. Assist Criminal Investigations Division in major case investigations to include evidence processing, securing availability of evidence for court and assists in prosecution of cases in court.
8. Assist in maintaining financial information for the police department.
9. May prepare requests for proposals for purchasing equipment for the police department.
10. Assist with fleet management.
11. Other duties as assigned.

#### **MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:**

Graduation from high school or GED certificate.

Two years experience in an office or financial setting, inventory or related field or one year handling property in law enforcement.

Possession of a valid Oregon Driver's License at the time of employment.

Good moral character as determined by a thorough background investigation.

Understanding of confidentiality

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Successful completion of post-offer physical.

#### DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT

##### KNOWLEDGE, SKILL AND ABILITY:

Considerable knowledge and ability to interpret applicable federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances as they pertain to budgeting and evidence and seized property. Considerable knowledge of modern police evidence collection and processing methods, procedures and practices. Considerable knowledge of property and property room control, organization, and maintenance to include proper disposition of seized property and evidence through auction or destruction practices.

Ability to understand complex verbal and written instructions and act upon them accordingly. Ability to act effectively and calmly in emergency situations. Ability to operate assigned equipment skillfully, safely and in conformance with applicable laws and regulations. Ability to review, evaluate and prepare clear, concise, yet comprehensive reports. Ability to evaluate programs and to recommend revised or new procedures. Ability to analyze situations quickly and objectively and to determine a proper course of action to be taken. Ability to work effectively with other agencies, officials and other employees and with the public. Ability to effectively communicate verbally and in writing. Ability to identify problems and present solutions. Ability to do basic math and understand budget procedures.

##### ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:

1. Gripping with hands and fingers.
2. Keyboarding
3. Pushing
4. Pulling
5. Rolling
6. Lifting heavy weights (up to 50 pounds)
7. Ability to reach, store and retrieve items from shelves
8. Work in a restricted area with limited ventilation
9. Ability to work in a field setting on an uneven terrain and in varying weather conditions
10. Ability to work appropriately with unpleasant weapons, evidence and bodily fluids

## Line-of-Duty Deaths

### 1026.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to members of the Roseburg Police Department in the event of the death of a member occurring in the line of duty and to direct the Department in providing proper support for the member's survivors.

The Chief of Police may also apply some or all of this policy in situations where members are injured in the line of duty and the injuries are life-threatening.

#### 1026.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Line-of-duty death** - The death of a sworn member during the course of performing law enforcement-related functions while on- or off-duty, or a non-sworn member during the course of performing their assigned duties.

**Survivors** - Immediate family members of the deceased member, which can include spouse, children, parents, other next of kin or significant others. The determination of who should be considered a survivor for purposes of this policy should be made on a case-by-case basis given the individual's relationship with the member and whether the individual was previously designated by the deceased member.

### 1026.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to make appropriate notifications and to provide assistance and support to survivors and coworkers of a member who dies in the line of duty.

It is also the policy of this department to respect the requests of the survivors when they conflict with these guidelines, as appropriate.

### 1026.3 INITIAL ACTIONS BY COMMAND STAFF

- (a) Upon learning of a line-of-duty death, the deceased member's supervisor should provide all reasonably available information to the Watch Commander and Dispatch.
  1. Communication of information concerning the member and the incident should be restricted to secure networks to avoid interception by the media or others (see the Public Information Officer section of this policy).
- (b) The Watch Commander should ensure that notifications are made in accordance with the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths and Major Incident Notification policies as applicable.
- (c) If the member has been transported to the hospital, the Watch Commander or the designee should respond to the hospital to assume temporary responsibilities as the Hospital Liaison.
- (d) The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should assign members to handle survivor notifications and assign members to the roles of Hospital Liaison (to relieve

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the temporary Hospital Liaison) and the Department Liaison as soon as practicable (see the Notifying Survivors section and the Department Liaison and Hospital Liaison subsections in this policy).

#### **1026.4 NOTIFYING SURVIVORS**

Survivors should be notified as soon as possible in order to avoid the survivors hearing about the incident in other ways.

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should review the deceased member's emergency contact information and make accommodations to respect the member's wishes and instructions specific to notifying survivors. However, notification should not be excessively delayed because of attempts to assemble a notification team in accordance with the member's wishes.

The Chief of Police, Watch Commander or the authorized designee should select at least two members to conduct notification of survivors, one of which may be the Department Chaplain.

Notifying members should:

- (a) Make notifications in a direct and compassionate manner, communicating as many facts of the incident as possible, including the current location of the member. Information that is not verified should not be provided until an investigation has been completed.
- (b) Determine the method of notifying surviving children by consulting with other survivors and taking into account factors such as the child's age, maturity and current location (e.g., small children at home, children in school).
- (c) Plan for concerns such as known health concerns of survivors or language barriers.
- (d) Offer to transport survivors to the hospital, if appropriate. Survivors should be transported in department vehicles. Notifying members shall inform the Hospital Liaison over a secure network that the survivors are on their way to the hospital and should remain at the hospital while the survivors are present.
- (e) When survivors are not at their residences or known places of employment, actively seek information and follow leads from neighbors, other law enforcement, postal authorities and other sources of information in order to accomplish notification in as timely a fashion as possible. Notifying members shall not disclose the reason for their contact other than a family emergency.
- (f) If making notification at a survivor's workplace, ask a workplace supervisor for the use of a quiet, private room to meet with the survivor. Members shall not inform the workplace supervisor of the purpose of their visit other than to indicate that it is a family emergency.
- (g) Offer to call other survivors, friends or clergy to support the survivors and to avoid leaving survivors alone after notification.
- (h) Assist the survivors with meeting childcare or other immediate needs.
- (i) Provide other assistance to survivors and take reasonable measures to accommodate their needs, wishes and desires. Care should be taken not to make promises or commitments to survivors that cannot be met.

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- (j) Inform the survivors of the name and phone number of the Survivor Support Liaison (see the Survivor Support Liaison section of this policy), if known, and the Department Liaison.
- (k) Provide their contact information to the survivors before departing.
- (l) Document the survivor's names and contact information, as well as the time and location of notification. This information should be forwarded to the Department Liaison.
- (m) Inform the Chief of Police or the authorized designee once survivor notifications have been made so that other Roseburg Police Department members may be apprised that survivor notifications are complete.

#### 1026.4.1 OUT-OF-AREA NOTIFICATIONS

The Department Liaison should request assistance from law enforcement agencies in appropriate jurisdictions for in-person notification to survivors who are out of the area.

- (a) The Department Liaison should contact the appropriate jurisdiction using a secure network and provide the assisting agency with the name and telephone number of the department member that the survivors can call for more information following the notification by the assisting agency.
- (b) The Department Liaison may assist in making transportation arrangements for the member's survivors, but will not obligate the Department to pay travel expenses without the authorization of the Chief of Police.

#### 1026.5 NOTIFYING DEPARTMENT MEMBERS

Supervisors or members designated by the Chief of Police are responsible for notifying department members of the line-of-duty death as soon as possible after the survivor notification is made. Notifications and related information should be communicated in person or using secure networks and should not be transmitted over the radio.

Notifications should be made in person and as promptly as possible to all members on-duty at the time of the incident. Members reporting for subsequent shifts within a short amount of time should be notified in person at the beginning of their shift. Members reporting for duty from their residence should be instructed to contact their supervisor as soon as practicable. Those members who are working later shifts or are on days off should be notified by phone as soon as practicable.

Members having a close bond with the deceased member should be notified of the incident in person. Supervisors should consider assistance (e.g., peer support, modifying work schedules, approving sick leave) for members who are especially affected by the incident.

Supervisors should direct members not to disclose any information outside the Department regarding the deceased member or the incident.

#### 1026.6 LIAISONS AND COORDINATORS

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should select members to serve as liaisons and coordinators to handle responsibilities related to a line-of-duty death, including but not limited to:

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- (a) Department Liaison.
- (b) Hospital Liaison.
- (c) Survivor Support Liaison.
- (d) Wellness Support Liaison.
- (e) Funeral Liaison.
- (f) Mutual aid coordinator.
- (g) Benefits Liaison.
- (h) Finance coordinator.

Liaisons and coordinators will be directed by the Department Liaison and should be given sufficient duty time to complete their assignments.

Members may be assigned responsibilities of more than one liaison or coordinator position depending on available department resources. The Department Liaison may assign separate liaisons and coordinators to accommodate multiple family units, if needed.

#### 1026.6.1 DEPARTMENT LIAISON

The Department Liaison should be a Division Commander or of sufficient rank to effectively coordinate department resources, and should serve as a facilitator between the deceased member's survivors and the Department. The Department Liaison reports directly to the Chief of Police. The Department Liaison's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Directing the other liaisons and coordinators in fulfilling survivors' needs and requests. Consideration should be given to organizing the effort using the National Incident Management System (NIMS).
- (b) Establishing contact with survivors within 24 hours of the incident and providing them contact information.
- (c) Advising survivors of the other liaison and coordinator positions and their roles and responsibilities.
- (d) Identifying locations that will accommodate a law enforcement funeral and presenting the options to the appropriate survivors, who will select the location.
- (e) Coordinating all official law enforcement notifications and arrangements.
- (f) Making necessary contacts for authorization to display flags at half-mast.
- (g) Ensuring that department members are reminded of appropriate information—sharing restrictions regarding the release of information that could undermine future legal proceedings.
- (h) Coordinating security checks of the member's residence as necessary and reasonable.
- (i) Serving as a liaison with visiting law enforcement agencies during memorial and funeral services.

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##### 1026.6.2 HOSPITAL LIAISON

The Hospital Liaison should work with hospital personnel to:

- (a) Arrange for appropriate and separate waiting areas for:
  1. The survivors and others whose presence is requested by the survivors.
  2. Department members and friends of the deceased member.
  3. Media personnel.
- (b) Ensure, as much as practicable, that any suspects who are in the hospital and their families or friends are not in close proximity to the member's survivors or Roseburg Police Department members (except for members who may be guarding the suspect).
- (c) Ensure that survivors receive timely updates regarding the member before information is released to others.
- (d) Arrange for survivors to have private time with the member, if requested.
  1. The Hospital Liaison or hospital personnel may need to explain the condition of the member to the survivors to prepare them accordingly.
  2. The Hospital Liaison should accompany the survivors into the room, if requested.
- (e) Stay with survivors and ensure that they are provided with other assistance as needed at the hospital.
- (f) If applicable, explain to the survivors why an autopsy may be needed.
- (g) Ensure hospital bills are directed to the Department, that the survivors are not asked to sign as guarantor of payment for any hospital treatment and that the member's residence address, insurance information and next of kin are not included on hospital paperwork.

Other responsibilities of the Hospital Liaison include, but are not limited to:

- Arranging transportation for the survivors back to their residence.
- Working with investigators to gather and preserve the deceased member's equipment and other items that may be of evidentiary value.
- Documenting his/her actions at the conclusion of his/her duties.

##### 1026.6.3 SURVIVOR SUPPORT LIAISON

The Survivor Support Liaison should work with the Department Liaison to fulfill the immediate needs and requests of the survivors of any member who has died in the line of duty, and serve as the long-term department contact for survivors.

The Survivor Support Liaison should be selected by the deceased member's Division Commander. The following should be considered when selecting the Survivor Support Liaison:

- The liaison should be an individual the survivors know and with whom they are comfortable working.
- If the survivors have no preference, the selection may be made from names recommended by the deceased member's supervisor and/or coworkers. The

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deceased member's partner or close friends may not be the best selections for this assignment because the emotional connection to the member or survivors may impair their ability to conduct adequate liaison duties.

- The liaison must be willing to assume the assignment with an understanding of the emotional and time demands involved.

The responsibilities of the Survivor Support Liaison include but are not limited to:

- (a) Arranging for transportation of survivors to hospitals, places of worship, funeral homes, and other locations, as appropriate.
- (b) Communicating with the Department Liaison regarding appropriate security measures for the family residence, as needed.
- (c) If requested by the survivors, providing assistance with instituting methods of screening telephone calls made to their residence after the incident.
- (d) Providing assistance with travel and lodging arrangements for out-of-town survivors.
- (e) Returning the deceased member's personal effects from the Department and the hospital to the survivors. The following should be considered when returning the personal effects:
  1. Items should not be delivered to the survivors until they are ready to receive the items.
  2. Items not retained as evidence should be delivered in a clean, unmarked box.
  3. All clothing not retained as evidence should be cleaned and made presentable (e.g., items should be free of blood or other signs of the incident).
  4. The return of some personal effects may be delayed due to ongoing investigations.
- (f) Assisting with the return of department-issued equipment that may be at the deceased member's residence.
  1. Unless there are safety concerns, the return of the equipment should take place after the funeral at a time and in a manner considerate of the survivors' wishes.
- (g) Working with the Wellness Support Liaison to ensure that survivors have access to available counseling services.
- (h) Coordinating with the department's Public Information Officer (PIO) to brief the survivors on pending press releases related to the incident and to assist the survivors with media relations in accordance with their wishes (see the Public Information Officer section of this policy).
- (i) Briefing survivors on investigative processes related to the line-of-duty death, such as criminal, internal, and administrative investigations.
- (j) Informing survivors of any related criminal proceedings and accompanying them to such proceedings.
- (k) Introducing survivors to prosecutors, victim's assistance personnel, and other involved personnel as appropriate.



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- (l) Maintaining long-term contact with survivors and taking measures to sustain a supportive relationship (e.g., follow-up visits, phone calls, cards on special occasions, special support during holidays).
- (m) Inviting survivors to department activities, memorial services, or other functions as appropriate.

Survivor Support Liaisons providing services after an incident resulting in multiple members being killed should coordinate with and support each other through conference calls or meetings as necessary.

The Department recognizes that the duties of a Survivor Support Liaison will often affect regular assignments over many years, and is committed to supporting members in the assignment.

If needed, the Survivor Support Liaison should be issued a personal communication device (PCD) owned by the Department to facilitate communications necessary to the assignment. The department-issued PCD shall be used in accordance with the Personal Communication Devices Policy.

#### 1026.6.4 WELLNESS SUPPORT LIAISON

The Wellness Support Liaison should work with the department wellness coordinator or the authorized designee and other liaisons and coordinators to make wellness support and counseling services available to members and survivors who are impacted by a line-of-duty death. The responsibilities of the Wellness Support Liaison include but are not limited to:

- (a) Identifying members who are likely to be significantly affected by the incident and may have an increased need for wellness support and counseling services, including:
  - 1. Members involved in the incident.
  - 2. Members who witnessed the incident.
  - 3. Members who worked closely with the deceased member but were not involved in the incident.
- (b) Ensuring that members who were involved in or witnessed the incident are relieved of department responsibilities until they can receive wellness support.
- (c) Ensuring that wellness support and counseling resources (e.g., peer support, Critical Incident Stress Debriefing) are available to members as soon as reasonably practicable following the line-of-duty death.
- (d) Coordinating with the Survivor Support Liaison to ensure survivors are aware of available wellness support and counseling services and assisting with arrangements as needed.
- (e) Following up with members and the Survivor Support Liaison in the months following the incident to determine if additional wellness support or counseling services are needed.

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##### 1026.6.5 FUNERAL LIAISON

The Funeral Liaison should work with the Department Liaison, Survivor Support Liaison and survivors to coordinate funeral arrangements to the extent the survivors wish. The Funeral Liaison's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting survivors in working with the funeral director regarding funeral arrangements and briefing them on law enforcement funeral procedures.
- (b) Completing funeral notification to other law enforcement agencies.
- (c) Coordinating the funeral activities of the Department, including, but not limited to the following:
  - 1. Honor Guard
    - (a) Casket watch
    - (b) Color guard
    - (c) Pallbearers
    - (d) Bell/rifle salute
  - 2. Bagpipers/bugler
  - 3. Uniform for burial
  - 4. Flag presentation
  - 5. Last radio call
- (d) Briefing the Chief of Police and command staff concerning funeral arrangements.
- (e) Assigning an officer to remain at the family home during the viewing and funeral.
- (f) Arranging for transportation of the survivors to and from the funeral home and interment site using department vehicles and drivers.

##### 1026.6.6 MUTUAL AID COORDINATOR

The mutual aid coordinator should work with the Department Liaison and the Funeral Liaison to request and coordinate any assistance from outside law enforcement agencies needed for, but not limited to:

- (a) Traffic control during the deceased member's funeral.
- (b) Area coverage so that as many Roseburg Police Department members can attend funeral services as possible.

The mutual aid coordinator should perform his/her duties in accordance with the Outside Agency Assistance Policy.

##### 1026.6.7 BENEFITS LIAISON

The Benefits Liaison should provide survivors with information concerning available benefits and assist them in applying for benefits. Responsibilities of the Benefits Liaison include, but are not limited to:

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- (a) Confirming the filing of workers' compensation claims and related paperwork (see the Occupational Disease and Work-Related Injury Reporting Policy).
- (b) Researching and assisting survivors with application for federal government survivor benefits, such as those offered through the:
  - 1. Public Safety Officers' Benefits (PSOB) Programs.
  - 2. Public Safety Officers' Educational Assistance (PSOEA) Program.
  - 3. Social Security Administration.
  - 4. Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (c) Researching and assisting survivors with application for state and local government survivor benefits.
  - 1. Public Safety Memorial Fund (ORS 243.950 et seq.)
  - 2. Education benefit (ORS 348.270)
  - 3. Life insurance (ORS 243.025)
  - 4. Death benefit (ORS 238.395; ORS 238A.230)
- (d) Researching and assisting survivors with application for other survivor benefits such as:
  - 1. Private foundation survivor benefits programs.
  - 2. Survivor scholarship programs.
- (e) Researching and informing survivors of support programs sponsored by police associations and other organizations.
- (f) Documenting and informing survivors of inquiries and interest regarding public donations to the survivors.
  - 1. If requested, working with the finance coordinator to assist survivors with establishing a process for the receipt of public donations.
- (g) Providing survivors with a summary of the nature and amount of benefits applied for, including the name of a contact person at each benefit office. Printed copies of the summary and benefit application documentation should be provided to affected survivors.
- (h) Maintaining contact with the survivors and assisting with subsequent benefit questions and processes as needed.

#### 1026.6.8 FINANCE COORDINATOR

The finance coordinator should work with the Chief of Police and the Department Liaison to manage financial matters related to the line-of-duty death. The finance coordinator's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Establishing methods for purchasing and monitoring costs related to the incident.
- (b) Providing information on finance-related issues, such as:

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#### *Line-of-Duty Deaths*

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1. Paying survivors' travel costs if authorized.
  2. Transportation costs for the deceased.
  3. Funeral and memorial costs.
  4. Related funding or accounting questions and issues.
- (c) Working with the Benefits Liaison to establish a process for the receipt of public donations to the deceased member's survivors.
- (d) Providing accounting and cost information as needed.

#### **1026.7 PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER**

In the event of a line-of-duty death, the department's PIO should be the department's contact point for the media. As such, the PIO should coordinate with the Department Liaison to:

- (a) Collect and maintain the most current incident information and determine what information should be released.
- (b) Ensure that department members are instructed to direct any media inquiries to the PIO.
- (c) Prepare necessary press releases.
  1. Ensure coordination with other entities having media roles (e.g., outside agencies involved in the investigation or incident).
  2. Ensure that important public information is disseminated, such as information on how the public can show support for the Department and deceased member's survivors.
- (d) Arrange for community and media briefings by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee as appropriate.
- (e) Respond, or coordinate the response, to media inquiries.
- (f) If requested, assist the member's survivors with media inquiries.
  1. Brief the survivors on handling sensitive issues such as the types of questions that reasonably could jeopardize future legal proceedings.
- (g) Release information regarding memorial services and funeral arrangements to department members, other agencies and the media as appropriate.
- (h) If desired by the survivors, arrange for the recording of memorial and funeral services via photos and/or video.

The identity of deceased members should be withheld until the member's survivors have been notified. If the media has obtained identifying information for the deceased member prior to survivor notification, the PIO should request that the media withhold the information from release until proper notification can be made to survivors. The PIO should ensure that media are notified when survivor notifications have been made.

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#### *Line-of-Duty Deaths*

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##### **1026.8 DEPARTMENT CHAPLAIN**

The Department chaplain may serve a significant role in line-of-duty deaths. His/her duties may include, but are not limited to:

- Assisting with survivor notifications and assisting the survivors with counseling, emotional support or other matters, as appropriate.
- Assisting liaisons and coordinators with their assignments, as appropriate.
- Assisting department members with counseling or emotional support, as requested and appropriate.

Further information on the potential roles and responsibilities of the chaplain is in the Chaplains Policy.

##### **1026.9 INVESTIGATION OF THE INCIDENT**

The Chief of Police shall ensure that line-of-duty deaths are investigated thoroughly and may choose to use the investigation process outlined in the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy.

Investigators from other agencies may be assigned to work on any criminal investigation related to line-of-duty deaths. Partners, close friends or personnel who worked closely with the deceased member should not have any investigative responsibilities because such relationships may impair the objectivity required for an impartial investigation of the incident.

Involved department members should be kept informed of the progress of the investigations and provide investigators with any information that may be pertinent to the investigations.

##### **1026.10 LINE-OF-DUTY DEATH OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT ANIMAL**

The Chief of Police may authorize appropriate memorial and funeral services for law enforcement animals killed in the line of duty.

##### **1026.11 NON-LINE-OF-DUTY DEATH**

The Chief of Police may authorize certain support services for the death of a member not occurring in the line of duty.

## Lactation Break Policy

### 1027.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide reasonable accommodations to members desiring to express breast milk for the member's infant child.

### 1027.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department to provide reasonable break time and appropriate facilities to accommodate any member desiring to express breast milk for her nursing child 18 months or younger in compliance with state law and the Fair Labor Standards Act (29 USC § 207 and ORS 653.077).

### 1027.3 LACTATION BREAK TIME

A rest period should be permitted each time the member has the need to express breast milk (29 USC § 207; OAR 839-020-0051). In general, lactation breaks that cumulatively total 30 minutes or less during any four-hour work period or major portion of a four-hour work period would be considered reasonable. However, individual circumstances may require more or less time.

Lactation breaks, if feasible, should be taken at the same time as the member's regularly scheduled rest or meal periods. While a reasonable effort will be made to provide additional time beyond authorized breaks, any such time exceeding regularly scheduled and paid break time will be unpaid.

Members desiring to take a lactation break shall notify Dispatch or a supervisor prior to taking such a break and such breaks may be reasonably delayed if they would seriously disrupt department operations.

Once a lactation break has been approved, the break should not be interrupted except in emergency or exigent circumstances.

### 1027.4 PRIVATE LOCATION

The Department will make reasonable efforts to provide lactating members with the use of an appropriate room or other location to express milk in private. Such room or place should be in close proximity to the member's work area and shall be other than a bathroom or toilet stall. The location must be shielded from view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the public (29 USC § 207).

Members occupying such private areas shall either secure the door or otherwise make it clear that the area is occupied with a need for privacy. All other members should avoid interrupting a lactating member during an authorized break, except to announce an emergency or other urgent circumstance.

Authorized lactation breaks for members assigned to the field may be taken at the nearest appropriate private area.

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## *Lactation Break Policy*

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### **1027.5 STORAGE OF EXPRESSED MILK**

Any member storing expressed milk in any authorized refrigerated area within the Department shall clearly label it as such and shall remove it when the member's shift ends.

## Wellness Program

### 1028.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance on establishing and maintaining a proactive wellness program for department members (ORS 181A.487).

The wellness program is intended to be a holistic approach to a member's well-being and encompasses aspects such as physical fitness, mental health, and overall wellness.

Additional information on member wellness is provided in the:

- Chaplains Policy.
- Line-of-Duty Deaths Policy.
- Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace Policy.

#### 1028.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Critical incident** – An event or situation that may cause a strong emotional, cognitive, or physical reaction that has the potential to interfere with daily life.

**Critical Incident Stress Debriefing (CISD)** – A standardized approach using a discussion format to provide education, support, and emotional release opportunities for members involved in work-related critical incidents.

**Peer support** – Mental and emotional wellness support provided by peers trained to help members cope with critical incidents and certain personal or professional problems.

### 1028.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Roseburg Police Department to prioritize member wellness to foster fitness for duty and support a healthy quality of life for department members. The Department will maintain a wellness program that supports its members with proactive wellness resources, critical incident response, and follow-up support.

### 1028.3 WELLNESS COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police should appoint a trained wellness coordinator. The coordinator should report directly to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee and should collaborate with advisers (e.g., Department of Human Resources, legal counsel, licensed psychotherapist, qualified health professionals), as appropriate, to fulfill the responsibilities of the position, including but not limited to:

- (a) Identifying wellness support providers (e.g., licensed psychotherapists, external peer support providers, physical therapists, dietitians, physical fitness trainers holding accredited certifications).
  1. As appropriate, selected providers should be trained and experienced in providing mental wellness support and counseling to public safety personnel.



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#### *Wellness Program*

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2. When practicable, the Department should not use the same licensed psychotherapist for both member wellness support and fitness for duty evaluations.
- (b) Developing management and operational procedures for department peer support members, such as:
1. Peer support member selection and retention.
  2. Training and applicable certification requirements.
  3. Deployment.
  4. Managing potential conflicts between peer support members and those seeking service.
  5. Monitoring and mitigating peer support member emotional fatigue (i.e., compassion fatigue) associated with providing peer support.
  6. Using qualified peer support personnel from other public safety agencies or outside organizations for department peer support, as appropriate.
- (c) Verifying members have reasonable access to peer support or licensed psychotherapist support.
- (d) Establishing procedures for CISDs, including:
1. Defining the types of incidents that may initiate debriefings.
  2. Steps for organizing debriefings.
- (e) Facilitating the delivery of wellness information, training, and support through various methods appropriate for the situation (e.g., phone hotlines, electronic applications).
- (f) Verifying a confidential, appropriate, and timely Employee Assistance Program (EAP) is available for members. This also includes:
1. Obtaining a written description of the program services.
  2. Providing for the methods to obtain program services.
  3. Providing referrals to the EAP for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and follow-up resources.
  4. Obtaining written procedures and guidelines for referrals to, or mandatory participation in, the program.
  5. Obtaining training for supervisors in their role and responsibilities, and identification of member behaviors that would indicate the existence of member concerns, problems, or issues that could impact member job performance.

#### **1028.4 DEPARTMENT PEER SUPPORT**

##### **1028.4.1 PEER SUPPORT MEMBER SELECTION CRITERIA**

The selection of a department peer support member will be at the discretion of the coordinator. Selection should be based on the member's:

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- Desire to be a peer support member.
- Experience or tenure.
- Demonstrated ability as a positive role model.
- Ability to communicate and interact effectively.
- Evaluation by supervisors and any current peer support members.

#### 1028.4.2 PEER SUPPORT MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

The responsibilities of department peer support members include:

- (a) Providing pre- and post-critical incident support.
- (b) Presenting department members with periodic training on wellness topics, including but not limited to:
  1. Stress management.
  2. Suicide prevention.
  3. How to access support resources.
- (c) Providing referrals to licensed psychotherapists and other resources, where appropriate.
  1. Referrals should be made to department-designated resources in situations that are beyond the scope of the peer support member's training.

#### 1028.4.3 PEER SUPPORT MEMBER TRAINING

A department peer support member shall complete department-approved training prior to being assigned (ORS 181A.835).

#### **1028.5 CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS DEBRIEFINGS**

A Critical Incident Stress Debriefing should occur as soon as practicable following a critical incident. The coordinator is responsible for organizing the debriefing. Notes and recorded statements shall not be taken because the sole purpose of the debriefing is to help mitigate the stress-related effects of a critical incident.

The debriefing is not part of any investigative process. Care should be taken not to release or repeat any communication made during a debriefing unless otherwise authorized by policy, law, or a valid court order.

Attendance at the debriefing should only include peer support members and those directly involved in the incident.

#### **1028.6 PEER SUPPORT COMMUNICATIONS**

Any communications made by a member or peer support member in a peer support counseling session and any oral or written information conveyed in the session are confidential and may only be disclosed in accordance with ORS 181A.835.

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Any communications relating to a peer support counseling session made between peer support members or between peer support members and the supervisors or staff of an employee assistance program are confidential and may only be disclosed in accordance with ORS 181A.835.

All communications, notes, records, and reports arising out of a peer support counseling session are not considered public records subject to disclosure under ORS 192.311 et seq. (ORS 181A.835).

#### **1028.7 WELLNESS**

The department provides employees with the following:

- (a) Biometric screening
- (b) Flu and applicable vaccines
- (c) Walking/Step Challenges
- (d) 24 hour access to the use of department-provided physical fitness facilities and equipment
- (e) Quit for Life Program (tobacco cessation)
- (f) Weight loss programs (Weight Watchers)
- (g) Pacific Source Active and Fit Program
- (h) Free nutritional advice
- (i) 24 Nurse Line access
- (j) Prenatal Program (education materials, phone support, with additional support for high risk, etc)
- (k) Pacific Source InTouch program

#### **1028.8 DOUGLAS COUNTY RESPONDERS FIRST FOUNDATION**

The Douglas County Responders First Foundation serves first responder(s) who are having difficulty dealing with mental or physical issues from an on-the-job incident;

[First Responders Informative Flyer.pdf](#).

[DC Responders First Foundation link](#)

- The Foundation pays for first responders in Douglas County to attend a wellness retreat, either in California or the Midwest
- Retreats have psychologists and mental health professionals on staff, and are usually seven days in length
- Retreats are mentor and clinical based, with follow-up care and resources for post-treatment care if needed
- Retreats have 10 or fewer attendees, to ensure focused care
- Retreats are not affiliated with RPD, meaning what occurs there is private (not shared with anyone, to include employer)

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- RPD will ensure employees receive time off to attend retreat
  - Requests for time off for this purpose can go through the Operations Commander or Police Chief, to ensure the reason for the time off is kept confidential

#### **1028.9 TRAINING**

The coordinator or the authorized designee should collaborate with the Administrative Sergeant to provide all members with regular education and training on topics related to member physical and mental health and wellness, including but not limited to:

- The availability and range of department wellness support systems.
- Suicide prevention.
- Recognizing and managing mental distress, emotional fatigue, post-traumatic stress, and other possible reactions to trauma.
- Alcohol and substance disorder awareness.
- Countering sleep deprivation and physical fatigue.
- Anger management.
- Marriage and family wellness.
- Benefits of physical exercise and proper nutrition.
- Effective time and personal financial management skills.

Training materials, curriculum, and attendance records should be forwarded to the Administrative Sergeant as appropriate for inclusion in training records.

## Attachments

## **First Responders Informative Flyer.pdf**

# DC RESPONDERS FIRST

## DOUGLAS COUNTY RESPONDERS FIRST FOUNDATION

It is the foundation's privilege to reserve funds for long-term, unforeseen needs, keeping local control over the distributions, and infusing the process with public input.



### HAVING TROUBLE DEALING WITH MENTAL OR PHYSICAL AFTERMATH FROM THE LINE OF DUTY?

The Douglas County Responders First Foundation was created to help our First Responders cover the cost of care for injuries sustained during the line of duty. If you feel that you may need support for long term mental or physical issues please reach out to the foundation for assistance.

#### CONTACT US

[firstresponders@cascadecu.org](mailto:firstresponders@cascadecu.org)

#### APPLY ONLINE AT

[dcrespondersfirst.com](http://dcrespondersfirst.com)



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