

## VALVE BOX ASSEMBLY DETAIL

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Valve box not to rest on operating assembly.
- 2. Operator extension required when valve nut is deeper than 4' from finish grade.
- 3. Center valve box on axis of operator nut.
- 4. Valves 12" and smaller shall be provided with compacted aggr. base on undisturbed ground. Valves greater than 12" shall be installed on precast concrete block, (4" thick).
- 5. Welds shall be minimum  $\frac{1}{4}$ " all around.
- 6. Hot dip galvanize operator extension after fabrication.
- 7. Casting shall meet H20 load requirement.
- 8. Provide concrete or asphalt pad (24" square, 4" thick), when required.
- 9. See project plans for details not shown.

25-JUL-2017 CALC. BOOK NO.  $\_$   $\_$  N/ASDR DATE \_ All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications The selection and use of this **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with **VALVE BOX AND OPERATOR** generally accepted engineer-**EXTENSION ASSEMBLY** ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be 2021 used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.



(in)

TABLE A

(in)

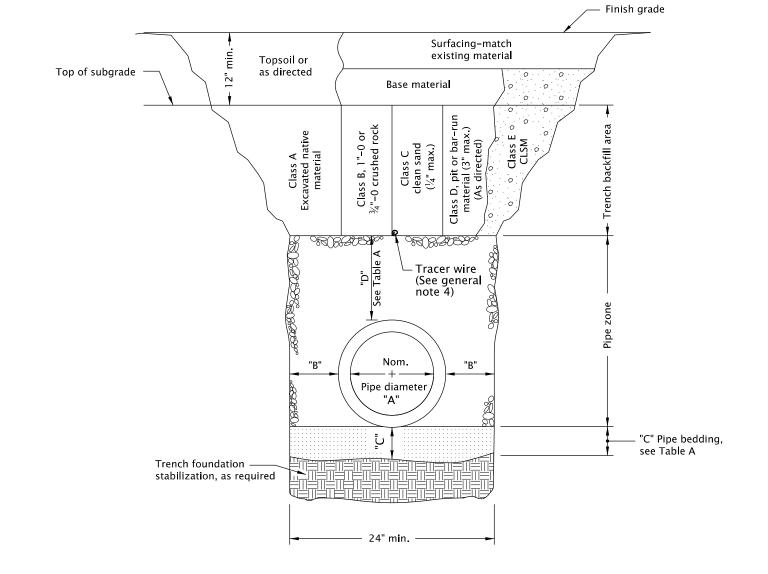
For pipes over 72" diameter,

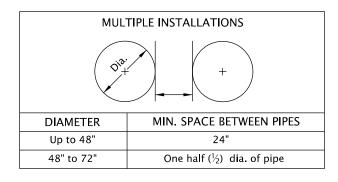
see general note 3.

(in)

"D"

(in)

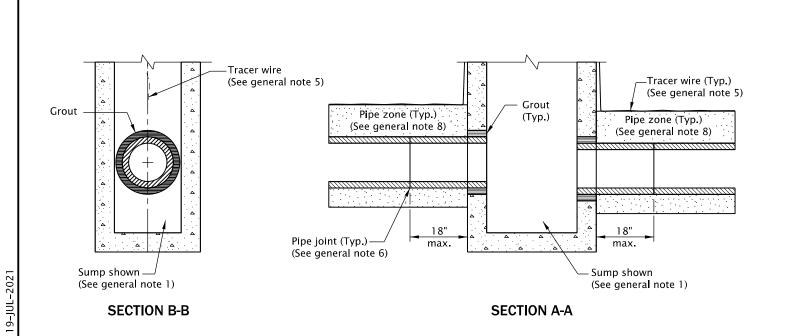


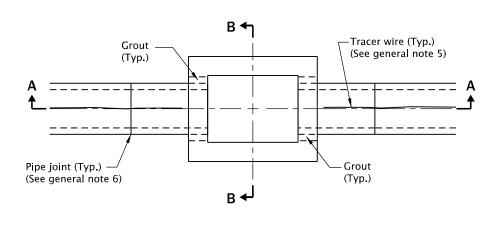


## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Surfacing of paved areas shall comply with street cut Std. Dwg. RD302.
- 2. For pipe installation in embankment areas where the trench method will not be used and the pipe is  $\geq$  36" diameter, increase dimension "B" to nominal pipe
- 3. Pipes over 72" diameter are structures, and are not applicable to this drawing.
- 4. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for tracer wire details (When required).

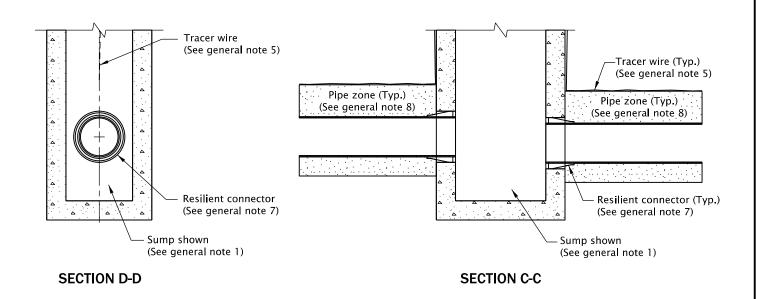
CALC. BOOK NO <u>N</u> /A	SDR D	ATE14-JUL-2014
	NOTE:	All material and workmanship shall be in accordance w the current Oregon Standard Specifications
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while de-	OF	REGON STANDARD DRAWINGS
signed in accordance with generally accepted engineer-ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of		RENCH BACKFILL, BEDDING, PIPE ZONE AND MULTIPLE INSTALLATIONS
the user and should not be		2021
used without consulting a	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION
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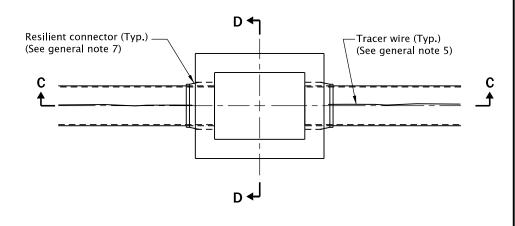




PLAN

**CONNECTION OF RIGID PIPE TO STRUCTURE** 





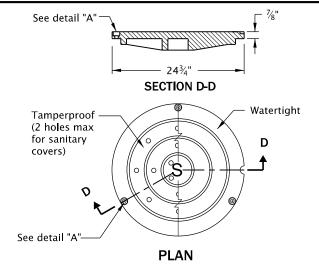
PLAN

## CONNECTION OF FLEXIBLE PIPE TO STRUCTURE

## **GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:**

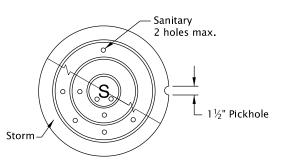
- 1. See Std. Dwgs. RD364, RD365, and RD366 for inlet details not shown.
- 2. See appropriate standard drawings or special project details for other similar structures.
- 3. Location, elevation, diameter, slope, and number of pipe(s) varies, see project plans.
- 4. Maximum pipe diameter varies with pipe material.
- 5. All connecting pipes shall have a tracer wire, or approved alternate. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for tracer wire details.
- 6. When rigid pipe is used, the connecting pipe shall have a flexible, gasketted and unrestrained joint within 18" of structure wall. Joint type varies with manufacturer.
- 7. When flexible pipe is used, install resilient connectors conforming to requirements of ASTM C923.
- 8. Pipe zone varies, see Std. Dwg. RD300.

NI / A		19-JUL-2021		
CALC. BOOK NO <b>N/A</b>	SDR D	ATE		
The selection and use of	NOTE:	All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications		
this Standard Drawing, while designed in	OF	OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS		
accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of	PIPE TO STRUCTURE CONNECTIONS			
the user and should not be		2021		
used without consulting a	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION		
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Registered Professional				
Engineer.				
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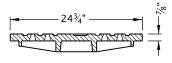


## CAST IRON TAMPERPROOF & WATERTIGHT COVER

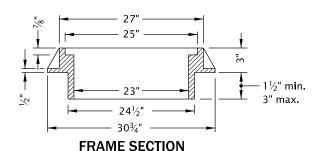
(Frames available in standard or suburban pattern)



## **COVER PLAN**



## **COVER SECTION**



## **CAST IRON SUBURBAN MANHOLE COVER & FRAME**

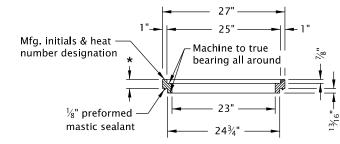
For use on local streets only, as specified

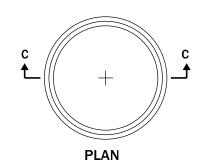
## Manhole cover 11/4" O.D. stainless steel washer, - $\frac{1}{8}$ " thick, 3 required per cover Flat rubber washer, 3 required per cover ¼" neoprene gasket, omit for tamperproof cover Manhole frame

3 required, equally spaced,  $\frac{1}{2}$ "x1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " pentagonal or hexagonal head, bronze or stainless steel. Install frame so that one bolt boss is located over the manhole steps (See general note 8).

## **BOLT-DOWN (FOR TAMPERPROOF AND WATERTIGHT) DETAIL "A"**

Matl. to be grey cast iron ASTM A 48, Class 35B. Tolerance on non-machined surfaces to be [0.06", see general note 6

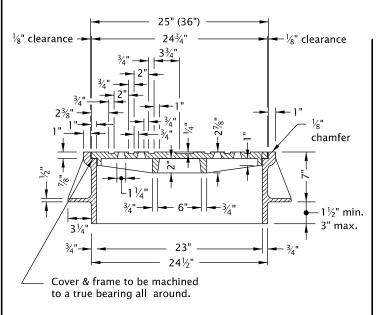




SECTION C-C

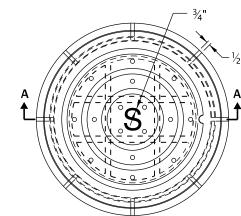
## **MANHOLE ADJUSTMENT RING**

For use with Standard Manhole Frame



## **SECTION A-A**

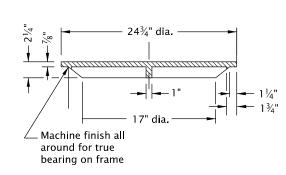
36" min. diameter cover is required for manholes with depths of 20' or greater. (See general note 4)



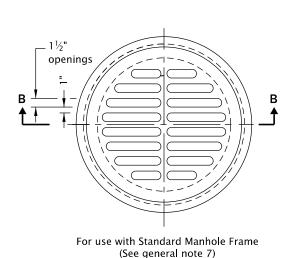
Coat outside of frame with asphalt, where frame is to be placed in conc. pvmt., conc. gutter, or walk.

## **PLAN**

## STANDARD MANHOLE COVER & FRAME



## **SECTION B-B**



## **PLAN**

## STANDARD MANHOLE GRATE

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Tamperproof covers required on sanitary or storm drain manhole where located in pedestrian ways or easement areas. Covers for sanitary manholes shall have 2 holes maximum.
- 2. Watertight covers required if located where cover may be submerged (no holes).
- 3. Covers and frames shall be stamped with manufacturer's initials, heat number and point of origin.
- 4. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for manhole steps.

- 5. See Std. Dwg. RD360 for manhole frame adjustment.
- 6. See ODOT's QPL for alternate manhole adjustment rings.
- 7. Manhole grate allowed only in locations not subject to bicycle or pedestrian use.
- 8. See ODOT's QPL for alternate bolt-down products.

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

CALC. BOOK NO.  $\_$   $\_$  N/A

## the current Oregon Standard Specifications **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS**

All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with

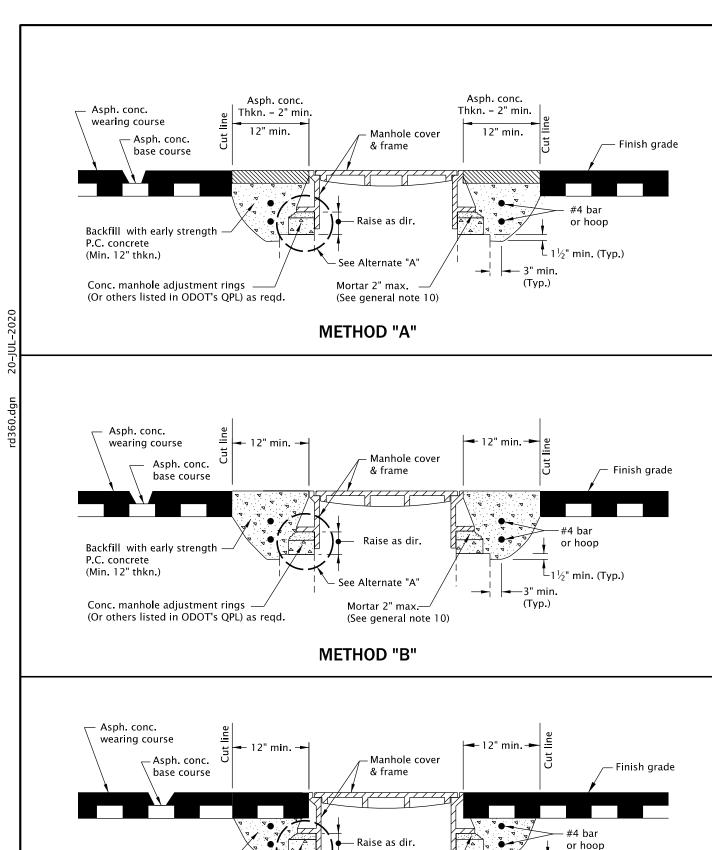
MANHOLE COVERS AND FRAMES

2021

21-JUN-2019

REVISION DESCRIPTION

SDR DATE \_ \_



See Alternate "A"

(See general note 10)

Mortar 2" max.

**METHOD "C"** 

Backfill with early strength

Conc. manhole adjustment rings

(Or others listed in ODOT's QPL) as reqd.

P.C. concrete

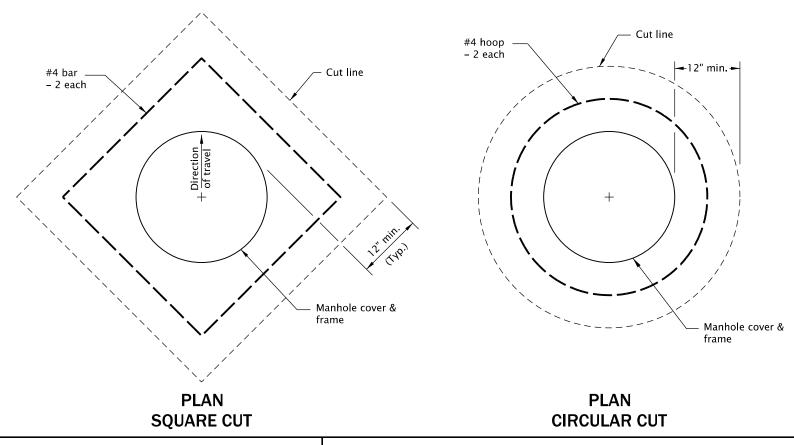
(Min. 12" thkn.)

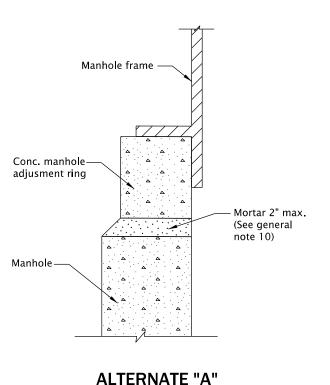


 $1\frac{1}{2}$ " min. (Typ.)

– 3" min.

(Typ.)

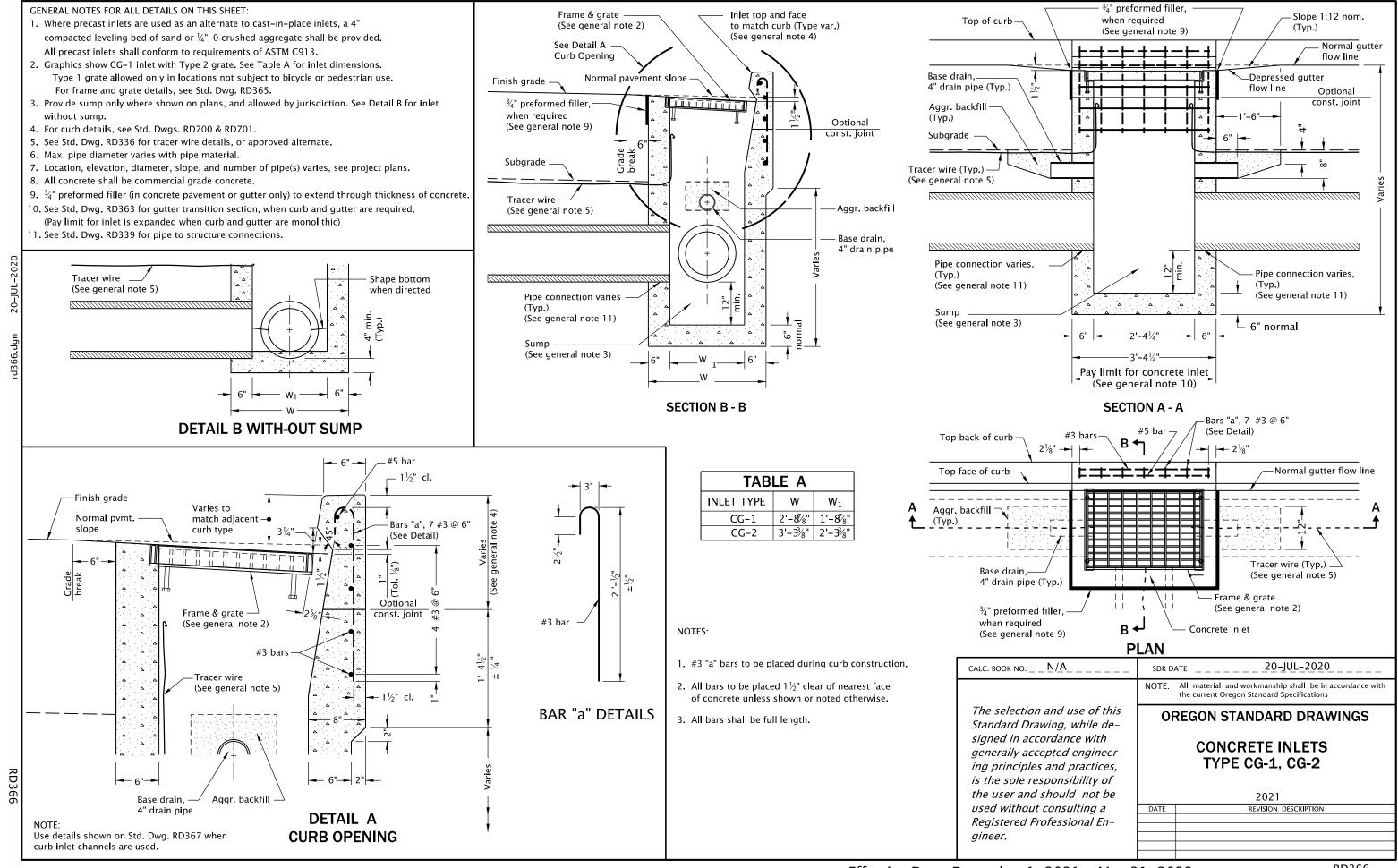


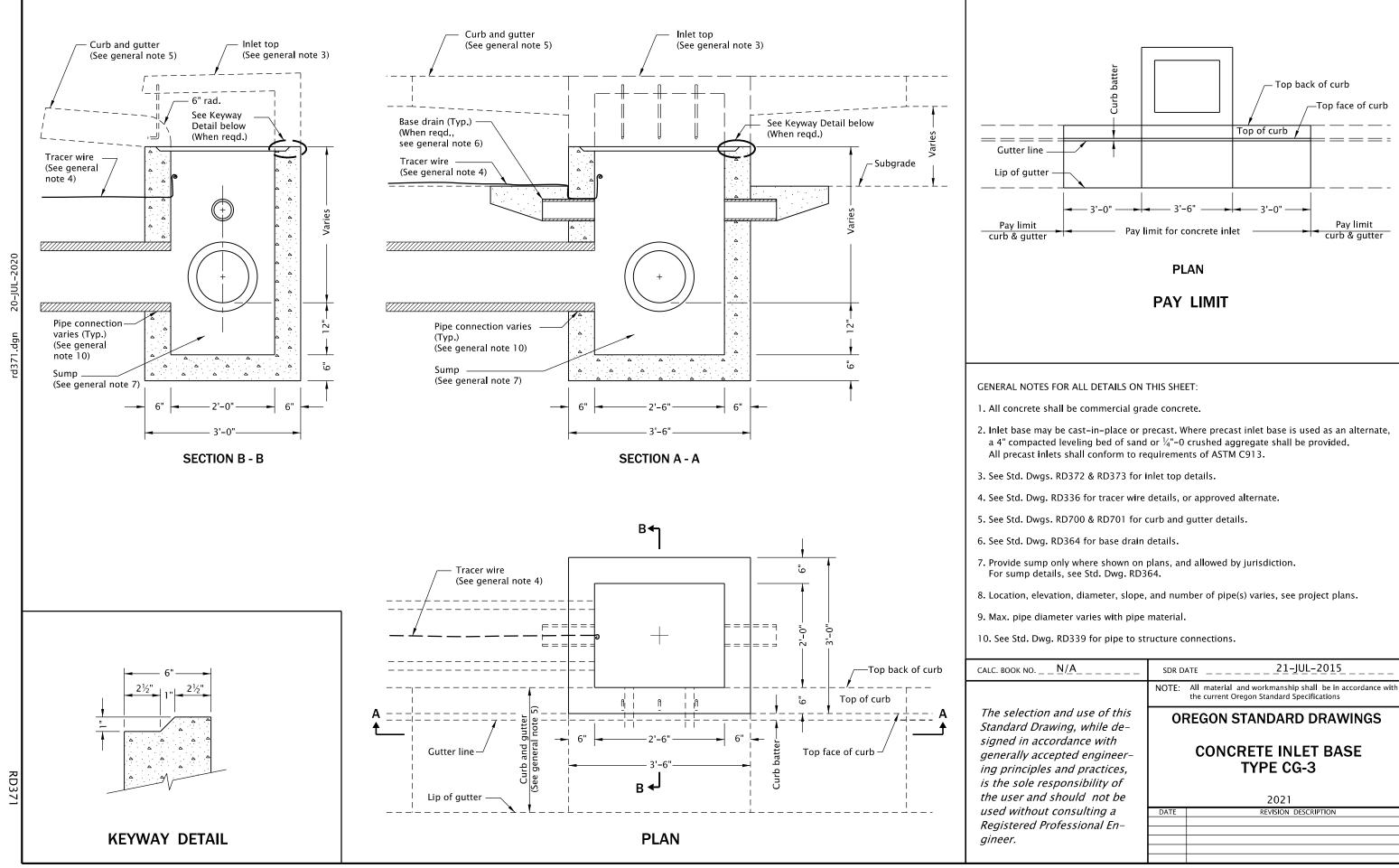


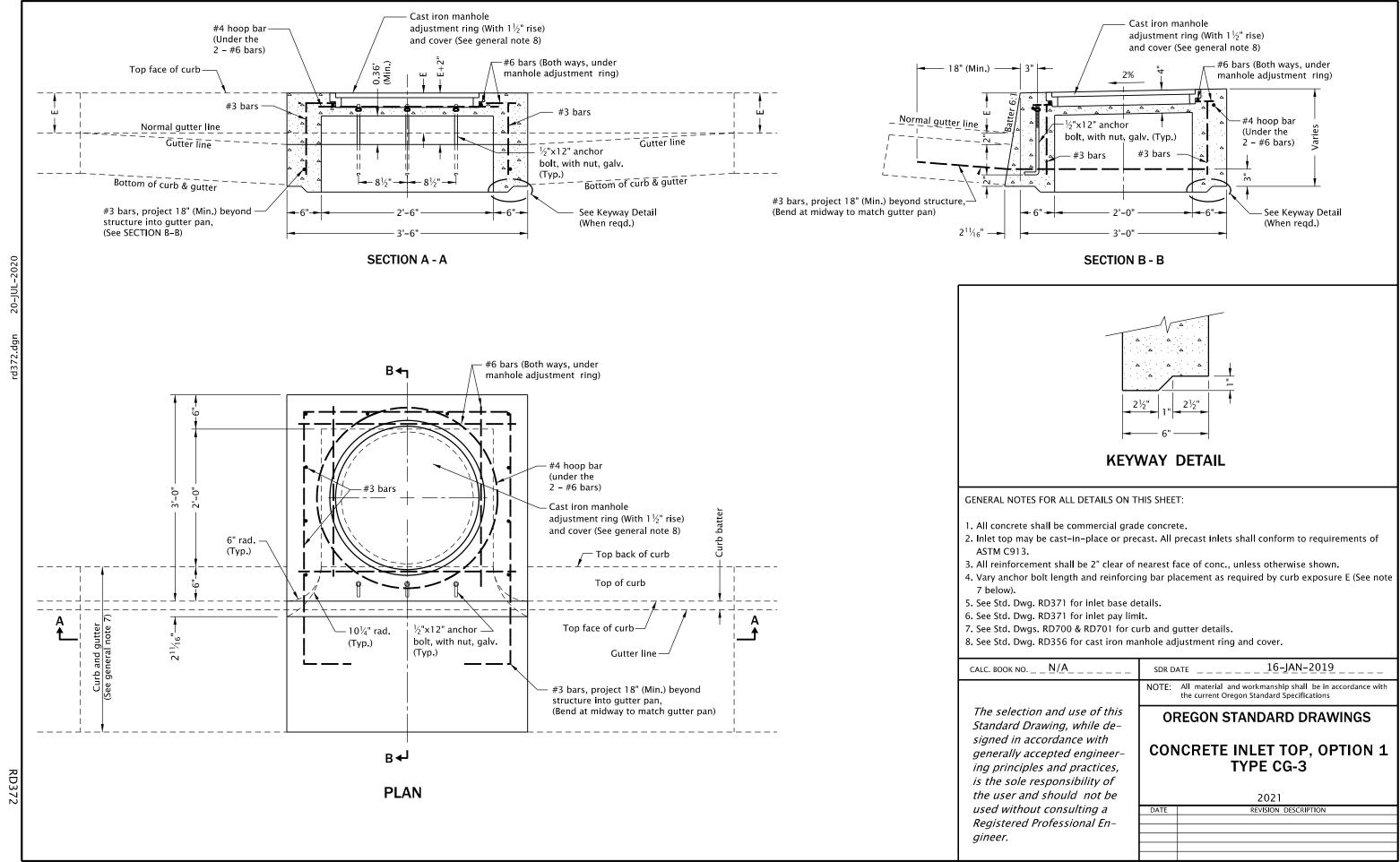
## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

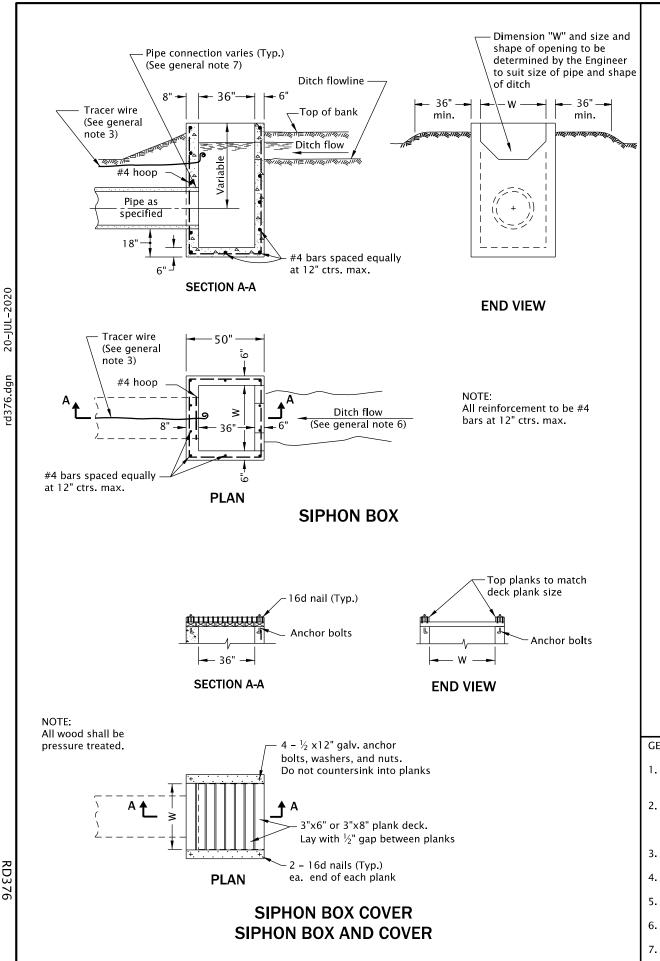
- 1. Cover manhole with building paper and const. asph. conc. base course and wearing courses.
- 2. Saw cut square or circular excavation around manhole 12" min. from manhole frame.
- 3. Raise manhole cover and frame to finish grade by installing conc. manhole adjustment rings and leveling mortar, as shown.
- 4. Backfill with early strength Portland Cement Concrete. All concrete shall be commercial grade concrete.
- 5. Protect from traffic loading until conc. has cured to 3000 psi.
- 6. Apply tack coat to edges of existing pavement before installing patch.
- 7. Finish joint with asphalt seal and sand.
- 8. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for manhole steps details.
- 9. See appropriate manhole standard drawings for details not shown.
- 10. Use epoxy for synthetic grade rings.
- 11. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for tracer wire details.
- 12. See Std. Dwg. RD356 for manhole covers and frames.

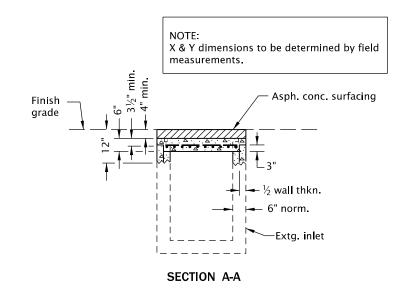
21-JUL-2015 CALC. BOOK NO.  $\_$   $\_$  N/ASDR DATE \_ All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications The selection and use of this **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineer-MANHOLE FRAME ADJUSTMENT ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be 2021 used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.



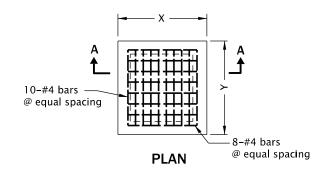






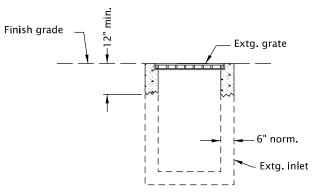


Place bars in concrete inlet cap  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " min. clear of bottom face of concrete and  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " min. clear of top face of concrete.

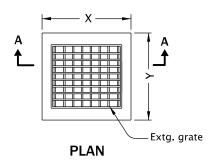


## **CONCRETE INLET CAP**

NOTE: X & Y dimensions to be determined by field measurements.



SECTION A-A



## ADJUST EXISTING INLET

(For details not shown, see Std. Dwg. RD366)

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. All reinforcement to be placed a minimum of 2" clear of nearest face of concrete unless otherwise shown or noted.
- If metal frame and grate is reqd. conform to details for Type 1 grate.
   Size frame and grate to match dimensions of siphon box used, see Std. Dwg. RD364.
- 3. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for tracer wire details.
- 4. Max. pipe diameter varies with pipe material.
- 5. All precast products shall conform to requirements of ASTM C913.
- 6. Alignment of ditch, siphon box, and pipe varies, see project plans.
- 7. See Std. Dwg. RD339 for pipe to structure connections.

CALC. BOOK NO. \_ \_ <u>N/A</u> \_ \_

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

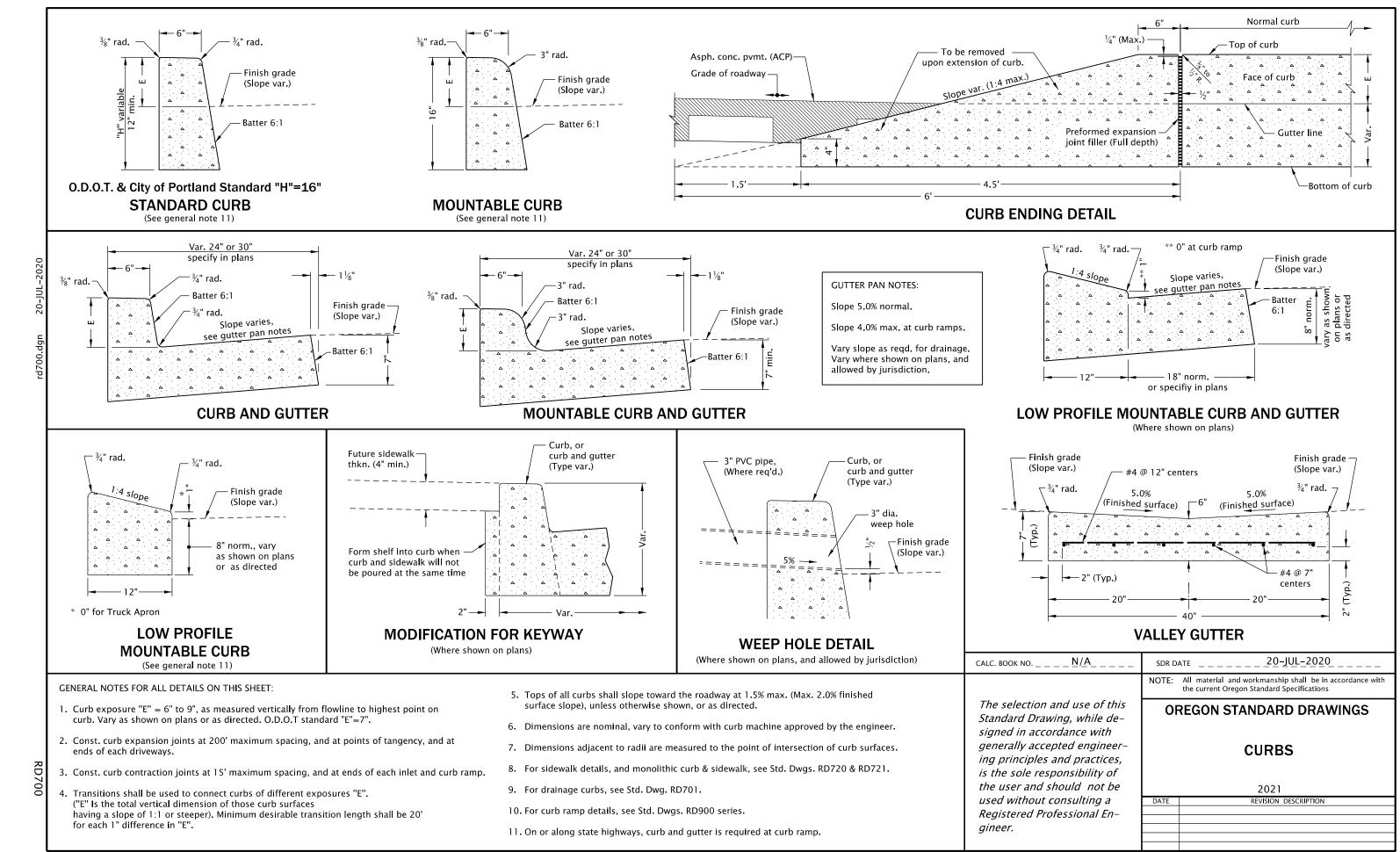
SDR DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_14-JUL-2014\_\_\_\_\_

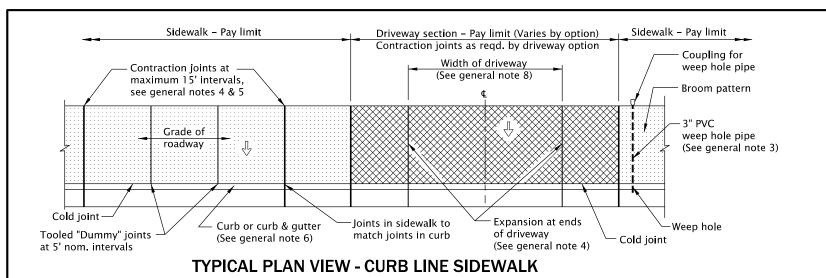
IOTE: All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications

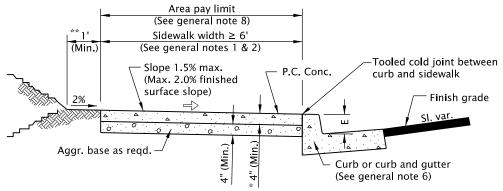
## OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS MISCELLANEOUS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SIPHON BOX, INLET CAP & INLET ADJUSTMENT

2021

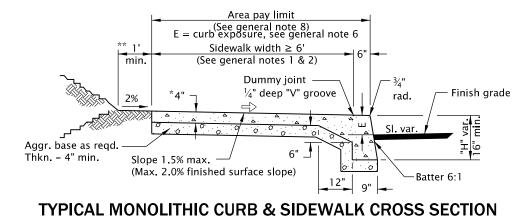
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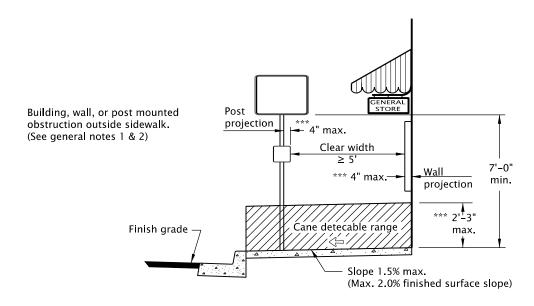
## TYPICAL CURB SIDEWALK CROSS SECTION



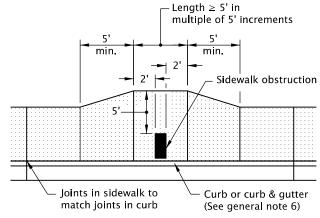
E = curb exposure, see general note 6

- \* Min. 4" or as specified in plans. A thickness ≥ 6" if sidewalk is intended as portion of a driveway or mountable curb is used.
- \*\* Provide compacted backfill adjacent to curb and sidewalk

\*\*\* Objects with base below 2'-3" may protrude any distance as long as the 5' circulation path is maintained. When an object with a base higher than 2'-3" protrudes further than 4" provide a detection below protrusion to delineate edge.



## **CLEAR CIRCULATION PATH**



## **REQUIRED SIDEWALK WIDENING AROUND OBSTRUCTIONS**

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- . Include additional paved or unpaved 2' shy distance to vertical faces higher than 5' such as retaining walls, sound walls, fences and buildings.
- 2. Curb type and sidewalk width as shown on plans or as directed. On sidewalks 8' and wider, provide a longitudinal joint at the midpoint.
- 3. Install 3" pvc weep hole pipes in sidewalks where shown on plans, and allowed by jurisdiction. Place contraction joint over top of pipe. See Std. Dwg. RD700 for weep hole details.
- 4. Provide expansion joints around poles, posts, boxes, at ends of each driveway, and other fixtures which protrude through or against the structures. For sidewalk, monolithic curb & sidewalk, const. expansion joints at 45' maximum spacing. See Std. Dwg. RD722 for expansion joints details.
- 5. Const. contraction joints at 15' maximum spacing, and at ends of each curb ramp. See Std. Dwg. RD722 for contraction joints details.
- 6. For curb details, see Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701. ODOT standard E=7".

- 7. Sidewalk details are based on applicable ODOT standards.
- 8. Fully lowered sidewalk shown; see project plans for the diveway design specified. For driveway details not shown, see Std. Dwgs. RD725, RD730, RD735, RD740, RD745 & RD750.
- 9. See project plans for details not shown.

Sidewalk pay limit.

Driveway pay limit, varies by option, (See general note 8).

Cross slope 1.5% max. (Max. 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope)

## Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices,

The selection and use of this

is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

## 21-JUN-2019 SDR DATE All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with

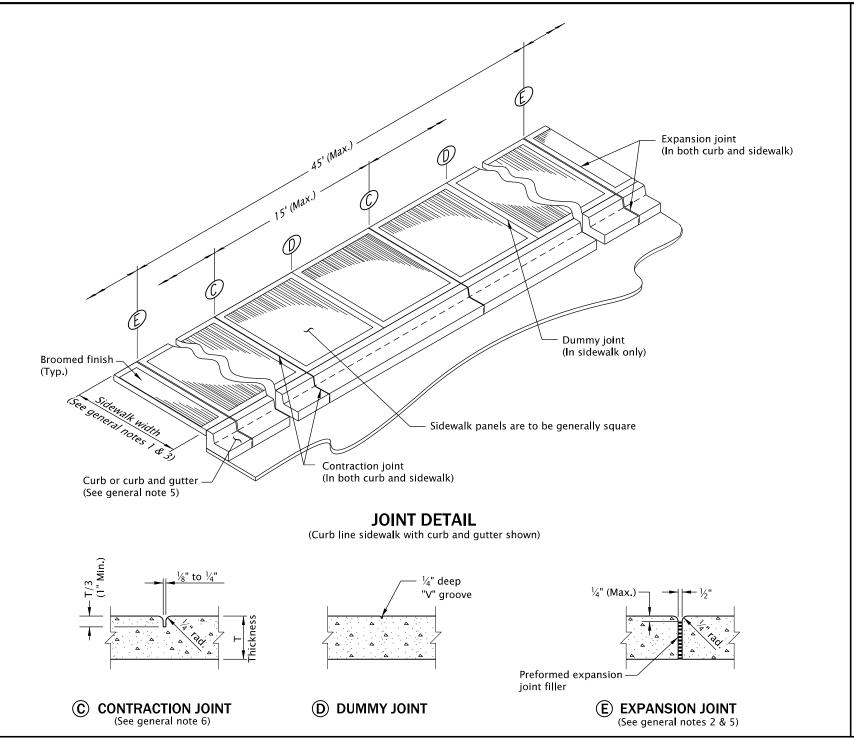
the current Oregon Standard Specifications

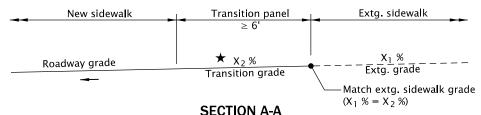
## **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS**

## **CURB LINE SIDEWALKS**

2021

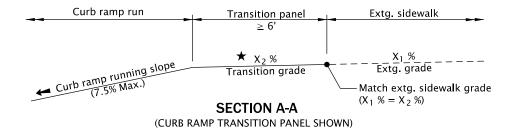
CALC. BOOK NO. \_ \_ \_

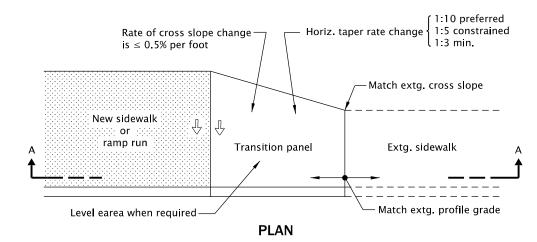




(SIDEWALK TRANSITION PANEL SHOWN)

Project the existing sidewalk profile grade through transition panel to new sidewalk or curb ramp run.





## SIDEWALK AND CURB RAMP TRANSITION PANELS

SDR DATE \_ \_ \_

\_N/A\_

See Std. Dwgs. RD720 & RD721 for concrete sidewalk details. See project plans for sidewalk width, placement and design specified.
 Provide expansion joints around poles, boxes, at ends of each driveway and other fixtures which protrude through or against the structures. For sidewalk, monolithic curb and sidewalk, construction expansion joints at 45' max. spacing.
 On sidewalks 8' and wider, provide a longitudinal joint at the midpoint of sidewalk panel.
 See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for concrete curb details. See project plans for the curb design specified.
 For curb ramps, do not place expansion joints within the limits of curb ramps and between separate concrete pours.
 Const. contraction joints at 15' max. spacing, and at each curb ramp, driveway, sidewalk and curb.

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

LEGEND:

New sidewalk or ramp run

Slope 1.5% max.
(Max. 2.0% finished surface slope)
(Normal sidewalk cross slope)

Slope 7.5% max.
(Max. 8.3% finished surface slope)

Zero exposure

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

CALC. BOOK NO. \_ \_ \_

OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS

SIDEWALK JOINTS AND TRANSITION PANELS

2021

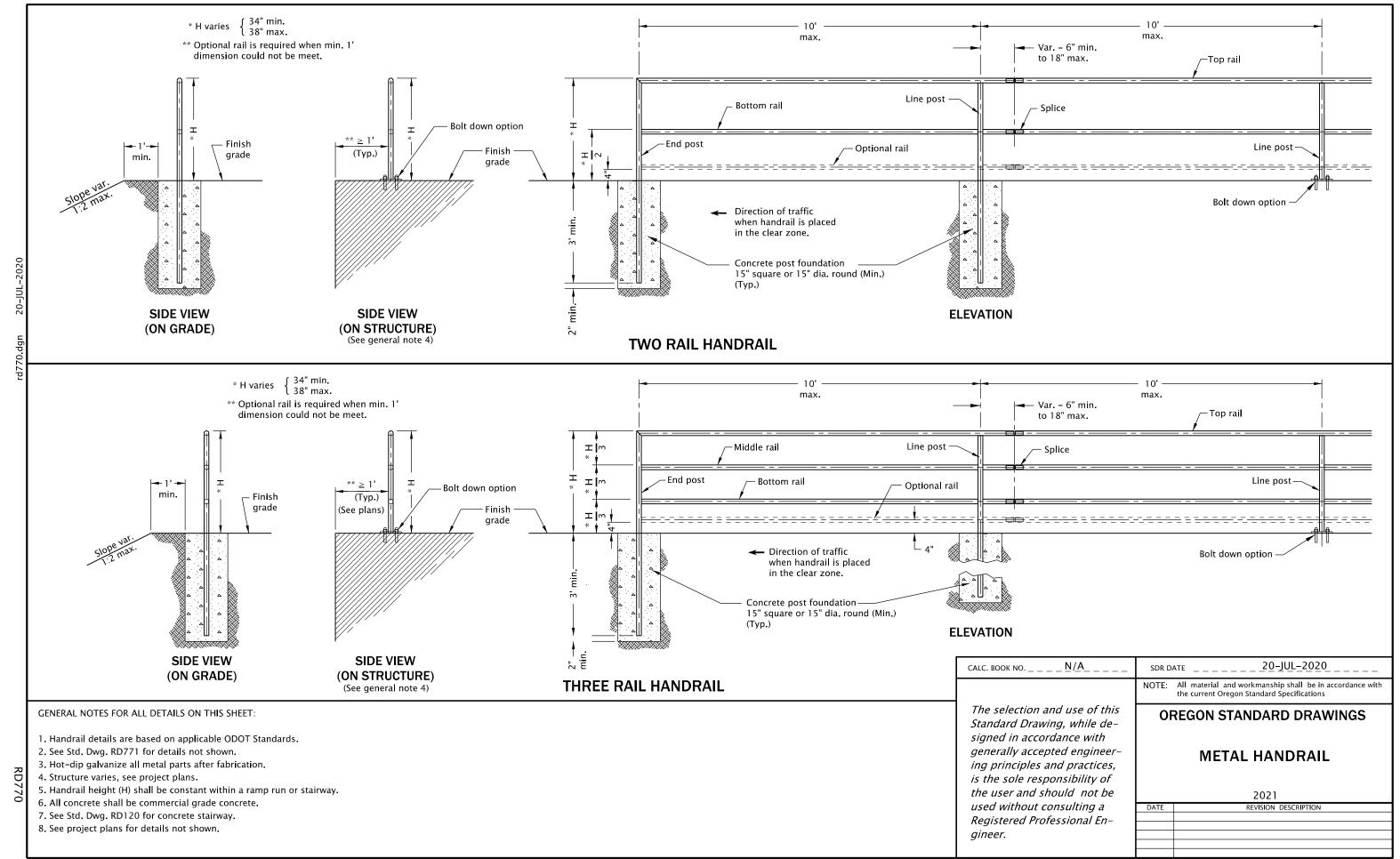
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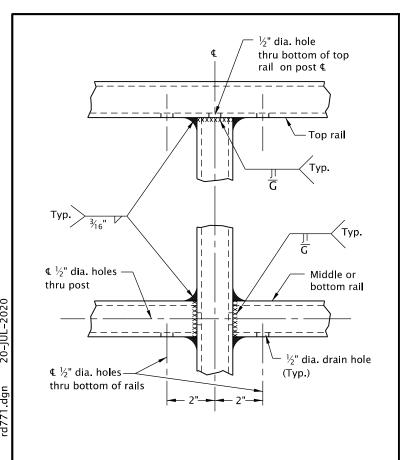
20-JUL-2020

All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with

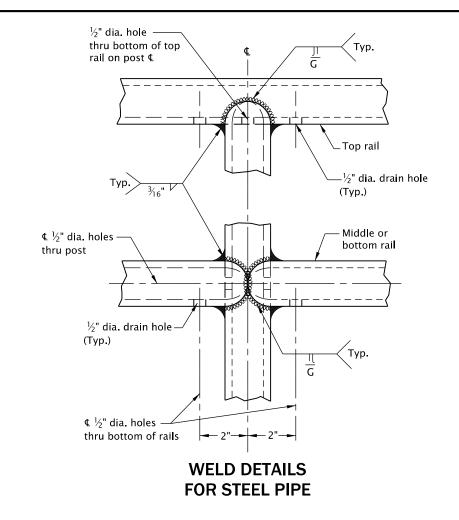
the current Oregon Standard Specifications

DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION



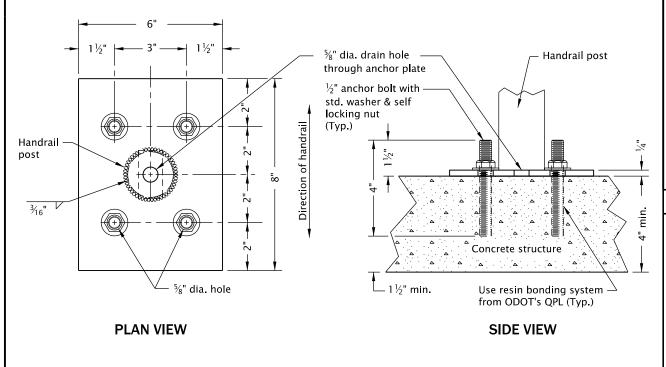


## WELD DETAILS FOR STEEL TUBING



# Splice bar (Grind all edges prior to galvanizing to assure proper fit)

SPLICE DETAIL



ANCHOR PLATE FOR BOLT DOWN OPTION

## **MATERIAL TABLES**

POS	STEEL PI T & RAIL M	ROUND SPLICE BAR		
NOM. DIA.	SCH.	O.D.	O.D.	
11/4"	40	1.660"	1.380"	1¼"
1½"	10	1.900"	1.682"	1½"
1 72	40	1.900"	1.610"	1 /2

SQUARE STRUCTUR POST & RAIL		SQUARE SPLICE BAR
Outside Dimensions	Wall Thickness	Outside Dimensions
1½"x1½"	1/8"	1"x1 "
1 ½ X 1 ½	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Handrail details are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- Select materials from tables. Posts and rails shall be identical material.
   Structural steel tubing shall conform to ASTM specification A500, grade B.
- 3. Posts shall be vertical. The top rail shall be continuous over a minimum of two posts.
- 4. On structure, the railing shall conform to the vertical alignment of the structure. Rails shall have a splice in the post space occurring at expansion joints.
- 5. On grade, rails shall have splices at intervals not to exceed 100'.
- 6. Hot-dip galvanize all metal parts after fabrication.
- 7. See Std Dwg. RD770 for details not shown.
- 8. See Std Dwg. RD120 for concrete stairway.
- 9. See project plans for details not shown.

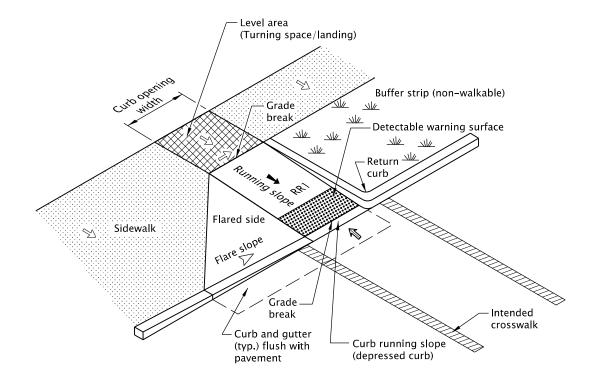
20-JUL-2020 CALC BOOK NO. \_ \_ \_ SDR DATE All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications The selection and use of this **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineer-**METAL HANDRAIL DETAILS** ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be 2021 used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

## **CURB RAMP INDEX**

STD. DWG. NO.	STD. DWG. TITLE
RD900	Curb Ramp Components And Legend
RD901	Curb Ramp Legend And Corner Identification
RD902	Detectable Warning Surface Details
RD904	Detectable Warning Surface Placement For Curb Ramps
RD905	Detectable Warning Surface Placement For Directional Curbs
RD906	Detectable Warning Surface Placement For Accessible Route Island
RD908	Detectable Warning Surface Placement
RD910, RD912	Perpendicular Curb Ramp
RD913	Perpendicular Curb Ramp With Closure
RD916	Perpendicular Curb Ramp Single Ramp
RD920	Parallel Curb Ramp
RD922	Parallel Curb Ramp Single Ramp
RD930, RD932 & RD936	Combination Curb Ramp
RD938	Combination Curb Ramp Single Ramp
RD940	Blended Transition Curb Ramp Single Ramp
RD950 & RD952	End Of Walk Curb Ramp
RD960	Unique Curb Ramp

LEGEND: Sidewalk or other traversable surface Detectable warning surface (DWS) Level area (Turning space/landing) Cross slope 1.5% max. (Max. 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope) Running slope 4.0% max. (Max. 4.9% finished surface slope) **<<<** Running slope 7.5% max. (Max. 8.3% finished surface slope) Counter slope 4.0% max. ascending or descending (Max. 5.0% finished surface slope) Slope as required for drainage (Max. 10.0% finished surface slope) 4'x4' clear space

Ramp Run Position 1

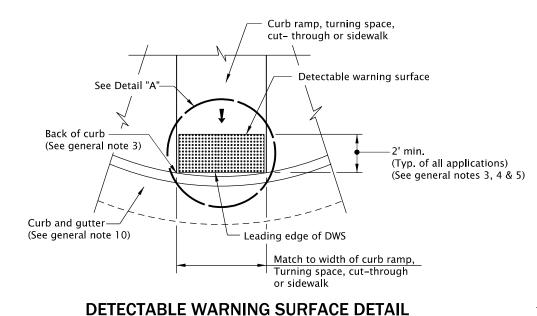


## TYPICAL CURB RAMP SYSTEM COMPONENTS

(PERPENDICULAR TYPE SHOWN)

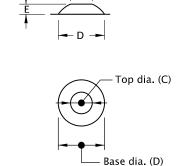
CALC. BOOK NO <b>N/A</b>	SDR D	ATE19-JUL-2021		
	NOTE:	All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications		
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while de-	OI	OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS		
signed in accordance with generally accepted engineer-ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of	CURB RAMP COMPONENTS AND LEGEND			
the user and should not be		2021		
used without consulting a	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION		
Registered Professional En-	07-2020	DRAWING CREATED		
gineer.	07-2021	REVISED DETAILS AND NOTES		
gilleer.				





	Α	В	С	D	E
MIN.	1.60"	0.65"	0.45"	0.90"	0.20"
MAX.	2.40"	-	0.91"	1.40"	0.20"

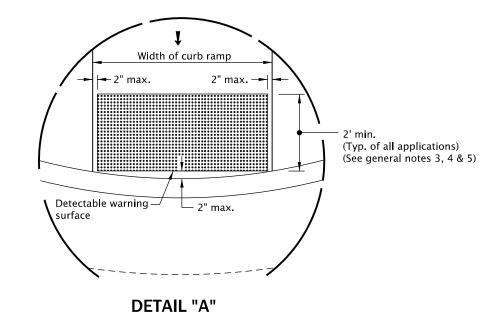
## Curb ramp width – Var.





TRUNCATED DOME

## TRUNCATED DOME DETAILS



GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Detectable warning surface details & locations are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown. See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs.
- 3. The detectable warning surface shall extend the full width of the curb ramp opening, shared use path, blended transition, turning space, or other roadway entrance as applicable. A gap of up to 2 inches on each side of the detectable warning surface is permitted (measured at the leading edge of the detectable warning surface panel as shown in Detail "A").
- 4. Detectable warning surface shall be placed at the back of curb for a minimum depth of 2 ft. in the direction of pedestrian travel at curb ramps that are adjacent to traffic. Detectable warning surface may be radial or rectangular, but must comply with the truncated dome size and spacing standards. Detectable warning surface may be cut to meet necessary shape as shown in plans. Detectable warning surface across a grade break is prohibited. Place abutting panels within 1/4 inch of each other and install anchors, as specified by manufacturers, along cut edge.
- 5. Color to be safety yellow if no color specified in construction note. Alternative colors require a design exception on or along state highways.
- 6. Detectable warning surface shall be used in the following locations:
  - a) Curb ramps at street crossings.
  - b) Crossing islands (Accessible Route Islands).
  - c) Rail crossings.
- 7. Where public transportation stations (rail, bus, etc.) use platform boarding, detectable warning surface shall be placed along the full edge length of the station, when not protected by platform screens or guards, (see Std. Dwg. RD908).
- 8. Detectable warning surface shall not be used on the following locations:
  - a) End of sidewalk transitions that are not at a crosswalk, (see Std. Dwgs. RD950, RD952 and
  - b) Driveways, unless constructed with curb return or are signalized.
  - c) Parking lots, access aisles and passenger loading zones where curb ramp does not lead to vehicular way.
- 9. Where no curb is present, the detectable warning surface shall be placed at the edge of the roadway.
- $10. \ \mbox{On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.}$

LEGEND:

Detectable warning surface

 $\triangleleft$ 

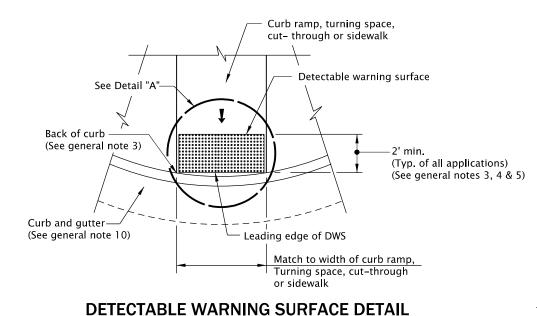
Cross slope 1.5% max. (Max. 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope)

**←** 

Running slope 7.5% max. (Max. 8.3% finished surface slope)

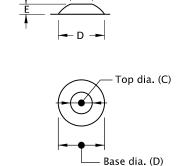
CALC. BOOK NO <b>N/A</b>	SDR D	ATE19-JUL-2021
	NOTE:	All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while de-	OI	REGON STANDARD DRAWINGS
signed in accordance with generally accepted engineer- ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of	DET	ECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DETAILS
the user and should not be		2021
used without consulting a	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION
Registered Professional En-	07-2020	DRAWING CREATED
. ~	07-2021	REVISED DETAIL AND NOTES
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	Α	В	С	D	E
MIN.	1.60"	0.65"	0.45"	0.90"	0.20"
MAX.	2.40"	-	0.91"	1.40"	0.20"

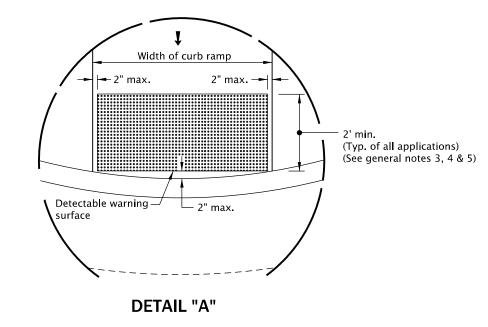
## Curb ramp width – Var.





TRUNCATED DOME

## TRUNCATED DOME DETAILS



GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Detectable warning surface details & locations are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown. See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs.
- 3. The detectable warning surface shall extend the full width of the curb ramp opening, shared use path, blended transition, turning space, or other roadway entrance as applicable. A gap of up to 2 inches on each side of the detectable warning surface is permitted (measured at the leading edge of the detectable warning surface panel as shown in Detail "A").
- 4. Detectable warning surface shall be placed at the back of curb for a minimum depth of 2 ft. in the direction of pedestrian travel at curb ramps that are adjacent to traffic. Detectable warning surface may be radial or rectangular, but must comply with the truncated dome size and spacing standards. Detectable warning surface may be cut to meet necessary shape as shown in plans. Detectable warning surface across a grade break is prohibited. Place abutting panels within 1/4 inch of each other and install anchors, as specified by manufacturers, along cut edge.
- 5. Color to be safety yellow if no color specified in construction note. Alternative colors require a design exception on or along state highways.
- 6. Detectable warning surface shall be used in the following locations:
  - a) Curb ramps at street crossings.
  - b) Crossing islands (Accessible Route Islands).
  - c) Rail crossings.
- 7. Where public transportation stations (rail, bus, etc.) use platform boarding, detectable warning surface shall be placed along the full edge length of the station, when not protected by platform screens or guards, (see Std. Dwg. RD908).
- 8. Detectable warning surface shall not be used on the following locations:
  - a) End of sidewalk transitions that are not at a crosswalk, (see Std. Dwgs. RD950, RD952 and
  - b) Driveways, unless constructed with curb return or are signalized.
  - c) Parking lots, access aisles and passenger loading zones where curb ramp does not lead to vehicular way.
- 9. Where no curb is present, the detectable warning surface shall be placed at the edge of the roadway.
- $10. \ \mbox{On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.}$

LEGEND:

Detectable warning surface

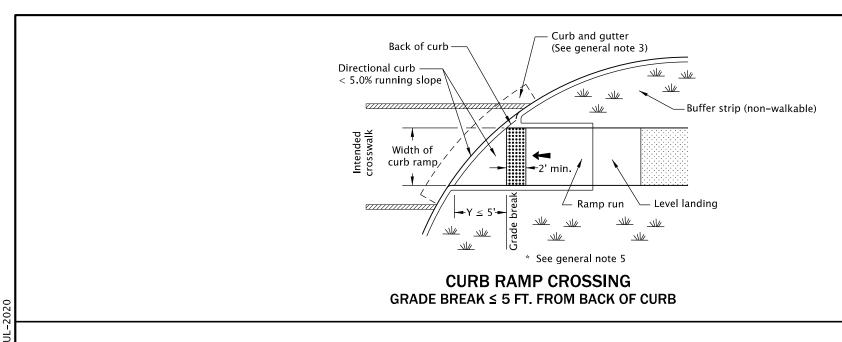
 $\triangleleft$ 

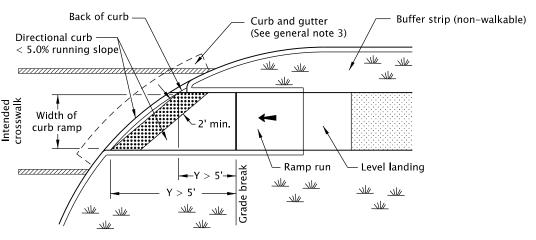
Cross slope 1.5% max. (Max. 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope)

**←** 

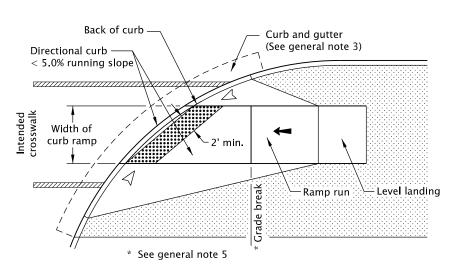
Running slope 7.5% max. (Max. 8.3% finished surface slope)

CALC. BOOK NO <b>N/A</b>	SDR D	ATE19-JUL-2021
	NOTE:	All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while de-	OI	REGON STANDARD DRAWINGS
signed in accordance with generally accepted engineer- ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of	DET	ECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DETAILS
the user and should not be		2021
used without consulting a	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION
Registered Professional En-	07-2020	DRAWING CREATED
. ~	07-2021	REVISED DETAIL AND NOTES
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## **CURB RAMP CROSSING GRADE BREAK > 5 FT. FROM BACK OF CURB**



**CURB RAMP CROSSING** DIRECTIONAL CURB WITH FLARED CONSTRUCTION

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Detectable warning surface details & locations are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown. See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs. See Std. Dwg. RD902 for detectable warning surface installation details.
- 3. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.
- 4. Detectable warning surface placement for perpendicular ramps vary as shown.
- 5. Detectable warning surface placement across the grade break is prohibited.

LEGEND: Marked or intended crossing location Sidewalk Detectable warning surface

> Flare slope  $\triangleleft$

(Max. 8.3% finished surface slope)

(Max. 10.0% finished surface slope)

Running slope 7.5% max.

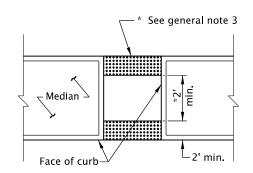
20-JULY-2020 \_N/A\_ CALC. BOOK NO. \_ \_ \_ SDR DATE \_ \_ \_ All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications The selection and use of this

Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

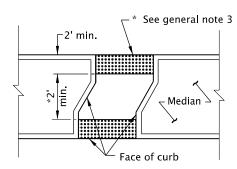
**DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE** PLACEMENT FOR **DIRECTIONAL CURBS** 

**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

2021 DATE 07-2020 DRAWING CREATED



\* Omit detectable warning surfaces if less than 2'



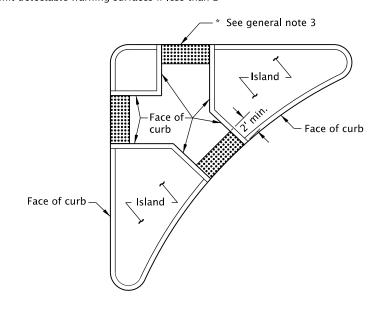
**CUT-THROUGH** (Asph. conc. surface shown)

## Curb and gutter for raised median crossing (See general note 4) Median Flare slope - 2' min. Face of curb

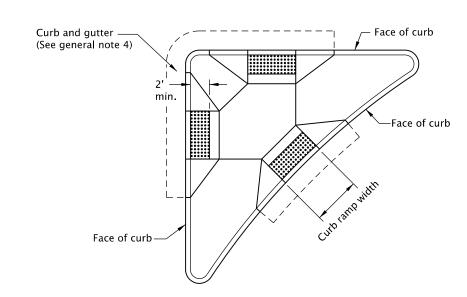
RAISED MEDIAN
(P.C. conc. surface shown)

## **MEDIAN CROSSING**

\* Omit detectable warning surfaces if less than 2'



CUT-THROUGH ISLAND (Asph. conc. surface shown)



RAISED ISLAND (P.C. conc. surface shown)

## RIGHT TURN CHANNELIZATION ISLAND

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Detectable warning surface details & locations are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown.
  See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs.
  See Std. Dwgs. RD710 & RD711 for accessible route island.
  See Std. Dwg. RD902 for detectable warning surface installation details.
- Detectable warning surfaces shall be separated by a 2.0 ft minimum length of walkway without detectable warnings. Where the island has no curb, the detectable warning surface shall be placed at the edge of roadway.
- 4. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.
- Details intended for pedestrian route only. For protected bike lanes on multi-use paths, see project plans for specific details.

## LEGEND



Detectable warning surface

CALC. BOOK NO. \_\_\_\_\_N/A \_\_\_\_\_ SDR DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_20-JULY-2020 \_\_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with

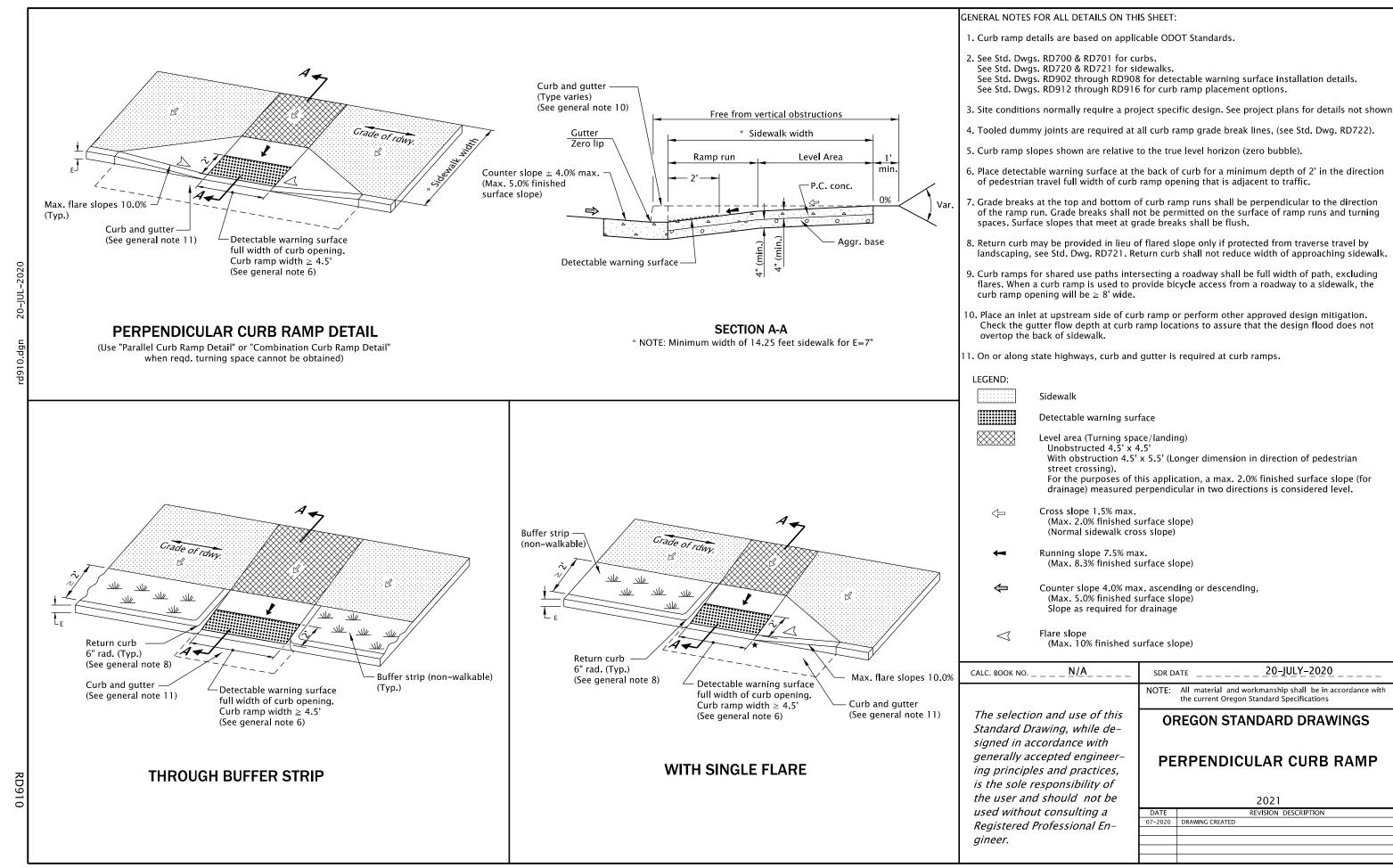
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

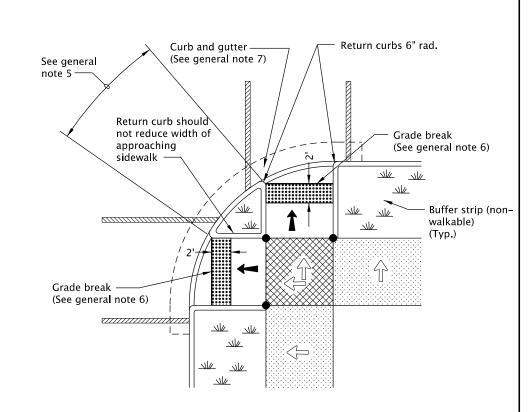
DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE PLACEMENT FOR ACCESSIBLE ROUTE ISLAND

**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

the current Oregon Standard Specifications

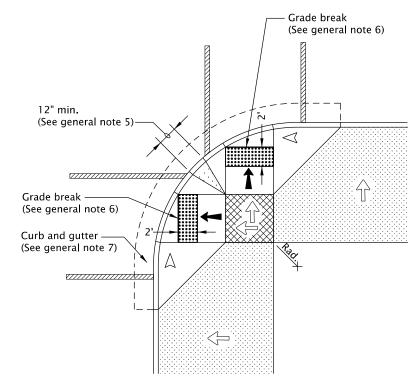
DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION
07-2020 DRAWING CREATED



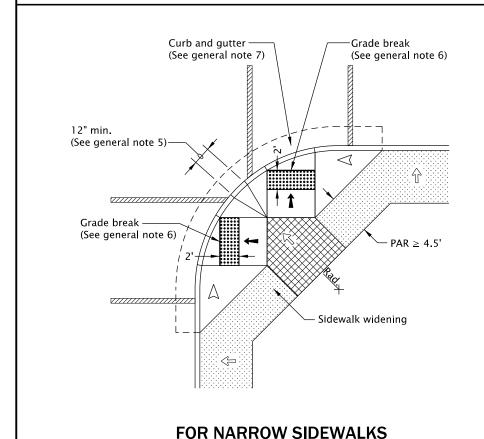


WITH LANDSCAPED BUFFER STRIP

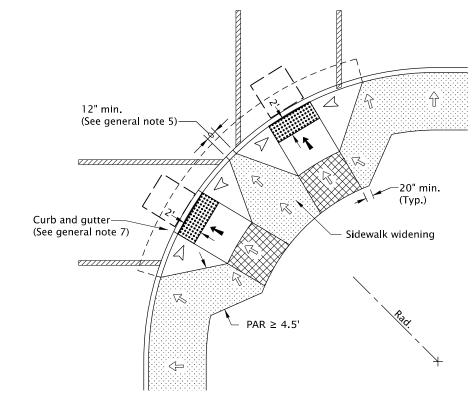
**OPTION "PR-1"** 



FOR WIDE SIDEWALKS **OPTION "PR-2"** 



**OPTION "PR-3"** 



FOR NARROW SIDEWALKS **OPTION "PR-4"** 

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Curb ramp details are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD720 & RD721 for sidewalks. See Std. Dwg. RD910 for perpendicular curb ramp details.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD902 through RD908 for detectable warning surface installation details.
- 3. Tooled dummy joints are required at all curb ramp grade break lines, (see Std. Dwg. RD722).
- 4. Curb ramp slopes shown are relative to the true level horizon (zero bubble).
- 5. When 2 curb ramps are immediately adjacent, the curb exposure (E) between the adjacent side flares may range between 3" and full design exposure.
- 6. Grade breaks at the top and bottom of curb ramp runs shall be perpendicular to the direction of the ramp run. Grade breaks shall not be permitted on the surface of ramp runs and turning spaces. Surface slopes that meet at grade breaks shall be flush.
- 7. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.

LEGEND: 77777777 Marked or intended crossing location Sidewalk Detectable warning surface

> Level area (Turning space/landing) Unobstructed 4.5' x 4.5' With obstruction 4.5' x 5.5' (Longer dimension in direction of pedestrian

street crossing). For the purposes of this application, a max. 2.0% finished surface slope (for drainage) measured perpendicular in two directions is considered level.

Cross slope 1.5% max. (Max. 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope)

Running slope 7.5% max. (Max. 8.3% finished surface slope)

Flare slope  $\triangleleft$ (Max. 10% finished surface slope)

Zero curb exposure

4' x 4' clear space

Pedestrian Access Route

N/A

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

CALC. BOOK NO. \_

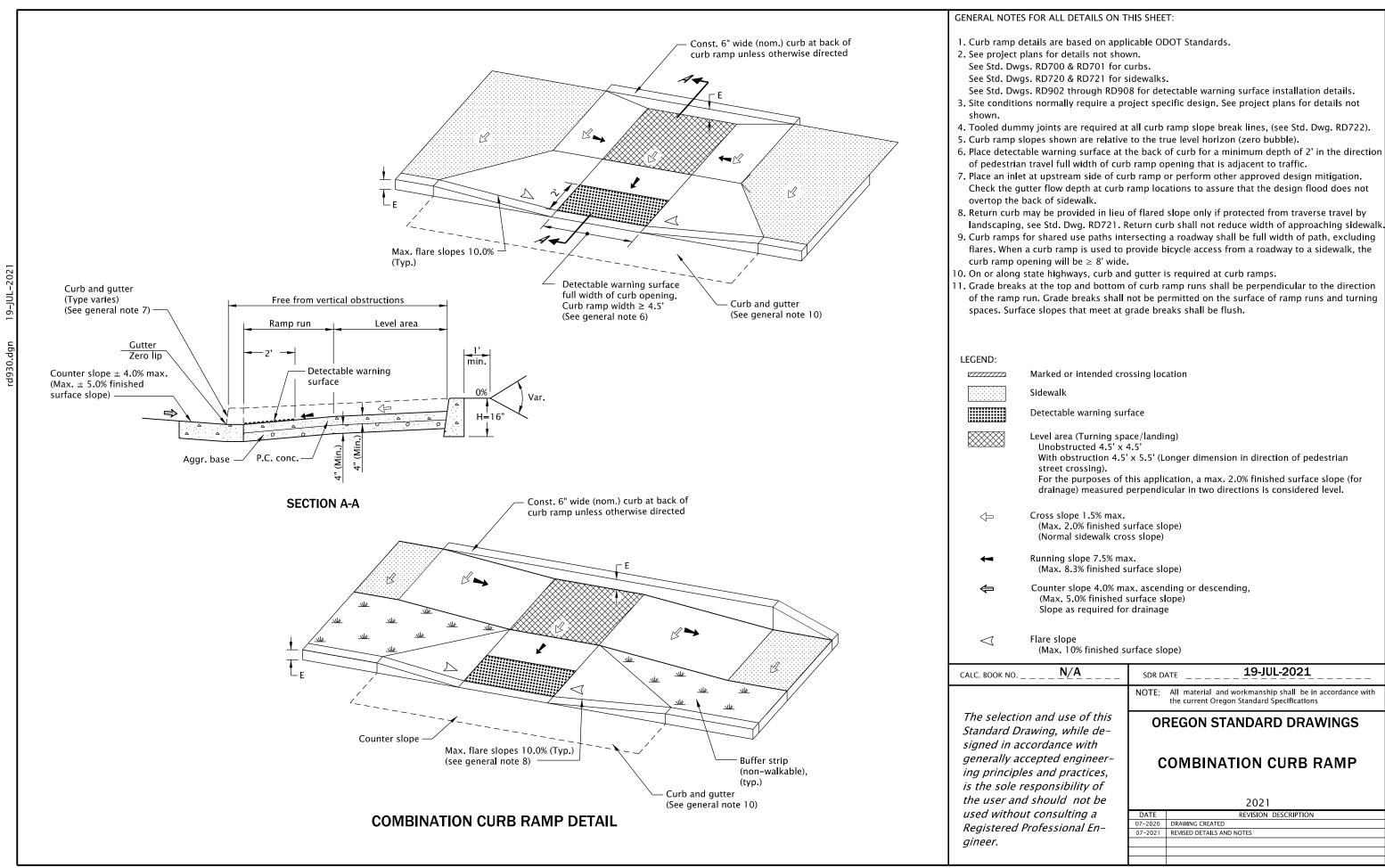
SDR DATE All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications

19-JUL-2021

**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

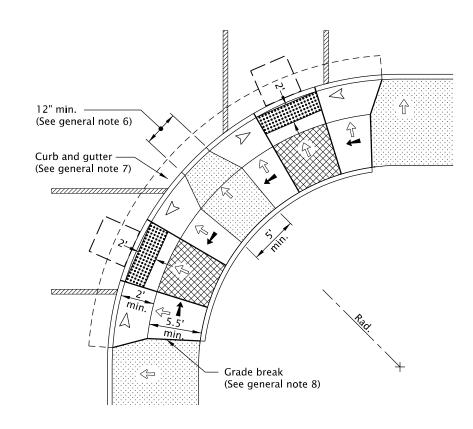
PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMP

2021 REVISION DESCRIPTION DATE REVISED DETAIL AND NOTES

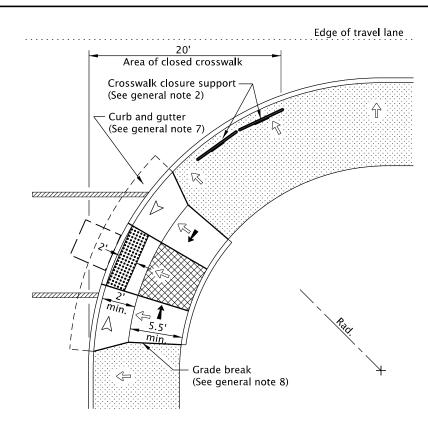


19-JUL-2021

2021



## **COMBINATION CURB RAMPS OPTION "CC-1"**



COMBINATION CURB RAMP WITH CROSSWALK CLOSURE **OPTION "CC-2"** 

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Curb ramp details are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD720 & RD721 for sidewalks.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD902 through RD908 for detectable warning surface installation details.
- See Std. Dwg. RD930 for combination curb ramp details.
- See Std. Dwg. TM240 for crosswalk closure detail.
- 3. Site conditions normally require a project specific design. See project plans for details not
- 4. Tooled dummy joints are required at all curb ramp slope break lines, (see Std. Dwg. RD722).
- 5. Curb ramp slopes shown are relative to the true level horizon (zero bubble).
- 6. When 2 curb ramps are immediately adjacent, the curb exposure (E) between the adjacent side flares may range between 3" and full design exposure.
- 7. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.
- 8. Grade breaks at the top and bottom of curb ramp runs shall be perpendicular to the direction of the ramp run. Grade breaks shall not be permitted on the surface of ramp runs and turning spaces. Surface slopes that meet at grade breaks shall be flush.

## LEGEND:

Marked or intended crossing location ////////

Sidewalk

Detectable warning surface

Level area (Turning space/landing)

Unobstructed 4.5' x 4.5' With obstruction 4.5' x 5.5' (Longer dimension in direction of pedestrian street crossing).

For the purposes of this application, a max. 2.0% finished surface slope (for drainage) measured perpendicular in two directions is considered level.

Cross slope 1.5% max.

(Max. 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope)

Running slope 7.5% max. (Max. 8.3% finished surface slope)

(Max. 10% finished surface slope)

4'x4' clear space

The selection and use of this

generally accepted engineer-

ing principles and practices,

is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be

used without consulting a

Registered Professional En-

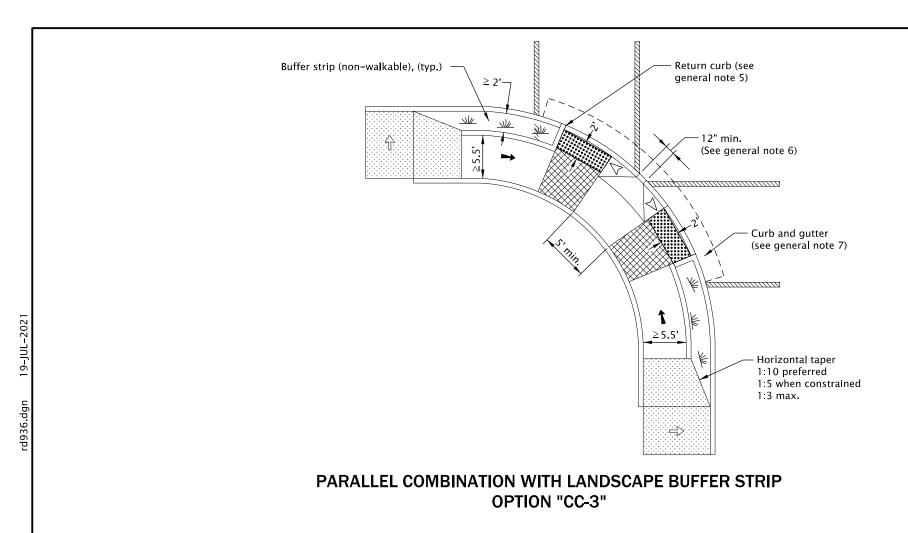
20-JULY-2020 \_N/A\_ CALC. BOOK NO. \_ \_ \_ SDR DATE \_ \_ \_ \_ NOTE: All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications

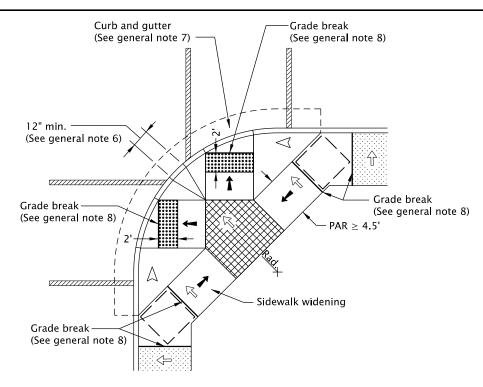
**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with

**COMBINATION CURB RAMP** 

2021 07-2020 DRAWING CREATED

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FOR NARROW SIDEWALKS OPTION "CC-4"

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- Curb ramp details are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs.
- See Std. Dwgs. RD720 & RD721 for sidewalks. See Std. Dwgs. RD902 through RD908 for detectable warning surface installation details.
- See Std. Dwg. RD930 for combination curb ramp details.
- 3. Tooled dummy joints are required at all curb ramp grade break lines, (see Std. Dwg. RD722).
- 4. Curb ramp slopes shown are relative to the true level horizon (zero bubble).
- Return curb may be provided in lieu of flared slope only if protected from traverse travel by landscaping, see Std. Dwg. RD721. Return curb shall not reduce width of approaching sidewalk.
- 6. When 2 curb ramps are immediately adjacent, the curb exposure (E) between the adjacent side flares may range between 3" and full design exposure.
- 7. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.
- 8. Grade breaks at the top and bottom of curb ramp runs shall be perpendicular to the direction of the ramp run. Grade breaks shall not be permitted on the surface of ramp runs and turning spaces. Surface slopes that meet at grade breaks shall be flush.

LEGEND:

Marked or intended crossing location

Sidewalk

Detectable warning surface

Level area (Turning space/landing)
Unobstructed 4.5' x 4.5'
With obstruction 4.5' x 5.5' (Longer dimension in direction of pedestrian street crossing).
For the purposes of this application, a max. 2.0% finished surface slope (for drainage) measured perpendicular in two directions is considered level.

(Max. 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope)

Running slope 7.5% max. (Max. 8.3% finished surface slope)

Cross slope 1.5% max.

Flare slope
(Max. 10% finished surface slope)

E Curb height

4' x 4' clear space

CALC. BOOK NO. \_

PAR Pedestrian Access Route

N/A

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

OTE: All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications

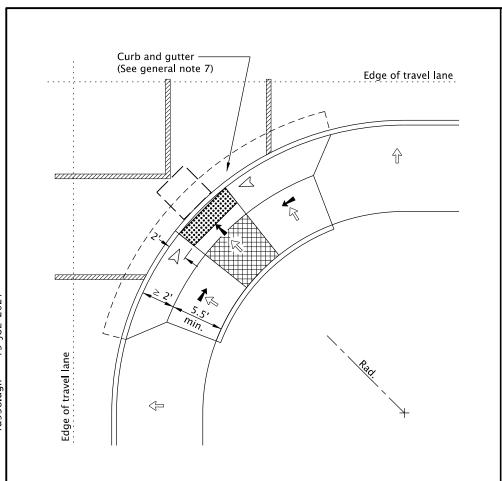
SDR DATE \_ \_ \_

19-JUL-2021

OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS

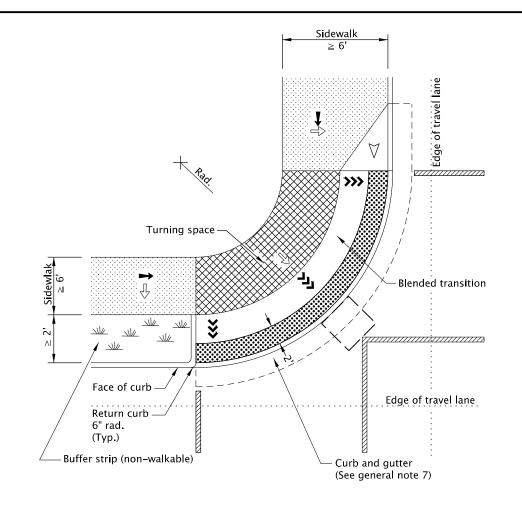
COMBINATION CURB RAMP

DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION
07-2021 DRAWING CREATED



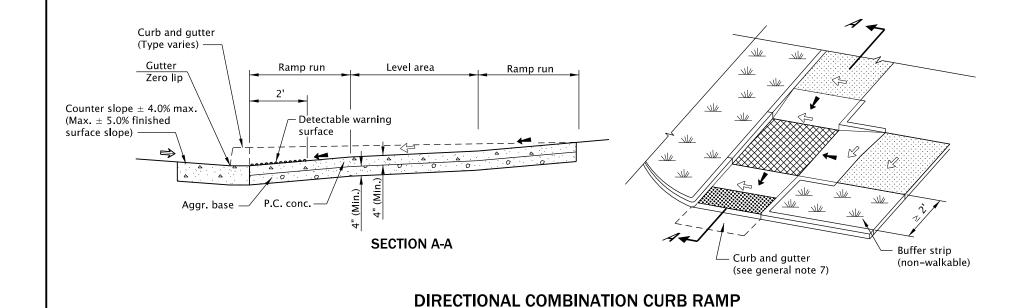
## DIAGONAL COMBINATION CURB RAMP OPTION "CC-10"

(Use only when site constraints prohibit installing two curb ramps)



## BLENDED TRANSITION COMBINATION CURB RAMP OPTION "CC-11"

(Use only when site constraints prohibit installing two curb ramps)



OPTION "CC-12"

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

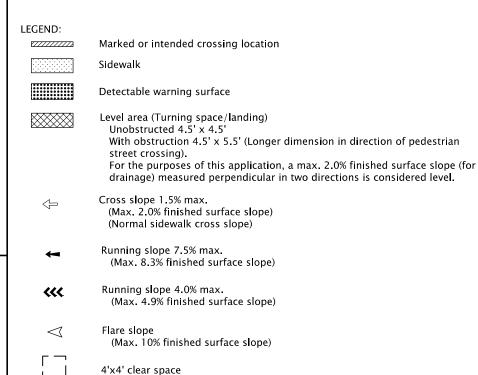
- 1. Curb ramp details are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown.

See Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701 for curbs.

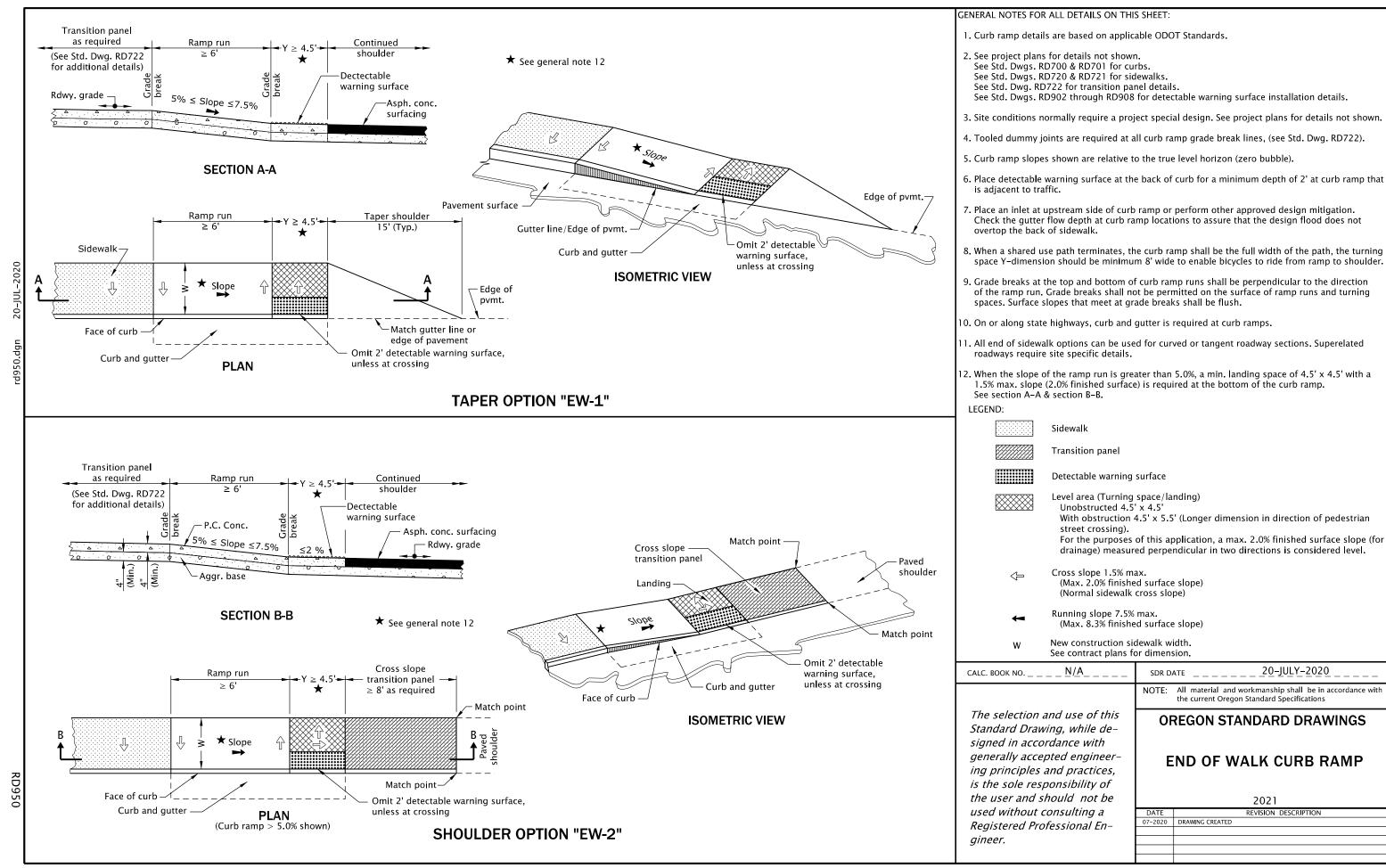
See Std. Dwgs. RD720 & RD721 for sidewalks.

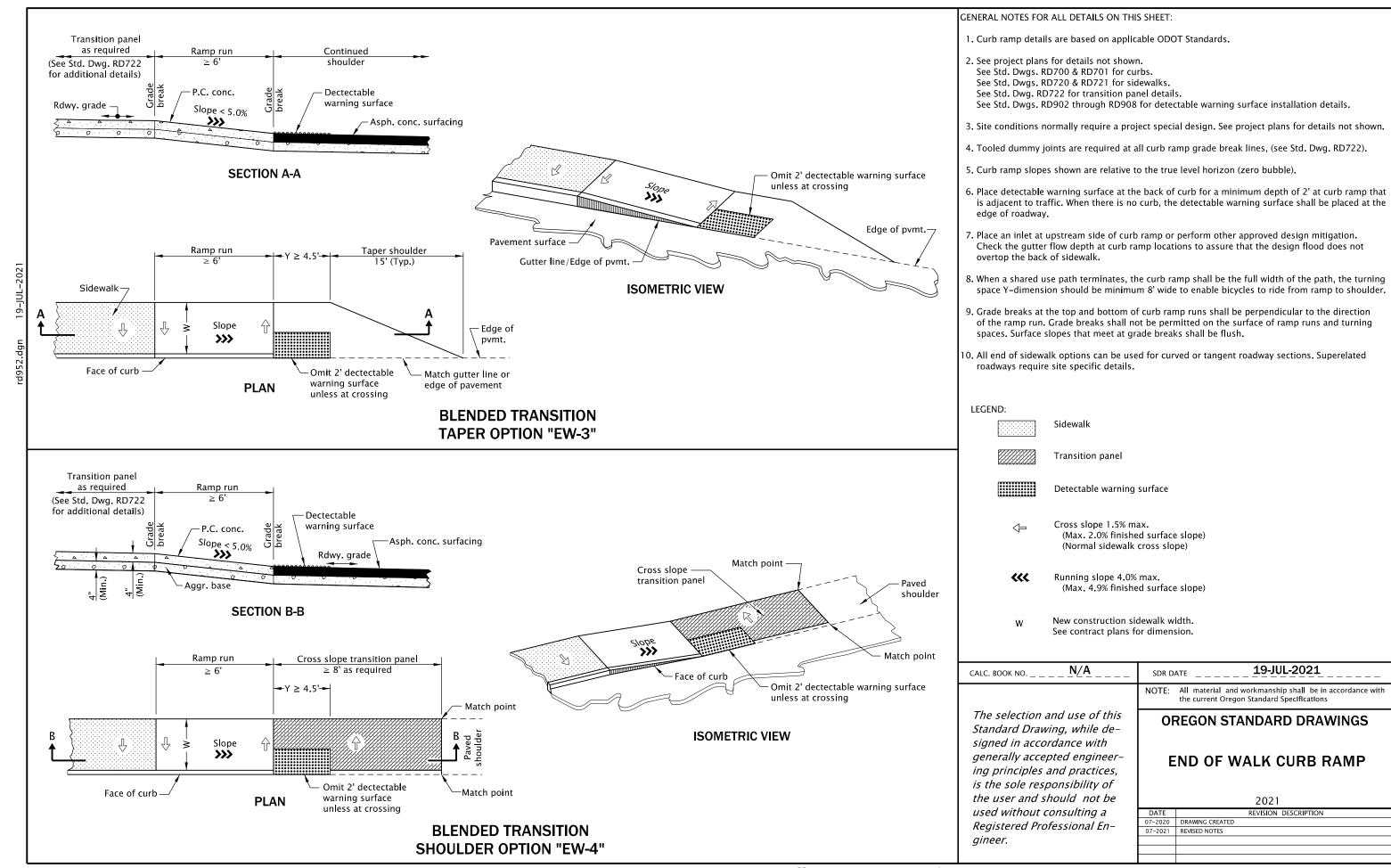
See Std. Dwgs. RD902 through RD908 for detectable warning surface installation details. See Std. Dwg. RD930 for combination curb ramp details.

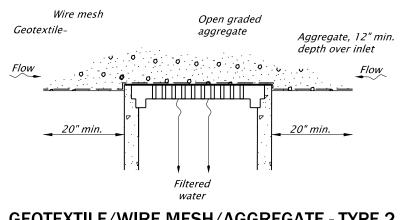
- 3. Tooled dummy joints are required at all curb ramp slope break lines, (see Std. Dwg. RD722).
- 4. Curb ramp slopes shown are relative to the true level horizon (zero bubble).
- Return curb may be provided in lieu of flared slope only if protected from traverse travel by landscaping, (see Std. Dwg. RD721). Return curb shall not reduce width of approaching sidewalk.
- 6. Only use curb ramp options allowed by jurisdiction. Single ramps require design exceptions on or along state highways.
- 7. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.
- Grade breaks at the top and bottom of curb ramp runs shall be perpendicular to the direction of the ramp run. Grade breaks shall not be permitted on the surface of ramp runs and turning spaces. Surface slopes that meet at grade breaks shall be flush.



CALC. BOOK NO <b>N/A</b>	SDR DATE19-JUL-2021				
	NOTE: All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications				
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while de-	OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS				
signed in accordance with generally accepted engineer-ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of	COMBINATION CURB RAMP SINGLE RAMP				
the user and should not be	2021				
used without consulting a	DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION				
Registered Professional En-	07–2020 DRAWING CREATED 01–2021 REVISED DETAIL & NOTES				
gineer.	07-2021 REVISED DETAIL & NOTES				
gineen.					







## Grate #5 Rebar #5 Rebar Sewn 6" Sewn 6' overlap overlap Filtered Geotextile insert water

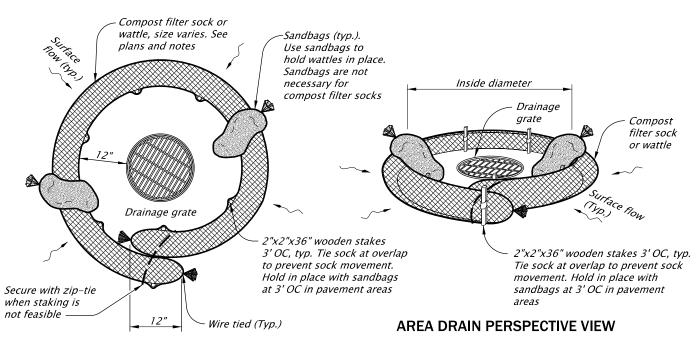
PREFABRICATED FILTER INSERT - TYPE 3

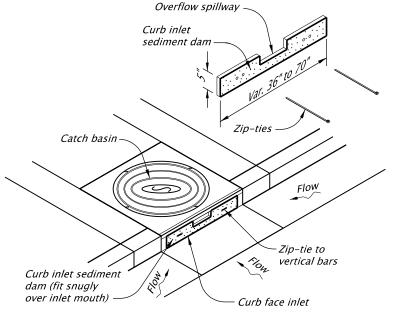
## Install sod around the perimeter of inlets within 36 hours of harvest of the sod Min. 6' of sod around inlet basin

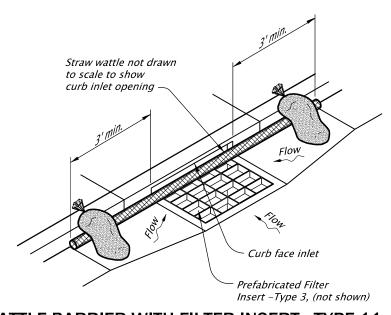
## GEOTEXTILE/WIRE MESH/AGGREGATE - TYPE 2 NOT TO SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

## **SOD PROTECTION - TYPE 6** NOT TO SCALE







Use 12" to 18" dia sock in non-traffic areas or areas where the larger socks can be used safely.

**CURB INLET SEDIMENT DAM - TYPE 10** 

NOT TO SCALE

use synthetic mesh socks for temporary installations.

Fit curb inlet sediment dam snugly into inlet mouth. Curb inlet sediment dam is required for use with inlet filter insert where at-grade inlet grate and curb inlet are combined at a catch basin.

detail.

Install wattles over opening and 36" to each

## **WATTLE BARRIER WITH FILTER INSERT - TYPE 11**

(Type 7 cont.)

Type 10 - Curb inlet sediment dam

Type 11 - Wattle barrier with filter insert Install prefabricated filter insert per Type 3

side of opening tight against curb. Adjust wattle to force storm water to flow through filter insert or wattle prior to leaving the

Adjust, replace or modify the inlet protection as needed to prevent sediment laden water from entering the catch basin.

## The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without consulting a Registered Professional En-

gineer.

CALC. BOOK NO. \_ \_ N/A

January, 2021 SDR DATE All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications

## **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS**

INLET PROTECTION TYPE 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 AND 11

	2021					
DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION					
n 2021	Removed Calc book numbers					
n 2021	Moved notes up from overlapping the sheet border					

## **AREA DRAIN PLAN**

01-20-

rd1010.dgn

RD1010

## Compost filter sock or wattle. Use sandbags to hold wattles in place. Sandbags are not necessary for compost filter socks Place a sandbag at each end of wattle and 3' OC to hold in place

**CURB INLET PERSPECTIVE VIEW** 

COMPOST FILTER SOCK OR WATTLE - TYPE 7

NOT TO SCALE

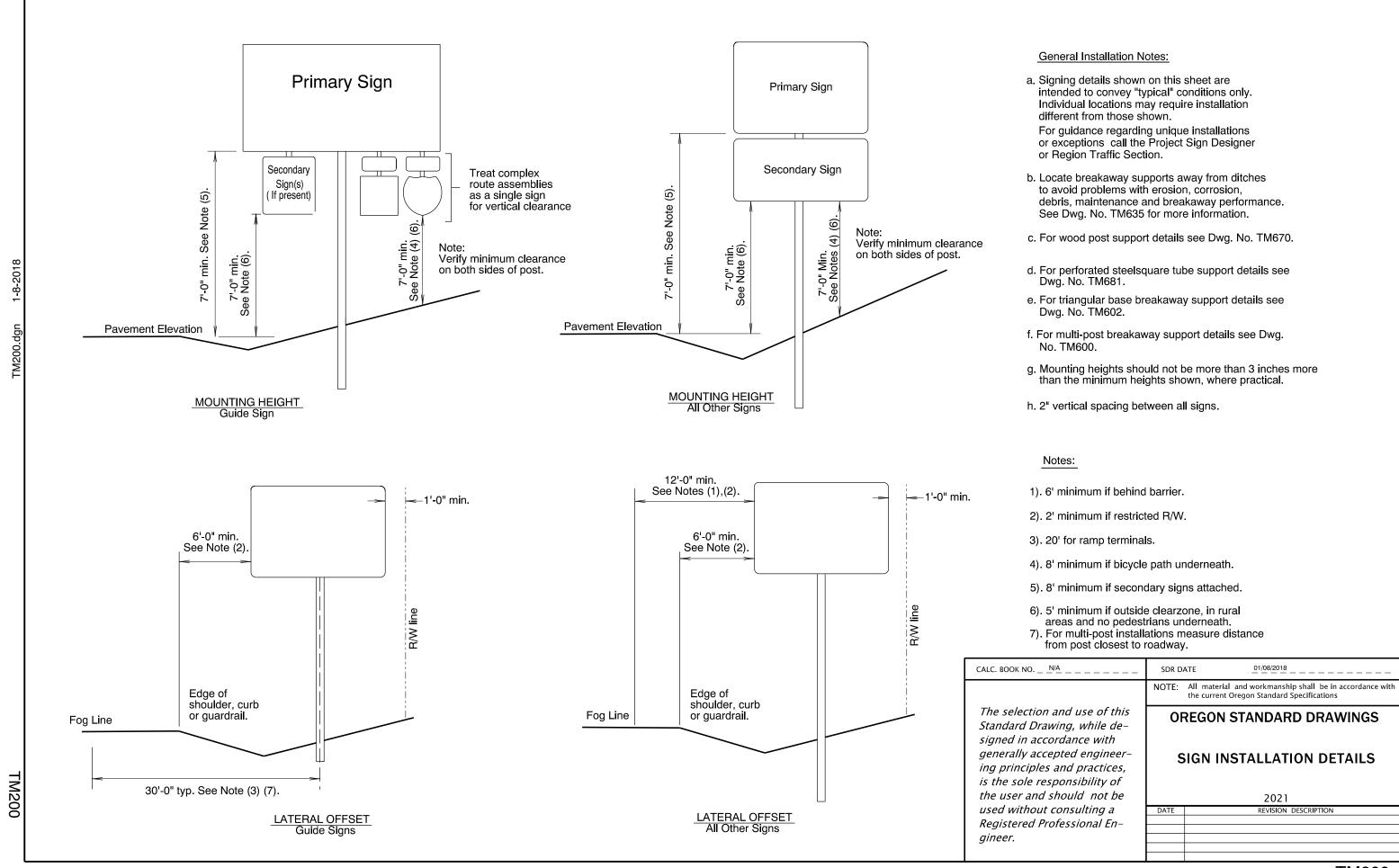
Type 2 - Geotextile/wire mesh/aggregate Place the wire mesh over the grate. Place sediment fence geotextile over the wire mesh and perimeter area around structure.

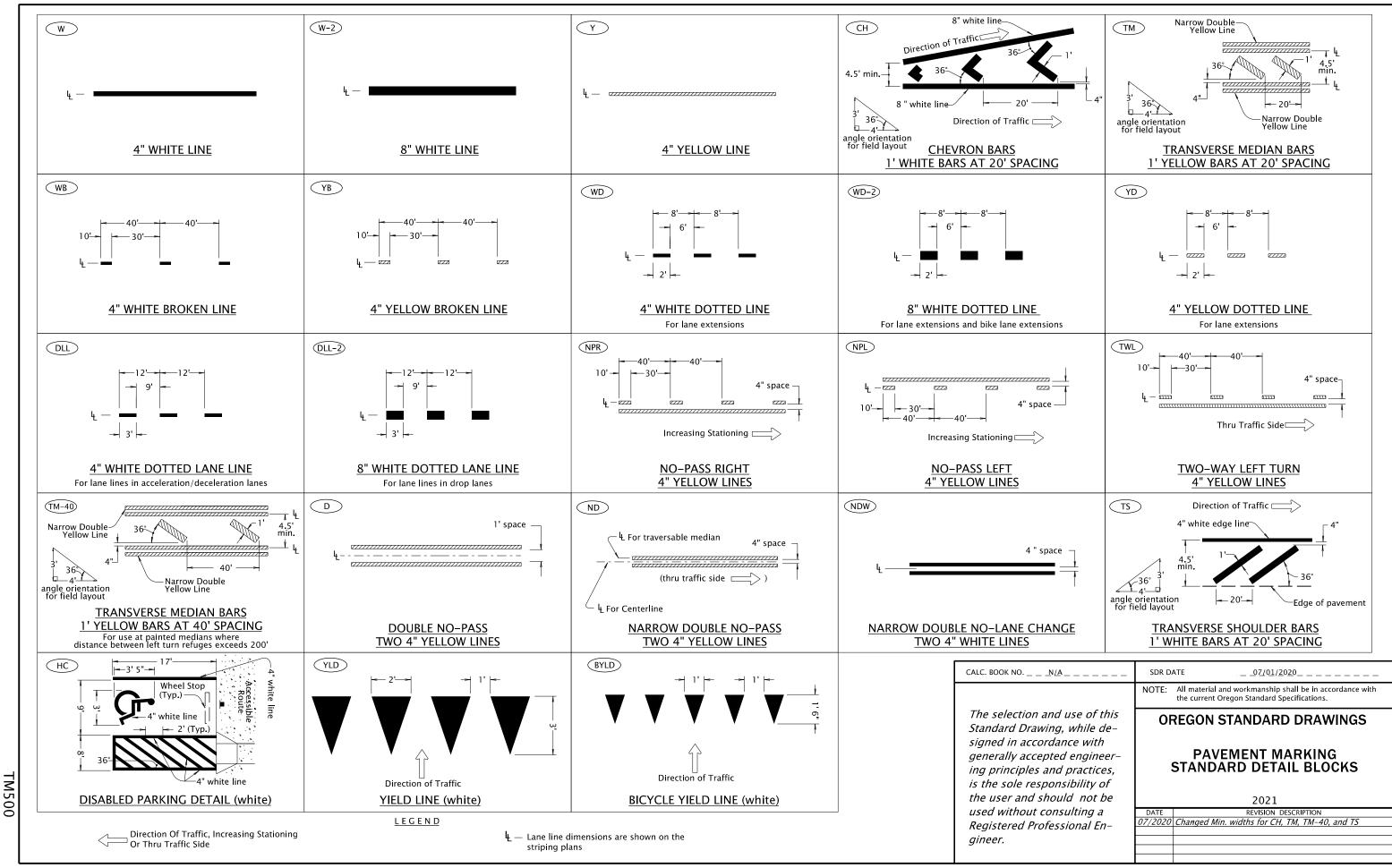
Install aggregate over the geotextile fabric.

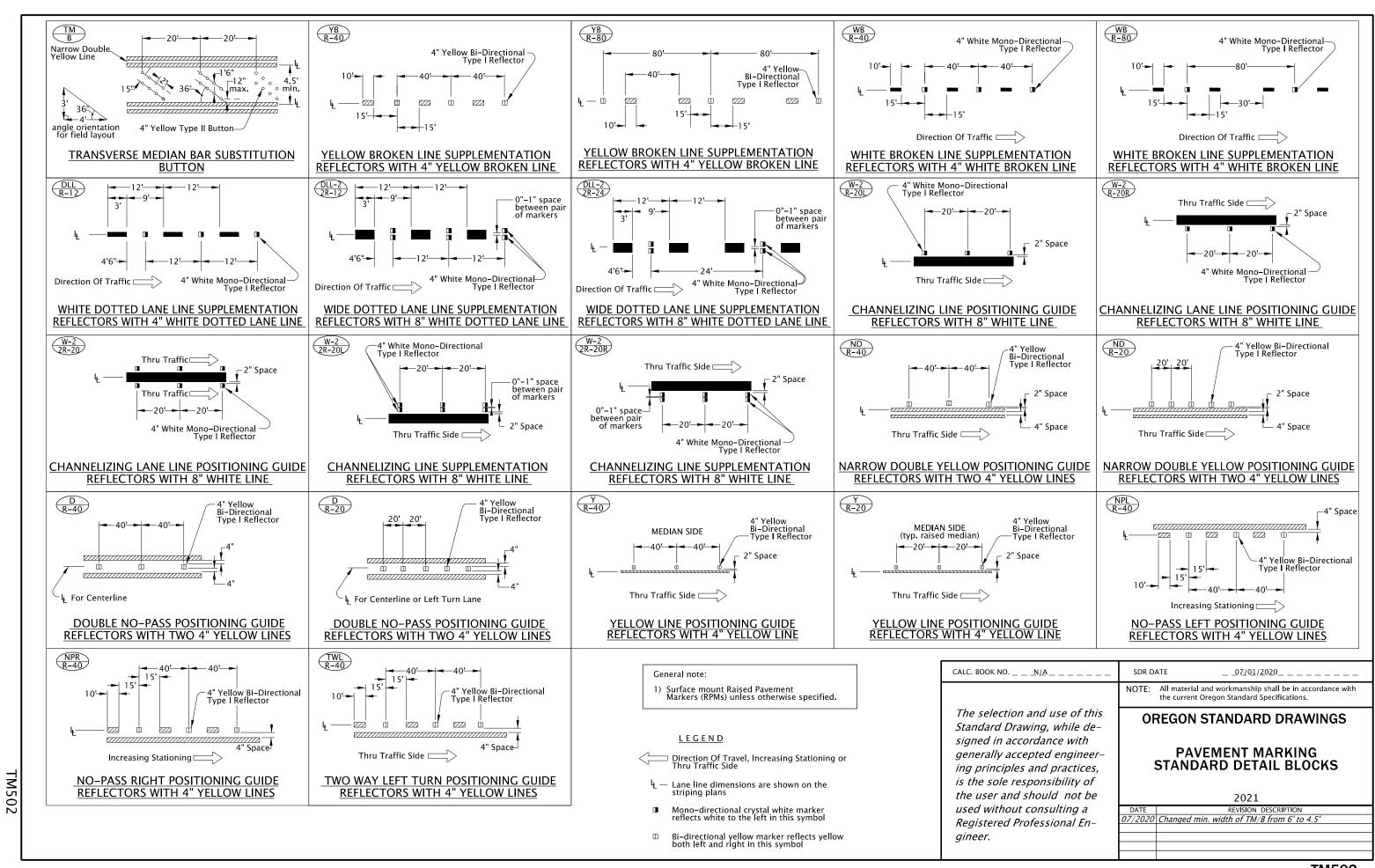
Type 3 - Prefabricated filter inserts Install prefabricated filter inserts according to the plans, special provisions, and manufacturer recommendations. Prefabricated inserts with provisions for overflow are allowed only when accompanied by additional BMP's to prevent the potential of sediments entering project storm systems. Field fabricated inserts are not allowed.

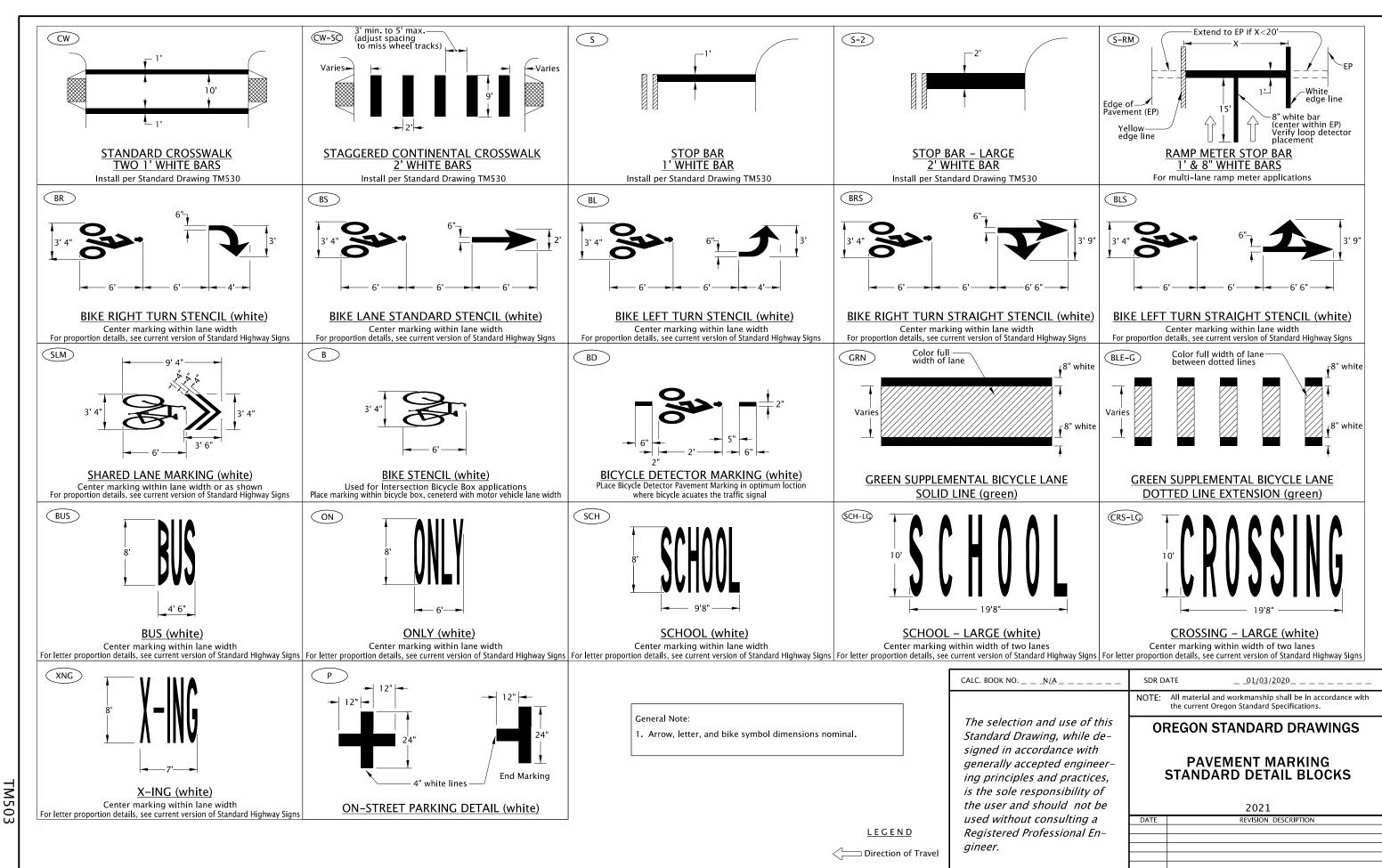
Type 7 - Compost filter sock Drive 2"x2" wood stakes a minimum of 6" into ground and flush with the top of the sock.

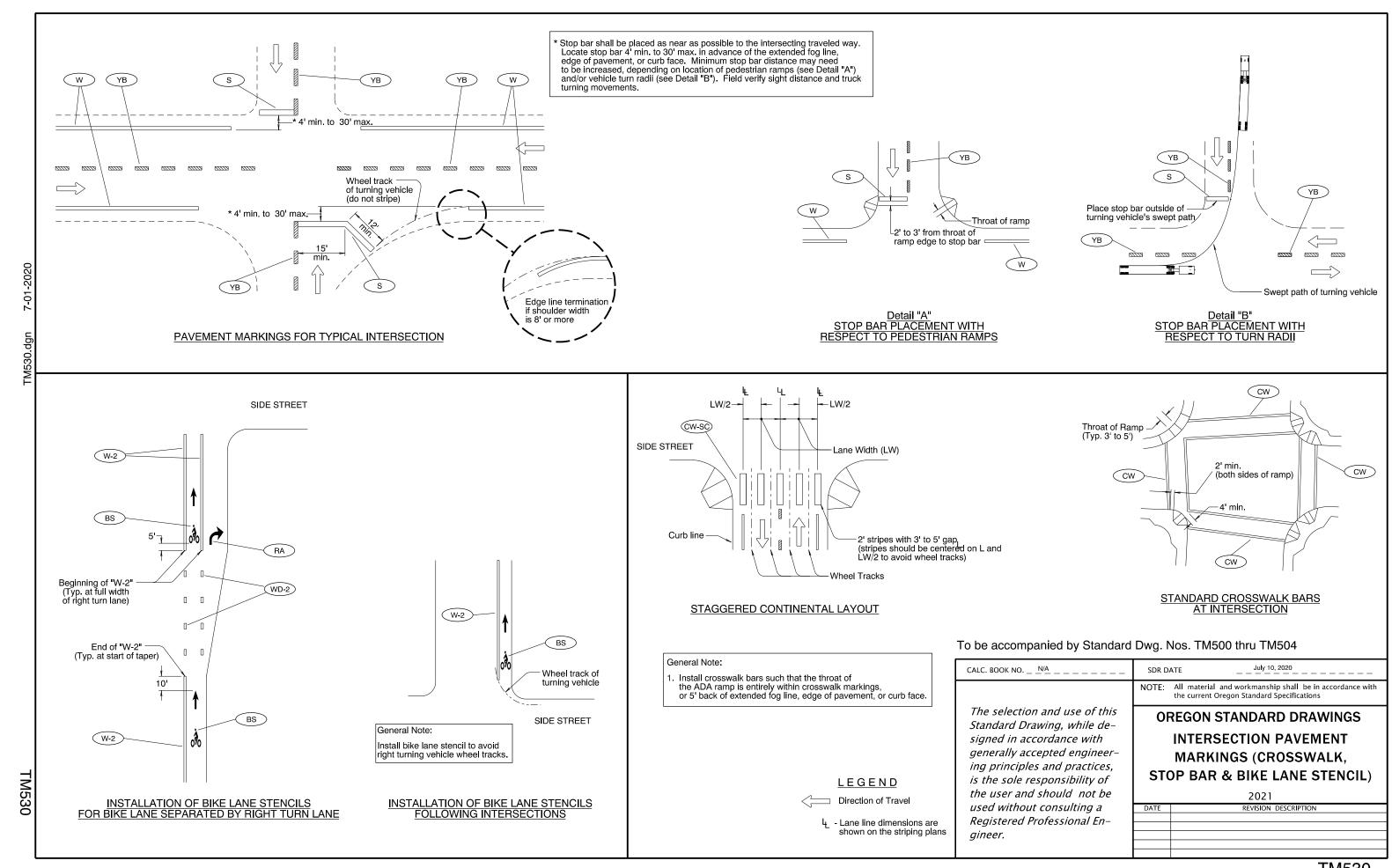
Overlap ends of sock per manufacturers recommendations (12"min., 36" max.). Use 8" to 12" dia sock on curbside in traffic areas.











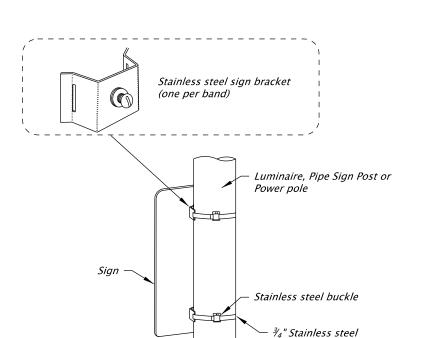












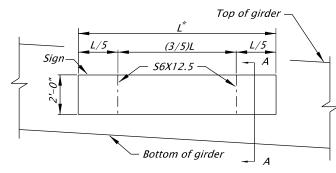
Signs mounted to vertical posts that use stainless steel clamps shall not be wider than 36". Use 2 clamps for all signs less than 48" in height and 3 clamps for signs 48" to 60" in height.

BAND-IT, Std. banding

C-206 or Equivalent

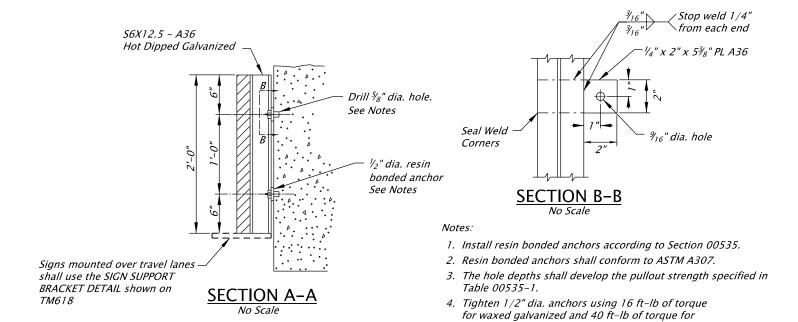
## STAINLESS STEEL CLAMP (SSC) DETAIL

No Scale



\* - L maximum is 14'-0".

## **SIGN ELEVATION**



## ROAD NAME SIGN STRUCTURE MOUNT DETAIL

galvanized only connections.

## **GENERAL NOTES**

1. For Secondary Sign Mounts See TM678.

CALC. BOOK NO	SDR D	ATE06-JUL-2015	
	NOTE:	All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications	
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of	OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS		
	SIGN MOUNTS		
the user and should not be	2021		
used without consulting a	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	
Registered Professional En-			
gineer.			

TAPER TYPES & FORMULAS				
TAPER	FORMULA			
Merging (Lane Closure)	"L"			
Shifting	"L"/2 or ½"L"			
Shoulder Closure	"L"/3 or ⅓"L"			
Flagging (See Drg. TM850)	50' – 100'			
Downstream (Termination)	Varies (See Drawings)			

★ Use Pre-Construction Posted Speed to select the Speed from the Tables below:

TEMPORARY BARRIER FLARE RATE TABLE			
★SPEED (mph)	MINIMUM FLARE RATE		
≤ 30	8:1		
35	9:1		
40	10:1		
45	12:1		
50	14:1		
55	16:1		
60	18:1		
65	19:1		
70	20:1		

MINIMUM         LENGTHS         TABLE           "L" VALUE FOR TAPERS (ft)           ★ SPEED (mph) $W = Lane \text{ or Shoulder Width being closed or shifted}}         BUFFER "B" (ft)           ★ SPEED (mph)         W = 10 W = 14 W = 16           25         105 125 145 165 75           30         150 180 210 240 100           35         205 245 285 325 125           40         265 320 375 430 150           45         450 540 630 720 180           50         500 600 700 800 210           55         550 660 770 880 250           60         600 720 840 960 285           65         650 780 910 1000 325           70         700 840 980 1000 365 $						
★ SPEED (mph)         W = Lane or Shoulder Width being closed or shifted         BUFFER "B" (ft) $25$ $105$ $125$ $145$ $165$ $75$ $30$ $150$ $180$ $210$ $240$ $100$ $35$ $205$ $245$ $285$ $325$ $125$ $40$ $265$ $320$ $375$ $430$ $150$ $45$ $450$ $540$ $630$ $720$ $180$ $50$ $500$ $600$ $700$ $800$ $210$ $55$ $550$ $660$ $770$ $880$ $250$ $60$ $600$ $720$ $840$ $960$ $285$ $65$ $650$ $780$ $910$ $1000$ $325$ $70$ $700$ $840$ $980$ $1000$ $365$ $70$ $700$ $840$ $980$ $1000$ $365$ $70$ $700$ $840$ $980$ $1000$	ΜI	NIMU	JM L	ENG	ΤΗS	TABLE
★ SPEED (mphh)         W ≤ 10         W = 12         W = 14         W = 16           25         105         125         145         165         75           30         150         180         210         240         100           35         205         245         285         325         125           40         265         320         375         430         150           45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         285 <t< td=""><td colspan="4">"L" VALUE FOR TAPERS (ft)</td><td>DUESED HDH (C)</td></t<>	"L" VALUE FOR TAPERS (ft)				DUESED HDH (C)	
25	A ( )	W = Lane or Shoulder Width being closed or shifted				BUFFER "B" (ft)
30         150         180         210         240         100           35         205         245         285         325         125           40         265         320         375         430         150           45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	SPEED (mph)	W ≤ 10	W = 12	W = 14	W = 16	
35	25	105	125	145	165	75
40         265         320         375         430         150           45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	30	150	180	210	240	100
45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	35	205	245	285	325	125
50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	40	265	320	375	430	150
55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         1000         325	45	450	540	630	720	180
60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	50	500	600	700	800	210
65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	55	550	660	770	880	250
70 700 840 980 1000 365  FREEWAYS  55 1000 1000 1000 1000 250 60 1000 1000 1000 1000 285 65 1000 1000 1000 1000 325	60	600	720	840	960	285
FREEWAYS  55 1000 1000 1000 1000 250  60 1000 1000 1000 1000 285  65 1000 1000 1000 1000 325	65	650	780	910	1000	325
55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	70	700	840	980	1000	365
60     1000     1000     1000     1000     285       65     1000     1000     1000     1000     325	FREEWAYS					
65 1000 1000 1000 1000 325	55	1000	1000	1000	1000	250
1000 1000 1000	60	1000	1000	1000	1000	285
70 1000 1000 1000 1000 265	65	1000	1000	1000	1000	325
70   1000   1000   1000   303	70	1000	1000	1000	1000	365

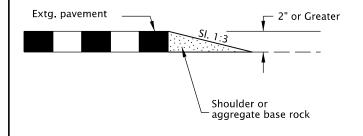
- For Lane closures where W < 10', use "L" value for W = 10'.
- For Shoulder closures where W < 10', use "L" value for W = 10' or calculate "L" using formula, for Speeds  $\geq$  45: L = WS, Speeds < 45: L =  $S^2W/60$ , S = Speed, W=Width

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TCD) SPACING TABLE				
★ SPEED (mph)	Sign Spacing (ft)			Max. Channelizing
	Α	В	C	Device Spacing (ft)
20 – 30	100	100	100	20
35 – 40	350	350	350	20
45 – 55	500	500	500	40
60 – 70	700	700	700	40
Freeway	1000	1500	2640	40

- Place traffic control devices on 10 ft. spacing for intersection and access radii.
- When necessary, sign spacing may be adjusted to fit site conditions. Limit spacing adjustments to 30% of the "A" dimension for all speeds.

## NOTES:

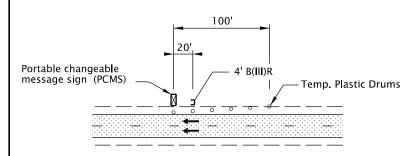
- When paved shoulders adjacent to excavations are less than four feet wide protect longitudinal abrupt edge as shown.
- Use aggregate wedge when abrupt edge is 2 inches or greater.



## **EXCAVATION ABRUPT EDGE**

## NOTES:

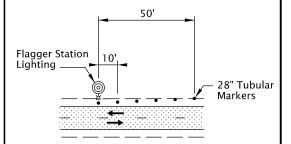
- Install PCMS beyond the outside shoulder, when possible.
- Use the appropriate type of barricade panels for PCMS location. Right shoulder, use Type B(III)R Left shoulder, use Type B(III)L
- Use six drums in shoulder taper on 20' spacing. The drums and barricade may be omitted when PCMS is placed behind a roadside barrier.
- Detail as shown is used for trailered and non-crashworthy components of:
  - Portable Traffic Signals
  - Smart Work Zone Systems



## PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE **SIGN (PCMS) INSTALLATION**

## NOTES:

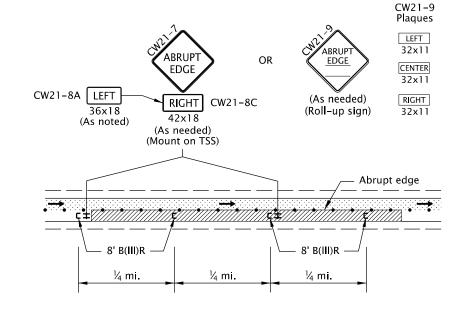
- Install Flagger Station Lighting beyond the outside shoulder, where practical.
- Use six tubular markers in shoulder taper on 10' spacing.
- Place cart / generator / power supply off of the shoulder, as far as practical.



## **FLAGGER STATION** LIGHTING DELINEATION

## NOTES:

- Abrupt edges may be created by paving, operations, excavations or other roadway work. Use abrupt edge signing for longitudinal abrupt edges of 1 inch or greater.
- If the excavation is located on left side of traffic, replace the 8' B(III)R barricades with 8' B(III)L barricades and replace the "RIGHT" (CW21-8C) riders with "LEFT" (CW21-8A) riders.
- Continue signing and other traffic control devices throughout excavation area at spacings shown.
- If roll-up signs are used, attach the correct (CW21-9) plaques to the sign face using hook and loop fasteners. Place roll-up signs in advance of barricades.



TYPICAL ABRUPT EDGE DELINEATION

- GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL TCP DRAWINGS:
- Signs and other Traffic Control Devices (TCD) shown are the minimum required.
- Place a barricade approx. 20' ahead of all sequential arrow boards.
- Arrows shown in roadway are directional arrows to indicate traffic movements.
- All signs are 48" x 48" unless otherwise shown. Use flourescent orange sheeting for the background of all temporary warning signs.
- for max. spacing. • • 28" Tubular Markers

Temp. Plastic Drums See TCD Spacing Table

See TCD Spacing Table for max. spacing.

UNDER TRAFFIC

**UNDER CONSTRUCTION** 

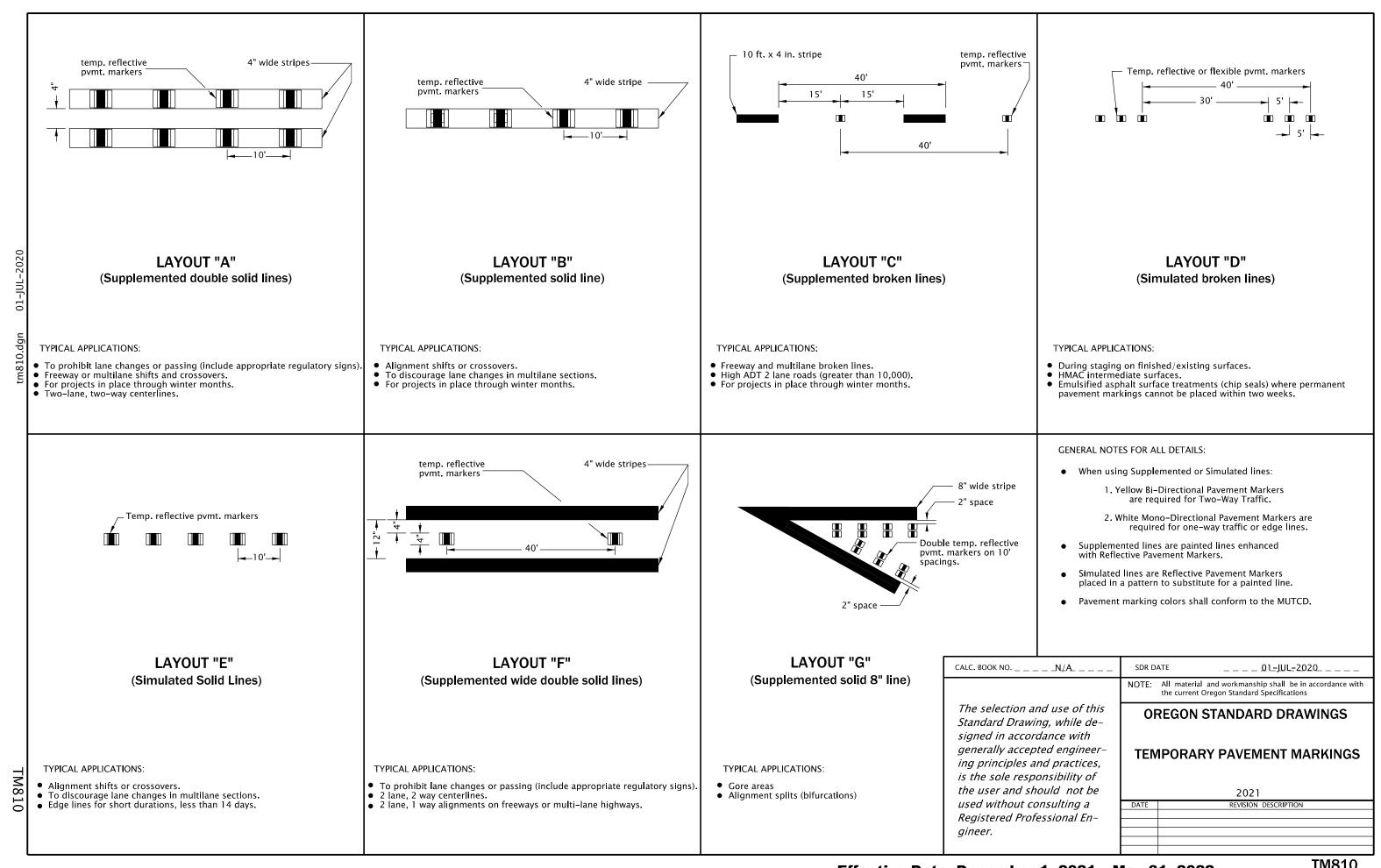
\_ \_ \_ \_ 01-JUL-2021\_ \_ \_

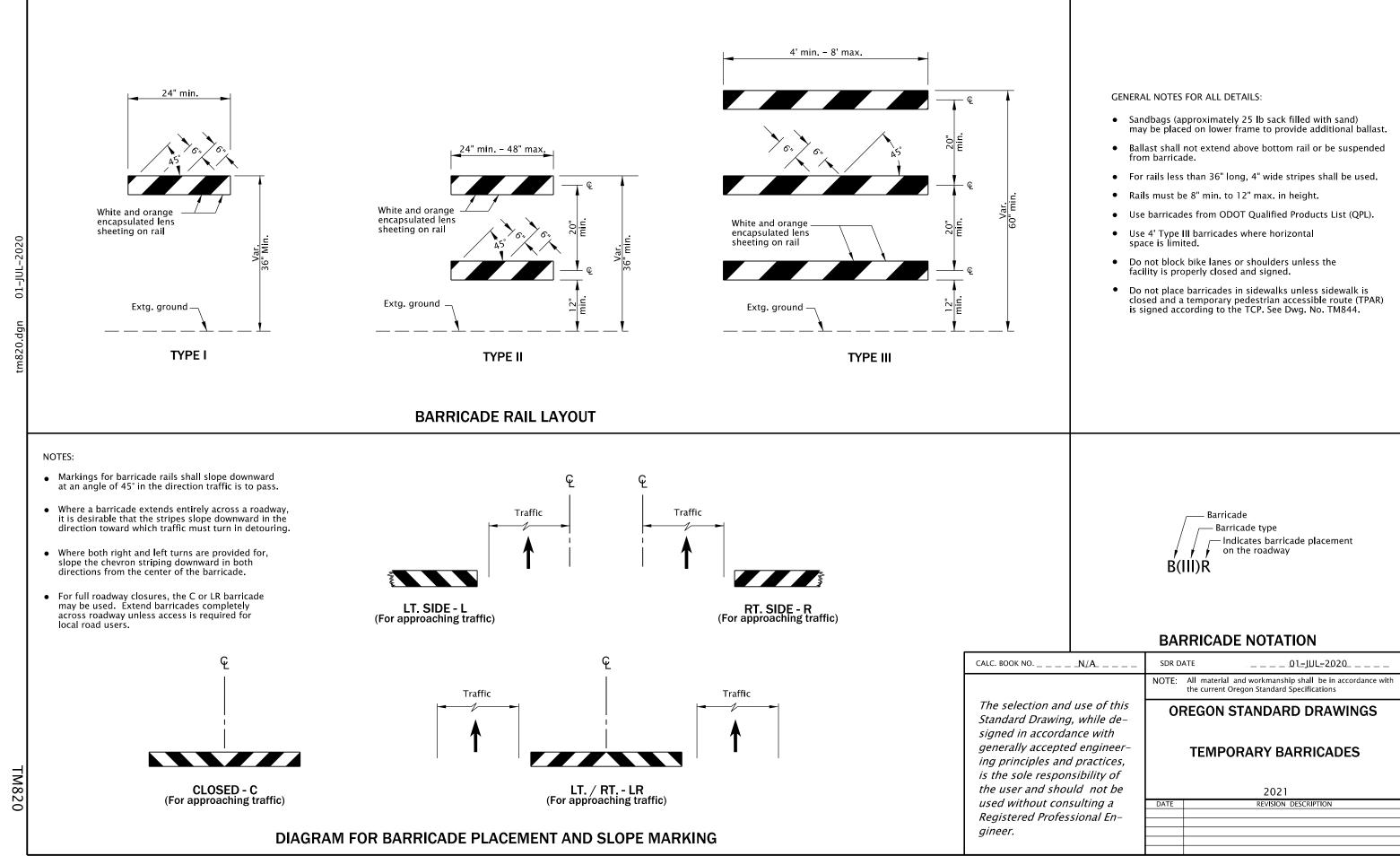
- All diamond shaped warning signs mounted on barrier sign supports shall be 36" by 36". All other signs mounted on barrier sign supports shall not exceed 12 sq. ft. in total sign area.
- Low speed highways have a pre-construction posted speed of 40 mph or less. High speed highways have a pre-construction posted speed of 45 mph or higher.
- Do not locate sign supports in locations designated for bicycle or pedestrian traffic.
- Combine drawing details to complete temporary traffic control for each work activity.

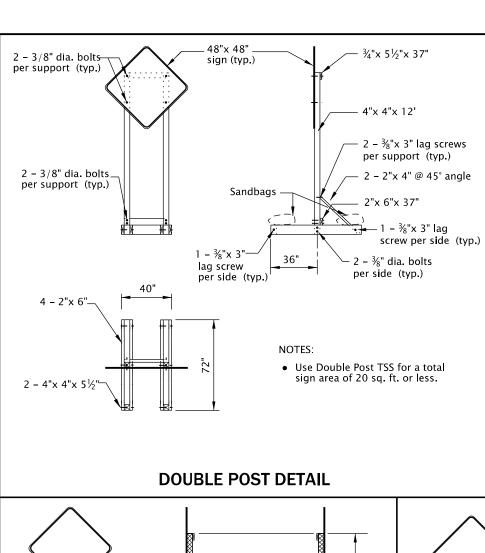
SDR DATE

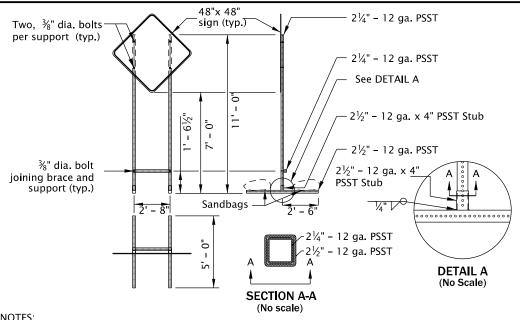
To be accompanied by Dwg. Nos. TM820 & TM821.

All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications The selection and use of this **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with TABLES, ABRUPT EDGE AND generally accepted engineer-**PCMS DETAILS** ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be 2021 used without consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.





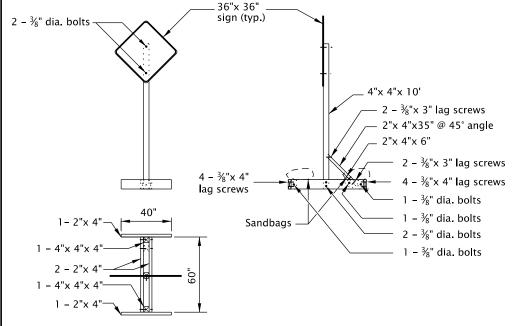




PERFORATED STEEL SQUARE TUBE (PSST) DETAIL

- Use PSST TSS's for a total sign area of 16 sq. ft. or less.
- All members shall have a minimum yield stress of 50 ksi.
- Galvanize steel according to ASTM A653 with coating designation G90. Remove Galvanizing from steel before welding. Repair Galvanizing according to ASTM A780.
- Use A325 Bolts or equivalent.

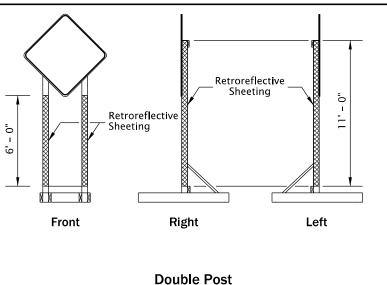
- 2¼" 12 ga. PSST to extend entire length inside of the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " - 12 ga. x 4" PSST Stub.
- Do not use bolt to secure 21/4" PSST inside of the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " - 12 ga. x 4" PSST Stub.
- Weld steel according to American Welding Society (AWS) D.1.1.

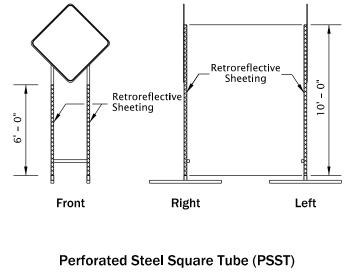


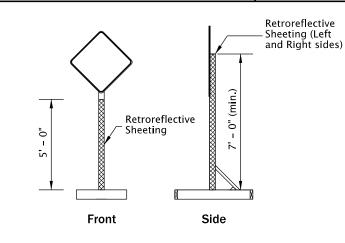
## NOTES:

- Use Single Post TSS for a total sign area of 12 sq. ft. or less.
- Use Single Post TSS for mounting "Business Access" (CG20–11) signs. Do not mount signs on Type II or III Barricades.

## **SINGLE POST DETAIL**







Single Post

TEMPORARY SIGN SUPPORT GENERAL NOTES:

- Do not tip over TSS at any time.
- Do not locate TSS's in locations that block pedestrian or bicycle traffic.
- For wooden TSS's, use either Douglas Fir or Hem Fir, which is surfaced four sides (S4S) and free of heart center (FOHC).
- See "Temporary Sign Placement" detail on TM822 for sign installation heights.
- Do not place or stack ballast more than 24" above the ground.
- When sign is inconsistent with current work zone conditions, cover sign: or turn sign 90 degrees away from approaching traffic. Remove TSS from roadway when signing is not needed for more than 3 days.
- Place a minimum of 50 lbs of sandbags on each of the four TSS supports legs. (25 lb. max per bag) (min. 100 lbs per side of each TSS).

\_ \_ \_ \_ 01-JUL-2020\_ .

See Dwg. No. TM204 for flag board mounting detail

All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications The selection and use of this **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineer-TEMPORARY SIGN SUPPORTS ing principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be 2021 used without consulting a REVISION DESCRIPTION

SDR DATE

## NOTES:

TM821

- Apply fluorescent orange, ANSI Type VIII or IX retroreflective sheeting to TSS posts, as shown, for all temporary signs, except "STOP" and "DO NOT ENTER". For "STOP" and "DO NOT ENTER" signs, used red ANSI Type III or IV retroreflective sheeting on the TSS posts.
- Apply sign post retroreflectivity to each TSS post facing front; and to the left and right sides of the TSS, as shown. Use 3" wide sheeting for wood post TSS's. Use 2" wide sheeting for PSST TSS's.
- Sheeting may be applied directly to post material; or applied to a rigid, lightweight substrate, then securely attached to the posts.

## SIGN POST REFLECTIVE SHEETING PLACEMENT

Registered Professional En-

gineer.

